

2016年黑龙江省哈尔滨市中考真题英语

一、选择题

1. Boys and girls, keep calm and be confident. I am sure all of you are _____ excellent students.

- A. an
- B. a
- C. /

解析：考查冠词的用法。句意：孩子们，保持冷静，要有自信。我确信你们所有的人都是优秀的学生。不定冠词 a/an 表示某一类人或某事物中的任何一个，经常用在第一次提到某人或某物时，用不定冠词起介绍作用，表示一个。根据 students 是复数，故选 C。

答案：C

2. Don't stay inside _____ such a sunny morning. Let's go out to enjoy the gentle wind and the sweet flowers.

- A. on
- B. in
- C. from

解析：考查介词的用法。句意：在那么晴朗的一个上午不要待在屋子里面。让我们出去享受轻柔的风和芳香的花吧。与时间连用的介词主要有：at, in, on., at 主要和表示时间点的词连用；in 主要和表示一段时间的词连用；on 主要和星期，具体的一天，具体一天的上下午晚上，有天气修饰的时间连用。故选 A。

答案：A

3. —The temperature is 30°C today. I prefer staying in to going out.

—It will be _____ tomorrow. The temperature will reach 35°C.

- A. colder
- B. hotter
- C. hottest

解析：考查比较等级的用法。句意：—今天气温 30 度。与出去相比我更喜欢待在家里。—明天会更热。气温会达到 35 度。A. colder 比较级，更冷；B. hotter 比较级，更热；C.

hottest 最高级，最热。根据明天的气温数，可知明天的天气更热，两者比较用比较级，故选 B。

答案：B

4. As middle school students, we should _____ to protecting our school environment.

A. make a contribution

B. make a decision

C. make progress

解析：考查动词短语的用法。句意：作为中学生，我们应该为保护我们的学校的环境做贡献。

A. make a contribution 做贡献，做奉献；B. make a decision 做决定；C. make progress 取得进步。结合句意，故选 A。

答案：A

5. —Which of the two T-shirt would you like to choose?

—Both. Then I can give one to my brother and leave _____ to myself.

A. another

B. the other

C. other

解析：考查不定代词的用法。句意：--你想选择这两个衬衫中的哪个？一两个都要。我就能一个给我的哥哥，留下另一件给我自己。A. another 另一个，只原来的基础上再增加一个；B. the other 另一个，特指两个中的另一个；C. other 其他的，泛指。根据 both,可知共有两个，结合句意，故选 B。

答案：B

6. Xi Jinping, our _____ president, paid a visit to Harbin last month, How encouraging!

A. 63 years old

B. 63 years' old

C. 63-year-old

解析：考查复合形容词的用法。句意：习近平，我们的六十三岁的总书记，上个月到哈尔滨视察，多么的令人鼓舞！A. 63 years old 六十三岁，表示年龄；B. 63 years' old 结构错误 C. 63-year-old 六十三岁的，复合形

容词，用来修饰名词。结合句意，故选 C。

答案：C

7. —Hi .Jack! Could you come to our English party?

—Sorry, I _____. I have to look after my little sister at home.

A. must

B. could

C. can't

解析：考查情态动词的用法。句意：--嗨，杰克！你能来参加我们的英语派对吗？--对不起，我不能。我不得不在家照顾我的妹妹。must，必须，一定；could，能，can 的过去式；can't 不能。根据杰克的理由及 sorry，可知是否定回答，故选 C。

答案：C

8. —I am going to Australia next week.

—The radio says there is going to be _____ in Australia. Don't forget to take your warm clothes.

A. snow

B. snowy

C. knowing

解析：考查动词辨析。句意：--下周我打算去澳大利亚。--收音机说在澳大利亚将下雪。不要忘记带上你的厚衣服。snow，雪，名词；下雪，动词；snowy 下雪的，形容词；snowing,现在分词形式。there be 句型表示有……，所以空格处加名词，故选 A。

答案：A

9. —I want to travel to the Black Bear Island next weekend.

—Good idea! Make a plan first, _____ you will enjoy more beautiful scenery.

A. but

B. and

C. however

解析：考查连词的用法。句意：--下个周末我打算去黑熊岛旅行。--好主意！先做个计划，然后你就能享受更美好的旅程了。but，但是，表示主从句的转折关系；and，表示并列关系；however，然而，表示转折的意思。结合句意，关系 B。

答案：B

10. —Shakespeare(莎士比亚) is a great writer _____ is considered as a genius (天才) .

