

## 2014 年湖北省武汉市中考真题英语

二、选择填空（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

26. --We'll travel to different places this winter vacation. Enjoy your trip!

--\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. The same to you
- B. Yes I'd love to
- C. Me too
- D. Very well thank you

解析：该题考查情景交际。句意为“今年寒假我们将去不同的地方参观。旅行愉快！”“你也一样。”The same to you.你也一样；Yes, I'd love to.是的，我愿意去；Me, too.我也是；Very well thank you.很好，谢谢。根据句意可知选 A。

答案：A

27. Jim's a taxi driver \_\_\_\_\_ he really wants to be a doctor.

- A. or
- B. and
- C. so
- D. but

解析：该题考查连词的用法。句意：Jim 是一个出租车司机，但是他真的想成为一名医生。or 或者，否则；and 和，而且；so 因此，所以；but 但是。根据句意可知，Jim 是出租车司机，故这里应该是转折关系，因此选 D 选项。

答案：D

28. --Do you know if Jack will drive to London this weekend?

--Jack? Never! He \_\_\_\_\_ driving so far.

- A. has hated
- B. will hate
- C. hated
- D. hates

解析：该题考查动词时态。句意：——你知道这个周末 Jack 是否开车去伦敦开会吗？——Jack? 不会，他讨厌开车去这么远的地方。hate 是一个动词，意思是讨厌，不喜欢。根据句意可知，Jack 讨厌开车去很远的地方，这是一个经常性的动作，因此应该用一般现在时，并且 he 是第三人称单数形式，故用 hates。A 是现在完成时；B 是一般将来时；C 是一般过去时。因此选 D。

答案：D

29. --A nice tie! A present?

--Yes, it is. My aunt \_\_\_\_\_ it to me for my last birthday.

- A. was sending
- B. had sent
- C. will send
- D. sent

解析：该题考查动词时态。句意：——多漂亮的领带！是别人送的礼物吗？——是的。是我

去年生日的时候我姑姑送给我的。send 送，寄。根据句意和句中的 my last birthday 可知，这里说的是过去的事情，应该用一般过去时，因此选 D。A 是过去进行时；B 是过去完成时；C 是一般将来时。

答案：D

30. --Is Miss Green in the office?

--No she \_\_\_\_\_ to the library.

A. goes

B. had goes

C. has gone

D. would go

解析：该题考查动词时态。句意：——Green 女士在办公室吗？——不，她去了图书馆。go to the library 去图书馆。根据句意可知，Green 女士去图书馆还没有回来，因此选 C，has gone to 意思是去了，还没回来。A 是一般现在时；B 选项形式不成立；D 是过去将来时。

答案：C

31. I turned to bookshops and libraries looking for information and found \_\_\_\_\_.

A. none

B. both

C. one

D. neither

解析：该题考查代词的用法。句意：我去书店和图书学科网馆寻找信息，但是什么也没找到。none 一点没有，全无；both 两者都；one 一个；neither 两者都不。根据句意可知，这里指的是什么信息也没找到，information 是一个不可数名词，故 B、C 和 D 都不对。因此选 A。

答案：A

32. --Oh you sound just like an American.

--\_\_\_\_\_. I still have trouble expressing myself.

A. Yes you're right

B. Well not quite like that

C. I don't mind

D. You're welcome

解析：该题考查情景交际。句意：——哦，听你说话好像是一个美国人。——不是那样的，我仍然很费力去表达我自己的想法。A 选项意为是的，你是对的；B 选项意为不是那样的；C 选项意为我不介意；D 选项意为不客气。根据这里的情景可知，事情不是他所说的那样，故选 B。

答案：B

33. --We'd better invite Jim and Jack to the party tonight.

--Yes \_\_\_\_\_? I'll give them a call right now.

A. why

B. why not

C. what for

D. how

解析：该题考查情景交际。句意：我们最后邀请 Jim 和 Jack 参加今晚的晚会。——是的，为什么不呢？我现在就给他们打电话。why 为什么；why not 为什么不；what for 为了什么；how 怎样。根据后面 I'll give them a call right now 可知，说话人同意邀请他们参加晚会。因此选 B。

答案：B

34. --This is quite a new phrase.

