

2017年广东省深圳市龙华区中考模拟第二次调研测试试题英语

一、词汇测试一：从下面每小题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出可以替换划线部分的最佳选项。
(共 8 小题，每小题 1 分)

1. —It looks Leo is feeling a bit low. What happened?

—He just had a fight with his best friend.

A. scared

B. happy

C. sad

解析：考查形容词辨析。句意：——看起来 Leo 感到有点沮丧，发生了什么事？——他刚刚给他最好的朋友吵架了。low 情绪低落的；沮丧的；scared 害怕的；happy 高兴的；sad 伤心的。故选 C。

答案：C

2. —Angelababy gave birth to a baby in January. Who will replace her in the reality show Keep Running?

—Dilraba. She is famous for acting in Diamond Lover(《克拉恋人》).

A. strict about

B. well-known for

C. friendly to

解析：考查形容词辨析。句意：——Angelababy一月生宝宝了，谁会在真人秀节目《奔跑吧》中代替她呢？——Dilraba(迪丽热巴)，她因在《克拉恋人》中的表演而出名。famous 著名的；strict 严格的；well-known for 因……而出名；friendly to 对……友好。故选 B。

答案：B

3. —What do you want to do as your future career?

—I'd like to be an astronaut, but I think it is very difficult.

A. life

B. hobby

C. job

解析：考查名词辨析。句意：——你想做什么当作你未来的职业？——我想当宇航员，但是我认为那很困难。career 职业；life 生命；hobby 爱好；job 工作。故选 C。

答案：C

4. —Do the competitors in the TV show Super Brain have special brains ?

—No, their brains are not different from ordinary people. Their success come from hard work and training.

A. common

B. strange

C. orange

解析：考查形容词辨析。句意：——电视节目《最强大脑》中的参赛者有特别的大脑吗？——不，他们与普通人的大脑是一样的。他们的成功来自于艰苦的努力和训练。ordinary 普通的；common 常见的；strange 奇怪的；orange 橙色的。故选 A。

答案：A

5. —Do you think that a person can really lose weight by eating fruit?

—No, I don't think so.

- A. become fatter
- B. become thinner
- C. become taller

解析：考查动词短语。句意：——你认为一个人真的能通过吃水果减肥吗？——不，我不这样认为。lose weight 减轻体重；减肥；become fatter 变胖；become thinner 变瘦；become taller 长高。故选 B

答案：B

6. —Don't worry about your trip to the US. I'll be with you all the way.

—OK. Thank you. It'll be my first time to travel abroad.

- A. from beginning to end
- B. on the way
- C. in the way

解析：考查介词短语辨析。句意：——不要担心你去美国的旅行。我会一直陪着你。——好，谢谢你，这将是我第一次出国。all the way 一直；一路上。from beginning to end 从头到尾；on the way 在路上；in the way 挡道；妨碍。故选 A。

答案：A

7. —Sara. Let's go to the playground to watch the basketball game!

—Good idea! I wonder which group will win.

- A. plan
- B. remember
- C. want to know

解析：考查动词辨析。句意：——Sara，我们去操场看篮球赛吧！——好主意，我想知道哪个组会赢。wonder 想知道；plan 计划；remember 记得；want to know 想知道；故选 C。

答案：C

8. —Cheer up! You will _____ if you try your best.

—Thank you. I will.

- A. make it
- B. succeed
- C. fail
- D. throw it

解析：考查短语辨析。句意：——振作起来，如果你尽最大努力你就会成功的。——谢谢你，我会的。make it 成功；succeed 成功；fail 失败；throw 扔。故选 A。

答案：A

二、词汇测试二：从下面每小题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出恰当的词语完成句子。（共 7 小题，每小题 1 分）

9. Without _____, we can't do many things such as watching TV or using washing machines.

- A. water
- B. electricity
- C. air

解析：考查名词辨析和生活常识。句意：没有电，我们不能做许多事情，如看电视，用洗衣机。water 水；electricity 电；air 空气。根据生活常识可知选 B。

