

## 2017 年天津市南开区高考模拟（二）试题英语

第一部分：英语知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节 单项选择（15 分）

1. Unfortunately, \_\_\_\_\_ stone hit him on \_\_\_\_\_ head and he got injured. ( )

- A. the; a
- B. a; 不填
- C. a; the
- D. the; the

解析：该题考查冠词的用法辨析。不定冠词 a/an 意为“一个”，表示泛指；定冠词 the 意为“这个”，表示特指。hit sb. on the head 意为“击中某人的头部”，为固定搭配；又根据句意“不幸的是一块石头击中了他的头部”可知第一个横线处需使用不定冠词 a “一个/块”。综上，本题答案为 C 选项。

答案：C

2. \_\_\_\_\_ to Anne's birthday party, Mr. Brown is now searching shop after shop for a nice present for her.

- A. Having invited
- B. Having been invited
- C. Have been invited
- D. Being invited

解析：该题考查现在分词的完成式。句中有逗号分隔，没有连词，要用非谓语动词；invite 与主语 Brown 构成动宾关系，要用表示被动的过去分词；句意表达的 invite 动作发生在 search 动作之前，要用分词的完成式作原因状语。故选 B。

答案：B

3. The activities organized by our school really gave us a platform \_\_\_\_\_ we learned team spirit.

- A. that
- B. where
- C. which
- D. when

解析：该题考查限制性定语从句。根据句子结构可知，\_\_\_\_\_ we learned team spirit 是一个定语从句，在该句子里主语宾语不缺，所以需用关系副词来引导，结合先行词为 platform，表示一个抽象地点，所以用 where。

答案：B

4. \_\_\_\_\_ I say Clancy is a smart boy, he still needs to work hard to achieve his goal.

- A. Then
- B. When
- C. While
- D. As

解析：该题考查从属连词。A：那么；然后；B：当……的时候；C：虽然；D：因为。

根据后面的“但是他还需要努力学习才能实现他的目标”可知前面一个分句需要使用引导让步作用的从属连词 while “虽然”一词。综上，本题答案为 D 选项；其余选项均不符合题意。

答案：C

5. The new buyer identified a dozen new sources for the material, \_\_\_\_\_ proved to be reliable.

- A. most of them
- B. most of which
- C. most of whom
- D. most of those

解析：该题考查非限制性定语从句。分析句子结构及句意可知，后面的分句为定语从句。定语从句的先行词是指物的物 the material，故应该用 which 做介词宾语，引导非限制性定语从句；X 选项 whom 代人，A 选项 them 无法用来引导定语从句，D 选项 those 也无法引导定语从句。综上，本题答案为 B 选项。

答案：B

6. The old woman who \_\_\_\_ in the deserted house alone for ten years have been settled in a nursing home now.

- A. lived
- B. have lived
- C. had lived
- D. has been living

解析：该题考查一般过去时的用法。根据句意可知，由于那对老夫妻现在已经被安顿在养老院了，不在那所废弃的房子里住了，因此“住在废弃的房子里”是发生在过去的动作，句中的时间状语 now 对应的是过去；故应使用一般过去时；B 现在完成时，表示发生在过去并持续到了现在的动作；C 过去完成时，表示发生在过去某时间之前的动作；D 现在完成进行时，表示从过去某时开始一直持续到现在的动作，并且还将持续下去；B、C、D 都不符合句意。故选 A。

答案：A

7. —I phoned you yesterday morning. A girl answered, but I didn't recognize the voice.

—Oh, it \_\_\_\_\_ my younger sister. She was in my room at that moment.

- A. must have been
- B. should have been
- C. could have been
- D. may have been

解析：该题考查情态动词的用法。句意表达的是肯定的推测；对过去的推测要用情态动词加完成时态来构成；must 一定，should 应该，could 可能，may 也许。根据句意表达的是肯定推测，故选 A。

答案：A

8. —Do you mind if I look at your new mobile phone?