--Right. It has already \_\_\_\_\_ the language.

- A. spoken
- B. used
- C. entered
- D. covered

解析：该题考查动词的用法。句意：——这是一个很新的短语。——是的，它已经进入了语言中。spoken 是 speak 的过去分词形式，意思是说；use 使用；enter 进入；cover 覆盖，不符合句意。如果用 A 和 B 的话，则根据句意用被动语态，但是现在题干中不是被动形式，因此排除他们。因此选 C。这里说这个短语已经进入了语言中，意思是说人们已经开始使用这个语言了。

答案：C

35. --We've no money and the last bus has gone. Any \_\_\_\_\_ idea?

--Oh, Tom'll drive home from work at this time. Ask him for a ride?

- A. funny
- B. bright
- C. opposite
- D. correct

解析：该题考查形容词的用法。句意：——我们没有钱，而且最后一辆公交车已经走了。有什么好主意吗？funny 滑稽的，可笑的；bright 光明的，乐观的；opposite 相反的；correct 正确的。根据句意可知，这里是在问对方有没有什么好的主意，因此选 B。

答案：B

36. --Will you fix up the machine according to the \_\_\_\_\_ David?

--No problem.

- A. instructions
- B. inventions
- C. invitations
- D. interviews

解析：该题考查名词的用法。句意：——David，请你按照说明书来修理这台机器好吗？——没问题。instruction 说明书；inventions 发明物，发明；invitations 邀请；interviews 面试，采访。根据句意可知，是按照说明书来修理机器，因此选 A。

答案：A

37. --How's now?

--I hear the company \_\_\_\_\_ him a very good job but he turned it down

- A. donated

- B. served
- C. offered
- D. introduced

解析：该题考查动词的用法。句意：——现在怎么样了？——我听说这个公司给他提供了一个非常好的工作，但是他拒绝了。donate 捐，捐赠；serve 服务，上菜；offer 提供；introduce 介绍。根据句意可知选 C，它的短语是 offer sb. sth.给某人提供某物。

答案：C

38. I used to \_\_\_\_\_ with my wife and watch TV movies at home

- A. show up
- B. wake up
- C. come up
- D. stay up

解析：该题考查动词短语的用法。句意：我过去经常和我的妻子熬夜在家看电视。show up 出现，露面；wake up 喊醒，唤醒；come up 过来，想出；stay up 熬夜，不睡觉。根据句意可知选 D。

答案：D

39. --Is that Kate's car?

--It \_\_\_\_\_ be hers She has just gone for a meeting

- A. can't
- B. should
- C. mustn't
- D. may

解析：该题考查情态动词的用法。句意：——那是 Kate 的车吗？——不可能是她的，她刚刚去开会去了。can't 不可能；should 应该；mustn't 禁止，千万不要；may 可能。根据 She has just gone for a meeting 可知，这辆车不是 Kate 的，故选 A。

答案：A

40. I didn't know \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. when would the train arrive
- B. where could I get the book
- C. what has been done
- D. who left the message

解析：该题考查宾语从句的用法。句意：我不知道谁留的言。根据句意可知，这里考查的是宾语从句，从句中应该使用陈述语序，故 A 和 B 不对；这个题干中谓语动词部分 didn't know 使用的是一般过去时态，故宾语从句中也应该用过去时态，故 C 不对，它是现在完成时，因此选 D。

答案：D

## 二、完形填空（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

There is an old English saying "Laughter is the best medicine". One person certainly would have agreed with this is Norman Cousins.

Norman Cousins was the editor of a magazine called Saturday Review for almost forty years.

He also \_\_\_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_\_\_ and spoke about world peace and anti-war issues(反战议题) traveling to many different countries to share his \_\_\_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_\_\_.

In the 1960s after returning to the United States from a busy and tiring trip to Europe. Mr Cousins got \_\_\_\_\_ 43 \_\_\_\_\_. He discovered he had a strange disease that caused great pain in his bones(骨头).