答案：B

10. The _____ is a piece of metal, plastic or bone with teeth, used for tidying and arranging the hair.

- A. comb
- B. alarm
- C. candle

解析：考查名词辨析。句意：梳子是一块有齿的金属、塑料或骨头，用来整理头发的东西。comb 梳子；alarm 警报；闹钟；candle 蜡烛。故选 A。

答案：A

11. A _____ writer is a writer who is famous.

- A. modem
- B. foreign
- C. celebrated

解析：考查形容词辨析。句意：一个著名作家是一个很出名的作家。modern 现代的；foreign 外国的；celebrated 著名的。故选 C。

答案：C

12. —Yesterday the teacher _____ Jack because he had fought with one of his classmates.

—I see. He said he would never do that again. He is a good boy _____ his bad temper.

- A. punished; except for
- B. encouraged; because of
- C. introduced; besides

解析：考查动词以及介词辨析。句意：——昨天老师惩罚了 Jack，因为他与他的一个同班同学打架。——我知道。他说他再也不会那么做了。他是一个好孩子，除了脾气不好。punish 惩罚；encourage 鼓励；introduce 介绍；except 除了（修正前面的说法）；because of 因为；besides 此外；而且。故选 A。

答案：A

13. —How can I learn English well? Can you give me some advice?

—You must _____ all your minds in class, and then you will learn better.

- A. freeze
- B. focus
- C. separate

解析：考查动词辨析。句意：——我怎样才能学好英语？你能给我一些建议吗？——你在课堂上必须集中所有的注意力，那么你就会学得更好。freeze 冻结；focus 集中；separate 分离。故选 B。

答案：B

14. —Simon. Look at the vase in my hand. I like it very much.

—_____ You almost drop it.

A. Watch out!

B. I can't agree more.

C. It's really beautiful.

解析：考查交际用语。句意：——西蒙，看看我手中的花瓶，我很喜欢它。——小心。你差点把它弄掉了。watch out 当心；I can't agree more. 我完全同意；It's really beautiful. 真的很漂亮。故选 A。

答案：A

15. —Please don't move, or I may hurt you with the scissors.

—OK, I'll_____.

A. keep still

B. stay awake

C. remain silent

解析：考查动词短语。句意：请不要动，否则我用剪刀会伤到你。好，我不动。keep still 静止不动；stay awake 不睡觉；remain silent 保持沉默。故选 A。

答案：A

三、完形填空

阅读下面短文，从短文后所给的三个选项中选出能填入相应空白处的最佳选项。（共 10 小题，每小题 2 分）

The man in the photo has a special _____ 16 _____—knitting(编织) sweaters. He usually knits a sweater for a place of interest and then takes a _____ 17 _____ there alone in the sweater. Up to now, he has knitted 1 03 sweaters.

Sam Barsky is from the US. His stories have been _____ 18 _____ in American media so that he becomes famous and popular in a very short time. You can see different patterns on his sweaters, such as Times Square and Golden Gate Bridge in the US.

He _____ 19 _____ this interesting project in 2000. When he has a holiday, he wears his sweater and starts his amazing trip. "I started to learn knitting in March, 1999 and found my own way to _____ 20 _____ in August 2000. Then I was very interested in it. I _____ 21 _____ my photos and sweaters on my Facebook which got a lot of _____ 22 _____. In an exhibition in August last year, I _____ 23 _____ got two prizes," Sam said.

Two of his latest works were for Dead Sea and Bahai Garden, because he just took a trip to Israel in December last year. There are still many places which Sam hasn't _____ 24 _____ and it is his future goal. In _____ 25 _____ opinion, life is full of fantastic things and some fun should be created and discovered by people themselves.

16.

A. trouble

B. hobby

C. secret

17.

A. trip

B. picnic

C. break

18.

A. translated

B. created

C. reported

19.

A. continued

B. began

C. ended

20.

A. dance

B. knit

C. write

21.

A. noticed

B. recycled

C. shared

22.

A. attention

B. surprise

C. education

23.

A. even

B. still

C. just

24.