—Of course not. \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Please don't

- B. It depends
- C. Be my guest
- D. No way

解析：该题考查语言交际。A. Please don't 请不要，请勿；B. It depends 看情况而定；C. Be my guest 别客气，请便；D. No way 没门。根据答语“当然不介意”，可知此处表达的应是“我”同意你看“我”的新手机。故选 C。

答案：C

9. In the reading room, we found her \_\_\_\_\_ at a desk, with her attention \_\_\_\_\_ on a book.

- A. sitting; fixing
- B. to sit; fixed
- C. seating; fixing
- D. seated; fixed

解析：该题考查过去分词。句中 sit 或 seat 作 her 的宾语补足语，即 find sb. doing sth. 发现某人正在做某事；seat 是及物动词，作宾补时，与 her 构成动宾关系，要用过去分词；fix 作 attention 的宾语补足语，即 with+名词+非谓语动词；fix 与 attention 构成动宾关系，要用过去分词。故选 D。

答案：D

10. How long do you think \_\_\_\_\_ the computer company brings out a new product?

- A. will it be when
- B. will it be until
- C. it will be before
- D. it will be that

解析：该题考查时间状语从句及用法。分析句子的结构可知，这里 do you think 是插入语，这是固定句式 it will be+some time+before+句子.意为：还要过多久才能……，这里是对时间段进行提问，所以用疑问词 how long，因为疑问词后有插入语，当插入语用了疑问语序，它后面的成分就用陈述语序，故选 C。

答案：C

11. —Monitor?

—I'm not monitor of our class. I \_\_\_\_\_ with the teacher until the monitor is elected.

- A. will just help
- B. am just to help
- C. am just helping
- D. have just helped

解析：该题考查现在进行时。根据题意可知，我现在只是帮助老师做一些事情，暗示目前我正从事的事情，所以需用现在进行时表示目前正进行的动作。

答案：C

12. How could they reach an agreement? Some said one thing, but others \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. other
- B. another

C. the other

D. others

解析：该题考查不定代词。A：其他的（后接可数名词复数）；B：另一个（表示泛指）；C：另一个（表示特指）；D：其他的。根据前面的 one thing “一样（东西）”可知后面与会对应的是“另一样（东西）”，又因为此处没有特指，故使用 another 一词来表达“另一样（东西）”之意。综上，本题答案为 B 选项，其余选项均不符合题意。

答案：B

13. It is important to pay your electricity bill on time, as late payments may affect your \_\_\_\_\_.

A. condition

B. income

C. credit

D. status

解析：该题考查名词的词义辨析。condition “条件，状况”；income “收入”；credit “信用，信誉”；status “身份，地位”。根据上文语境和句子所表达的意思“逾期付款影响信用”可知答案选 C。

答案：C

14. Bless your heart, I know you didn't break the vase \_\_\_\_\_. Don't cry!

A. on purpose

B. by accident

C. on business

D. by mistake

解析：该题考查介词短语。on purpose 故意；by accident 意外；on business 出差；by mistake 失误。句意表达的是劝慰，可以知道不是故意的。故选 A。

答案：A

15. Had the governments and scientists not worked together, AIDS - related deaths \_\_\_\_\_ since their highest in 2005.

A. had not fallen

B. would not fall

C. did not fall

D. would not have fallen

解析：该题考查虚拟语气和过去完成时。根据题干从句中 had 置于句首可知，此处为虚拟语气中连词 if 省略情况。由从句中谓语动词 had not worked (had done)可知，是对过去情况的假设，所以主句中的谓语动词应用 would/could/might/should have done 来表示对过去情况的假设。故选 D。

答案：D

## 第二节 完形填空（满分 30 分）

My heart beat with that feeling, pumping it like blood to my body as my fingers flew across the piano keys. As the piece neared the end, I \_\_\_\_\_ 16 \_\_\_\_\_ up to take my final bow. For a second, the room was \_\_\_\_\_ 17 \_\_\_\_\_. Yet, even in that one second, I had enough time to \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_

whether I had done perfectly. Then, \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_, the applause came.

"Thank you...so much." I said, \_\_\_\_\_ 20 \_\_\_\_\_ to the person standing on my other side. Olga, my piano teacher for six years, smiled back at me. "You've been an \_\_\_\_\_ 21 \_\_\_\_\_ student all these years." She said, "I hope that whatever you do, you never stop \_\_\_\_\_ 22 \_\_\_\_\_."

I leaned forward, \_\_\_\_\_ 23 \_\_\_\_\_ I would keep playing because I loved piano, and hugged her.

It \_\_\_\_\_ 24 \_\_\_\_\_ to be that the promises weren't as meaningful as I'd hoped.