In less than a week after he got back he could not \_\_\_\_\_ 44 \_\_\_\_\_ it. Every move that he made was painful. He was not able to \_\_\_\_\_ 45 \_\_\_\_\_ at night The doctor told Mr Cousins that they did not know how to cure (治疗) his problem and he might never \_\_\_\_\_ 46 \_\_\_\_\_ the illness. Mr Cousins however refused to give up hope.

Mr Cousins thought that the illness could be caused by \_\_\_\_\_ 47 \_\_\_\_\_ thoughts. He did not want to take \_\_\_\_\_ 48 \_\_\_\_\_ to cure himself Instead he felt that happy thoughts or laughter might cure his illness.

He began to experiment on himself while still in the hospital by watching comedy shows on television. Mr Cousins quickly found that ten minutes of \_\_\_\_\_ 49 \_\_\_\_\_ laughter during the day gave him two hours of pain-free sleep at night.

Deciding that the \_\_\_\_\_ 50 \_\_\_\_\_ could not help him Mr Cousins left the hospital and checked into a hotel room where he could \_\_\_\_\_ 51 \_\_\_\_\_ his experiments with laughter. For eight days Mr Cousins \_\_\_\_\_ 52 \_\_\_\_\_ in the hotel room watching comedy shows on television reading amusing books and sleeping whenever he felt \_\_\_\_\_ 53 \_\_\_\_\_. Within three weeks he felt well enough to take a vacation to Puerto Rico where he began running on the beach for \_\_\_\_\_ 54 \_\_\_\_\_.

After a few months Mr Cousins was \_\_\_\_\_ 55 \_\_\_\_\_ to carry on his work He had laughed himself back to health.

41.

- A. laughed
- B. taught
- C. wrote
- D. copied

解析: 该题考查动词和语境的理解。句意: Norman Cousins 在一个杂志社作编辑作了 40 年, 他也写关于世界和平以及反战的议题。laugh 笑; taught 的原形是 teach, 意思是教; wrote 的原形是 write, 意思是写; copied 的原形是 copy, 意思是复制, 模仿。根据上句话的意思可知, Norman 是一个杂志的辨析, 所以他是写关于世界和平的文章。因此选 C。

答案: C

42.

- A. magazines
- B. subjects
- C. photos
- D. ideas

解析: 该题考查名词和语境的理解。句意: Norman Cousins 在一个杂志社作编辑作了 40 年, 他也写关于世界和平以及反战的议题, 去很多国家旅行, 分享他的想法。magazine 杂志; subject 科目; photo 照片; idea 主意, 想法。根据上文的意思可知, Norman 也会写关于世界和平的议题, 因此是和别人分享他的想法。因此选 D。

答案: D

43.

- A. rich

- B. sick
- C. lonely
- D. famous

解析：该题考查形容词及语境的理解。句意：在上世纪 60 年代，当他从一次去欧洲的很繁忙劳累的旅行回之后，Cousins 先生生病了。rich 富有的；sick 病的；lonely 孤独的；famous 著名的。根据下句话 He discovered he had a strange disease 可知，Cousins 先生生病了。因此选 B。

答案：B

44.

- A. stand
- B. realize
- C. face
- D. improve

解析：该题考查动词和语境的理解。句意：在他回来之后不到一周的时间，他就无法忍受这个疾病了。stand 忍受；站；realize 意识到；face 面对；improve 提高，改善。根据下文 Every move that he made was painful 可知，他的病很厉害，让他无法忍受，因此选 A。

答案：A

45.

- A. dream
- B. eat
- C. shout
- D. sleep

解析：该题考查动词和语境的理解。句意：晚上他不能睡觉。dream 梦想，做梦；eat 吃；shout 喊叫；sleep 睡觉。根据上下文的意思可知，这种病非常厉害，让 Cousins 先生非常的痛苦，所以这里应该是说他晚上痛得睡不着觉。因此选 D。

答案：D

46.