A. visited

B. drawn

C. learnt

25.

A. its

B. my

C. his

解析：16.句意：照片上这个人有一个特殊的爱好——织毛衣。trouble 麻烦；hobby 爱好；secret 秘密。根据下文可知选 B。

17.句意：他通常为名胜景点织毛衣，然后然后穿着毛衣独自去那儿旅行。trip 旅行；picnic 野餐；break 休息；故选 A。

18.句意：Sam Barsky 来自美国，他的故事在美国媒体上已经被报道过。translate 翻译；created 创造；report 报道。故选 C。

19.句意：在 2000 年他开始这个有趣的活动。continue 继续；began 开始；end 结束。故选 B。

20.句意：我在 1999 年三月开始学习编织，在 2000 年八月找到了自己编织的方法。dance 跳舞；knit 编织；write 写作。根据上下文可知选 B。

21.句意：然后我对这非常感兴趣。我把我的照片和毛衣分享到我的 Facebook 并得到了很多的关注。。notice 注意到；recycle 回收；share 分享。根据常识可知选 C。

22. attention 注意；surprise 惊奇；education 教育。把照片分享到网上，所以得到了很多关注，故选 A。

23.句意：在去年八月的一个展览中我甚至得了两个奖。even 甚至；still 仍然；just 只是。故选 A。

24.句意：仍然有许多地方 Sam 还没有去过，这是他未来的目标。visit 参观；draw 画；learn 学习。故选 A。

25.句意：在他看来，生活充满了神奇的东西，一些有趣的事应该被人们自己去创造，去发现。故选 C。

答案：16. B 17. A 18. C 19. B 20. B 21. C 22. A 23. A 24. A 25. C

四、阅读理解：阅读短文，从每小题的选项中选出最佳选项。（共 20 小题，每小题 2 分）

A

Eight in ten New Zealanders thought that school children should learn a language besides English.

Language	Percentage (百分比) of New Zealanders who said school children should learn this language	Number of students who learnt this language in 2016
Chinese	49%	4,218
Maori	37%	22,729
Japanese	19%	11,888
Spanish	18%	11,573
French	17%	20,478
Those who mentioned school children should learn Chinese were: ● aged 60 years or more ● living in high-income(收入) families, with an income of over \$120,000 a year		
Those who mentioned school children should learn Maori were: ● Maori(毛利人) ● women ● under age of 60 years		

26. The chart(图表) is about the _____ in New Zealand.

- A. public schools
- B. language learning
- C. foreign people
- D. school children

27. According to the chart, the most students learnt _____ in 2016 in schools of New Zealand.

- A. Chinese
- B. Maori
- C. Japanese
- D. French

28. Who most probably agrees that Chinese is a good language for children to learn?

- A. A 20-year-old student.
- B. A 35-year-old Maori.
- C. A 65-year-old boss.
- D. A 44-year-old postman.

29. According to the chart, which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Few New Zealanders thought that school children should learn a non-English language.
- B. Fewer students in New Zealand learnt French than Japanese in 2016.
- C. Most poor New Zealanders would like their children to learn Chinese.
- D. Most young people thought that learning Maori was more necessary.

解析：26.主旨大意。根据第一段 Eight in ten New Zealanders thought that school children should learn a language besides English 可知 80%的新西兰人认为在校学生应该学习一门除了英语之外的语言，所以本文是关于在新西兰学习语言的事，故选 B。

27.细节理解。根据表格可知学习毛利语的有 22729 人，在所有的语言中最多，故选 B。

28.细节理解。根据倒数第二栏可知支持学习中文的大多数是 60 岁以上的人，故选 C。

29.细节理解。根据第一句可知 A 错误；根据表格可知 11888 人学日语，20478 人学法语，所以学法语的人比学日语的人多，故 B 错误。根据 living in high—income(收入)families 可知 C 错误；根据最后一栏可知支持学习毛利语的是毛利人、女性和 60—下的人，故 D 正确。

答案：26. B 27. B 28. C 29. D

B

Carol studies at Roosevelt High School. She is having a hard time passing exams. She has no interest in her homework, so she seldom finishes it on time.

