

- A. only one basketball field
 B. a playground, a library and many trees
 C. no trees
18. There used to be _____ kinds of books in the library.
 A. a few
 B. few
 C. a lot of
19. The school environment now _____.
 A. is bad for the students
 B. is good for the students
 C. is even worse
20. This listening material is mainly about _____.
 A. a welcome to the visitors
 B. the great changes in the school
 C. the students

二、单项选择题（共 20 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 20 分）

阅读下列各题，从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择最佳答案。

21. — Morning, boys and girls! Please try your best in today's exam! Good luck to all of you!
 — _____
 A. Sorry, I won't.
 B. Never mind.
 C. Thanks!
 D. Congratulations!
22. Do you know a spaceship flies at about nineteen kilometers _____ second?
 A. the
 B. a
 C. /
 D. an
23. Mom, I'm old enough to wash _____ own clothes and _____. You can have a rest after work.
 A. my; your
 B. my; yours
 C. your; my
 D. yours; mine
24. The firemen soon _____ the big fire.
 A. put off
 B. put up
 C. put out
 D. put on
25. — _____ bowl of mutton soup would you like?
 — A big bowl, please.
 A. What size
 B. What big
 C. How much
 D. How size
26. The mountain I visited last Sunday isn't very _____. Few _____ go sightseeing there.
 A. tourist; tourists
 B. touristy; tourist
 C. touristy; tourists
 D. tourist; tourist
27. — Why do you always go to Lanzhou University on weekends?
 — Because there're lots of great speakers I can practice English _____ in the English Corner there.
 A. with
 B. to
 C. on
 D. about
28. — The food looked bad, but it _____ OK.
 — So we can't judge a man by his appearance.
 A. is tasted
 B. tasted
 C. was tasted
 D. taste
29. Which of the following does paper burn in?
 A. CO₂
 B. N₂
 C. He
 D. O₂
30. — Come and join us, Ben!
 — I'm afraid I can't. I'm too busy now. If I _____ time, I would certainly go.
 A. had
 B. will have
 C. have had
 D. have
31. A direct order like “Daisy, pass me the book” sounds rude. We'd better say: “_____”
 A. Daisy, could you please pass me the book?
 B. Daisy, I wonder if can you pass me the book.
 C. Daisy, give me the book!
 D. Daisy, I wonder you can pass me the book.
32. In this exam, you're asked to write a composition of about _____.
 A. 90-words
 B. 90-word
 C. 90 words
 D. 90 word's
33. Only when the work is done _____ be able to go back home.
 A. you have
 B. you will
 C. will you
 D. have you
34. Lanzhou is the only capital city that the Yellow River, the second _____ river in China, passes through.

50. A. kindness B. sadness C. happiness D. illness

四、阅读理解（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面四段材料，根据材料内容和问题，从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

A

FUN TIME

Are you tired of the puzzles you usually do? Sudoku is a new choice. Sudoku consists of the Japanese characters Su (meaning “number”) and Doku (meaning “single”), but it was not invented in Japan. It was created by Howard Games in 1979. The puzzle was first introduced into Japan by Nikoli Puzzle Company in 1984. In 1986, Kaji Maki, the president of Nikoli made the rules strict and clear. Soon in the same year Sudoku became popular in Japan. In November 2004, *The Times*, a British newspaper, first printed it in the newspaper. It became an international hit in 2005. Now Sudoku becomes very popular all over the world.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 9 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 8 |
| 5 | 3 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 7 |
| X | 7 | 8 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 6 | 3 |
| 7 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 6 |
| 4 | 8 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 9 |
| 2 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| 3 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 2 | Y | 6 | 1 | Z |
| 6 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 3 | 4 |
| 8 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 2 |

The rule of the puzzle is to fill in the grids (格子) so that every row, every line and every 3×3 box has the numbers 1 to 9. Here is a Sudoku. Please relax and enjoy. It’s fun!