- A. go through
- B. look after
- C. get over
- D. find out

解析：该题考查动词短语和语境的理解。句意：医生告诉 Cousins 先生他们不知道怎样治愈这种疾病，他可能不会恢复了。go through 经历，经受；look after 照顾；get over 恢复健康；find out 发现，查明。根据句意可知，医生们不知道怎样治疗这种病，因此他们觉得 Cousins 先生不会恢复健康了。因此选 C。

答案：C

47.

- A. unhappy
- B. pleasant
- C. silly
- D. clever

解析：该题考查形容词和语境的理解。句意：Cousins 先生认为这种病可能是因为不开心的想法而引起的。unhappy 不开心的，不快乐的；pleasant 令人愉快的；silly 愚蠢的；clever 聪明的。根据下文的意思 he felt that happy thoughts or laughter might cure his illness. 可知，他

觉得开心的想法和笑也许会治愈他的病，因此这里应该是说他的病是因为不开心的想法引起的。因此选 A。

答案：A

48.

A. food

B. time

C. medicine

D. money

解析：该题考查名词和语境的理解。句意：他不行通过吃药来治愈自己。food 食物；time 时间；medicine 药；money 钱。这里是短语 take medicine，意思是吃药。因此选 C。

答案：C

49.

A. unusual

B. false

C. real

D. wild

解析：该题考查形容词和语境的理解。句意：Cousins 先生发现，白天笑十分钟可以让他在晚上没有痛苦的睡两个小时。unusual 不寻常的；false 错的；real 真正的；wild 野的。根据文意可知，Cousins 先生在自己身上做实验，发现，真正的笑上十分钟，就可以让他减少两个小时的痛苦。real laughter 真正的笑。因此选 C。

答案：C

50.

A. friends

B. laughter

C. experiment

D. doctors

解析：该题考查名词和语境的理解。句意：发现医生并不能救得了他，Cousins 先生离开了医院，住进了一个旅馆。friends 朋友们；laughter 笑；experiment 实验；doctor 医生。根据这句话中 Mr. Cousins left the hospital 可知，Cousins 先生离开了医院，因为医生治不了他的病。

因此选 D

答案：D

51.

A. begin

B. end

C. continue

D. report

解析：该题考查动词和语境的理解。句意：发现医生并不能就得了他，Cousins 先生离开了医院，住进了一个旅馆，在那里，他可以继续用笑来做实验。begin 开始；end 结束；continue 继续；report 报告，报道。根据问意可知，Cousins 先生离开医院，住进一个旅馆是为了继续试验他用笑来治疗自己的病。因此选 C。

答案：C

52.

A. rested

B. worked

C. studied

D. played

解析：该题考查动词和语境的理解。句意：八天来，Cousins 先生在这个旅馆的房间里休息，观看电视上的喜剧节目。rest 休息；work 工作；study 学习；play 玩。根据句意可知，Cousins 先生是在这个旅馆里的房间里休息。因此选 A。

答案：A

53.

A. well

B. tired

C. afraid

D. worried

解析：该题考查形容词和语境的理解。句意：八天来，Cousins 先生在这个旅馆的房间里休息，观看电视上的喜剧节目、读有趣的书，当他累了的时候就睡觉。well 好地，身体好的；tired 累的；afraid 害怕的；worried 担心的。根据句意可知，是累了的时候就睡觉。因此选 B。

答案：B

54.

A. help

B. exercise

C. freedom

D. fun

解析：该题考查名词和语境的理解。句意：三周内，他就感到身体已经足够的好，可以去波多黎各去度假，在那里他还可以在沙滩上跑步锻炼。help 帮助；exercise 锻炼；freedom 自由；fun 有趣的，娱乐。根据句意可知，在沙滩上跑步是为了锻炼。因此选 B。

答案：B

55.

A. able

B. safe

C. lazy

D. uncertain

解析：该题考查形容词和语境的理解。句意：几个月后，Cousins 先生又能继续他的工作了。able 能；safe 安全的；lazy 懒的；uncertain 不确定的。这里是短语 be able to 能，会。因此选 A。

答案：A

四、阅读理解（共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

A



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	£ 89.99	NOW	£ 69.99
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56. What is the reading about?

- A. An advertisement of the sales.
- B. A list of suits and sweaters.
- C. A photo of a handsome boy.
- D. A picture of a UK.

