

2017 年浙江省嘉兴市中考真题英语

卷 I

一、听力（略）

二、完形填空（本题有 15 小题；每小题 1 分；共计 15 分） 阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

It was the summer before my third grade. Our girls' softball team was facing real pitchers(投球手) 16 the first time. Before that, we could just hit the ball on the tee(球座). When the coach started pitching, hitting became 17 for me. I missed every single pitch. From the side, I heard my teammate Emily laughing at 18. My face got hot and my throat felt like it had a softball stuck in. At that moment, I was starting to 19 playing softball.

The next afternoon, when Mum said it was time to play the game, I told her I was 20. She allowed me to lie down for a while. So I went to my room and 21 myself in bed. This was difficult for me because I was fine and just 22 to avoid softball.

Soon Mum came in and said, "Time to go!" She didn't even ask if I felt 23. I imagined Emily laughing from the sideline, and 24 I really did feel sick to my stomach. I began crying loudly. Still, Mum pulled my team T-shirt over my head. She said, "You have to 25 for the rest of the season, and only after that we can talk about 26 you'll continue next year." She added that practice was what I needed, not 27. She promised to practice with me.

I got two hits that afternoon, and Emily didn't make a 28. Every week after that, I practiced at home 29 I got to be one of the best hitters on the team.

That 30 taught me being afraid is part of life, and I can do whatever is expected of me if I keep working and practicing.

16.

- A. for
- B. by
- C. from
- D. about

解析：考查介词及语境的理解。我们女子垒球队首次面对真正的投球手。for the first time 首次，故选 A。

答案：A

17.

- A. noisy
- B. natural
- C. hard
- D. possible

解析：考查形容词及语境的理解。A. noisy 嘈杂的；B. natural 自然的；C. hard 困难的；D. possible 可能的。根据后文 I missed every single pitch. 可知击球对于我来说变得困难。故选 C。

答案：C

18.

- A. him
- B. them

C. me

D. us

解析：考查代词及语境的理解。A. him 他；B. them 他们；C. me 我；D. us 我们。我听到我的同班同学艾米丽嘲笑我。根据句意，故选 C。

答案：C

19.

A. remember

B. hate

C. enjoy

D. practice

解析：考查动词及语境的理解。A. remember 记得；B. hate 讨厌；C. enjoy 喜欢；D. practice 练习。在那个时候，我开始讨厌打垒球。根据上文作者的感受，故选 B。

答案：B

20.

A. bored

B. sick

C. shy

D. sad

解析：考查形容词及语境的理解。A. bored 无聊的；B. sick 生病的，不舒服的；C. shy 害羞的；D. sad 悲伤的。根据后文妈妈让我躺一会儿，我告诉妈妈我病了，故选 B。

答案：B

21.

A. helped

B. dressed

C. threw

D. taught

解析：考查动词及语境的理解。A. helped 帮助；B. dressed 穿衣；C. threw 扔；D. taught 教。所以我去了我的房间，把自己扔在床上（躺在床上）。结合句意，故选 C。

答案：C

22.

A. failed

B. wanted

C. refused

D. offered

解析：考查动词及语境的理解。A. failed 失败；B. wanted 想要；C. refused 拒绝；D. offered 提供。这对于我来说是不容易的因为我没有不舒服只是想逃避垒球。结合句意，故选 B。

答案：B

23.

A. safer

- B. better
- C. warmer
- D. happier

解析：考查形容词及语境的理解。A. safer 更安全；B. better 更好；C. warmer 更温暖；D. happier 更高兴。她甚至没有问我是否我感到好些了。结合句意，故选 B。

答案：B

24.

- A. usually
- B. probably
- C. carefully
- D. suddenly

解析：考查副词及语境的理解。A. usually 通常；B. probably 可能；C. carefully 认真地；D. suddenly 突然。我想象着艾米丽来自边线的笑声，突然我真地感到胃不舒服。结合句意，故选 D。

答案：D

25.

- A. play
- B. break
- C. share
- D. relax

解析：考查动词及语境的理解。A. play 玩，打（球）；B. break 打破；C. share 分享；D. relax 放松。你必须打完本赛季的剩余时间。根据后文，故选 A。

答案：A

26.

- A. what
- B. where
- C. which
- D. whether

解析：考查连词及语境的理解。A. what 什么；B. where 哪里；C. which 哪个；D. whether 是否。在那之后我们才能谈谈明年你是否继续（打球）。结合句意，故选 D。

答案：D

27.