Right after the \_\_\_\_\_ 25 \_\_\_\_\_, I kept up my strict practicing schedule every day. \_\_\_\_\_ 26 \_\_\_\_\_, it began slipping away from me. The reason I had stopped taking \_\_\_\_\_ 27 \_\_\_\_\_ was because of my busy schedule with homework. Not long after, I stopped practicing altogether. It was \_\_\_\_\_ 28 \_\_\_\_\_ not to have to stress about piano anymore.

But something was \_\_\_\_\_ 29 \_\_\_\_\_ inside of me. I was empty inside.

One day I met Michelle, who had also taken piano lessons from Olga.

"Are you \_\_\_\_\_ 30 \_\_\_\_\_ taking lessons from Olga?" she asked.

"Um, no! Actually I just quit a while ago," I replied.

"That's a \_\_\_\_\_ 31 \_\_\_\_\_," she responded, "You used to be so \_\_\_\_\_ 32 \_\_\_\_\_. I remember your performance a year ago; it was breathtaking."

Two days \_\_\_\_\_ 33 \_\_\_\_\_ talking to Michelle, I subconsciously sat down on the bench and started playing. I wasn't even trying to make the notes sound musically correct...I was simply doing what I should have been this entire time: playing, \_\_\_\_\_ 34 \_\_\_\_\_ to be playing.

As the music spread, a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ 35 \_\_\_\_\_ feeling rose inside me.

16.

- A. stood
- B. sat
- C. showed
- D. looked

17.

- A. light
- B. nervous
- C. colorful
- D. quiet

18.

- A. expect
- B. remind
- C. know
- D. doubt

19.

- A. immediately
- B. suddenly
- C. hopefully
- D. successfully

20.

- A. running
- B. waving
- C. turning

D. pointing

21.

A. easy - going

B. imaginative

C. amazing

D. honest

22.

A. practicing

B. training

C. competing

D. gaining

23.

A. admitting

B. telling

C. promising

D. speaking

24.

A. carried on

B. turned out

C. brought up

D. showed off

25.

A. play

B. final

C. presentation

D. performance

26.

A. Soon

B. Besides

C. Thus

D. Instead

27.

A. lessons

B. parts

C. lectures

D. pieces

28.

A. disappointing

B. puzzling

C. inspiring

D. pleasing

29.

A. beating

B. rising

C. changing

D. shining

30.

A. even

B. still

C. much

D. yet

31.

A. shame

B. relief

C. pleasure

D. deal

32.

A. poor

B. good

C. nice

D. old

33.

A. after

B. before

C. when

D. until

34.

A. still

B. always

C. also

D. just

35.

A. unknown

B. familiar

C. awful

D. empty.

解析：16.考查动词辨析。根据句意可知，作者演奏完要站起来鞠躬。show 展示，表现；sit 坐；stand 站；look 看；故选 A。

17.考查形容词辨析。根据句意可知，那一秒钟，房间里是安静的。light 明亮的；quiet 安静的；colourful 丰富多彩的；nervous 紧张的。故选 D。

18.考查动词辨析。根据句意可知，在那一秒钟作者有足够的时间怀疑自己做得是否完美，即作者不确定自己的表演是否完美。expect 期望，期盼；remind 提醒，使想起；know 知道，认识；doubt 怀疑，不相信。故选 D。

19.考查副词辨析。然后掌声突然响起来了。immediately 立即，马上；successfully 成功地；hopefully 有希望地；suddenly 突然地。故选 B。

20.考查动词辨析。根据句意可知，作者是在表演，所以是转向自己身边的人。turn (to) 转向，求助于；wave 挥手，挥舞；run 跑；point 指向。故选 C。

21.考查形容词辨析。根据句意可知，老师对作者说她是自己这些年遇到的最令人惊叹

的学生。easy - going 容易相处的；imaginative 富有想象力的；amazing 令人惊叹的；honest 诚实的。故选 C。

22.考查动词辨析。根据句意可知，老师希望作者不要停止练习。practise 练习；learn 学习；compete 竞争；gain 获得。故选 A。

23.考查动词辨析。根据句意可知，作者在向老师承诺。tell 告诉，告知；promise 承诺，允诺；admit 承认；speak 说话。故选 C。

24.考查短语辨析。结果，这个承诺并不像作者曾经希望的那么有意义。carry on 实施，执行；bring up 抚养长大；turn out 结果是，制造，关灯；take in 吸收，领会，欺骗。故选 B。