解析：主旨大意题。浏览这篇短文我们可以知道，这是一个关于促销活动的广告，在文中我们可以清楚的看到价格上的变化，现在都非常的便宜。因此选 A。

答案：A

57. How much can we save at most for a suit or a sweater?

- A. £ 15.
- B. £ 20.
- C. £ 30.
- D. £ 45.

解析：细节理解题。根据短文中套装和毛衣的价格对比，我们可以知道，在这个促销活动中我们最多可以节省 30 美元，因为一件原价 109.99 美元的套装现在是 79.99 美元，因此选 C。

答案：C

58. "The Christmas Sales" ends \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. next weekend
- B. this week
- C. in 24 hours
- D. in 14 days

解析：细节理解题。根据短文中 End This Week 可知，这个圣诞节的促销这一周结束。因此

选 B。

答案： B

59. In the reading “HOBSONS” refers to (指) \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the name of the street
- B. the boss of the clothes shop
- C. the name of the clothes shop
- D. the sales for Christmas

解析：推理判断题。根据短文中 Offer also available at HOBSONS 可知，HOBSONS 是一家服装店的名字，在这家店里也有促销的活动。因此选 C。

答案： C

60. According to the reading we can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. have a picture taken with a model
- B. take a free truck to the clothes shop
- C. do shopping either online or at the shop
- D. get £100 back for any order

解析：细节理解题。根据短文的内容我们可知，在圣诞节期间有很多商店有促销活动；在短文的最后还提到了 Shop online，即还可以在网上购物，因此选 C。

答案： C

## B

Almost all cultures celebrate the end of one year and the beginning of another in some way. Different cultures celebrate the beginning of a new year in different ways and at different times on the calendar.

In Western countries people usually celebrate New Year at midnight on December 31st-January 1<sup>st</sup>. People may go to parties sometimes dressed in formal(正式的) clothes and they may drink champagne(香槟) at midnight. During the first minutes of the new year people cheer and wish each other happiness for the year ahead. But some cultures prefer to celebrate the new year by waking up early to watch the sun rise. They welcome the new year with the first light of the sunrise.

Many cultures also do special things to get rid of(摆脱) bad luck at the beginning of a new year. For example in Ecuador families make a big doll from old clothes. The doll is filled with old newspapers and firecrackers. At midnight these dolls are burned to show the bad things from the past year are gone and the new year can start afresh(重新). Other common traditions to keep away bad luck in a new year include throwing things into rivers or the ocean or saying special things on the first day of the new year.

Other New Year traditions are followed to bring good luck in the new year. One widespread Spanish tradition for good luck is to eat grapes on New Year's Day. The more grapes a person eats the more good luck the person will have in the year. In France people eat pancakes for good luck at New Year. In the United States some people eat black-eyed peas for good luck-but to get good luck for a whole year you have to eat 365 of them!

61. The reading is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the meaning of “Happy New Year!”
- B. several different New Year traditions
- C. what to eat on New Year's Day

D. why people dress up nicely on New Year's Day

解析：主旨大意题。这篇短文的第一段是本文的中心。根据这一段中 Different cultures celebrate the beginning of a new year in different ways and at different times on the calendar. 我们可知，不同的文化有不同的庆祝新年的方式，而且是在不同的时间。从下一段开始作者给我们讲述了具体有什么不同，因此 B 选项几种不同的新年传统最符合文章。因此选 B。

答案：B

62. It's clear that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. some cultures celebrate New Year in the morning
- B. the Western people celebrate New Year only on New Year's Day
- C. people in Ecuador go to parties on December 31st-January 1<sup>st</sup>
- D. no cultures do special things to celebrate New Year

解析：细节理解题。根据短文第二段中 But some cultures prefer to celebrate the new year by waking up early to watch the sun rise. 可知，在一些国家里，人们更喜欢早起看日出，用这样的方式庆祝新年的到来。因此选 A。

答案：A

63. In some cultures people throw things into rivers or oceans to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. bring good luck
- B. keep away bad luck
- C. forget everything
- D. plan for the next year

