

白银市 2013 年普通高中招生考试

英语试卷

听力部分

I. 听力(每题 1 分, 共 20 分)。

A)听句子, 选出句子中所包含的信息。每个句子读两遍。

- | | | |
|---------------|------------|--------------------------|
| 1. A. sky | B. shy | C. fly |
| 2. A. made | B. making | C. make |
| 3. A. latest | B. last | C. best |
| 4. A. only | B. really | C. hardly |
| 5. A. Fridays | B. Mondays | C. Saturdays and Sundays |

B)听句子, 选择最佳答语。每个句子读两遍。

- | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| 6. A. Sorry, I won't. | B. Yes, please. | C. No, thanks. |
| 7. A. Yes, I will. | B. Sorry to hear that. | C. Thank you. |
| 8. A. The blue one. | B. Yes, I'd like to. | C. No, I can't. |
| 9. A. Books. | B. Red. | C. Six. |
| 10. A. I used to be shy. | | |
| B. I'm used to getting up early. | | |
| C. I used to like swimming. | | |

C)听对话, 选出正确答案。每段对话读两遍。

- | | | |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------|
| 11. A. A phone. | B. A book. | C. A key. |
| 12. A. Did some riding. | B. Visited different places. | C. Went for a walk. |
| 13. A. 1 dollar. | B. 2 dollars. | C. 3 dollars. |
| 14. A. On the phone. | B. In the classroom. | C. At the airport. |
| 15. A. She asked him to turn up the CD player. | | |
| B. She asked him to turn down the CD player. | | |
| C. She asked him to turn off the CD player. | | |

D)听短文, 根据其内容选出能完成下列句子的最佳答案。短文读两遍。

16. John _____ every day.
- | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| A. reads books | B. sells newspaper | C. sends newspaper |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
17. How many customers does he have?
- | | | |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| A. About 40. | B. About 120. | C. About 80. |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|
18. _____ of his customers only take the newspapers on Sunday.
- | | | |
|--------|-----------|----------|
| A. Two | B. Eighty | C. Forty |
|--------|-----------|----------|
19. What time does he have to get up every morning?
- | | | |
|----------|----------|----------|
| A. 3:30. | B. 4:30. | C. 5:30. |
|----------|----------|----------|
20. John is saving his money to buy _____.
- | | | |
|----------------|--------------|------------------|
| A. a newspaper | B. a new bag | C. a new bicycle |
|----------------|--------------|------------------|

笔试部分

II. 词汇(每题1分,共10分)。

A)用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空。

21. Our classroom is here. _____ (she) is over there.
22. My pen is _____ (break). Could I use yours?
23. I need to go to the library, and if I post the letter on the way, I'll be killing two birds with _____ (first) stone.
24. Be confident of _____ (pass) the exam.
25. He can't even move because of his _____ (ill).

B)根据句意及所给汉语意思写出所缺单词。

26. The kind man helped the blind woman go _____ (穿过) the street at the crossing.
27. You'll never know _____ (除非) you try.
28. _____ (最后) they took the suggestions.
29. Every _____ (错误) I make may be progress.
30. The more you _____ (分享), the more you get.

III. 语法与情景会话(每题1分。共25分)。

31. This is _____ book I told you about yesterday.
A. a B. the C. an D. /
32. A year has four seasons and it _____ twelve different star signs.
A. divided into B. is dividing into C. divided into D. is divided into
33. —Be sure to calm down and read every sentence carefully! — _____
A. OK, I'll do it B. Never mind C. It's OK D. Not at all
34. _____ the time I got to the bus stop, the bus had already left.
A. On B. In C. By D. With
35. Many old men prefer _____ in a peaceful countryside.
A. to live B. living C. live D. lived
36. _____ honest is the first thing people should learn.
A. Being B. Look C. Be D. Become
37. Finish your homework first, then you'll _____ watch TV for an hour.
A. can B. be able to C. able to D. could
38. Many young people took part in _____ trees on Tree Planting Day.
A. planting B. plants C. to plant D. plant
39. I haven't decided when _____ a holiday yet.
A. took B. taking C. to take D. take
40. The company wants to _____ a school for the poor children.
A. put off B. set up C. call in D. look after
41. —Who has a dictionary, children? —I have _____.
A. them B. it C. they D. one
42. —She used to have long straight hair, but now she's got short curly hair.
— _____ !
A. Thanks B. People sure change
C. Don't worry D. Good idea
43. A Wechat (微信) is an invention _____ can help people talk to friends, share photo,

ideas and feelings freely.