根据以上杂志专栏内容，回答下列问题。

51. Who created Sudoku?
A. Howard Games. B. Sudoku. C. Kaji Maki. D. Nikoli.
52. Which is true about Kaji Maki according to the reading material?
A. He was the boss of Nissan Company.
B. He helped to make Sudoku popular in Japan.
C. He was the president of The Times.
D. He is an American.
53. Which is NOT true about Sudoku?
A. Sudoku wasn’t invented in Japan.
B. It was *The Times* that first printed Sudoku in the newspaper.
C. Each grid has more than one number.
D. It became popular around the world in 2005.
54. In the puzzle above, what should “X” be?
A. 5. B. 4. C. 3. D. 1.
55. What should “Z” be in the puzzle?
A. 8. B. 5. C. 2. D. 4.

B

The Flying Hat By Shannon Blackman

“The most sidesplitting story I’ve ever read. I couldn’t help laughing after I finished it. Be ready to laugh your heart out.”
Willy King, *Best Book* winner

“It’s a story that makes you smile in your dreams. Blackman’s excellent writing cheers you up.”

The Tide, London

“One of the best-selling books of the year. More than two million copies have been sold.”

The Sunday Reader, New York

“This book has become the talk of the country. The story is making its way into movie theaters. I can’t wait to see it!”

Marian Miller, author of *Ms. Lilly*

根据以上书评内容，回答下列问题。

56. Who is the writer of *The Flying Hat*?

- A. Marian Miller
- B. Willy King
- C. Shannon Blackman
- D. Ms. Lily

57. Which is said about *The Flying Hat*?

- A. A movie about the story is coming out.
- B. People can buy the book all over the world.
- C. The writer started the book because of a mistake.
- D. The story is about a boy with a magic book.

58. What does **sidesplitting** mean?

- A. Simple.
- B. Funny.
- C. Serious.
- D. Difficult.

C

Can the Time Go Slower?

Can the time go slower?
I’m still thinking of
The answers.



Can the time go slower?
My head is not
Yet clear.

Can the time go slower?
For me the rules of math are
Too hard to remember.



Can the time go slower?
My grade is what my father
Really cares about.

So can the time go slower?
My dear teacher,
I don’t want to run behind others.

Oh! NO!

There are still lots of questions
To be answered!

根据以上由 Joanna Pitt 创作的小诗，回答下列问题。

59. What is the reading about?

- A. Taking a test.
- B. Teaching math.
- C. Learning driving.
- D. Running at the school.

60. Why does the writer ask “Can the time go slower” again and again?

- A. She is missing her good old times.
- B. She does not want to get old with time.
- C. She’s afraid that her father will be home soon.
- D. She’s worried that there isn’t much time.

GREEN
WORLD

There are many ways to save the environment if you would like. In this passage, you can find some ways.

Plant more trees. Choose a right 66._____ near your house or workplace. 67._____ there's any rule stopping you growing trees in that area, go ahead and grow trees. Plant a tree every month and 68._____ your friends and classmates to join you. Have more and more trees 69._____ and there will come a day when you have green land thanks to your hard work.

Walk more and drive less. Choose to walk 70._____ drive your car. Walk or ride a bicycle to work if it's not very far. Not only cycling but walking is good exercise. And each time you avoid using your car, you're doing something 71._____ to cut down air pollution. You are saving fuel, saving money and keeping fit as well.

Save water. Water is very important for living things. It's 72._____ who use and pollute it. The simplest way to save water is turning 73._____ water taps after use. When you visit a beach, make sure that you don't throw waste around. Do not pollute rivers 74._____ dropping garbage or other waste. Water is so precious, so we 75._____ waste or pollute it.

六、任务型阅读理解（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

仔细阅读下面的短文并按要求完成后面的小题。

Men have always wondered about the earth they live on and about the ①_____ above them.

When early men looked at the night sky, they asked themselves a lot of questions. They looked at the moon, and wondered what this strange bright object in the sky was. They did not understand why it changed its shape from night to night. They looked at the stars and planets. They also wondered why some of them changed their positions, while others did not.