- A. waking up
- B. hurrying up
- C. giving up
- D. speaking up

解析：考查动词及语境的理解。A. waking up 醒来；B. hurrying up 匆忙；C. giving up 放弃；D. speaking up 大胆说。她补充道，练习是我需要的，不能放弃。故选 C。

答案：C

28.

- A. plan
- B. sound
- C. choice
- D. decision

解析：考查名词及语境的理解。A. plan 计划；B. sound 声音；C. choice 选择；D. decision 决定。那个下午我击中了两个球，艾米丽没有发出声响。结合句意，故选 B。

答案：B

29.

- A. until
- B. unless
- C. after
- D. though

解析：考查连词及语境的理解。A. until 直到；B. unless 如果不；C. after 在……后；D. though 尽管。在那之后的每一周，我在家练习直到我成为队里最好的击球手之一。结合句意，故选 A。

答案：A

30.

- A. accident
- B. business
- C. relationship
- D. experience

解析：考查名词及语境的理解。A. accident 事故；B. business 商务；C. relationship 关系；D. experience 经历。这次经历教会我害怕是生活的一部分，如果我继续工作和实践，我可以做任何期望我做的事。结合句意，故选 D。

答案：D

三、阅读理解（本题有 15 小题；每小题 2 分；共计 30 分）阅读下面四篇短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Come on! Get in Style!

Do you want to get some styling tips to look bright and pleasant?

Come and join us in the new Styling Club to make yourself different!

What will you learn?

- ★ make-up(化妆) and hair styling skills
- ★ proper mix-and-match skills
- ★ dressing tips for special occasions(场合)

Stylist Ms. Janice Smith will teach members the above skills. Not only will you become more confident with your look, you will also have the chance to help with the make-up and styling for school activities like fashion shows and New Year's parties.

When and where do we meet?

Our club meets every Tuesday after school, from 3:30 pm to 5:30 pm, at Room TA01 in the Student Activity Centre.

How can you be a member?

Students who want to join the club should visit our website at www.kts.edu.au/stylingclub to sign up before 15th September. There are only 20 places. First come, first served!

What is the cost?

Each member needs to pay \$50 for styling products.

31. The members of the Styling Club will meet _____ every week.

- A. one hour
- B. two hours
- C. three hours
- D. four hours

解析：细节理解题。根据 Our club meets every Tuesday after school, from 3:30 pm to 5:30 pm: 每周用时两个小时，故选 B。

答案：B

32. The members will learn how to _____ in the Styling Club.

- A. dress properly
- B. visit websites
- C. make beautiful clothes
- D. organize school activities

解析：细节理解题。根据 What will you learn? 解释，可知学员能学会基护发护肤技能及合适的混搭技能及特殊场合的穿着建议等，结合选项，故选 A。

答案：A

33. _____ will most probably join the Styling Club.

- A. Kids who dream to be web designers
- B. Teachers who expect to learn skin care

- C. Students who hope to look fashionable
- D. Parents who wish to improve make-up skills

解析：推理判断题。根据活动地点是学生活动中心及俱乐部主要提供的内容，故选 C。

答案：C

B

Around the world, there are about 7,000 National Parks. Most of them cover huge areas of land where nobody lives. However, the National Parks in England include places where people live and work, as well as wild areas where there are few human activities.

The National Parks in England are called “England’s Breathing Spaces” because they are places where people can go to be in the open air, away from the dirt and noise of cities. They provide wonderful scenes of mountains, woods, grasslands and wetlands. And there are plenty of activities to do in all of the National Parks in England. Visitors can walk or ride bikes for fun. Many of the parks put on activities for families.

Every year there are about 110 million visitors to the parks, bringing many benefits(益处) to the areas. At the same time, it creates problems too. First, life can be difficult for local people. Car parks and roads are too crowded. Gift shops and cafes take the place of many everyday shops. Even house prices in some areas can become too high. Besides, country roads can be damaged, for too many people walk, cycle or ride horses on them. Roads can be rebuilt, but then they look less natural. Another big problem to the National Parks is litter. In the parks it is a danger to wild animals. Broken glass can also cause fires by focusing the rays of the sun. Such fires in wild places can be out of control.

_____▲? All National Parks in England are making more rules, which tell people how to take good care of their environment. If these rules are followed, the National Parks will be well kept and continue to give pleasure to many people for a very long time.