But there is one lesson she is doing well in. It is history. Carol always hands in her history homework on time. She respects the history teacher Mr Aragon. Carol feels that Mr Aragon treats her more than just a student. She feels other teachers look down on her.

Carol's mother Maria told Mr Aragon that Carol wasn't doing well in her other lessons. Mr Aragon was surprised to learn that. "She is such a smart girl," he told Maria. Mr Aragon told Maria that he would talk to her daughter.

Carol felt embarrassed when Mr Aragon talked to her about the problems she was having in other lessons. But later Carol understood that Mr Aragon just wanted to help her. Mr Aragon and

Carol had a discussion about what she could do to improve her marks in other lessons. They made a list of ways to help her to complete her homework on time, including setting a timetable for homework, cutting down some boring after-school activities, and having a friend help her with the homework. Carol decided to try these ways out to see which one would work best for her.

30. What is hard about school for Carol?

- A. Making friends.
- B. Doing homework.
- C. Getting good marks.
- D. Communicating with others.

31. Carol does well in history because _____.

- A. she is interested in it
- B. it's easy for her
- C. she respects Mr Aragon
- D. Mr Aragon is very strict

32. Maria hoped that Mr Aragon could _____.

- A. give Carol As in every lesson when there are exams
- B. find out why Carol doesn't do well in other lessons
- C. help Carol make some friends at school
- D. make Carol the best student in her class

33. What would Carol most probably do after talking to Mr Aragon?

- A. She would buy a present for Mr Aragon.
- B. She would look down on all her teachers.
- C. She would help her friend in history after school.
- D. She would try to finish all the homework on time.

解析：30.细节理解。题目要求回答：对于 Carol 来说难的是什么？根据第一段 She is having a hard time passing exams. 可知她考试考得不好，故选 C。

31.细节理解。根据第二段 She respects the history teacher Mr Aragon. Carol feels that Mr Aragon treats her more than just a student.可知她历史好是因为历史老师对她好，所以她尊重历史老师，并且历史学得好。故选 C。

32.推理判断。根据第三段 Carol's mother Maria told Mr Aragon that Carol wasn't doing well in her other lessons 可知 Carol 的妈妈 Maria 告诉 Aragon 先生 carol 别的学科不好，是希望他帮忙找到原因。故选 B。

33.推理判断。根据最后一段 They made a list of ways to help her to complete her homework on time 可知 Carol 最可能先完成作业。故选 D。

答案：30. C 31. C 32. B 33. D

C

On Feb 21, a special Chinese "diplomat(外交官)". Bao Bao the panda, arrived in China from the United States. Many people in the US found it hard to say goodbye to her and were at the airport to see her leave.

Bao Bao was born at the National Zoo in Washington DC in 2013. Her parents are Tian Tian and Mei Xiang. They went to the US in 2000. "We have watched Bao Bao grow up during the past three years," said Dennis Kelly, the zoo director(园长), "We're going to miss her so much".

In fact, the zoo has been preparing for Bao Bao to leave since the moment she was born. That's because under the agreement between China and other countries, all the pandas born outside China must return home by the time they are 4.

The flight took nearly 16 hours. A zookeeper and a doctor were on the plane with Bao Bao. To make her comfortable, the zoo put bamboo and other snacks on the plane. Now, Bao Bao is at her new home in Chengdu. She will start a new life there.

In 1972, China first sent two pandas to the US as gifts. Right now, four zoos in the US have pandas from China. The pandas play an important role in the friendship between the two countries.

Of course the US is not the only country with pandas. There were 44 pandas living in different countries around the world last year, reported Xinhua.

34. Which of the following is TRUE about Bao Bao?

- A. She arrived in the US on Feb 21.
- B. She has won many American hearts.
- C. She was born in Chengdu, China.
- D. She is only 1 year old.