- A. which B. who C. whose D. /
44. —Are you the last one to go to school today?
— _____ not. I'm always the first one.
A. Certainly B. Usually C. Generally D. Finally
45. Can you tell me _____?
A. when do you usually have breakfast
B. what do you think of this magazine
C. why you put off the party
D. why are you interested in chatting on line
46. —Congratulations. Your performance is excellent! — _____.
A. Oh, no B. Many thanks C. It's okay D. No problem
47. —How _____ is it from Xi'an to Dunhuang?
—It's less than 3 _____ flight.
A. long; hour's B. far; hour's C. long; hours' D. far; hours'
48. —Would you like to go for a bike ride on Sunday afternoon?
— _____. I haven't been outdoors these days. I can't wait!
A. Sorry, I can't B. Sure, I'd love to
C. Not at all D. Forget it
49. —English isn't as _____ as Chinese.
—Maybe, perhaps it's just because Chinese is your native language.
A. easy B. easily C. easier D. easiest
50. —Hurry up! It's _____. We're asked to finish it by 5 o'clock.
—You mean we've only got 20 minutes left!
A. 5:20 B. 4:20 C. 4:40 D. 5:40
51. Just search the Internet, you can get almost all the _____ you need.
A. informations B. information C. picture D. story
52. _____ is really hard _____ them to climb such a high mountain.
A. This; to B. It; to C. This; for D. It; for
53. If our government _____ pay attention to the safety of food, our health _____ in danger.
A. isn't; is B. doesn't; will be C. won't; is D. isn't; will be
54. —Oh! We've just missed the 8 o'clock film.
— _____. It'll be on again in one hour.
A. My pleasure B. Have fun C. Don't worry D. Good idea
55. —Help yourselves to some fish, boys! — _____.
A. Thanks, but we're full B. Good news
C. No, please D. Thank you all the same

IV. 动词考察(每题1分。共10分)。

A)选择动词的适当形式填空。

56. Daisy is such a good daughter that she _____ most of her spare time with her parents.
A. spends B. cost C. takes D. affords
57. —George was heard _____ just now. What happened?

—Peppa was telling a joke.

- A. to cry B. cry C. to laugh D. laugh
58. “_____ exercise every day, my son. It’s good for your health.” Dad often said to him.
A. Takes B. Taking C. Take D. To take
59. The little boy pretended _____ when his mother came in.
A. sleeping B. asleep C. be asleep D. to be asleep
60. Every student who _____ in the same group takes part in his birthday party.
A. study B. studies C. are studying D. have studied

B)选择方框中动词词组的适当形式填空。

run away, look for , come on, pick up, put out
--

61. Please always _____ happiness in your life.
62. She _____ the pencil on the floor and put it into her pencil ease.
63. The monkey has _____ from the zoo.
64. _____ everybody, let’s cheer up and keep trying.
65. The big fire is soon _____ by the firefighters.

V. 按要求完成句子(每空1分. 共20分)。

A)句型转换 按括号内的要求转换下列句型, 每空填一词。

56. They are in different teams. (改为同义句)
They aren’t in _____ team.
67. We all agree that we should make a better plan. (改为简单句)
We all _____ make a better plan.
68. Teenagers should sleep 8 to 9 hours a day. (对划线部分提问)
_____ hours should teenagers sleep a day?
69. *Life of Pi* is an amazing movie. (改为感叹句)
_____ amazing movie *Life of Pi* is!
70. There is something wrong with the radio. (改为反义疑问句)
There is something wrong with the radio, _____?

B)根据汉语意思完成句子, 每空限填一词。

71. 我的爷爷习惯早起。(精校)
My grandpa’s _____ getting up early.
72. 过度使用手机对身体有害。
Using mobile phones _____ is bad for your health.
73. 今天我以学校为荣, 明天学校以我为傲。
Today I’m _____ of my school and tomorrow my school will take _____ in my success.
74. 如果时间再多一些, 我将能做得更好。
If more time _____, I will do it better.
75. 即使是最简单的日常活动也会对环境造成影响。
Even the simplest _____ can make a difference to the environment.

VI. 完形填空(每空1分, 共10分)。

All students 76 to have good study habits. When you have good study habits, you learn things 77. You also remember 78 easily.