34. Visitors to the National Parks in England can_____.

- A. give food to wild animals
- B. drive cars on the grasslands
- C. enjoy fresh air and peaceful time
- D. have fun farming with local people

解析：推理判断题。根据第二段描述 The National Parks in England are called “England’s Breathing Spaces” because they are places where people can go to be in the open air, away from the dirt and noise of cities., 可知人们可以享受新鲜的空气和宁静的时光，故选 C。

答案：C

35. The third paragraph mainly tells us_____.

- A. the problems of the National Parks
- B. the pollution caused by visitors
- C. the development of the National Parks
- D. the benefits brought by visitors

解析：归纳理解题。根据第三段转折句 At the same time, it creates problems too.及后文描述, 可知主要介绍了包括游客导致的污染在内的国家公园面临的问题。故选 A。

答案：A

36. Which of the following is the best sentence to fill in the blank in Paragraph 4?

- A. What can people get
- B. How can people help
- C. What are the National Parks like
- D. How are the National Parks set up

解析：推理判断题。根据上文介绍国家公园面临的问题及后文 All National Parks in England are making more rules,,故选 B。

答案： B

37. The passage is probably taken from the_____ part of a magazine.

- A. transport
- B. wildlife
- C. history
- D. geography

解析：推理判断题。题意：文意可能取自杂志的那部分？根据短文主要围绕国家公园介绍，对比选项，故选 D。

答案： D

C

Have you ever been in a conflict(冲突)? Do you know how to solve it? Conflict resolution is a peaceful way of trying to solve a conflict. Both sides in the conflict explain what they think happened to cause it. The person who listens to both sides is called the mediator(调解人).

After both sides tell what they think happened to cause the conflict, they discuss ways to solve it. They try to come up with a “resolution” that both sides agree to. They cannot be angry during the communication. Everyone should use good listening and attending skills while talking. If voices get too loud or it appears that someone is angry, the mediator will speak up and have them treat each other with respect. After different suggestions are shared in how to mediate the conflict, it is time for discussing the best solution(解决办法).

Here is an example of how conflict resolution works step by step in a school playground setting:

- Someone says a student pushed him on the football field.
- The person who was accused as the “pusher” says it was actually an accident.
- The person who was pushed gets the mediator.
- The mediator takes the two persons to a quieter place , away from others to talk.
- The mediator calms them down and lets the m know he understands their feelings.



- Each person describes what happened.
- The mediator repeats what he heard, so it is clear to everyone.

- The mediator asks for ideas to solve the problem.
- The two persons offer their own solutions.
- The two persons have a discussion and come to an agreement.
- The mediator makes sure the persons follow the solution.
- The mediator offers praise for solving the problem.

Conflict resolution can be used in many environments. It encourages people to tell what really happened, to share their feelings, and to work together peacefully to solve the problem. It offers people workable steps to reach an agreement with the help of a mediator.

38. According to the passage, if two students have had a fight, they had better_____.

- A. call the police
- B. get a mediator
- C. ask parents for ideas
- D. describe the fight to teachers

解析：推理判断题。根据短文主要介绍了解决冲突的一种方式：通过调解人和平解决问题。根据题意，故选 B。

答案：B

39. In conflict resolution, the mediator's job is to_____.

- A. describe what really happened to both sides
- B. help both sides reach an agreement in a proper way
- C. listen to both sides and then punish the trouble maker
- D. write down what both sides have explained in the communication

解析：细节理解题。根据第二段及第三段的举例说明可知调解人主要帮助双方以适当方式达成意见一致。故选 B。

答案：B

40. The underlined words “was accused” in this passage might mean “_____” in Chinese.

- A. 被惩罚
- B. 被轻视
- C. 被指责
- D. 被否定

解析：词义猜测题。根据 as the “pusher”可知是被指控为 pusher，被指控为推人的人说那是个意外，故选 C。

答案：C

41. The writer gives the example in the passage in order to_____.

- A. show how a mediator works in a football match
- B. help us know the importance of a mediator in daily life
- C. show how conflict resolution is used in different environments
- D. help us clearly understand the workable steps in conflict resolution

解析：归纳理解题。根据第三段主要通过例子讲解了冲突解决步骤，故选 D。

答案：D

Kathy could still remember the night she had to leave her home in Hungary. It was the beginning of World War II and her family had to leave their country as soon as possible. She quickly filled a bag with a few pieces of clothing, her diary, and her treasure—a beautiful silk scarf.

