

2018 年河南省郑州一中高考一模试卷英语

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节）第一节（满分 30 分）阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项。

11. （8 分）Health Coach

The Tokyo Metro and Toei Lines	Features: The Tokyo Metro and Toei lines that compose Tokyo's massive subway system carry almost 8 million people each day, making it the busiest system in the world. The system is famous for its oshiya - - - literally, "pusher" - - - who shove passengers into crowded subway cars so the doors can close. And you think your commute is hell.
The Moscow Metro	Features: The Moscow Metro has some of the most beautiful stations in the world. The best of them were built during the Stalinist era and feature chandeliers（枝形吊灯）, marble moldings and elaborate murals（精美的壁画）. With more than 7 million riders a day, keeping all that marble clean has got to be a burden.
The Hong Kong Metro	Features: The Hong Kong MTR has the distinction of being one of the few subway systems in the world that actually turns a profit. It's privately owned and uses real estate development along its tracks to increase income and ridership. It also introduced "Octopus cards" that allow people to not only pay their fares electronically, but buy stuff at convenience stores, supermarkets, restaurants and even parking meters. It's estimated that 95% of all adults in Hong Kong own an Octopus card.
Shanghai Metro	Features: Shanghai is the third city in China to build a metro system, and it has become the country's largest in the 12 years since it opened. Shanghai Metro has 142 miles of track and plans to add another 180 miles within five years. By that point, it would be three times larger than Chicago "L". The system carries about 2.18 million people a day.
The London Metro	Features: Londoners call their subway the Underground, even though 55 percent of it lies above ground. No matter when you've got the oldest mass - transit system in the world, you can call it anything you like. Trains started in 1863 and they've been running ever since. Some 3 million people ride each day, every one of them remembering to "Mind the gap".

1. Which one can provide the riders with some wonderful decorations at the stations? _____

- A. The Tokyo Metro and Toei Lines
- B. The Moscow Metro
- C. The London Metro
- D. The Hong Kong MTR

解析：细节理解题。根据第 2 部分 2, 3 行 The best of them were built during the Stalinist era and feature chandeliers（枝形吊灯）, marble moldings and elaborate murals（精美的壁画）。可知莫斯科地铁可以给乘坐者提供精美的装饰，故选 B。

答案：B

2. _____ is done with the purpose of making money.

- A. The Tokyo Metro and Toei Lines
- B. The Moscow Metro
- C. Shanghai Metro
- D. The Hong Kong MTR

解析：推理判断题。根据第三部分 The Hong Kong MTR has the distinction of being one of the few subway systems in the world that actually turns a profit. 可知是为了获得利润是 The Hong Kong MTR, 故选 D.

答案：D

3. We can learn from the passage that Shanghai Metro _____

- A. carries the most people each day
- B. is the world's largest
- C. may be larger than the Chicago "L" in the future
- D. is the busiest in the world

解析：细节理解题。根据第 4 部分 By that point, it would be three times larger than Chicago "L" 可知上海地铁将来可能比芝加哥的地铁更大。故选 C.

答案：C

4. How many subways carry more than 5 million people per day? _____

- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 4
- D. 5

解析：细节理解题。从前面两部分的内容 "The Tokyo Metro and Toei lines that make up of Tokyo's huge subway system carry almost 8 million people each day" "With more than 7 million riders a day", 可知东京地铁一天的乘客是 8 百万, 莫斯科地铁的乘客一天是超过 7 百万, 故选 A.

答案：A

5. What can be inferred from the passage? _____

- A. Shanghai is the third to build a metro system in China, which has become the largest in the world.
- B. You'll feel sick when you travel on the Tokyo Metro and Toei Lines.
- C. Londoners call their subway the Underground because 55 percent of it lies above ground
- D. It is estimated that 95% of the population in Hong Kong own an Octopus card.

解析：细节理解题。根据第一部分的句子：The system is famous for its oshiya - literally, "pusher" - who push passengers into crowded subway cars so the doors can close. And you think your ride is hell. 可知乘坐东京地铁会让人厌烦, 故选 B.