—I think so. Many people around the world admire him very much.

A. when

B. who

C. which

解析：考查定语从句的用法。句意：--莎士比亚是个伟大的作家，被人们认为是个天才的作家。--我认为那样。全世界许多人都非常仰慕他。定语从句用来充当句中定语的成分，被修饰的名词叫先行词，连接主从句的是关系词。关系词分：1 关系代词：who, whom, whose, which, that。2 关系副词：where, when why 等。一般的 who 用于指代人的先行词，which 用来指代物的先行词，that 既可指人又可指物。根据先行词是人，关系 B。

答案：B

11, —Could you tell me where you found Miss Gao just now?

—Certainly. In the principal's office. They _____ happily at that time.

A. are talking

B. have talked

C. were talking

解析：考查动词的时态。句意：--你能告诉我刚才你在哪里找的高小姐了吗？--当然可以。在校长办公室。那个时候他们正在愉快的交谈。A. are talking 现在进行时； B. have talked 现在完成时； C. were talking 过去进行时。根据语境，可知用过去进行时，故选 C。

答案：C

12. Your hearing will be badly hurt _ you always listen to music by earphone (耳机)

A. whether

B. where

C. if

解析：考查连词的用法。句意：如果你总是通过耳机听音乐那么你的听力将受到严重伤害。A. whether 是否；经常用来引导宾语从句；B. where 哪里；C. if 如果，引导条件状语从句；是否，引导宾语从句。根据句意，可知后句是条件状语从句，故选 C。

答案：C

13. — Look at the man in blue! Do you know _____ ?

—Oh, he is a policeman.

A. what does he

B. what he does

C. how he does

解析：考查宾语从句的用法。句意：--看那个穿着蓝色衣服的男人。你知道他是干什么的吗？--哦，他是个警察。宾语从句的结构：主语+谓语+连接词+从句。从句在句中作宾语。从句要用陈述句的语序。如果主句是一般现在时，从句根据需要进行选择时态，如果主句是过去时态，从句要用相应的过去时态。但是从句是客观真理，一般用一般现在时态。A 选项语序错误；C 项中的疑问词有误，提问职业用 what。故选 B。

答案：B

14 —What are you going to do this Saturday?

—I am going to the old people's home to celebrate Mrs. Green's _____ birthday.

A. ninty-ninth

B. ninety-ninth

C. ninety-nineth

解析：考查序数词的用法。句意：--这个周六你打算做什么？--我打算去敬老院为格林夫人庆祝九十九岁生日。one's + 序数词 + birthday, 某人.....岁生日。几十变序数词时只要各位变成序数词就可以，nine 去掉 e 加 th 变成序数词 ninth，故选 B。

答案：B

15. Thanksgiving Day is on the fourth Thursday of November. On that day, families and friends often get together to have a big dinner, giving their thanks to God for what they have got. It is a traditional ___ festival.

A. American

B. Chinese

C. Japanese

解析：考查文化常识的用法。句意：感恩节在十二月的第四个星期四。在那一天，家人和朋友通常会相聚在一起吃一顿大餐，为他们所拥有的感谢上帝。那是一个传统的美国节日。A. American 美国的；B. Chinese 中国的；C. Japanese

日本的。根据文化常识，故选 A。

答案：A

16. Nowadays, we don't have enough resources to use. So it's everyone's duty to save them for the future. To save resources, we should_____.

①throw away a pencil without completely using it

②collect waste things for recycling

③go to school by bike instead of by car

④turn off the tap while brushing our teeth

⑤keep the lights on day and night

A. ①②⑤

B. ②③④

C. ②④⑤

解析：考查句子理解。句意：现在，我们没有足够的可以利用过的资源。所以为了未来节约资源是我们每一个人的责任。为了节约资源，我应该怎么做？①throw away a pencil without completely using it 没有完全用完铅笔就扔掉；②collect waste things for recycling 收集废物以回收利用；③go to school by bike instead of by car 骑自行车上学代替乘坐小汽车；④turn off the tap while brushing our teeth 刷牙时关闭水龙头；⑤keep the lights on day and night 白天晚上都开着灯。根据句意可知 234 是有利于节约能源的，故选 B。

答案：B

17. A survey(调查) about the activity Helping the Homeless Children was made in Lucy and Lily's class. They and their 48 classmates took an active part in this activity. According to the form below, _____ students gave away school things.