②他们也思考地球的形状。 Most early people believed the earth was flat.

③In different parts of the world, there were different ideas about the universe. The ancient Greeks were the first people to study the universe more scientifically. In the sixth century BC Pythagoras put forward the idea that the world was round. However, he could not explain why people at the bottom of the world did not fall off.

It was not until the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries that scientists found the answers to some important questions. ④With the help of Galileo's telescope, people could see the sky more clearly, and find the positions of the stars and planets. Finally in 1665, Isaac Newton explained to the world what gravity (重力) was and people at last understood why they did not fall off the earth.

76. 在文中①处填写一个单词，使得句意完整、上下文通顺。 _____

77. 根据文章内容回答问题。

What questions did early men ask themselves when they looked at the night sky? Write down one of them.

78. 将文中②句翻译成英语。

79. 将文中③句翻译成汉语。

80. 写出文中④句的同义句，每空限填一词。

Galileo's telescope made _____ for people to see the sky more clearly, and to find the positions of the stars and planets.

七、口语交际（共5空；每空1分，满分5分）

阅读下面的对话，根据上下文，从方框内选择恰当的选项补全对话。（有两项为多余选项）

A: Excuse me, I am a reporter from a student magazine. _____ 81 _____

B: Sure, please.

A: _____ 82 _____

B: I am from Germany.

A: _____ 83 _____

B: I got here the day before yesterday.

A: How do you like Lanzhou?

B: I like your city very much. The people here are very friendly. But I'm still not used to the weather here. I have a sore throat today.

A: The weather in Lanzhou is kind of dry. Drinking more water can make you feel better.

B: Thanks for your suggestion.

A: _____ 84 _____

B: Of course not. I come here for watching Lanzhou International Marathon. And then I'm planning to go to Dunhuang for a tour.

A: Great. Thank you for answering my questions. _____ 85 _____

B: Thank you.

- | |
|--|
| A. I often go to Shanghai on business. |
| B. Would you mind telling me what you come here for? |
| C. May I ask you some questions? |
| D. Have a great time. |
| E. How will you do that? |
| F. When did you arrive in Lanzhou? |
| G. Where do you come from? |

八、词汇考查（分A、B、C三节，共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

A) 读句子，根据所给汉语提示写出单词。

86. The old man gave away eight _____ (百) books to the primary school in the countryside.

87. Details decide _____ (成功) or not. If we take everything seriously, we'll achieve our goals.

88. Ten people, _____ (包含) a baby, were hurt in the crash.

89. Email English is _____ (广泛地) used among young people.

90. When we _____ (比较) western culture with Chinese culture, you'll find many differences.

B) 根据句意，用括号内所给词的适当形式填空。

91. After so many _____ (year) practice, Li Na is a well-known tennis player.

92. We'll have a surprise party for my mother's _____ (forty) birthday next Saturday.

93. The higher the mountain is, the _____ (thin) the air is.

94. To tell the _____ (true), I don't like the drinks in that café
95. It's a (an) _____ (usual) experience, few people have chances to do it.
- C) 用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空。
96. I _____ (read) a novel last night when I heard knocks at the door.
97. The young man _____ (live) alone since he graduated from college.
98. Be careful _____ (not fall) off the ladder.
99. The actor and director _____ (be) coming to give us a speech next weekend.
100. I overslept this morning. By the time I got to the train station, the train _____ (leave).

九、按要求完成句子 (分 A、B 两节, 共 15 空; 每空 1 分, 满分 15 分)

A) 句型转换。

101. The boy has been to the U.S.A. twice. (对画线部分提问)
How _____ has the boy been to the U.S.A.?
102. Mom felt tired after she cooked for the whole family. (改为简单句)
Mom felt tired after _____ for the whole family.
103. Mr. Brown and his wife have been married for 20 years. (改为同义句)
Mr. Brown and his wife _____ 20 years ago.
104. Lisa didn't hang out with her friends yesterday. (改为肯定句)
Lisa _____ out with her friends yesterday.
105. Some reporters are interviewing a government official on traffic problems now. (改为被动语态)
A government official is _____ by some reporters on traffic problems now.