答案：B

12. (8 分)

I still remember the moment before boarding the airplane, my stomach was twisted in knots, and my arms carried the burdens of not only my luggage, but also past painful memories. I was sobbing, my face wearing homesickness and hope. It was my first experience moving to another

country. I was like a frog who had lived at the bottom of a well seeing the world for the first time. I didn't want to leave home, but I didn't have much of a choice.

When I first arrived in Fairfax, I found everything extremely different. To begin with, drivers there drive on the other side of the road, which really confused me. The area is often completely lacking in humans. I was also overwhelmed by the silence of the place, a huge contrast to the constant hustle and bustle in Singapore. And the mild weather and the subtleness of the season changes were things I had never met before. I underwent a culture shock and it took a while to adapt.

Now, when I look back, it was a remarkable experience. I learned so many things. Since the pace of life is much slower in Fairfax, I was able to invest my time in picking up new hobbies like skiing and softball. Perhaps it was a part of the growing up process, but I think I grew much more confident from living there. And the opportunity to meet new people was really rewarding. However, I can't deny how scary it was to be taken out of my comfort zone like that.

25. How did the author feel when she was leaving for Fairfax? _____

- A. Excited and hopeful.
- B. Sad and unwilling.
- C. Calm and peaceful.
- D. Confused and disappointed.

解析：考查细节理解。根据"I didn't want to leave home, but I didn't have much of a choice"可知，作者不愿意离开，所以内心是悲伤的。故选 B。

答案：B

26. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage? _____

- A. The driving habit in Fairfax is similar to that in Singapore.
- B. The author felt that the climate didn't agree with her.
- C. The author was impressed by a Fairfax full of life when arriving there.
- D. It took the author some time to adapt to the newness in Fairfax.

解析：考查细节理解。根据"And the mild weather and the subtleness of the season changes were things I had never met before. I underwent a culture shock and it took a while to adapt"可知，作者不适应当地的气候。故选 D。

答案：D

27. How does the author feel now about her life in Fairfax? _____

- A. She feels it changed her for the better.
- B. She quite enjoyed life comfortably.
- C. She experienced much trouble and felt terrible.
- D. She suffered a serious culture shock.

解析：考查细节理解。根据"Now, when I look back, it was a remarkable experience. I learned so many things"可知，作者认为在那里的生活很有意义，让她学到了很多。故选 A。

答案：A

28. Which of the following can best describe the author? _____

- A. Emotional and courageous.

- B. Confident and outgoing.
- C. Humorous and mild.
- D. Energetic and changeable.

解析：考查细节理解。根据文章内容可知，作者离开家后感到恋恋不舍，之后又能很快适应新的地点。所以作者是个易情绪化又有胆量的人。 故选 A.

答案：A

13. (6分)

Though Daniel Radcliffe, the guy starring in Harry Potter has moved on to a series of independent films, J. K. Rowling's fantastical world of Harry Potter still appeals to the public. Yes, the 8 - film, \$7.72 billion grossing series came to an end in 2011, but there's been an increase in Potter popularity recently.

The latest example is the Harry Potter Hotel Package offered at The Georgian House. A boutique London hotel that's

been in operation since 1851 and is located just a stone's throw from the Thames is taking advantage of the renewed Potter interest by transforming two of its rooms into Gothic - styled (哥特式的) "Wizard's Chambers" designed to transport guests to the magical world of Potter. The rooms are equipped with wooden beds, medicine bottles, cauldrons, and Hogwarts accents - perfect for us fans. "And don't worry, we include full English breakfast in your stay, and not bogey flavored Bertie Botts Every Flavor Beans!" reads the hotel's site.

In addition to the rooms, the Georgian House is offering tickets to the popular Muggle Walking Tour that takes you to locations around London where the film was shot, including Train Platform Nine and Three - Quarters at King's Cross Station, as well as a trip on the custom - designed Harry Potter Tour bus to the Warner Brothers Studio Tour: the Making of Harry Potter, where you can check out the film's numerous sets and props (道具).