25.考查名词辨析。在表演之后，作者严格按照时间表每天练习。performance 表演，表现；final 决赛；presentation 陈述；play 游戏，比赛。故选 D。

26.考查句意理解。根据上下文可知作者很快就放松了练习。soon 不久，很快；besides 此外；thus 因此；instead 而不是。故选 A。

27.考查名词辨析。根据句意可知，作者停课的原因是作业繁重。lecture 演讲；part 部分；lesson 课程；piece 碎片。故选 A。

28.考查形容词辨析。根据句意可知，作者觉得不再有钢琴的压力是非常愉快的。disappointing 令人失望的；pleasing 令人愉快的；inspiring 鼓舞人心的；puzzling 令人迷惑的。故选 D。

29.考查动词辨析。根据句意可知，因为不再练钢琴，作者变得空虚了，所以是作者内在的一些东西改变了。beat 打败；rise 上升；change 改变；shine 闪光。故选 C。

30.考查句意理解。根据句意可知，这里是问作者现在是否仍然在上课。still 仍然；even 甚至；much 很多；yet “仍，还”，多用于完成时态。故选 B。

31.考查名词辨析。根据后文可知，这是遗憾的。shame 遗憾，羞耻。relief 安心，放松。pleasure 愉快。deal 交易。故选 A。

32.考查形容词辨析。根据句意可知，对方说自己记得作者一年前的表演是激动人心的。challenging 有挑战性的；breathtaking 激动人心的；demanding 要求高的；embarrassing 令人尴尬的。故选 B。

33.考查介词辨析。根据句意在与她交谈后，我下意識地在长椅上坐了下来。故选 A。

34.考查句意理解。根据句子我甚至不想让音色音乐正确……我只是做了我应该做的在这个时间，玩，只是为了玩。故选 D。

35.考查形容词辨析。根据句意可知，随着音乐散布开来，一种熟悉的感觉在作者体内逐渐升腾。故选 B。

答案：ADDBC CACBD AADCB ABADB

## 第二部分 阅读理解（满分 40 分）

### A

#### Acting Musical Theater

The Summer Acting Musical Theater program, which starts on Friday, July 3 and ends on Thursday, July 23, is created for talented students who have been inspired by musical theater.

The program develops the abilities of experienced performers who are serious about the field and eager to work hard. Our goal is to help you grow creatively through full - time, college - level theatre training under the direction of popular professional performers and teachers.

The students can improve their performance skills and can get the knowledge about the history of theater, the style of theater and so on. Students will complete the program with improved audition(试演) skills.

Classes aim to improve your command of body, mind and voice. Students will take a trip to see at least one professional production with program teachers. An exhibition of the students' class work will be presented at the conclusion of the program to family, friends, students from other Summer College programs, and the University community.

Program Costs:

Accommodation: 3, 359;Traffic: 2, 234.

Audition requirements:

Auditions should include the following video materials:

Two different songs;

One age - suitable monologue(独白);

One short dance part;

A personal statement regarding your background and training, experience in performances, and personal goals in theater;

Each part of the audition should be about one minute in length;

You should be the only person shown in the audition;

The audition is given online with your application.

Typical day:

9:00am to noon classes focus on musical theater, including acting, voice, movement, dance and scene study.

1:00 to 4:00 pm classes involve additional work in acting, movement, and voice, along with rehearsals(排练) for public performances.

36. What do you know about the program?

- A. Students can have chances to audition in films.
- B. The program helps students grow healthily.
- C. The program will last for three weeks.
- D. The program provides accommodation for free.

37. The underlined word "production" in Paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. writing
- B. performance
- C. conference
- D. guidance

38. It can be learnt from the passage that students \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. seldom attend classes in the morning
- B. cannot be taught by well - known actors
- C. will get some information about theater
- D. will usually perform for college students

39. The audition materials include the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a performance with your partner
- B. a short dance part in one minute
- C. an online introduction of yourself
- D. a suitable monologue in one minute

40. What is the purpose of the passage?

- A. To tell us how to hold a musical theater program successfully.
- B. To call on more and more students to pay attention to theater.