Kathy and her best friend, Monica, had asked their parents to buy them matching scarves. They each would wear the scarves as a symbol of their friendship. Kathy had no idea that she was going to America that night and would not be returning.

Kathy kept that special silk scarf for many years. One day she decided to give it to her granddaughter, Eliza, to wear to her first job interview for good luck. Kathy was afraid that Eliza would lose the scarf, but the granddaughter promised, “Don’t worry, Grandma, nothing’s going to happen to your scarf. You’ll see. It is going to bring both of us luck today.” And with that, Eliza kissed her grandmother and left for the interview.

That afternoon Eliza left the interview, feeling sure that she had got the job. So she decided to celebrate by going to a restaurant. As she was sitting at her table, she felt someone looking at her. Sitting next to her was an old woman, who could not take her eyes away from her.

“I’m sorry, do I know you?” Eliza asked.

“I’m sorry, dear, but you make me think of someone I once knew,” the old woman replied. “My best friend looked like you and used to wear a scarf just like the one you’re wearing around your neck.” Eliza listened carefully, with her eyes and mouth wide open. She had heard stories of her grandmother’s best friend and knew the meaning of the scarf. Could this be Monica, her grandmother’s childhood friend?

Eliza introduced herself and waited to hear the name of the other woman.

“My name’s Monica, dear. I lived in Hungary as a child, but my family had to leave when I was fourteen years old. I’ve been living here in California ever since.” said the old woman.

Eliza could not believe her ears ...

42. Kathy and her family left their country because _____.

- A. Kathy found a job in the USA
- B. Kathy would study in California
- C. they had no friends in Europe
- D. they wanted to get away from the war

解析：细节理解题。根据 It was the beginning of World War II and her family had to leave their country as soon as possible.可知凯西一家是为了逃离战争而离开，故选 D。

答案：D

43. From the underlined sentence in Paragraph 6, we can infer(推断) that Eliza felt _____.

- A. surprised
- B. thankful
- C. sorry
- D. nervous

解析：细节理解题。根据 Eliza listened carefully, with her eyes and mouth wide open. Eliza 仔细地听着，嘴巴和眼睛睁得很大。根据 Eliza 的表情可知她非常吃惊，故选 A。

答案：A

44. What would Eliza most probably do after the dinner?

- A. She gave the silk scarf to Monica.
- B. She went for another job interview.
- C. She showed Monica around California.
- D. She took Monica to meet her grandmother.

解析：推理判断题。根据短文最后可知 Monica 就是 Eliza 奶奶的失散多年的好友，根据故事的发展，Eliza 会把老人带到那里，使她们相见，故选 D。

答案：D

45. The best title for this passage can be_____.

- A. A Gift from Parents
- B. A Scarf of Luck
- C. A Successful Interview
- D. A Story in the War

解析：标题归纳题。根据短文主要围绕一条围巾为线索展开描述，故选 B。

答案：B

卷 II

四、词汇运用（本题有 15 小题；每小题 1 分；共计 15 分）

A.用方框中所给词语的适当形式填空。每词限用一次。

Asian	empty	in person	paint	nearly
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46. As it was getting dark, the streets in this town became almost_____.

解析：由于天逐渐黑了，这个城镇的街道变得几乎空了。结合句意，故填 empty。

答案：empty

47. Although Jenny is only 12 years old, she's_____ as tall as her father.

解析：尽管詹妮才十二岁，但是她几乎和父亲一样高。结合句意，故填 nearly。

答案：nearly

48. If you can't be there_____, the next best thing is watching the match on TV.

解析：如果你不能亲自去哪里，接下来最好的事情就是通过电视看比赛。结合句意，故填 in person。

答案：in person

49. You can find elephants both in Africa and_____, but they are kind of different.

解析：你在亚洲和非洲都能发现大象，但是他们有一些不同。结合句意，故填 Asia。

答案：Asia

50. The students were_____ pictures for the art show when the teacher came in.

解析：当老师进来时，学生们正在为艺术展作画。was doing,过去进行时，故填 painting。

答案：painting

B.根据短文内容和所给中文提示，在空白处写出单词的正确形式。每空限填一词。

All About "A-thons"

A marathon(马拉松) is a long-distance running race. Now it is not only a competition, but some people organize marathons for charity(慈善). Runners get friends, families and other people to 51 (支持) them. They promise to provide a certain amount of money for every race. For example, if the runner runs one 52 (千米), the providers each give the runner \$1 for the charity.