For two people, including one night in the Wizard Chambers, breakfast, Muggle and Studio Tour tickets, it will cost you 584. To simply stay in the Wizard Chambers for a night (breakfast free) will cost you 336 for two (as well as 180 for an extra child, or 207 for an extra adult).

29. What could be true of the Georgian House? _____

- A. It's a little far from the Thames.
- B. There are many "Wizard's Chambers" in it.
- C. It's one of the settings of Harry Potter films.
- D. It makes use of the renewed Potter interest.

解析：考查细节理解。根据第二段中的"...is transforming two of its rooms into gothic - styled 'Wizard's Chambers' designed to transport guests to the magical world of Potter"可知，乔治之屋充分利用了近来重新掀起的哈利·波特热来经营酒店。

答案：D

30. What can we see at the Warner Brothers Studio? _____

- A. Train Platform Nine and Three - Quarters.
- B. King's Cross Station.
- C. The house Harry Potter lived in.
- D. The film's sets and props.

解析：考查细节理解。根据第三段中的"...Harry Potter Tour bus to the Warner Brothers Studio

Tour: the Making of Harry Potter, where you can check out the film's countless sets and props (道具) "可知, 在华纳兄弟工作室 (Warner Brothers Studio) 可以参观该系列电影中众多的场景和道具.

答案: D

31. A night in the Wizard's Chambers with breakfast for a couple with their child will cost at least_____.

- A. \$ 516
- B. \$ 336
- C. \$ 543
- D. \$ 584

解析: 考查细节理解。根据最后一段中的"For two people...it will run you 584 (as well as 180 for an extra child, or \$ 207 for an extra adult) "可知, 本题的计算式应为: $336+180=516$, 故选 A.

答案: A

14. (8分)

Scientists from the University of Bradford in cooperation with German experts believe that they finally solved a mystery that has been confusing millions of people: why our hair turns gray with age.

The researchers came up with their results by examining native hair and cells from human hair follicles (毛囊). They say the secret turns out to be hidden in catalase (过氧化氢酶), which is causing hair to turn gray.

Catalase production goes down with age and stress, allowing hydrogen peroxide (过氧化氢) in the hair to do its favorite job - making hair gray, and then white, by blocking the normal production of melanin (黑色素). Melanin is our hair's natural pigment that is responsible for the color of hair. It also determines the color of our eyes and skin.

Dr. Gerald Weizmann, an editor of a journal, says, "All of our hair cells make a tiny bit of hydrogen peroxide, but as we get older, this little bit becomes quite a lot, and our hair turns gray and then white. "

The new study brings hope for millions of people who have to color their hair: to finally obtain some shampoo that will decrease levels of hydrogen peroxide and therefore restore gray or white hair to its natural color or even prevent it from turning gray.

The researchers are already conducting an experiment with such a drug on a few volunteers with gray hair and expect to get the results in the next two to three months. If everything works out, millions of people will choose between this drug and other previously used expensive dyes. However, even if the drug works, it will take at least several years before it can be brought to the market.

32. What is the passage mainly about? _____

- A. The effect that gray hair has on people.
- B. The chemical elements of people's hair.
- C. The reason why people's hair turns gray.
- D. New drugs to prevent people's hair from turning gray.

解析：考查主旨大意题，文章第一段点题，根据第一段内容可知科学家最终解决了一个让数百万人困惑的谜团：为什么我们的头发会随着年龄增长而灰白。所以选 C.

答案：C

33. According to the passage, people's hair turns gray because of_____.

- A. a decrease in catalase
- B. the death of hair cells
- C. the production of melanin
- D. a decrease in hydrogen peroxide

解析：考查事实细节题，根据第二段，They say the secret turns out to be hidden in catalase (过氧化氢酶), which is causing hair to turn gray. Catalase production goes down with age and stress, allowing hydrogen peroxide (过氧化氢) in the hair to do its favorite job - making hair gray, and then white, "过氧化氢酶导致头发变白，随着年龄和压力，它会减少，过氧化氢做了它最喜欢做的工作：使头发变灰，变白".