C. To introduce the development of the Summer Acting program.

D. To attract more students loving performances to attend the program.

解析：36.细节理解题。根据 which starts on Friday, July 3 and ends on Thursday, July 23 时间推算可知，持续三周时间。故选 C。

37.猜测词意题。根据前句 The students can improve their performance skills 以及 Classes aim to improve your command of body 可知学生参加这样的课程能提高他们表演技能，而且和老师一起至少能够观看一场专业的表演，所以此处 production 可以指 performance，即表演。

38.推理判断题。通过整个文章的介绍可知，主要讲述 Acting Musical Theater，所以学生可以获取关于剧院的相关知识。

39.细节理解题。根据 Auditions should include the following video materials 可知 Auditions 材料包括：One short dance part; The audition is given online with your application; One age - suitable monologue 所以 B、C、D 均提到，只有 A 没有涉及到。

40.主旨大意题。通过介绍 Acting Musical Theater 相关情况，主要为了吸引更多爱好表演的学生参加该项目。

答案：CBCAD

## B

After a terrible electrical accident, which caused him to become both blind and deaf, the whole world became completely dark and quiet for Robert Edwards for almost ten years. The loss of sight and hearing threw him into such sorrow that he tried a few times to put an end to his life. His family, especially his wife, did their best to tend and comfort him and finally he regained the will to live.

One hot summer afternoon, he was taking a walk with a stick near his house when a thunderstorm started all at once. He stood under a large tree to avoid getting wet, but he was struck by the lightning. Witnesses thought he was dead but he woke up some 20 minutes later lying face down in muddy water at the base of the tree. He was trembling badly, but when he opened his eyes, he could hardly believe what he saw: a plough and a wall. When Mrs Edwards came running up to him, shouting to their neighbors to call for help, he could see her and hear her voice for the first time in nearly ten years.

The news of Robert regaining his sight and hearing quickly spread, and many doctors came to examine him. Most of them said that he regained his sight and hearing from the shock he got from the lightning. However, none of them could give a convincing answer as to why this should have happened. The only reasonable explanation given by one doctor was that, since Robert lost his sight and hearing as a result of a sudden shock, perhaps, the only way for him to regain them was by another sudden shock.

41. The reason for Robert's attempts to kill himself was that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. he had to live in a dark and silent world
- B. a terrible traffic accident happened to him
- C. he was struck by the lightning once more
- D. nobody in the world cared about him

42. What was Robert doing when he was struck by the lightning?

- A. Taking a walk with a stick.
- B. Driving a car.
- C. Sheltering from the rain under a tree.

D. Lying on the ground.

43. What did Robert see first when he regained his sight after the shock?

A. A plough and a wall.

B. His neighbors.

C. His wife who called for help to save him.

D. Many doctors surrounding him.

44. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?

A. Robert had been deaf and blind for nearly ten years.

B. Robert hid himself under the tree for 20 minutes.

C. Robert could hear his wife's shouting for help when he woke up.

D. The family's love helped Robert regain confidence to live.

45. We can infer from the text that \_\_\_\_\_.

A. many doctors came because Robert was badly injured

B. a sudden injury in the head led to Robert's recovery

C. Robert's wife sent for doctors immediately after the shock

D. there was no accurate explanation for Robert's recovery.

解析：41.细节题。根据文章的第一段的 The loss of sight and hearing threw him into such sorrow that he tried a few times to put an end to his life.可知丧失视力和听力让他想结束生命，故选 A。

42.推理题。根据第二段的 He stood under a large tree to avoid getting wet, but he was struck by the lightning. 可知他是在树下躲雨的时候被击中的，判断选 C。

43.细节题。由第二段中的 He was trembling badly, but when he opened his eyes, he could hardly believe what he saw - - a plough and a wall.可知当他睁开眼睛，他看到的是犁和墙，可知选 A。

44.细节题。根据文章第二段的 Witnesses thought he was dead but he woke up some 20 minutes later lying face down in muddy water at the base of the tree 可知他是 20 分钟后醒来，而不是躲在树下 20 分钟，因此选 B。

45.推理题。根据第三段的 However, none of them could give a convincing answer as to why this should have happened 可知对于 Robert 的康复没有明确的解释，故选 D。

答案：ACABD

## C

The temperature is sharply rising with each passing day. People, including many experts, find it difficult to slow down the process. However, leaving coal and major fossil fuels in the ground could help to limit climate change in the future, according to a new study. That is to say, a third of oil reserves on the earth, half of gas reserves and over 80 percent of current coal reserves should not be used before the year 2050. If we are to prevent global temperatures from rising above 2 degrees Celsius in the near future, we ought to carry some measures to severely control the emissions from factories vehicles and even our daily - life cooking. However, it is a goal that seems to be impossible in our eyes.