B) 根据所给汉语提示完成下列句子。

106. 亲爱的伙伴们, 让我们坚持追求梦想, 总有一天我们会梦想成真。
My dear friends, let's _____ to our dreams, and they may just come true some day.
107. 那个小孩在登山中意外地摔伤了腿。
That child broke his leg _____ when he was climbing the mountain.
108. 上个月, 南方部分地区的天气真是糟糕啊!
_____ terrible weather it was in some parts of southern China last month!
109. 如今很流行的“大学游”对青少年来说是很有教育意义的。
University Tours, which are quite popular these days, are very _____ to teenagers.
110. 不论发生任何事, 我都不会改变心意。
_____ happens, I won't change my mind.

十、书面表达 (满分 15 分)

同学们, 在刚才的答题过程中, 大家已经阅读和欣赏了诗歌、书评、杂志专栏、新闻、寓言、科普故事等不同的材料。著名作家 Francis Bacon 曾说过: “Reading makes a full man.” 可见, 阅读对于每个人的成长都有着举足轻重的作用。请你根据以下信息提示, 结合自己的观点, 以“Reading Makes a Full Man”为题, 写一篇 90 词左右的短文, 表达你对阅读的看法和计划。

要求: 句子结构准确, 要点齐全, 内容合理, 篇章结构连贯。

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| ★ Why do we need to read? | To get knowledge, open the mind, be more intelligent(聪明的), learn a foreign language... |
| ★ What can we read? | Textbooks, newspapers, magazines ... |
| ★ What are your reading plans? | Reading at least...books in the coming holiday... |
| ★ ... | |

2013年兰州市初中毕业生学业考试
英语(A) 参考答案及评分标准

第一卷 (非选择题 共 80 分)

本答案仅供参考, 阅卷时会制定具体的评分细则和评分标准。

一、听力理解 (分四小节, 共 20 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

第一节: 1-5 ABACC

第二节: 6-10 ABCAB

第三节: 11-15 AACCB

第四节: 16-20 CBABB

二、单项选择题 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

21-25 CBBCA 26-30 CABDA 31-35 ACCBD 36-40 DBDDA

三、完形填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

41-45 CDABA 46-50 BCBDC

四、阅读理解 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

51-55 ABCDB 56-60 CABAD 61-65 BACDB

第二卷 (非选择题 共 70 分)

五、任务型完形填空 (共 10 空; 每空 1 分, 满分 10 分)

66. ground 67. Unless 68. encourage 69. planted 70. rather than

71. helpful 72. we 73. off 74. by 75. can't

六、任务型阅读理解 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

76. sky

77. They asked what this strange bright object in the sky was. OR

What is the strange bright object in the sky? OR

They asked why the strange object changed its shape from night to night. OR

Why does the strange object change its shape from night to night? OR

They asked why some of the stars and planets changed their position, while others did not.

Why do some of the stars and planets change their positions, while others do not?

78. They also thought about the shape of the earth. (too, as well)

79. 世界的不同地方存在着对宇宙的不同想法。

80. it possible

七、口语交际 (共 5 空; 每空 1 分, 满分 5 分)

81-85 CGFBD

八、词汇考查 (分 A、B、C 三节, 共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

A) 读句子, 根据所给汉语提示写出单词。

86. hundred 87. success 88. including 89. widely 90. compare

B) 根据句意, 用括号内所给词的适当形式填空。

91. years' 92. fortieth 93. thinner 94. truth 95. unusual

C) 用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空。

96. was reading 97. has lived 98. not to fall 99. is 100. had left

九、按要求完成句子（分 A、B 两节，共 15 空； 每空 1 分， 满分 15 分）

A) 句型转换。

101. many times 102. cooking 103. got married 104. hung
105. being interviewed

B) 根据所给汉语提示完成下列句子。

106. hold on 107. by accident 108. What 109. educational/ instructive
110. Whatever

十、书面表达（满分 15 分）

One possible version

Reading Makes a Full Man

Reading is very important in our life. We can get knowledge through reading. It can not only open our minds but also make us more intelligent. Besides, reading is also one of the most important ways to learn a foreign language like English.