答案：A

34. Which of the following statements is TRUE according to the passage? _____

- A. The new study shows it's harmful to color our hair with dyes.
- B. Dr. Gerald Weizmann is in charge of the new drug experiment.
- C. Our hair cells make lots of hydrogen peroxide when we are young.
- D. We may restore our gray or white hair to its natural color with shampoo.

解析：考查事实细节题，根据倒数第二段，to finally obtain some shampoo that will decrease levels of hydrogen peroxide and therefore restore gray or white hair to its natural color or even prevent it from turning gray. 可知我们可以用洗发水使头发重新变成自然色。所以选 D.

答案：D

35. What can we learn from the last paragraph? _____

- A. Only a small number of people can use the new drug.
- B. Most of the volunteers in the experiment are old people.
- C. The drug cannot be brought to the market soon even if it works.
- D. The researchers have already known the results of the experiment.

解析：考查推理判断题，根据最后一段 However, even if the drug works, it will take at least several years before it can be brought to the market. 可知，即使它有效，也不会很快上市。所以选 C.

答案：C

第二节(满分 10 分)根据短文内容，从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

15. (10 分)

Online courses offer students flexibility of taking classes. (36) _____ Therefore, studying for them may require more discipline and organization than a regular class would. Students rather than teachers have to be the ones reminding themselves of when an assignment is due or when a mid - term exam will be. (37) _____

- (1) Create a study schedule for yourself

Because online classes are more flexible, creating a study schedule will help students stay on track. One way to do this is to look at your timetable and put deadlines onto your calendar. (38) What's more, blocking out time for studying can help you schedule time for work and family as well.

(2) Log into your class daily

One way to stay on top of your online classes is to make sure you're always updated on it. (39) _____ Only in this way can you see if there are any new messages from the teacher or if any assignments have been rescheduled.

(3) (40) _____

It can be difficult to ask a teacher for help sometimes. However, getting direct help from him or her is always better than getting stressed out because you have no idea what to do. This being said, it's always a good idea to check in regularly with a teacher to see if you are on the right track.

If you follow the tips above, it can be a rewarding experience.

- A. Here are three study tips that will keep you productive.
- B. Know how you learn best before you start studying.
- C. After that, schedule days to study for exams.
- D. Thus, you need to log into your online class on a regular basis.
- E. Communicate with your teacher on a regular basis.
- F. Taking online courses sounds like a great idea.
- G. But they don't consist of a physical classroom and a teacher around.

36. 考查上下文理解。根据下文 Therefore, studying for them may require more discipline and organization than a regular class would 在网上学习要求学生有自信心和自律心, 可知网上课程没有实在的教室和老师在身边, 故答案为 G。

37. 考查上下文理解。根据下文归纳的是一些网上上课的建议可知, 此处答案为 A. Here are three study tips that will keep you productive. 这些是使网课有效的三个学习技巧, 故答案为 A。

38. 考查上下文理解。根据下文 What's more, blocking out time for studying can help you schedule time for work and family as well. 可知, 在这之后, 要为后来的考试做好时间安排, 故答案为 C。

39. 考查上下文理解。根据前文 Log into your class daily One way to stay on top of your online classes is to make sure you're always updated on it. 可知, 因此, 你需要经常地登陆网课, 故答案为 D。

40. 考查上下文理解。根据下文 This being said, it's always a good idea to check in regularly with a teacher to see if you are on the right track. 可知, 应该经常和老师交流, 故答案为 E。

答案: 36 - 40 GACDE

第三部分 英语知识运用 (共两节) 第一节 完形填空 (满分 30 分) 阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

16. (30 分)

I paid a visit to the Miss Larry's a couple of times that summer. Sometimes she gave me less change. Other times she (41) _____ me more for what I bought, or sold me an outdated newspaper rather than one that was (42) _____. Going to the (43) _____ was more like going to battle.