Students	Girls (clothes)	Girls (school things)	Boys (clothes)	Boys (school things)
Percentage(百分比) of the whole class	28%	20%	22%	

A. 24

B. 15

C. 25

解析：考查计算理解。句意：在露西和丽丽的班级展开了一份关于帮助无家可归的孩子的活动调查。他们和 48 个同班同学参加了这项活动。根据以下表格，多少学生捐献了学习用品。根据女生占 20%，剩余的男生是 30%，总人数是 $48 \div 20\% = 240$ ，可知是 25 人，故选 C。

答案：C

18. Which of the following words has the same sound as the underlined letters of the word their

A. though

B. third

C. throat

解析：考查单词发音。句意：下列哪个单词和单词 their 划线字母的发音相同？根据划线的单词的字母的读音是 /ð/，而选项中 third, throat, 中的 th 都发 /θ/，though 中的 th 发 /ð/，故选 A。

答案：A

19. In the following words, which underlined letter has a different sound from the others?

A. drum

B. husband

C. pull

解析：考查单词发音。句意：在下面单词中，哪个划线字母和其他两个单词的发音不同？根据 drum 中的 u 发 /ʌ/，husband 中的 u 发 /ʌ/，pull 中的 u 发 /u/。故选 C。

答案：C

20. Which word of the following doesn't have the same stress as the others?

A. Again.

B. Speaker.

C. Window.

解析：考查单词词义。句意：下面那个单词不像其他单词一样有那么大的压力？A. Again. 再，再一次；B. Speaker. 演讲者；C. Window. 窗户，结合问题，故选 A。

答案：A

二、完形填空

Be pleased to do anything even though it is very tiny. In fact, there's no single thing that is not worth doing or you are not able to do. So living a happy life with a light heart is the most important. A good mood decides your quality of life. Then 21 can you live a happy life?

Make each day meaningful(有意义的) by helping someone or just making someone smile. The feeling which makes you want to help others 22 at the bottom of your heart. Happiness depends on your feelings in your heart. Helping others is helping yourself. By helping others, you 23 more. Seeing their satisfied smile will make you feel 24 of what you have done.

Face difficulties bravely in your life. 25 may meet with difficulties. No one can avoid them. The difficulties can teach you a lot. They are your treasure. They will help you to be closer to 26.

Focus on the good experiences you 27 in the past few years. Be grateful to life. Don't think too much about the negative things. They 28 bad weather. Bad weather will pass sooner or later, so will the negative things. You may find many dead ends in your life. but you will 29 find your way out of them. Everything will get better at last.

Never worry about the things you can't change, Worrying isn't useful. Worrying can 30 change the situation 30 solve any problem. Perhaps, not every dream will be realized; not every effort(努力) will be completed. Never mind, and take it easy.

Come on, everybody! Let's live a happy life with a light heart and enjoy the beautiful sunshine every day.

根据短文内容选择最佳答案。

21.

A. what

B. how

C. why

解析：考查疑问词及语境的理解。A.what 什么； B. how 怎样； C. why 为什么。根据后文都是在描述怎样才能使生活快乐的方法，可知句意：那么怎样才能过愉快的生活呢？故选 B。

答案：B

22.

A. May

B. staying

C. slays

解析：考查动词及语境的理解。A.May 五月； B. staying 停留； C. slays 第三人称单数；那种使你想要帮助其他人的感觉就在你的心底。根据主语是动名词，所以谓语动词用第三人称单数，故选 C。

答案：C

23.

A. are giving

B. will give

C. will be given

解析：考查动词及语境的理解。A. are giving 进行时； B. will give 将来时； C. will be given 被动语态的将来时。根据上文帮助别人就是帮助自己，可知句意：通过帮助别人你将获得更多。主语和谓语动词之间是动宾关系，所以用被动语态，故选 C。

答案：C

24.

A. proud

B. afraid

C. tired

解析：考查形容词及语境的理解。A. proud 骄傲的；B. afraid 害怕的；C. tired 疲惫的。看着他们满足的微笑将使你为自己所做的事感到骄傲。根据句意，故选 A。

答案：A

25.

A. Somebody

B. Nobody

C. Everybody

解析：考查代词及语境的理解。A. Somebody 有人；B. Nobody 没有人；C. Everybody 每一个人。根据后文没有人能避免他们，可知句意：每一个都可能遇到困难。结合句意，故选 C。

答案：C

26.