"Policy makers in different countries must realize that their attempt to completely use the fossil fuels within their countries is wholly incompatible(矛盾的) with their hope to reach the 2 - degree goal, "Dr. Christophe Mc Glade at University College London's Energy Institute said in a statement. "If they go ahead with developing their own resources, "he added, "they must be asked

which reserves elsewhere should remain unburned in order for the carbon budget not to go beyond the limit. "

It's not surprising to see how tapping into these unused reserves would be attractive. Energy - related industry is a big business all over the world. There are many coal reserves in China, Russia and the United States, along with over 260 thousand million barrels of oil reserves in the Middle East. Not to mention that oil is currently being developed in the Arctic. Companies spent over \$670 billion last year in the expansion of fossil fuels, but according to the new model used in this latest study, developers may need to rethink their plans to develop these underground resources so as to make some contributions to control the world temperature from rising high in the future.

"We've now got practical figures of the quantities and locations of fossil fuels that should remain unused in trying to keep within the 2 - degree temperature limit, "added Mc Glade. World leaders and policy makers should take the advice to heart, because a recent IPCC report warned that if immediate and great actions are not taken soon, climate change will cause irreversible(不可逆转的) impacts on environments worldwide, leaving the world an unsafe place for us to live in.

46. According to Paragraph 1, our goal is to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. discover more fossil fuels for the future generation
  - B. slow down the climate change
  - C. refuse to use reserves on the earth
  - D. keep the temperature rise below 2 degrees Celsius
47. The underlined word "emissions" in Paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. things that are sent out into the air
  - B. products that are made from fossil fuels
  - C. factors that cause the climate change
  - D. changes that happen after temperature rise
48. According to what Mc Glade said in Paragraph 2, all countries should \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. make full use of their fossil fuels
  - B. work together towards the 2 - degree goal
  - C. find better ways to dig out the coal
  - D. increase the global carbon budget
49. We can infer from Paragraph 3 that great efforts have been made in \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. digging out the oil in the Middle East
  - B. getting people to rethink their fuel plans
  - C. developing fossil fuels around the world
  - D. developing energy - related industry worldwide
50. What is the author's attitude towards the future of temperature control?
- A. Confident.
  - B. Negative.
  - C. Satisfied.
  - D. Unclear.

解析：46.细节题。根据第一段第四行 If we are to prevent global temperatures from rising above 2 degrees Celsius in the near future, we ought to carry some measures, 以及本段最后一句 it is a goal that seems to be impossible in our eyes 可知我们的目标是阻止全球气温上升 2°C, 所以答案是 D。

47.词义猜测题。根据这个词汇后面的 from factories vehicles and even our daily - life cooking 可知该词指的是工厂和家庭燃煤后排出的废气，所以答案是 A。

48.推理判断题。根据第二段 Mc Glade 所说的话，特别是 they must be asked which reserves elsewhere should remain unburned in order for the carbon budget not to go beyond the limit 可知如果一个国家在自己的地方排放废气，其他国家的努力减排是无用的，所以答案是 B。

49.推理判断题。Energy - related industry is a big business all over the world. There are many coal reserves in China, Russia and the United States, along with over 260 thousand million barrels of oil reserves in the Middle East. Not to mention that oil is currently being developed in the Arctic. Companies spent over \$670 billion last year in the expansion of fossil fuels, 可知全世界的许多国家都在利用煤和汽油做燃料，所以答案是 C。

50.推理判断题。根据第一段的最后一句 it is a goal that seems to be impossible in our eyes, 以及第三段对于全世界的许多国家都在利用煤和汽油做燃料的描述可知，作者对于全球变暖的看法是消极的，所以答案是 B。

答案：DABCB

#### D

It's hard to find Alice Munro in the media. Even after she won the 2013 Nobel Prize in Literature, the Canadian writer just appeared for a quick interview and then dropped out of sight. On Dec 29th, she still didn't seek the spotlight when she was named one of the five Women of the Year by the Financial Times.

In Munro's eyes, ordinary lives always hide larger dramas. So she records what we casually think of as the everyday actions of normal people. She often focuses on life in her hometown, a small village in Ontario which she is most familiar with. She writes about the ordinary things in the village - trees in the Ontario wilderness, poor country schools and long last illnesses. Above all, she talks about girls and women who have seemingly ordinary lives but struggle against daily misfortune.