A 53 (许多) of money can be raised this way. However, not everyone can run, so people in the USA have thought of other ways to raise money, using the idea of a marathon.

Walk-a-thons A walk-a-thon is similar to a marathon, but people walk 54 (代替) of running. This is one of the most 55 (受欢迎的) ways for people to raise money.

Read-a-thons Many schools organize read-a-thons to raise money. Students can get money 56 (简单地) for the number of books they read in a given amount of time. They may have 57 (十) weeks to read. Little kids can also get money according to how many 58 (页) they read. The read-a-thons are 59 (举行) not only to raise money, but also to encourage teenagers to read.

Bowl-a- thons Bowling is an 60 (有趣的) sport for many Americans. In a bowl-a-thon, people raise money for every point they get in the game. The higher the score is, the more money they make for the charity.

51.

解析：马拉松选手使朋友，家人和其他人支持他们。get sb. to do sth.促使某人做某事，故填 support。

答案：support

52.

解析：如果运动员跑一千米，供应商为慈善给运动员一美元。结合句意，故填 kilometer/kilometer。

答案：kilometer/kilometre

53.

解析：用这种方式，许多钱能筹集起来。a lot of 许多，结合句意，故填 lot。

答案：lot

54.

解析：walk-a-thon 和马拉松类似，但是人们步行代替了跑步。instead of 代替，故填 instead。

答案：instead

55.

解析：这是人们最受欢迎的筹集钱的方式之一。结合句意，故填 popular/welcome。

答案：popular/welcome

56.

解析：学生能容易地获得钱因为他们在给出时间内读书的数@。结合句意，故填 simply/easily。

答案：simply/easily

57.

解析：他们可能有十周时间阅读。结合句意，故填 ten。

答案：ten

58.

解析：小孩子也能通过他们读了多少页书获得钱。结合句意，故填 pages。

答案：pages

59.

解析：举行 read-a-thons 不仅是为了筹集钱也是为了鼓励青少年阅读。结合句意，故填 held。

答案：held

60.

解析：保龄球对于许多美国人是一项有趣的运动。结合句意，故填 interesting/enjoyable。

答案：interesting/enjoyable

五、语法填空（本题有 10 小题；每小题 1 分；共计 10 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的词，或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

Justin is a 16-year-old boy. He is thinking about how 61 (spend) his money during winter vacation. He 62 (save) up about 300 dollars already. He plans to buy 63 computer with his money but he also wants to go skating with his friends. He can't do both 64 he doesn't have enough money. What should Justin do?

We are often in these kinds of situations. You want to see a concert 65 Saturday, but it is also your mother's birthday and you do not want to let 66 (she) down. In this case, you don't have enough time to go to both 67 (place). You must make a decision. You must think about 68 should be done first. You must consider the following questions 69 (serious).

Which is more important?

Which decision needs my attention more?

Which choice would satisfy me more?

After you've answered these questions, it may be much 70 (easy) for you to decide what to do. So the next time you must make a decision, remember to prioritize(优先考虑).

61.

解析：他正在考虑在寒假怎么花费他的钱。疑问词加动词不定式做宾语，故填 to spend。

答案：to spend

62.

解析：他已经攒了大约三百美元。根据 already 可知用现在完成时，故填 has saved。

答案：has saved

63.

解析：他计划用他的钱买一台电脑。结合句意，故填 a。

答案：a

64.

解析：他不能两件事都做因为他没有足够的钱。结合句意，故填 because/as/since。

答案: because/as/since

65.

解析: 我们想看音乐会在周六。在周几用介词 on。

答案: on

66.

解析: 你不想让她失望。let sb. down 让某人失望, 故填 her。

答案: her

67.

解析: 在这种情况下, 你没有足够的时间两个地方都去。结合句意, 故填 places。

答案: places

68.

解析: 你必须考虑什么应该先做。结合句意, 故填 which/what。

答案: which/what

69.

解析: 你必须认真考虑以下问题, 结合句意, 故填 seriously。

答案: seriously

70.