A. failure

B. success

C. trouble

解析：考查名词及语境的理解。A. failure 失败；B. success 成功；C. trouble 麻烦。根据上文可知困难将帮助你离成功越来越近。故选 B。

答案：B

27.

A. have had

B. have

C. has

解析：考查动词及语境的理解。A. have had 选择完成时；B. have 动词原形；C. has 第三人称单数。关注在最近几年里你所拥有过的好的经历。感恩生活。in the past few yearsz 在最近几年里，现在完成时的标准词，故选 A。

答案：A

28.

A. are different from

B. are fond of

C. are similar to

解析：考查短语及语境的理解。A. are different from 与.....不同；B. are fond of 喜欢；C. are similar to 与.....相似。他们和坏天气相似。糟糕的天气早晚都会过去，消极的事情也是一样。结合句意，故选 C。

答案：C

29.

A. always

B. seldom

C. never

解析：考查动词及语境的理解。A. always 总是；B. seldom 很少；C. never 从不。你总是能找到解决问题的方法，故选 A。

答案：A

30.

A. not only; but also

B. neither; nor

C. either; or

解析：考查动词及语境的理解。A. not only; but also 不仅而且；B. neither; nor 既不，也不；C. either; or 或者，或者。担忧既不能改变情况也不能解决问题。结合句意，故选 B。

答案：B

三、

(A)

Ms. Smith lived in a small village. She was born with a silver spoon. When her parents died, they left her a lot of money. After that, she lived on her own. Unfortunately, she became blind after a serious illness. She went to see lots of famous doctors, but nobody was able to cure her eyes. She felt very sad.

One day, a man named Tom came to the village where Ms. Smith lived. He heard about her illness and came to her house. He told Ms. Smith that he had much experience. He was sure to cure her eyes. But she must pay him a large amount of money. Ms. Smith agreed. "But you can't get a penny if you fail, " said the lady.

During the treatment, Tom found Ms. Smith was very rich. There were plenty of good things in her house. He stole many valuable things from the house. Several weeks later, Tom cured Ms. Smith. The lady could really see with her eyes. When Tom asked for money, Ms. Smith refused. She said, "You haven't cured my eyes. Before I was blind, I could all the things in my room. _____"

Hearing that, Tom stood there and couldn't say a word.

根据短文内容选择最佳答案。

31. The underlined sentence "She was born with a silver spoon." most probably means _____.

- A. she had poor parents
- B. she was born in a rich family
- C. she had meals with a very expensive spoon

解析：句意猜测题。根据短文中 When her parents died, they left her a lot of money.可知她是含着金汤匙出生的，即她出生在富有的家庭，故选 B。

答案：B

32. Tom came to visit Ms. Smith for the first time because he _____

- A. wanted to steal her money
- B. wanted to help her for free
- C. wanted to cure her illness in order to make money

解析：细节理解题。根据短文 He was sure to cure her eyes. But she must pay him a large amount of money.可知汤姆最初的目的就是想通过治疗史密斯女士的眼睛赚钱，故选 C。

答案：C

33. After Ms. Smith was cured, _____.

- A. Tom paid her a lot of money
- B. she refused to pay Tom any money
- C. she paid Tom lots of money at once

解析：细节理解题。根据 The lady could really see with her eyes. When Tom asked for moneys. Ms. Smith refused. 可知史密斯女士在眼睛治愈后拒绝给汤姆钱，故选 B。

答案：B

34. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. Ms. Smith was horn blind.

B. Many valuable things were stolen from Tom' 8 house.

C. It took Tom several weeks to cure Ms. Smith.

解析：细节理解题。根据短文描述可知史密斯女士不是一出生就是盲的，汤姆从史密斯女士的家里偷了东西，所以 AB 错误。根据 Several weeks later, Tom cured Ms. Smith. The lady could really see with her eyes. 可知 C 正确，故选 C。

答案：C

35. " _____ n can be the missing sentence in the passage.

A. What a colorful world!

B. But now I can't any of them.

C. Thank you for curing my eyes.

解析：推理判断题。根据上文“在我盲之前，我能看的我房间内的所有的东西”及故事的发展，可知下句是“但是我现在看不到他们当中的任何一件东西”故选 B。

答案：B

(B)

Replacing some things in your house at the right time can make you healthier. Some researches show us when and why the following things should be replaced.