"That can of beans is only twenty - nine cents!" I (44) _____ her one afternoon. I had

watched (45) _____ the numbers change on the cash register. And Miss Larry had just (46) five cents. She didn't seem embarrassed that I had (47) _____ her overcharging. She just looked up at me over her glasses and fixed the (48) _____.

All (49) _____ long she made mistakes one after another and played tricks on me. No sooner had I learned how to pronounce the name of the soda and memorized its (50) _____ on the shelf, then Miss Larry rearranged the shelves and made me (51) _____ for it all over again. Eventually, the shopping trip that had once taken me an hour was done in 15 minutes. One morning when I was to return to Brooklyn, I (52) _____ to get a pack of gum.

"All right, Miss Potential," she said. "What did you learn this summer? I know (53) you think of me, but I don't care! My job is to teach every child I meet (54) _____, Miss Potential. When you get (55) _____ you'll be glad!"

"Glad I met Miss Larry? Ha! The idea was ridiculous!"

Until one day my (56) _____ came to me with homework troubles. "They are too hard," she said. "Could you finish my math problems for me? "

"If I (57) _____ them for you, how will you ever learn something yourself?" I said. (58) _____, I was back at that store where I had learned the hard way to check up my (59) at the cash register. As my daughter went back to her homework, I (60) _____, "Had Miss Larry really overcharged me since? "

41.

- A. charged
- B. supplied
- C. offered
- D. accused

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的动词。A. charged 收费；B. supplied 供应；C. offered 提供；D. accused 指控；根据语境可知，Miss Larry 向我多"收费"，故答案是 A。

答案：A

42.

- A. ancient
- B. current
- C. local
- D. foreign

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的形容词。A. ancient 古代的；古老的；B. current 当前的；C. local 当地的；D. foreign 外国的；根据语境可知，这里选用 current 与上文的 outdate newspaper (过时的报纸) 相对，故选 B。

答案：B

43.

- A. center
- B. office
- C. store
- D. market

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的名词。A. center 中心；B. office 办公室；C. store 商店；D. market 市场；根据语境可知，作者到 Miss Larry 的"商店"去购物，故选 C。

答案：C

44.

- A. advised
- B. promised
- C. warned
- D. corrected

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的动词。A. advised 建议； B. promised 承诺； C. warned 警告 D. corrected 纠正；根据语境可知，Miss Larry 多收费，故作者"纠正"她，答案是 D.

答案：D

45.

- A. unwillingly
- B. impatiently
- C. closely
- D. occasionally

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的副词。A. unwillingly 不情愿地； B. impatiently 不耐烦地； C. closely 密切地； 仔细地； D. occasionally 偶尔地；根据语境，作者总是警惕 Miss Larry 会欺骗她，所以"仔细"看收银机上是数目的变化，故选 C.

答案：C

46.

- A. added
- B. stolen
- C. saved
- D. put

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的动词。A. added 增加； B. stolen 偷； C. saved 救； 节省； D. put 放；根据语境可知，作者发现 Miss Larry"多加了"5 美分，故选 A.

答案：A

47.

- A. listed
- B. caught
- C. got
- D. discouraged

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的动词。A. listed 列清单； B. caught 抓住； catch sb. doing sth. 当场抓住某人在做某事； C. got 获得； D. discouraged 使灰心；根据语境可知，作者"当场抓住 Miss Larry 多收费"，故选 B.

答案：B

48.

- A. register
- B. award
- C. cashier
- D. price

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的名词。A. register 注册； B. award 奖赏； C. cashier 出纳员； D. price 价格；根据语境，Miss Larry 被支出多收费后纠正"价格"，故选 D.

答案：D

49.

- A. spring
- B. summer

C. autumn

D. winter

解析: 本题考查语境中选用恰当的名词。A. spring 春季; B. summer 夏季; C. autumn 秋季; D. winter 冬季; 根据文章开头第一句中 that summer 推断答案是 B.

答案: B

50.