解析：细节理解题。根据短文第三段中 Other common traditions to keep away bad luck in a new year include throwing things into rivers or the ocean or saying special things on the first day of the new year. 可知，还有一些传统是把一些东西扔到河里或海洋里，代表着在新的一年里远离坏运气。因此选 B。

答案：B

64. To have a happy new year \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. friends talk to each other in special ways
- B. families make big dolls filled with old clothes
- C. some people get up early to watch the sunrise
- D. Europeans eat 365 grapes on New Year's Day

解析：细节理解题。根据短文中第二段中 But some cultures prefer to celebrate the new year by waking up early to watch the sun rise They welcome the new year with the first light of the sunrise. 可知，在一些国家里，人们更喜欢早起看日出，他们用看到新年的第一缕阳光这样的方式来庆祝新年的到来。因此选 C。

答案：C

65. When eating black-eyed peas on New Year's Day people think \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. one pea brings one day of luck
- B. black-eyed peas are the best medicine
- C. the peas are too black and taste bad
- D. the peas are helpful to count numbers

解析：细节理解题。根据短文最后一句话 In the United States some people eat black-eyed peas for good luck-but to get good luck for a whole year you have to eat 365 of them! 可知，在美国，一些人吃黑眼豆来获得好运。为了整整一年都有好运气，你必须得吃 365 粒豆子。由此我们可以推断出吃一粒豆子可以得到一天的好运。因此选 A。

答案：A

C

I never saw my father home from work late or ill nor did I ever see my father take a “night out with the boys” He had no bobbies but just took care of his family.

For 22 years since I left home for college my father called me every Sunday at 9:00 am. He was always interested in my life-how my family was doing. The calls even came when he and my mother were in Australia England or Florida.

Nine years ago when I bought me first house my father 67 years old spent eight hours a day for three days painting my house. He would not allow me to pay someone to have it done. All he asked was a glass of iced tea and that I hold a paintbrush for him and talk to him. But I was too busy for I had a law practice to run and I could not take the time to hold the paintbrush or talk to my father.

Five years ago my 71-year-old father spent five hours putting together a swing set(秋千) for my daughter. Again all he asked was that I get him a glass of iced tea and talk to him. But again I had laundry to do and the house to clean.

The morning on Sunday January 16 1995 my father telephoned me as usual this time he had seemed to have forgotten some things we had discussed the week before I had to get to church and I cut the conversation short.

The call came at 4:40 am. That day my father was sent to hospital in Florida. I got on a plane immediately and I vowed(发誓) that when I arrived I would make up for the lost time and have a nice long talk with him ad really get to know him.

I arrived in Florida at 1:00 am but my father had passed away at 9:12 pm. This time it was he who did not have time to talk or time to wait for me.

In the years since his death I have learnt much about my father and even more about every single day.

66. We know from the reading that the father \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. liked to paint houses
- B. had no friends around him
- C. was not healthy in his youth
- D. thought of his family as his all

解析：细节理解题。根据短文第一段中 I never saw my father home from work late or ill nor did I ever see my father take a “night out with the boys” He had no bobbies but just took care of his family.可知，作者的父亲从来没有下班回来晚过，也从来没有生过病，他没有爱好，心里只有他的家人。因此选 D。

答案：D

67. When her father painted her first house the daughter \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. could only afford a glass of iced tea
- B. was too busy to talk to her father
- C. could do nothing but hold a paintbrush
- D. spent eight hours a day working with her father

解析：细节理解题。根据短文第三段中 But I was too busy for I had a law practice to run and I could not take the time to hold the paintbrush or talk to my father.可知，作者买了新房刷漆的时候，她很忙，没有时间帮她的父亲刷房子，也没有时间和父亲聊天。因此选 B。

答案： B

68. On January 16 1996 the daughter felt that her father \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. seemed to be a little different
- B. had no time to phone her as usual
- C. became interested in church
- D. had forgotten to discuss some things with her