Item	 Toothbrush	 Cutting board	 Chopsticks	 Blanket
Main Material	Plastic	Wood	Wood	Wool
Cleaning Way	Using warm water	Using hot water	Using hot water	Dry-cleaning
Replacing Reason	Causing a toothache	Producing bacteria	Producing bacteria	Being worn out
Replacing Time	Every three months	Every three years	Every five months	Every five years

Word Box: wool 羊毛 dry-clean 干洗 bacteria 细菌

根据表格所提供的信息选择最佳答案

36. According to the form above, _____ of the four items is (are) mainly made of wood.

- A. one
- B. two
- C. three

解析：细节理解题。根据表格可以看出菜板和筷子是木制的，故选 B。

答案：B

37. Your _____ needs replacing every three months because it may cause you to have a toothache.

- A. toothbrush
- B. cutting board
- C. blanket

解析：细节理解题。根据物品的替换时间及原因，可知牙刷需要每三个月换一次，故选 A。

答案：A

38. According to the form above, blankets should be used _____ .

- A. for the shortest time of the four
- B. for the longest time of the four
- C. as long as chopsticks

解析：细节理解题。根据四种物品需要替换的时间可知毯子使用的时间是四件物品中时间最长的，故选

B。

答案： B

39. You should clean ___ with hotwater

A. chopsticks and blankets

B. cutting boards and chopsticks

C. toothbrushes and culling boards

解析： 细节理解题。根据表格中清洗方式可知切菜板和筷子要用热水清洗， 故选 B。

答案： B

40. Which of the following is TRUE according to the form above?

A. Your cutting board should be dry-cleaned hot water.

B. Warm water prevents your chopsticks from producing bacteria.

C. Being worn out is the reason for replacing your blanket.

解析： 细节理解题。切菜板清洗方法是用热水； 对于牙刷没有提及为什么要用温水清洗； 换掉毛毯的原因是用旧了。 故选 C。

答案： C

(C)

Once upon a time, there lived a teacher in a small town. He often taught his students in special ways. Once he sent four of his students to go to a small farm to see apple trees in different seasons. The first student went in winter, the second in spring. The third in summer. And the last in autumn.

After the four students came back, the teacher called them together. They pictured (描述) their feeling to the teacher. The first student said that there were no leaves on the trees. It made him very disappointed. The second student said his eyes were full of light green. It made him feel hopeful. The third one disagreed. "What are you talking about? How pretty the trees were! The sweet smell of the beautiful flowers spread (传播) here and there." The last one shook his head. He only saw a lot of apples on the beautiful trees.

The teacher smiled and told his students none of them were wrong. They each just saw one season. He continued, "The trees are not the same in different seasons. You can't judge (判断) a tree by only one season. Don't let the regret of one season destroy the beauty of the rest. "

Everything has different sides in our life. Don't hurry to make a conclusion(结论)before seeing the whole of it.

根据短文内容判断正、误。

(注意:考生将答题卡相应位置涂黑。正确的打"√",错误的打"×")

41. Four students were sent to see apples in different seasons.

解析: 细节理解题。根据 Once he sent four of his students to go to a small farm to see apple trees in different seasons.可知是看苹果树,而不是苹果,故填 B。

答案: B

42. The first student left for the small farm in winter.

解析: 细节理解题。根据 The first student went in winter, 可知第一个学生是在冬天出发去农场的,故填 A。

答案: A

43. The last student saw the beautiful trees with many apples.

解析: 细节理解题。根据 The last one shook his head. He only saw a lot of apples on the beautiful trees.可知描述正确,故选 A。

答案: A

44. The teacher thought his four students were completely wrong.

解析: 细节理解题。根据 The teacher smiled and told his students none of them were wrong.可知老师认为他们没有人是错误的,所以所给的句子错误,故选 B。

答案: B

45. The passage mainly tells us that we should judge things by only one side.

解析: 归纳理解题。根据短文描述老师想告诉学生要从整体上去判断事物,可知所给的结论是错误的,故选 B。

答案: B

Have you ever seen the movie. *Big Hero 6*? Baymax(大白) is a main character in the movie. He's a friendly big robot that looks after people's health. If there is a robot like Baymax in our real life, people will get more benefits. The robot will be especially helpful in caring for the old. The health of old people needs greater monitoring and care.