A. direction

B. quantity

C. location

D. quality

解析: 本题考查语境中选用恰当的名词。A. direction 方向; 指导; B. quantity 数量; C. location 位置; D. quality 质量; 根据语境可知, Miss Larry 是利用购物在教作者生活中的教训, 由下文 Miss Larry "rearranged the shelves 重新排列货架上的商品"推断, 一旦作者记住了商品的发音和"位置"Miss Larry 就重新整理货架, 故选 C.

答案: C

51.

A. hunt

B. pay

C. call

D. account

解析: 本题考查语境中选用恰当的动词。A. hunt 寻找; B. pay 付款; C. call 打电话; D. account 解释; 叙述; 根据语境, 因为 Miss Larry 重新整理了货架, 所以作者不得不重新"寻找"她需要的商品, 故选 A.

答案: A

52.

A. got down

B. stopped by

C. turned around

D. made up

解析: 本题考查语境中选用恰当的动词短语。A. got down 写下; 吞下; 使沮丧; B. stopped by 顺便拜访; C. turned around (使)调转方向; 好转; D. made up 编造; 化妆; 根据语境, 作者在离开是时"顺道"去买口香糖, 故选 B.

答案: B

53.

A. how

B. when

C. where

D. what

解析: 本题考查语境中选用恰当的引导词。该句需要的是引导宾语从句的引导词, 其中考查句型"What do you think of ...你认为...怎么样?", 出现在名词性从句中时仍用 what 引导, 故答案是 D.

答案: D

54.

A. lessons

- B. values
- C. meanings
- D. troubles

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的名词。A. lessons 教训； B. values 价值（观）； C. meanings 意义； D. troubles 麻烦； teach sb. lessons 给某人教训；根据语境，Miss Larry 认为她的工作是给每个她遇到的孩子"教训"，故选 A。

答案：A

55.

- A. younger
- B. smarter
- C. older
- D. stronger

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的形容词。A. younger 更年轻； B. smarter 更聪明； C. older 更年长； D. stronger 更强壮； Miss Larry 认为作者"长大"后就会理解，会因此而高兴，故选 C。

答案：C

56.

- A. baby
- B. son
- C. daughter
- D. student

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的名词。A. baby 婴儿； B. son 儿子； C. daughter 女儿； D. student 学生；根据语境，homework 不是一个"婴儿"的任务；排除 A；由下文的人称代词 she 判断 B 错误；根据语境和常识推断，是"女儿"想让我为她做家庭作业，而非"学生"，故选 C。

答案：C

57.

- A. declare
- B. solve
- C. follow
- D. share

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的动词。A. declare 宣布； B. solve 解决； C. follow 跟随； D. share 分享；题干中 them 指代上文的 math problems，solve problems 解决问题，故根据语境和搭配可知，答案选 B。

答案：B

58.

- A. Luckily
- B. Unfortunately
- C. Obviously
- D. Suddenly

解析：本题考查语境中选用恰当的副词。A. Luckily 幸运地； B. Unfortunately 不幸地； C. Obviously 明显地； D. Suddenly 突然，意外地；根据语境，我在向女儿解释的时候"突然"回想到了自己小时候在 Miss Larry 商店的情境，故选 D。

答案: D

59.

A. bill

B. question

C. problem

D. experience

解析: 本题考查语境中选用恰当的名词。A. bill 账单; B. question 问题; C. problem 问题
D. experience 经验; 经历; 根据语境, 作者回想起小时候唯恐 Miss Larry 多收费而核查"账
单", 故选 A.

答案: A

60.

A. imagined

B. expected

C. realized

D. wondered

解析: 本题考查语境中选用恰当的动词。A. imagined 想象; B. expected 期待; C. realized
意识到; D. wondered 不知道; 想知道; 根据语境, 下文是一个问句, 故推断作者"想知道
"Miss Larry 有没有多收费; 故选 D.