Do you like to study 79 the living room? This is not a good place, 80 it is usually too noisy. You need to study in a quiet place, like your 81. A quiet place will help you only to think about 82.

When you study, do not think about 83 things at the same time. Only think about your homework. If you do this, you will do your homework 84 quickly, and you will make 85 mistakes.

Good study habits are very important. If you do not have them, try to learn them. If yours are already good, try to make them better. (精校)

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 76. A. need | B. must | C. can | D. may |
| 77. A. quick | B. easy | C. slowly | D. easily |
| 78. A. it | B. this | C. them | D. they |
| 79. A. on | B. with | C. up | D. in |
| 80. A. because | B. so | C. so that | D. unless |
| 81. A. kitchen | B. bedroom | C. bathroom | D. living room |
| 82. A. one thing | B. many things | C. nothing | D. everything |
| 83. A. the other | B. other | C. others | D. the others |
| 84. A. more much | B. much | C. much more | D. most |
| 85. A. few | B. less | C. little | D. fewer |

VII. 阅读理解(每题2分, 共40分)。

A

One day, a fisherman caught a golden fish. "Please let me go," the golden fish said. "I will give you whatever you want."

"Thank you, but I don't want anything," the fisherman said. He put the golden fish back into the sea.

But the fisherman's wife was angry. "You should ask for a bigger wooden basin!" she shouted. The fisherman went to the seaside and told the golden fish.

"Don't worry, she has a new basin now," the golden fish said.

The fisherman went home. But the wife was even angrier. "I want a large house!" The fisherman went to tell the golden fish again.

But the old woman was never satisfied. "I want to be the queen of the sea! And I want the golden fish to serve me!"

The fisherman went to tell the golden fish. The golden fish swam away without saying anything. The fisherman walked back. His wife was in her old clothes. Her old and broken wooden basin was next to her.



根据短文内容, 判断下列各句正误。正确的在题前括号内写“T”, 错误的写“F”。

86. The fisherman caught the golden fish three times.
87. The fisherman freed the golden fish after he caught it.
88. The fisherman's wife was really happy every time when her husband came back.

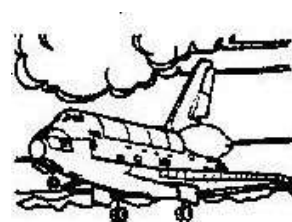
89. The fisherman's wife got a new basin, a large house and became the queen of the sea at last.
 90. The golden fish didn't say a word but to swim away in the end.

B
Air

*Air has no smell. Air has no taste.
 But when the wind blows,
 You feel it on your face.*



*Look at a kite
 Or a plane in the air.
 How do they stay there?
 They ride on air.*



*How does a balloon
 Rise in the air,
 And lift people up?
 It uses hot air.*



*We need air to breathe.
 We need air to survive.
 And when we breathe it,
 It keeps us alive.*

根据短文内容，选出一个最佳答案填入题前的括号内。

91. _____ rides on air.
 A. A kite B. A plane C. A fish D. A and B
92. When can you feel air on your face?
 A. When you take a plane. B. When you smell it.
 C. When you taste it. D. When the wind blows.
93. A balloon can lift people up with ____.
 A. cool air B. hot air C. gentle wind D. strong wind
94. What does survive mean in Chinese?
 A. 服务 B. 挥动 C. 生存 D. 保留
95. Which of the following statements is WRONG?
 A. We can smell and taste air. B. We can't live without air.
 C. Air is very important to us. D. Air keeps us live on the earth.

C

Around the world, summer vacation means long days, sunshine, swimming, sleeping in and, most importantly, no school.

Hundreds of years ago, students took the summer off to help their parents in the fields. Today, though, summers are full of fun — no work. A summer vacation means so many opportunities for kids: extra closes, sports, hobbies or catching up on studies.

If you're lucky, during the weeks away from school, you can volunteer, travel or go to a camp. It's time to do a part-time job to learn a new skill. You may hang out with friends all day. Some kids just kick off their shoes and jump into rivers and swimming pools.

If you're not so lucky, summer vacation may mean summer school — a long, hot summer inside the classroom.

Whatever your plans, make this summer a good one. Take on a project Learn something!

Help someone! Make this summer one to remember.