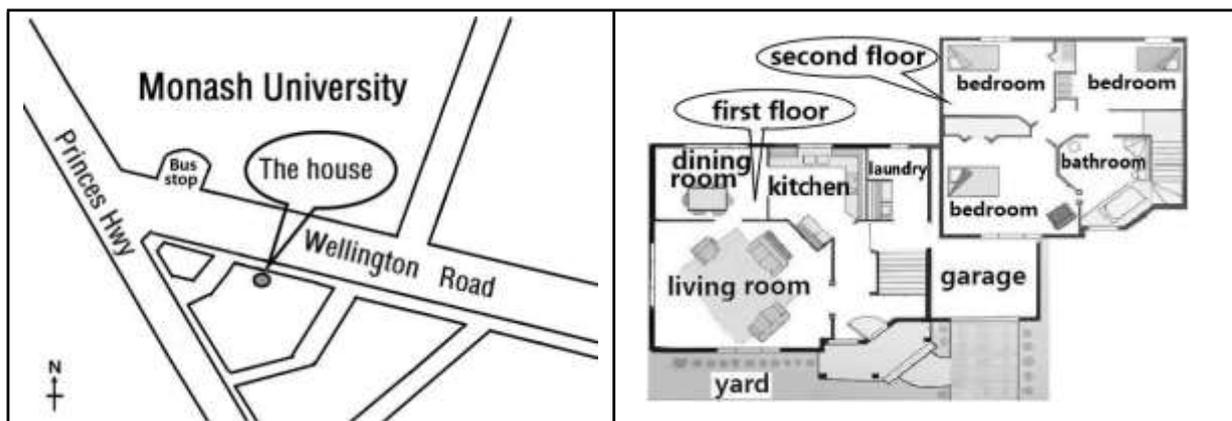
解析: 在你回答了这些问题后, 对于你来说, 决定做什么就简单多了。much 修饰比较级, 故填 easier。

答案: easier

六、任务型阅读 (本题有 5 小题; 每小题 1 分; 共计 5 分)

Peter 将离开墨尔本 (Melbourne) 外出工作一年, 他打算将其房屋出租。请根据下面的地图与房屋平面示意图, 把他的房屋出租信息补充完整。

House for Rent



Want a nice house for just \$ 600 a week? This house is on 71 Road in the City of Melbourne. It is just opposite Monash 72. It is well kept by the owner. Outside the house, there is a garage and a yard in the front. On the 73 floor, there is a living room, a dining room, a 74, and a laundry. On the second floor, there is one big 75 and three bedrooms, fully furnished.

71.

解析：根据图示，可知房子在 Wellington 路，故填 Wellington。

答案：Wellington

72.

解析：根据图示可知房子在 Monash University 大学对过，故填 University。

答案：University

73.

解析：根据图示可知起居室，餐厅，厨房，洗衣房在一楼，故填 first。

答案：first

74.

解析：根据图示可知起居室，餐厅，厨房，洗衣房在一楼，故填 kitchen。

答案：kitchen

75.

解析：根据图示可知在二楼，有一个大卧室，三个小卧室。故填 bathroom。

答案：bathroom

七、书面表达（共 1 小题；满分 20 分）

76. 学校将举办 “A Summer for Better English” 活动。请你从下面的推荐书单中选择 2 本想阅读的书刊，然后用英语写一篇短文说明你的选择意向及理由，在学校的 English Corner 分享。

A list of books for English skills and fun

- Basic English Writing
- Secrets of English Words
- A Guide to English Listening
- 20 Topics for English Speaking
- Treasure Island
- Robinson Crusoe
- Alice's Adventures in Wonderland
- Time for Kids (a magazine)

注意：(1) 必须从书单中选择 2 本书刊，并阐述理由。

(2) 文中不得出现与你身份相关的信息。

(3) 词数：80~100。短文首句仅供选择使用，不计入总词数。

短文首句：To improve our English, the school has given a list of books for us to read this summer.

解析：这是一篇话题作文。首先要选择自己熟悉的两本书籍，以便有话可说。然后根据书籍的内容介绍自己选择这些书的原因及对自己英语提高的帮助。在写作中尽量选择自己熟悉的句式，避免不熟悉句式使用出错。

答案：范文：

To improve our English, the school has given a list of books for us to read this summer. Of all the suggested books, I have decided to choose Secrets of English Words and Time for Kids.

The first one is a book which may help use English words better. By reading this book, I will surely learn more new words. This will make my future study much easier. Time for Kids is a popular magazine specially written for students, in which I will read interesting stories and have a taste of teen life abroad. So it must be great fun reading it.

By being part of this activity, I am expecting a big step forward in my English.

(100 words)