35. According to the agreement, Bao Bao has to _____ when she is 4.

- A. return to China
- B. travel around the US
- C. move to another US city
- D. find a panda friend

36. Why did China send two pandas to the US?

- A. To make them comfortable.
- B. To help them start a new life.
- C. To help the US zoos have more pandas.
- D. To give as a gift and symbol of friendship.

37. What is the news point of the story?

- A. A panda's life in the US.
- B. All pandas belong to China.
- C. A little panda returns home.
- D. Pandas play a big role in the world.

解析：34.细节理解。根据第一句可知2月21号宝宝到达中国，所以A错误；根据第一段 Many people in the US found it hard to say goodbye to her and were at the airport to see her leave 可知美国人舍不得宝宝，故B正确；CD从文中均可找到依据。故选B。

35.细节理解。根据 under the agreement between China and other countries, all the pandas born outside China must return home by the time they are 4.可知宝宝到了4岁必须回到中国。故选A。

36.细节理解。根据 In 1972, China first sent two pandas to the US as gifts 可知中国送熊猫到美国是作为礼物和友谊的象征，故选D。

37.主旨大意。本文讲述一只在美国出生的熊猫宝宝满四岁回归中国的事，故选C。

答案：34. B 35. A 36. D 37. C

Visitors can observe an exhibition of the copies of oil paintings by Cezanne, Gauguin, Van Gogh and Matisse at the Artron Art Gallery. Visitors will experience the expressive language of color and drawing in works created by the leading figures of modern art.

The gallery also introduces virtual(虚拟的) reality technology into art education and visitors can use virtual reality to appreciate art works and learn about art history at the gallery.

To honor the 120th anniversary of Liu Haisu's birth, an exhibition of his paintings is also held at the gallery. It consists of introductions to the artist's life, the books he wrote for his students, as well as 20 of his original paintings. An oil painting of a vase of sunflowers, one of Liu's early works, clearly reflects influence from Van Gogh. Another portrait of a naked woman mirrors the style of Gauguin. He formed a unique style drawing from Chinese painting traditions later.

Dates: Until May 25

Time: 9 a.m. - 5 p. m. (weekdays); 10 a. m. - 9 p. m. (weekends)

Venue: Artron Art Gallery, Meidong Road 2, Futian District

Metro : Longhua Line, Shangmeilin Station ,Exit A and then take a taxi

38. What can you see at the Artron Art Gallery if you go there today?

- A. Oil paintings by Cezanne, Gauguin, Van Gogh and Matisse.
- B. An exhibition of Liu Haisu's paintings.
- C. Works created by the leading figures of modern art.
- D. Chinese painting traditions.

39. Visitors can _____ with the help of virtual reality technology.

- A. experience Cezanne and Van Gogh's expressive language of color and drawing
- B. honor the 120th anniversary of Liu Haisu's birth
- C. know about Liu Haisu's life and read his books.
- D. get some art education

40. What's Liu Haisu's style of drawing like later?

- A. Traditional Chinese style.
- B. Sunflower style influenced by Van Gogh.
- C. Portrait style influenced by Gauguin.
- D. A special style from Chinese painting traditions.

41. Which of the following statements is RIGHT?

- A. Cezanne, Gauguin, Van Gogh and Matisse are the leading figures of modern art.
- B. There aren't original paintings in Artron Art Gallery.
- C. You can go to Meidong Road 2 to see the exhibitions at Artron Art Gallery at seven

tonight.

D. Artron Art Gallery is right at Shangmeilin Station, Exit A

解析：38.细节理解。通过第一句话可知在雅昌艺术馆你可以看到塞尚、高更、梵高和马蒂斯的油画的复制品。根据第三段为了纪念刘海粟诞辰 120 周年，在艺术馆举办了画展，所以这些复制品都是刘海粟创作的。故选 B。

39.细节理解。根据第二段可知艺术馆把虚拟现实技术引进到艺术教育中，参观者可以使用虚拟现实技术欣赏艺术作品，了解艺术的历史，故选 D。

40.细节理解。根据第三段最后 He formed a unique style drawing from Chinese painting traditions later.可知他从中国画的传统中形成了一种独特的风格。故选 D。