Scientists in America are now working to make Baymax a really(实现)- Actually, they have already produced some health care robots. These robots provide brain video games to improve people's memory. The garner can help the old remember things for longer. Besides, these provide special app(应用程序) to help the old manage their health at home. The apps can check the old people' heart rate(心率) and tell them to take their medicine on lime. The apps can also record their daily activities. Such collected information helps doctors discover the cause of an illness faster and more correctly. But the health care robots are' t as clever as Baymax yet.

Nowadays, scientists are working on improving the health care robots. They Hope the robots can produce electricity by walking across the floor. If they succeed, batteries will not be needed. They also hope the robots communicate with humans in the daily life so to make people happier and healthier.

Scientists are trying to realize these dreams. Like Baymax, these health care robots may save people's lives in the future. We are looking forward to them.

选择最佳答案。

46. The underlined word "monitoring** in the passage means “ _____ ” in Chinese.

- A .监测
- B 娱乐
- C .危害

解析：词义猜测题。根据前文 The robot will be especially helpful in caring for the old.机器人鞍呢很好的照顾老人，可以推断是监测老人的健康，故选 A。

答案：A

47. According to the passage, Baymax is _____

- A. a friendly small robot that looks after people's health
- B. as clever as the health care robots in real life
- C. a main character in the movie *Big Hero 6*

解析：细节理解题。根据 Have you ever seen the movie. *Big Hero 6*? Baymax(大白) is a main character in the movie.故选 C。

答案：C

48. In the passage, the health care robots that have been produced by scientists _____ .

- A. can't improve people's memory
- B. can communicate with humane in the daily life
- C. can help the old manage their health at home

解析：细节理解题。根据 Besides, these provide special app (应用程序) to help the old manage their health at home. 故选 C。

答案：C

49. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Nowadays the health care robots ran product electricity by walking across the floor.
- B. Both the doctors and the old who use the health care robots can get help from them.
- C. The health earn robots can provide video games to check a person's heart rate.

解析：细节理解题。根据 They also hope the robots communicate with humans in the daily life so to make people happier and healthier.

答案：B

50. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. It's mainly about the movie *Big Hero 6*.
- B. It's mainly about the health care robots
- C. It's mainly about the importance of health.

解析：归纳理解题。根据短文主要围绕对于照顾人们的健康有帮助机器人描写的，故选 B。

答案：B

第 n 卷

四、交际应用（本 B 共 15 分，每空 1 分 1

（A）从 A - J 选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项补全对话。选项中有两项是多余的

A: Hi, Zhou Ning! Happy Children's Day!

B: Hi. Li Dan! 51

A: What's your plan for today?

B: 52 I am getting ready for it now, but I'm a little worried about it.

A: It's a good chance to stay with kids 53

B: Yes. I'll communicate with some foreign kids after the ceremony. But I don't know what to talk about.

A: 54 In them, you can find out different kinds of topics, such as music, animals, ball games and soon.

B: Good idea! Kids must be interested in these topics. 55

A: You can buy them in Xuefu Bookstore.

B: 56

A: Yes, but you can go there by subway.

B: 57

A: Xuefu Road.

B: 58 Thanks a lot.

A: My pleasure.

A. I'll go to the bookstore at once.

B. Is the bookstore far from here?

C. Is anything wrong?

D. By the way, where can I find the magazines?

E. I'd rather stay at home than go swimming.

F. I've been invited to attend an awards ceremony this afternoon.

G. Why not go to the bookstore on foot?

H. English magazines may be helpful.

I. At which station should I get off?

J. The same to you.

解析:

51. 嗨，周宁！儿童节快乐。嗨，李丹！也祝你儿童节快乐。结合情景，故选 J。

52. F 根据上句 What's your plan for today? 你今天的计划是什么，故选 F。

53. C 根据后文的肯定回答 Yes. I'll communicate with some foreign kids after the ceremony. But I don't know what to talk about. 故选 C。

54.H 根据 But I don't know what to talk about.及 In them, you can find out different kinds of topics, 故选 H。

55.D 根据 You can buy them in Xuefu Bookstore 得知选 D。

56.B 根据 Yes, but you can go there by subway., 得知, 故选 B。

57.I 根据 Xuefu Road 得知选 I。

58.A 根据上文 You can buy them in Xuefu Bookstore 及后文的感谢, 故选 A。

答案:

51.J

52.F

53.C

54.H

55.D

56.B

57.I

58.A

(b) 填入一个适当的词补全对话, 每空一诵。

A: Oh, Jim! Be careful! You almost fell down. Are you 59. right?