根据短文内容，选出一个最佳答案填入题前的括号内(精校)。

96. What does summer vacation mean all over the world?
A. Long days. B. Activities. C. No school. D. All above.
97. What did students do in their summer vacation hundreds of years ago?
A. They studied in extra class. B. They worked in the fields.
C. They volunteered. D. They went abroad.
98. Do students need to go to the classroom in summer vacation?
A. No, they don't. B. Yes, of course.
C. Maybe, some will. D. Sure, they will.
99. If you want to learn a new skill, you may _____.
A. do a part-time job B. sleep
C. kick off your shoes D. jump into rivers
100. What is the best title for this passage?
A. World of Summer. B. The History of Summer.
C. Unlucky Summer. D. Old Summer.

D

任务型阅读。



Fast food or Traditional food?

It's OK to eat fast food occasionally but fast food is high in calories (热量). 101. So, if you often eat a hamburger and chips, you can easily become fat. You must eat homemade food because it is healthier.

Everybody knows that fast food is cheap and quick. However fast food is not as tasty as homemade food. Young people prefer to eat pizzas, hamburgers and French fries, 102. _____ they should eat soup instead. Fast food companies 103. _____ (花费) lots of money in order to make people believe that fast food is cool. The average American eats three hamburgers with French fries a week.

Fatness can lead to other diseases. 104. This is why America is now starting to fight back against the fast food complies. They are stopping serving fast food in school cafeterias and restaurants serving traditional food are opening now.

101. 写出文中(101)处的同义句。

So, don't often eat a hamburger and chips, _____ you can easily become fat

102. 在文中(102)处填入一个词,使句意通顺。 _____

103. 根据文中(103)句的汉语提示在横线上写出单词,使句意通顺. _____

104. 将文章(104)处画线句子译成汉语。 _____

105. 在文章找出 delicious 的同义词。 _____

VIII 补全对话(每空1分。共5分)。

从题后方框中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项(有两项为多余选项)。

A: Excuse me, Madam. 106. _____

B: Sponsor you? 107. _____

A: Well, we are holding a Hope Event in our school. We're asking people to donate money to us after we've done it.

B: I see. 108. _____

A: We are going to give it to charity.

B: 109. _____

A: Children International Charity.

B: 110. _____

A: They improve the lives of poor children all over the world.

B: Sounds good. I'll donate 200 yuan.

- A. But what are you going to do with the money you get?
- B. Can I help you?
- C. What do you mean?
- D. What do they do?
- E. What kind of charity?
- F. Would you like to sponsor (赞助) us?
- G. Yes, you are right.

IX 书面表达(共 10 分)。

我国每年“舌尖上的浪费”能养活 2 亿人。这个数字触动了所有国人的心。杜绝浪费，吃光盘中食物的“光盘行动”得到了大众的积极响应。请根据以下图片提示，结合自己的观点和想法，以 Save Food 为题写一篇文章。

要求：

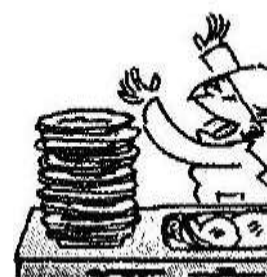
1. 80 词左右，可适当发挥(精校)。
2. 文章开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。
3. leftovers 剩饭剩菜



Save Food

1. Don't waste any of your food.
2. Eat up all food.
3. Don't order the food more than we can eat while dining out.
4. Take leftovers home.
5. Restaurants offer small dishes.
6.

Food is important to everyone!



Save Food

The annual waste food in China is almost much enough to feed about 200 million people a year. The government has called on us to save food so that we can enjoy a happy life. We middle school students should do something for it.

I hope we can start now. Save food, save our lives.

答案

21. hers 22. broken 23. one 24. passing 25. illness 26. across 27. unless 28. Finally 29. mistake 30. share

31-35BDACA36-40ABACB41-45DBAAC46-50BDBAC51-55BDBCA56-60ACCDB

61 look for62 picked up63 run away64 Come on65 put out66. the same 67. agree to
68. How many 69. What an 70. isn't there

71. used to 72. too much 73. proud; pride 74. is given 75. daily activities
76-80ADCDA81-85BABCD86 -90F T F F T91-95DDBCA96-100DBCAA101. or102.
however/but103. spend104. 这就是美国现在正开始与快餐公司做斗争的原因。

105. tasty106. F 107. C 108. A 109. E 110. D