41.细节理解。根据第一段第二句“参观者将体验有表现力的色彩的语言和现代艺术家的领军人物创作的作品。”结合、第一句可知 the leading figures of modern art 指的是塞尚、高更、梵高和马蒂斯，所以 A 正确。根据 as well as 20 of his original paintings 可知 B 错误；根据 Time: 9 a.m. -5 p. m. (weekdays);可知 C 错误；根据 Shangmeilin Station ,Exit A and then take a taxi 可知 D 错误。因此选 A。

答案：38. B 39. D 40. D 41. A

E

Driverless(无人驾驶的)technology is quickly progressing with many cars being tested on roads around the world. Now, researchers in Singapore are testing a self-driving scooter, which has four wheels and a seat. It can move at a speed of up to six kilometers an hour. Researchers said the scooter was built with materials that did not cost much money.

The scooter was developed by the National University of Singapore. Researchers at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology(MIT)also took part in the project. It was designed(设计)for people who cannot, should not or do not want to drive a car. It could help older adults, the disabled or people who are too young to drive.

Marcelo Ang, a researcher at the National University of Singapore, says the scooter can be especially useful for people who use wireless devices(无线设备) while walking on city streets, because there is a sensors(探测器) in it. “I’m sure you have experienced people who almost run into you while using their phones on the street. Would it be so nice to drive the scooter without worrying about the safety?” he says. Besides, developers of the scooter say it can work together with ride—sharing services to make trips completely easy and safe.

The researchers hope the scooter will reduce the need for cars, which can lower pollution and reduce accidents.

Marcelo Ang says the scooter has completed many successful tests at the university. Kevin Xiangyu Hui, a university student, tested the scooter and said he found the ride was very smooth and safe. “When I sat on this machine. I felt really relaxed and it was really cool.” The scooter has yet to complete lots of road tests so it is not available to buy at present.

42. The first paragraph talks about all the following EXCEPT_____.

- A. the scooter’s developers
- B. the scooter’s speeds
- C. the scooter’s materials
- D. the scooter’s appearance

43. The scooter are designed mainly to help_____.

- ①young children
- ②college students
- ③the old
- ④new drivers
- ⑤the disabled

A. ①②③

B. ①③④

C. ③④⑤

D. ①③⑤

44. According to Marcelo Ang’s words in Paragraph 3-we can learn the sensors _____.

- A. are widely used in the university
- B. can help avoid people and objects
- C. are useful to connect wireless devices
- D. can help people cross the street quickly

45. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Driverless cars are becoming more popular.
- B. The self-driving scooter still needs to have many tests.
- C. The self-driving scooter is being produced in some countries.
- D. Driverless technology makes fewer self-driving cars available.

解析：42.细节理解。根据第一短可知这种自动驾驶滑板车是新加坡的研究中开发的，时速是6千米；材料不贵。有四个轮子和一个座位。文中没有提到发明这个滑板车的人，故选A。

43.细节理解。根据第二段 It could help older adults, the disabled or people who are too young to drive 可知这种车适用于老人、残疾人和太小还不能开车的人，故选D。

44.推理判断。根据第三段“ I’m sure you have experienced people who almost run into you while using their phones on the street. Would it be so nice to drive the scooter without worrying about the safety?”可知对于那些在街上打电话的人驾驶滑板车不需要担心它的安全问题，所以可以推测里面安装的探测器可以帮助避开人和物体，故选B。

45.细节理解。根据最后一句 The scooter has yet to complete lots of road tests so it is not available to buy at present. 可知这种滑板车还需要完成一些路上的测试。故选B。

答案：42. A 43. D 44. B 45. B

五、语法填空：根据上下文意思用所给单词的适当形式填空或者填入所缺单词。（共10空，每空2分）

How can you get the most information from a book? Here are some 46. _____ (suggest) that can help you read effectively (有效地).

Read the whole thing.