解析： 细节理解题。根据短文第五段 The morning on Sunday January 16 1995 my father telephoned me as usual, this time he had seemed to have forgotten some things we had discussed the week before.可知，在 1995 年 1 月 16 日，作者的父亲像往常一样给她打电话，这次他好像忘了他们以前讨论过的一些事。从这里我们可以知道，这一次打电话作者发现父亲跟以前有些不一样。因此选 A。

答案： A

69. In the reading the underlined phrase 'get to know him' most probably means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. get him to know her
- B. know more about him
- C. get him to know himself
- D. make him well-known

解析： 词义理解题。根据划线短语所在的句子以及上下文的意思可知...I vowed (发誓) that when I arrived I would make up for the lost time and have a nice long talk with him and really get to know him.，因此这里的 get to know 并不是认识父亲的意思。因此选 B。

答案： B

70. Which is the best title of the reading?

- A. Painting Houses
- B. Daughter's Family
- C. Father and I
- D. Father's phone calls

解析： 主旨大意题。这篇短文中作者给我们讲述了她的父亲，她父亲是一个很顾家的人，眼里只有他的家人。作者在短文中讲述了生活的几件事情。因此选 C。

答案： C

#### 五、词与短语选择填空（本题共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

仔细阅读下面五个句子，然后 用下方框所给的单词或短语填空，使每个句子在结构、句义和逻辑上正确。（提示选项有一个是多余的。）

give out/ strange/ provide/ delicious/ keep out/ join

- 71. The best way to improve your English is to \_\_\_\_\_ an English club
- 72. Be quiet please class I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_ your test papers
- 73. Mr Tan makes the best noodle in town They're \_\_\_\_\_!
- 74. There's a \_\_\_\_\_ smell in the house Do you know what it is?
- 75. Could you \_\_\_\_\_ me with information about student exchange programs?

答案： 71. join 72. give out 73. delicious 74. strange 75. provide

#### 六、阅读理解填空（本题共 10 分，每小题 1 分）

先阅读短文，再在其后空白处写出各单词的正确形式。单词的第一个字母已给出。

Maria Vas and her dog walked down the hall of the nursing home and stopped in front of the

old lady with a nurse at her side “Would she like to s 76 my dog?” Maria asked.

“No a visit won’t h 77 her” said the nurse. “Then she e 78 that the lady was too sick to appreciate visitors.

But Maria decided to try anyway. She had done research on animal assisting therapy(辅助疗法) for 10 years. And she was very successful in this a 79. She’d seen even the sickest patients enjoy a visit from a lovely dog.

Maria carried the dog over to the old lady Immediately the woman r 80 out toward the dog! She was so p 81 that she began smiling and trying to talk. The nurse stood aside w 82 them in amazement. This woman had never communicated with anyone. It was like she wasn’t even a 83 -- until the dog came to visit.

Around the world sick adults and c 84 fill lonely hospital rooms. They may have an illness or need to be c 85 for. A dog’s friendly eyes and warm paws(爪子) may be just what the doctor ordered to encourage them and help them heal (治愈).

76. \_\_\_\_\_ 77. \_\_\_\_\_ 78. \_\_\_\_\_ 79. \_\_\_\_\_ 80. \_\_\_\_\_

81. \_\_\_\_\_ 82. \_\_\_\_\_ 83. \_\_\_\_\_ 84. \_\_\_\_\_ 85. \_\_\_\_\_

答案: 1. see 2. help 3. explained 4. area 5. reached 6. pleased 7. watching 8. alive 9. children 10. cared

### 七、书面表达（本大题 15 分）

假如你是李明。本周五早上你班同学将去格林农场参加实践活动。请你用英语草拟一则通知。

内容要点如下：

- 1.摘蔬菜，给植物浇水；
- 2.7 点校门口集合，乘车前往；
- 3.体验农场生活，活动约 2 小时；
- 4.相互关照，注意安；
- 5.补充一至两点有关事项。

注意：

- 1.词数 60—80；
- 2.不要逐条翻译，内容要连贯；
- 3.通知的开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

参考词汇：experience v 体验 pick v 摘 activity n 活动

Fellow students,

Our class are going to Green Farm this Friday morning \_\_\_\_\_

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Thank you for your attention.

答案：略。