答案: D

第二节 (每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分) 阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入适当的内容 (1 个单词)
或括号内单词的正确形式。

17. (15 分)

The "selfie" is used to describe the self - taken photo, often from a smart phone. Someone
takes about 10selfies each time he does, and he only ends up (61) _____ (post) one or two
of those. He picks the one that he feels make him look the (62) _____ (good). In that picture,
he gains confidence. For that moment, everything bad or terrible that has happened to him (63)
(remove), because that smile is what gives him the (64) _____ (determine) to love himself.

I read (65) _____ poem recently and the young man said, "if I ask you (66) _____ you
love, the answers will most likely roll off your tongue. You love to read. You love to write. You
love your mom, your daughter, or your best friend. How long do you think you can go on and on
before you say 'I love (67) _____ (I) '?"

That statement hit me like a ton of bricks. I've struggled with confidence all my life. I still do.
And in (68) _____ way am I saying that taking a selfie is a gateway (69) _____ confidence.
(70) _____, the selfie does deserve some credit for allowing individuals to express themselves.

解析:

61. posting 考查固定短语。因 end up doing 为固定搭配, 意为"以...而告终", 所以用 posting.

62. best 考查形容词。句意为: 人们都会选择自认为最漂亮的照片发在网上, 所以用 best.

63. is removed 考查被动语态。分析句意可知, 哲理应该是人有了自信, 不好的事就被抛开了。
全文是一般现在时, 所以用被动语态 is removed.

64. determination 考查名词。微笑给了他爱自己的决心, 根据 the 可知, 空处用名词
determination.

65. a 考查冠词。句意为: 我读过一首诗。空处表示泛指, 故用不定冠词 a.

66. what 考查疑问代词。根据该句中对问题的回答可知, 问的问题是: 你爱什么; 所以用

what.

67. myself 考查反身代词。通读全文可知,文章讲的是自拍让人们自爱自信,所以用 myself.

68. no 考查固定短语。根据"...am I saying that..."可知,该句是倒装语序,据此可以判断,空处表示否定;根据语境可知,该句意为:我绝不会认为自拍增加人的自信的一个方法,故空处用 no.

69. to 考查介词。句意为:我绝不会认为自拍增加人的自信的一个方法. a way to sth. 意为"一个...的方法",所以用 to.

70. However/Rather/Instead 考查连词。分析空处前后文关系可知,空处表示转折,句意为:不过,自拍照确实允许个人表达自己的想法方面值得赞扬,所以用 However/Rather/Instead.

答案: 61. posting 62. best 63. is removed 64. determination 65. a 66. what 67. myself 68. no 69. to 70. However/Rather/Instead

第四部分 写作(共两节) 第一节 短文改错(满分 10 分)

18. (10 分)假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下短文。

短文中共有 10 处错误,每句中最多有两处。错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),并在此符号下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Dear Tom,

I am delighted that you have passed the exam successful. What you have gained are the result of your hard work. How time flies! It's two years before you came to study Chinese in Beijing. In the passed two years, you have helped us a lot, without that we couldn't have made great progress in English.

Before you leave, many classmate and I intend to hold a farewell party for you, hope that you can remember the wonderful time we spent together. By the way, the party will be held on this Saturday evening in my house. We can take the No.1bus at the hotel gate and get off bus at the Booking Building. I will be there meeting you.

We're looking forward to your coming.

Yours sincerely,

Li Hua.

解析:

1. successful - - - - successfully. 考查副词的用法。用副词 successfully 修饰动词短语 have passed the exam.

2. are - - - - is. 考查主谓一致。句子 What you have gained 做主语,谓语动词用第三人称单数,所以用 is.

3. before - - - - since. 考查时间状语从句的引导词。本句表示"自从你来北京已经两年来",主句是一般现在时态,从句用一般过去时态,所以用 since 表示"自从". 而如果用 before,主句应该用过去完成时态。

4. passed - - - - past. 考查同义词辨析。修饰名词 two years 用形容词 past, 表示"过去的", . passed 是 pass 的过去式,表示"经过".

5. that - - - - which. 考查定语从句的关系词。引导非限制性定语从句,做介词 without 的宾语用 which.