She has a special talent for uncovering the extraordinary in the ordinary. These are ordinary people, ordinary stories, but she has the magic. Her precise language, depth of detail and the logic of her storytelling have made her stories inviting.

Runaway, one of Munro's representative works, is a good example of her writing style. One of the stories centers on the life of an ordinary woman Carla, who lives in a small Canadian town with her husband Clark. The story slowly forms a picture of Carla, trapped in a bad marriage, her unhappiness building into desperation until she decides to flee. The story of Carla is a story of the power and betrayals of love. It is about lost children and lost chances that we can all find in life. There is pain beneath the surface, like a needle in the heart.

Since she published her first collection of short stories in 1968, Munro has won many awards, with the Nobel Prize being her biggest honor. On Oct 10th, 2013, the Nobel Prize committee named Munro the "master of the contemporary short story".

51. We learn from Paragraph 1 that Alice Munro \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. didn't get on well with the media
- B. was surprised at winning the Nobel Prize
- C. didn't value the title of Women of the Year
- D. remained modest though very successful

52. Many of Alice Munro's works \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. center on the happy life of country women
  - B. are about betrayals of love and violence
  - C. focus on everyday life of ordinary people
  - D. are romantic stories setting in her hometown
53. What makes Alice Munro's stories fascinating according to the text?
- A. The complicated plots.
  - B. Her rich imagination.
  - C. The humorous language.
  - D. Her writing techniques.
54. In her representative work Runaway, Carla \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. tries to run away from her husband
  - B. is a faithful wife to her husband
  - C. leads a happy life with Clark
  - D. loses all hopes for a better life
55. What is the text mainly about?
- A. Alice Munro and her hometown.
  - B. Alice Munro and her writing style.
  - C. Alice Munro's representative works.
  - D. The awards Alice Munro won.

解析：51.推理判断题。根据句子 Even after she won the 2013 Nobel Prize in Literature, the Canadian writer just appeared for a quick interview and then dropped out of sight 可知即使 Alice Munro 成功了也仍然很谦逊，故答案为 D。

52.细节理解题。根据句子 So she records what we casually think of as the everyday actions of normal people 可知她的作品主要写普通人们的日常生活，故答案为 C。

53.细节理解题。根据句子 Her precise language, depth of detail and the logic of her storytelling have made her stories inviting. 可知是 Alice Munro 的写作技巧让她的作品有吸引力，故答案为 D。

54.推理判断题。根据句子 she decides to flee 可知作品中女主人公想要逃离她的丈夫，故答案为 A。

55.主旨大意题。短文主要介绍了作家 Alice Munro，以及她能让写出极具吸引力的作品，故答案为 B。

答案：DCDAB

第三部分：写作 第一节：阅读表达 阅读短文，按照题目要求用英语回答问题。

Science has a lot of uses. It can uncover laws of nature, cure diseases, make bombs, and help bridges to stand up. Indeed science is so good at what it does that there's always a temptation(诱惑) to drag it into problems where it may not be helpful. David Brooks, author of *The Social Animal: The Hidden Sources of Love, Character, and Achievement*, appears to be the latest in a long line of writers who have failed to resist the temptation.

Brooks gained fame for several books. His latest book *The Social Animal*, however, is more ambitious and serious than his earlier books. It is an attempt to deal with a set of weighty topics. The book focuses on big questions: What has science revealed about human nature? What are the sources of character? And why are some people happy and successful while others aren't?

To answer these questions, Brooks surveys a wide range of disciplines. Considering this, you might expect the book to be a dry recitation(背诵) of facts. But Brooks has structured his book in an unorthodox(非常规的), and perhaps unfortunate way. Instead of introducing scientific theories, he tells a story, within which he tries to make his points, perhaps in order to keep the reader's attention. So as Harold and Erica, the hero and heroine in his story, live through childhood, we hear about the science of child development and as they begin to date we hear about the theory of sexual attraction. Brooks carries this through to the death of one of his characters.

On the whole, Brooks' story is acceptable if uninspired. As one would expect, his writing is mostly clear and, to be fair, some chapters stand out above the rest. I enjoyed, for instance, the chapter in which Harold discovers how to think on his own. While Harold and Erica are certainly not strong or memorable characters, the more serious problems with *The Social Animal* lie elsewhere. These problems partly involve Brooks' attempt to translate his tale into science.