B: Don't worry. I'm OK.

A: You'd 60 not look at your phone while walking.

B: OK, I won't.

A: By the way, you 61 look very happy on the Wechat (微信) yesterday.

B: Haha. you saw my pictures in the friend circle!

A: Yeah. I'm 62 to looking through it every day. I found your car was broken. What was wrong?

B: There was 63 serious. Just a little traffic accident.

A: I'm sorry to hear that. Was anybody hurt?

B: No one, because we wore the seat belts (安全带).

A: Well done! We should know how to protect ourselves.

B: I can't agree 64 you more. Safely rules an really worth learning.

A: But you still need a rest. 65 good care of yourself. Bye.

B: I really appreciate your care. Bye-bye.

解析:

59.根据上文吉姆差点摔倒,可知问,你没事吧?故填 all

60.在走路时你最好不要看手机。根据句意,故填 better

61.昨天微信上你看起来不是很高兴。后文可知是否定句,故填 didn't

62.我习惯于每天浏览它。Be used to sth,习惯于做某事,故填 used

63.根据后文就是点小事故,可知句意:没有什么严重的,故填 nothing

64.我同意的不能再同意了。agree with sb 赞同某人,故填 with

65.照顾好你自己。根据句意,故填 Take。

答案:

59.all

60.better

61.didn't

62.used

63.nothing

64.with

65.Take

五、任务性阅读

先阅读(A)、(B)、(C)三篇短文,然后根据题目要求及所给语境完成下列五项任务。

(A)

chat wide imagination they little

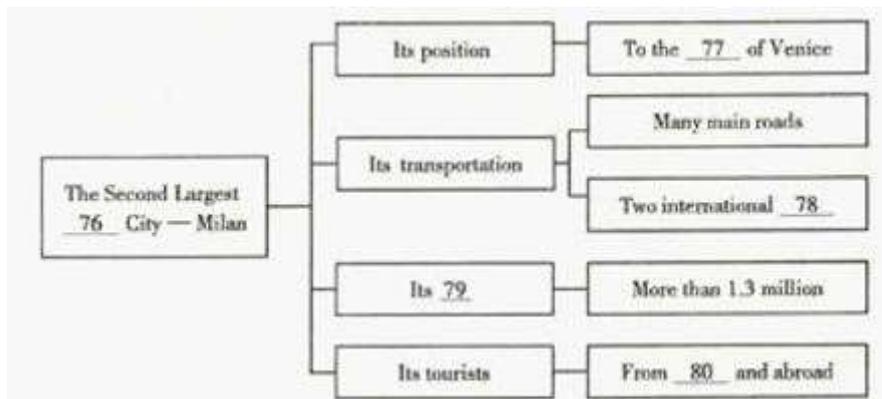
Language is a gift belonging to humans. People learn their own language to express 66 and understand others. Have you learn another language besides Chinese? Of course, English. It's 67 spoken in the world. Successful language learners often watch English programs on TV and listen to English songs. 68 with others in the English Corner also benefits them. Can you 69 their favorite way of increasing the vocabulary? Let me tell you. It's to read at 70 three English articles a week. If you want to learn English well, try these methods.

(B)

Sharing means using what we have with others. One small action of sharing may change someone's world. When we were children, we were too young to understand the true meaning of sharing. We thought only the rich were able to share. As time goes by, we get to know every person is unique. We all have something special. We can share not only our pocket money but also our personal feeling. For instance, we can share our positive attitude with those who are negative or upset. Encourage them to keep going by describing a bright future for them. Let them know we are with them and that the world is still wonderful. Once we decide to share with others, we should take action immediately. By doing this, we will get more and more pleasure.

(C)

Milan 《米兰》 is an old city with a long history. It was set up about 2, 400 years ago. Milan lies in the north of Italy. It is the second largest city in Italy. Another famous city, Venice (威尼斯), is to the east of Milan. Milan is often covered in a thick blanket of fog. There are more than 1, 300, 000 people in Milan. And it is also the biggest center. There are two international airports in the city, and many main roads meet here, Milan is also one of the cultures centers in Italy. Leonardo da Vinci (达·芬奇) worked in Milan from 1482 to 1499. *The Last Supper*, one of his most famous paintings, was created in Milan. It can still be found here. Today, Milan attracts more and more visitors. Tourist from home and abroad can be seen here and there. If you have a chance, you can choose to visit Milan.