When you’re learning something by reading, it’s 47. _____ (important) to have a general idea than to understand every detail. In fact, no matter how 48. _____ (careful) you read, you won’t remember or understand all of the details. So 49. _____ (remember) the main points will be OK.

Decide how much time you will spend.

If you know that you have only six hours 50. _____ a book, it’ll be wise of you to adjust (调整) yourself. The more clearly you know your limits (限制), the more effective your reading will be. So never start to read without planning when 51. _____ (stop).

Have 52. _____ purpose.

Before you begin, find out 53. _____ you want to read this book. If you don’t have reasons of your own, you can’t learn much. After you start to read, try to think of four 54. _____ (question): Who is the writer? What are the book’s opinions? What are the reasons? What are the conclusions?

Read it three times.

You’ll get the most out of the book 55. _____ you read it three times—fast-reading for general ideas, reading for understanding, and then reading for note-taking and remembering.

解析：46.句意：你如何才能从书上获得最多的信息？这儿有些建议可以帮助你有效的阅读。some+复数名词，故填 suggestions。

47.句意：当你在通过阅读学习的时候，了解大意要比懂得每一个细节更重要。由 than 可知用比较级，故填 more important。

48.句意：实际上，不管你读的多认真，你不会记得或理解所有的细节。修饰动词 read，故用副词 carefully。

49.句意：所以记住要点就可以了。此处位于句首，作主语，故用动名词 remembering。

50.句意：如果你知道你只有 6 个小时看一本书，调整自己对你来说是明智的。故填 for。

51.句意：所以没有计划什么时候停下来的话就决不要开始读。疑问词+不定式，在句中作 plan 的宾语，故填 to stop。

52.句意：要有一个目的。故填 a。

53.句意：在开始前，要知道你为什么想看这本书。故填 why。

54.句意：在开始阅读之后，尽量思考四个问题。数词+复数，故填 questions。

55.句意：如果你读了三遍你会从这本书中得到最多。表示假设，故填 if。

答案：46. suggestions 47. more important 48. carefully 49. remembering 50. for 51. to stop 52. a 53. why 54. questions 55. if

六、书面表达。（15）

徒步旅行作为一种新型的户外旅行方式已越来越为年轻人所青睐。徒步旅行不仅能强身健体，还能够激发人们对大自然的热爱，使心灵得到放松。请根据以下提示写一篇英语短文，呼吁大家徒步旅行。

要求：

- (1) 文中必须包含所有提示要点；
- (2) 不要逐句翻译，可适当发挥；
- (3) 80 词左右，开头已给出，不计入总词数。

Hiking has become more and more popular among young people. _____

解析：提纲作文。本题是写一篇给定材料的书面表达，写作的话题为“倡议徒步旅行”，在写作时应注意符合题意，根据要表达的内容确定句子的时态、语态；语言表达要符合英语习惯。

写作步骤：

一、阅读提示，弄清所有信息，明确写作要点。

1.徒步旅行很容易，是一种放松的方式。a great way to relax and it's easy to do

2.着装：穿舒服的鞋子，合适的衣服，帽子和太阳眼镜。wear comfortable shoes, proper clothes, a hat and sunglasses

3.携带的物品：食物，水，药品。 take some food, water and medicine

4.地点：山地、森林、河边、 in the mountains, in a forest or along a river

5.益处：接近大自然，欣赏美景；保持健康；交新朋友。get close to nature ; enjoy the beautiful scenery; keep healthy; make new friends;

6.呼吁大家去徒步旅行。let's go hiking

二、根据要点，写出关键词、短语或句子。

三、组词成句。连句成篇。注意使用一般现在时。

答案：

Hiking has become more and more popular among young people. It's a great way to relax and it's easy to do. You only need to wear comfortable shoes, proper clothes, a hat and sunglasses. Don't forget to take some food, water and medicine with you. You can hike in the mountains, in a forest or along a river. There are some benefits of hiking. First, you can get close to nature and enjoy the beautiful scenery. Second, it can help you keep healthy. Third, you can make new friends with the same interests. Fourth, it can help you open the mind.

So let's go hiking this summer holiday.