56. What is the main idea of Paragraph 2? (No more than 10 words)

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57. Why does Brooks use a story to introduce scientific theories? (No more than 15 words)

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58. According to *The Social Animal*, how can we learn about the science of child development? (No more than 10 words)

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59. Please explain the underlined word "weighty" in English. (No more than 1 word)

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60. Do you like Brooks' way of dealing with science in *The Social Animal*? Why? (No more than 20 words)

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解析：56.主旨大意题。根据第二段的介绍可知，The book focuses on big questions 这本书探讨一些大问题，如：科学揭露什么人性;为何有人成功? 所以第二段大意为介绍该书的主题。

57.细节题。根据这句 Instead of introducing scientific theories, he tells a story, within which he tries to make his points, perhaps in order to keep the reader's attention. 可知，在介绍科学理念时，通过讲一个故事目的是为了吸引读者的注意力。

58.细节题。通过第三段的介绍可知，Harold and Erica 是书里的男女主人公，一起经历过童年时光，从而我们了解了儿童成长的科学规律。

59.猜测词意题。根据 The book focuses on big questions 可知，该书涉及的都是大的问题，所以 It is an attempt to deal with a set of weighty topics 中的 weighty 是重要的，关键的意思。

60.概括题。通过文章的介绍可知，Brooks 重要通过故事的形式来传递科学理念，让人理解起来更容易。

答案：56. The purpose of writing *The Social Animal*. /The main topics of the book.

57. Because he tries to make his points through the story or keep reader's attention.

58. As Harold and Erica live through their childhood.

59. Serious. Or: Important. Or: Significant. Or: Great. Or: Big. Or: Crucial. Or: Heavy....

60. Yes, I do. Because he introduces scientific theories through a story, which is much easier for people to understand.

书面表达 (25 分)

目前，中国已经进入汽车社会，越来越多的汽车正走进寻常百姓家。但是有些驾驶员的素质令人担忧，他们的所作所为严重危害了自己和他人的安全。这种现象与社会的发展极不协调。请你以李华的身份，结合下列几点写一封倡议书，倡议所有驾驶员做“中国好司机”。

主要包括：

1.简单描述以上现象；

2.你的建议：

(1) 严格遵守交通规则；(2) 不隔窗抛物；(3) 礼让他人，不闯红灯。

注意：1.词数 100 左右；

2.可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；

3.开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

参考词汇：规则 regulations 让路 give way to 闯红灯 run the red light

Dear drivers,

At present, more and more cars have entered the homes of ordinary people. \_\_\_\_\_

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Sincerely yours,

Li Hua.

解析：这是提纲类作文。这是一封倡议书，主要倡议中国司机文明驾车。这需要我们发挥英语思维，将提供的信息用英语完整流畅的表达出来。写作需要用第一人称，时态主要是一般现在时，内容要点包括：简单描述以上现象；你的建议：(1) 严格遵守交通规则；(2) 不隔窗抛物；(3) 礼让他人，不闯红灯。文章主要分成三部分：第一部分简单的介绍了现今社会中存在的司机不文明的现象并提出文明驾车；第二部分讲述了为什么要文明驾车；第三部分是自己的陈述。重点短语与句型：

be against 违背，违反

obey the traffic regulations 遵守交规

pick up 捡拾

give way to 给...让路

高分句型一：But what worries us a lot is some drivers' bad quality.此句用了 what 引导主语从句。

高分句型二：Some cleaners are hit by the passing cars and die per year while they are picking up the things that you have thrown away.此句 while 连接一个时间状语从句以及 that 引导定语从句。

答案：

Dear drivers,

At present, more and more cars have entered the homes of ordinary people. But what worries us a lot is some drivers' bad quality. Their behavior harms the safety of others and themselves. This phenomenon is against the development of our society. Then, I have some ideas for you to be good drivers.

First, all of us must obey the traffic regulations. Second, you shouldn't throw things out of the car window. Some cleaners are hit by the passing cars and die per year while they are picking up the things that you have thrown away. Next, give way to passers - by politely at the cross - roads

and you mustn't run the red light. Last but not least, always remember: your families are waiting for you at home.

I really hope all the drivers can take action from now on and try to be good Chinese drivers.

Sincerely yours,

Li Hua