6. classmate - - - classmates. 考查名词。根据修饰词 many 可知用可数名词 classmate 的复数 classmates.

7. hope - - - hoping. 考查非谓语动词。hope that you can remember the wonderful time we spent together 在句子里做伴随状语, 动词 hope 和主语 many classmate and I 之间是主动关系, 所以用现在分词 hoping.

8. 去掉 on. 考查介词。有 this 修饰的时间状语 Saturday evening 不用介词, 所以去掉 on.

9. we - - - - you. 考查代词。根据上文可知这是知道"你"做公共汽车, 所以主语用 you.

10. bus 前面加 the. 考查冠词。特指上文的 the No.1 bus, 用定冠词 the 修饰 bus.

答案:

Dear Tom,

I am delighted that you have passed the exam successful. What you have gained are the result of your hard work. How time flies! It's two years before you came to study Chinese in Beijing. In the passed two years, you have helped us a lot, without that we couldn't have made great progress in English. Before you leave, many classmate and I intend to hold a farewell party for you, hope that you can remember the wonderful time we spent together. By the way, the party will be held ~~on~~ this Saturday evening in my house. We can take the No.1 bus at the hotel gate and get off \wedge bus at the Booking Building. I will be there meeting you.

We're looking forward to your coming.

Yours sincerely,

LiHua

第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

19. (25 分) 某英文报正在就建立良好的师生关系进行讨论. 你作为一名中学生, 参与了讨论. 请你围绕 "A good relationship benefits us all" 这个话题, 根据以下要点, 用英语写一篇 100 - 120 词的短文.

文章必须包括下列要点: 1. 建立良好的师生关系的必要性;

2. 你认为良好的师生关系应该是怎样的;

3. 如何才能建立这种关系.

注意: 开头已为你写好, 不计入总词数.

A good relationship benefits us all

As a middle school student, I think it necessary to build a good relationship with our teachers, _____.

解析: 本文是一篇提纲作文. 根据所提供的材料信息, 写一篇英语短文. 就'作为一名中学生, 怎样和老师建立良好的师生关系'谈谈自己的看法.

写作时人称以第一和第三人称为主, 时态以一般现在时为主.

写作要点: 1. 建立良好的师生关系的必要性; 2. 你认为良好的师生关系应该是怎样的 3. 如何才能建立这种关系.

重要短语: build a good relationship with (建立良好的关系), show love and concern for sb (对某人关爱和关心...), seek support and advice (寻求支撑和帮助), benefit sb (对某人有益), in one's opinion (某人认为), be filled with (充满), exchange ideas freely (交换想法), joint efforts (合力), enjoy a friendly relationship (享受健康的关系).

【高分句型一】

1. ①It is necessary to build a good relationship with our teachers, for it is the teachers ②who show love and concern for us students in study and life and they are good listeners.

①此处是由"it"引导的形式主语，结构为"It+be+形容词+to do sth".

②此处是关系代词"who"引导的定语从句，先行词为"the teachers"，关系代词"who"在从句中作主语。

【高分句型二】

2. We students can always seek support and advice from them, from which we can benefit and learn a lot.

①此处为"介词+关系代词 which"引导的非限制性定语从句，主句为"We students can always seek support and advice from them"，"which"指代前面主句中的"support and advice".

【高分句型三】

3. Only by joint efforts can we enjoy a friendly relationship between teachers and students.

此处是由"Only【状语成分：从句/时间副词/介词短语】+一般疑问句形式"构成的部分倒装。
答案：

A good relationship benefits us all

As a middle school student, I think it necessary to build a good relationship with our teachers, for it is the teachers who show love and concern for us students in study and life and they are good listeners. We students can always seek support and advice from them, from which we can benefit and learn a lot.

Therefore an ideal relationship between teachers and students is very important. In my opinion, this relationship should be one filled with love, care, understanding, and respect, so we can exchange ideas freely. To build a relationship of this kind, teachers should become friends of students while students ought to trust our teachers and express our feeling frankly. Only by joint efforts can we enjoy a friendly relationship between teachers and students.