Textbooks, newspapers, magazines and other kinds of reading materials can help us know more about the outside world and help us grow into an excellent person.

I'm planning to read at least 5 books in the coming holiday. And I'll spend more time reading every day in my senior high school life. Reading makes a full man! Let's start reading now.

书面表达评分标准:

先根据文章整体内容和语言表达确定档次，然后在该档次内评出分数。

第五档 (15—13 分)

完全符合题目要求，表达清楚，信息完整，语言通顺，语意连贯，字数达标，基本或完全没有语言错误。

第四档 (12—10 分)

符合题目要求，表达基本清楚，信息较完整，语言基本通顺，语意基本连贯。有少量语言错误，但不影响整体理解。

第三档 (9—7 分)

基本符合题目要求，表达不够清楚，信息不够完整，语言欠通顺，有部分语言错误，影响整体理解。

第二档 (6—4 分)

部分内容符合题目要求，内容不完整，表达不清楚，信息不完整，有较多语言错误，所写内容难以理解。

第一档 (3—0 分)

与题目有关的内容不多，不能表达自己的思想。只是简单拼凑提示词语。

听力材料

第一节：信息选择。听下面 5 个句子，请从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出你所听到的信息。每个句子读两遍。现在你有 20 秒钟时间浏览每个小题。

1. He's a creative boy with many new ideas.
2. Russia lies on the north of China.
3. Dad went downstairs to fetch me some water.
4. Jenny likes going bike riding on weekends.
5. The little boy gave his teacher some flowers on Teachers' Day.

第二节：情景反应。听下面 5 个句子，从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择恰当的应答语。每个句子读两遍。现在你有 20 秒钟时间浏览各个选项。

6. What's the date today?
7. May I speak to the manager?
8. I'm sorry for my being late.
9. I lost my new cell phone on my way to school yesterday.
10. What's the matter with you?

第三节：对话理解。听下面 5 小段对话和问题，根据你所听到的内容，从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能恰当回答所提问题的选项。每段对话读两遍。现在你有 20 秒钟时间浏览各个选项。

11. W: Could you turn down your radio, please? It's too noisy.
M: Pardon?
W: I asked you to turn down your radio a little!
Question: What did the woman ask the man to do?
12. W: We're late! The movie has been on for 10 minutes.
M: Really? Oh, it's ten past eight now.
Question: When did the movie begin?
13. W: What's the weather like in Mexico?
M: It's often windy and rainy in winter, and sunny in summer.
Question: How's the weather in summer in Mexico?
14. W: Jerry, what does your mother do?
M: She is a doctor, but she always wants to be a teacher.
Question: What does Jerry's mother do?
15. W: Tom, I'm hungry, but there's nothing to eat at home.
M: Why not eat outside? There's a newly-opened beef noodle restaurant across from the supermarket.
W: OK. Let's have a try.
Question: Where is the beef noodle restaurant?

第四节：短文理解。听下面一段短文，根据短文内容回答下列问题。A、B、C 三个选项中只有一个选项符合题目要求。短文读两遍。现在你有 30 秒钟时间浏览各个问题和选项。

Ladies and gentlemen! It's my honor to tell you about the changes in our school.

In the past, there was only a small playground. The books in the library were old and there were only a few kinds of them. The number of the trees and flowers was small.

But things have greatly changed these years. Now we have a bigger playground and more basketball fields. More different kinds of new books can be lent to us. Our school is as beautiful as a garden with lots of green trees all year round.

I think it's lucky of us to have such good studying environment. We will work harder and make the school proud of us in the future. I hope you will enjoy your stay in our school. Thank you very much.