任务 1: 阅读短文(A), 用方框中所给词的适当形式填空, 使文章通连贯、合理。(每空一词, 每词限用一次)

66. _____

解析: 人学习自己的语言以表达自己理解他人。根据句意, 故填 themselves

答案: themselves

67. _____

解析：英语在世界上被广泛的讲。副词修饰动词，故填 widely

答案：widely

68. _____

解析：chatting with sb, 和某人聊天，动名词做主语，故填 Chatting

答案：Chatting

69. _____

解析：你能想象他们最喜欢的增加词汇的方法？根据句意，故填 imagine

答案：imagine

70. _____

解析：至少一周三篇英语文童。at least, 至少，故填 least

答案：least

任务 2: 阅读短文(B).根据英文及首字母提示拼写单词。

71. u_____ being the only one of its kind

解析：根据后面的注释及短文中 As time goes by, we get to know every person is unique. We all have something special.可知是独一无二的意思，故填 unique

答案：unique

72. d_____ to say what somebody or something is like

解析：根据解释的句意及 Encourage them to keep going by describing a bright future for them. Let them know we are with them and that the world is still wonderful. 故填 describe

答案：describe

任务 3: 阅读短文(B), 进行同义句转换, 每空一词。

When we were children, we were too young to understand the true meaning of sharing .

When we were children, we 73. _____74._____ enough to understand the true meaning of sharing .

73. _____

解析：当我们是孩子的时候，我们太小而不能理解分享的含义。too ..to...结构经常和 not enough to do 结构互换，故填 weren't

答案： weren't

74._____

解析： too ..to...结构经常和 not enough to do 结构互换，故填 old

答案： old

任务 4: 阅读短文(B)内容简答问题。

What may change someone's world ?

75. _____

解析：根据短文 One small action of sharing may change someone's world. 故填 One small action of sharing

答案： One small action of sharing

任务 5:根据短文(C)内容完成表格，每空一词。

76. _____

解析：根据 Milan 《米兰》 is an old city with a long history. It was set up about 2, 400 years ago. Milan lies in the north of Italy.故填 Italian。

答案： Italian

77. _____

解析：根据 Another famous city, Venice (威尼斯), is to the east of Milan.可知位置关系，故填 west

答案： west

78. _____

解析：根据 There are two international airports in the city, and many main roads meet here, 故填 airports

答案： airports

79. _____

解析：根据 There are more than 1, 300, 000 people in Milan.故填 population

答案：population

80. _____

解析：根据 Tourist from home and abroad can be seen here and there. 故填 home

答案：home

六、书面表达

假如你是张鹏，转学去了杭州。你的好友王新来信询问你的近况，并告诉你他暑假要来看你。请根据以下提示，给王新写一封回信。

写作要点：

1. 表达你收到他来信后的激动心情。
2. 介绍新学校。
 - (1) 设施:一个大操场，一个图书馆。
 - (2) 师生:友善，易于相处。
3. 针对他独自乘火车来杭州提出具体建议。

写作要求：

1. 不得使用真实的姓名和学校名。
2. 时适当加入细节，使内容充实，行文连贯。
3. 字迹工整、语言精练、表达准确、条理清晰。
4. 至少 80 词。

Dear Wang Xin ,

How are you doing ? _____

Best wishes!

Yours ,

Zhang Peng

解析：根据题目要求，本文从三个方面入手进行写作：1.表达你收到来信后的激动心情。2.介绍所在学校的设施，一个操场一个图书馆；师生友善易于相处。3.针对她独自乘火车提出建议。建议用两个段落进行阐述，注意条理清晰，语言准确，谈论这件事用一般现在时态。

答案：

Dear Wang Xin ,

How are you doing ? I'm very happy to hear from you . Now I tell you something about my new school. My new school is very big and beautiful. There is a big play ground and a library. We often play sports in the playground and read books in the library. The teachers and students here are very kind and friendly. It's easy to get on well with them. I like my new school.

I know that you will come to Hangzhou by yourself. Be careful when you are on the train. Before arriving , tell me your train number and when you will arrive, I will meet you at the station. Hope you have a good trip!

Best wishes!

Yours ,

Zhang Peng