

2015 年湖南省郴州市中考真题英语

本试卷共 8 页，分四个部分，76 小题，时量 90 分钟，满分 120 分。

I. 听力技能（三个部分，共 20 小题，计 20 分）

略

II. 知识运用（两个部分，共 20 小题，计 20 分）

第一节 单项填空 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。（共 10 小题，计 10 分）

21.— Do you like _____ color of this coat?

— Yes, I do. It looks nice.

A. a

B. an

C. the

解析：考查冠词辨析。句意：—你喜欢这件外套的颜色吗。—是的，看起来漂亮。不定冠词 a/an 表示泛指，定冠词 the 表示特指。本题中特指受介词短语 of this coat 的限定而成为特定的 color，表示特指，用定冠词 the。 故选 C。

答案：C

22.— _____ is coming. What can I get for my mother?

— What about a scarf?

A. Women's Day

B. Woman's Day

C. Womens' Day

解析：考查名词的数与格。句意：—妇女节要来了，我给为妈妈买什么呢？——一条围巾怎么样？“妇女节”指的是妇女们的节日。妇女们：women，妇女们的：women's。 故选 A。

答案：A

23.—The book Journey to the West is very popular.

— Yeah, more than _____ students in our school bought it.

A. three hundred

B. three hundreds

C. hundred of

解析：考查数词用法辨析。句意：—《西游记》很受欢迎。—是啊，我们学校三百多学生买了。表示实指时，hundred, thousand, million, billion 用单数，前面加数词，后不带 of；表示虚指时，hundred, thousand, million, billion 用复数，前不加数词，后要带 of。A. three hundred 三百，实指，用法正确；B. three hundreds 三百，实指，hundred 该用单数，错；C. hundred of 数百的，虚指，hundred 该用复数，错。故选 A。

答案：A

24. — Work hard, _____ you'll pass the exam.

—OK. I'll try my best.

A. or

B. and

C. but

解析：考查连词辨析。句意：—努力学习，你就会通过考试。—好，我会尽力的。A. or 否则，表示相反的结果；B. and 并且，表示并列与递进；C. but 但是，表示转折。努力学习，就会通过考试。表示递进关系，用 and，故选 B。

答案：B

25.— Is there _____ in today's newspaper?

— Yes. A terrible accident happened in Hubei.

A. special something

B. anything special

C. something special

解析：考查不定代词的用法。句意：—今天的报纸上有特别的消息吗？—是的，湖北发生了一些恐怖的事故。some~常用于肯定的陈述句里；any~常用于否定句、疑问句里；前句是一般疑问句，用 anything。形容词修饰不定代词时，要放在被修饰词的后面。故选 B。

答案：B

26.— What would you like, coffee or tea?

— Either _____ OK. I don't mind.

- A. is
- B. are
- C. was

解析：考查主谓一致。句意：一咖啡和茶，你要哪个？一两者都可以，我不介意。不定代词 **either** 作主语时，谓语用第三人称单数形式；表示现在的状态，句子用一般现在时态，故选 A。

答案：A

27.— John, I called you yesterday morning, but nobody answered the phone.

— Oh, I _____ basketball at that time.

- A. play
- B. playing
- C. was playing

解析：考查动词的时态。句意：—约翰，昨天早上我给你打电话，但是没有人接。—哦，那时我在打篮球。你给我打电话时，我正在打篮球，表示过去某时正在发生的动作，用过去进行时态。A. **play** 一般现在时，表示经常性，习惯性的动作；B. **playing** 现在分词，是进行时态构成的一部分；C. **was playing** 过去进行时态。故选 C。

答案：C

28. Don't forget _____ it to me when you finish reading the book.

- A. to bring
- B. bringing
- C. bring

解析：考查非谓语动词。句意：当你看完这本书时，不要忘了给我拿来。**forget to do sth** 忘了要做某事（事情未做），用带 **to** 的不定式作宾语；**forget doing sth** 忘了做过的某事（事情已做，但是忘了已做），用动名词作宾语。根据句意，吩咐不要忘了要把书给我拿来，事情未做，要做。用不定式。故选 A。

答案：A

29. I will send you an e-mail as soon as I _____ in London.

- A. arrived

B. arrive

C. will arrive

解析：考查动词时态辨析。句意：我一到达伦敦就要给你发邮件。A. arrived 一般过去时，表示过去某时发生的动作；B. arrive 一般现在时，表示经常性、习惯性的动作；C. will arrive 一般将来时，表示将要发生的动作。as soon as：一……就……，引出时间状语从句，用一般现在时表将来。故选 B。

答案：B

30. _____ dangerous it is for a child to swim alone in a river!

A. What

B. What a

C. How

解析：考查感叹句。句意：小孩独自在河里游泳是多么危险啊。这是一个感叹句，感叹句常由 what、how 引出，what 后跟被强调的名词（短语），how 后跟被强调的形容词/副词。“多么危险啊”，强调形容词，用 how 引出感叹句，故选 C。

答案：C

第二节 完形填空 通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。（共 10 小题，计 10 分）

One rainy morning, my phone woke me up. It was a phone call from a 31 driver who had my friend's mobile phone. 32, my friend had left it in the taxi the night before.

A 33 morning for taxi drivers in this big city is a very busy time. He asked me where he could meet me to give me the mobile phone. I told him the street where I lived. Then I quickly 34 and got dressed in order to meet 35 on the corner.

My friend had only recently moved to this city. So his mobile phone was very 36 to him.

When the taxi driver arrived, I thanked him and praised him 37 having such a kind and beautiful heart. I asked him for his name, 38 my friend himself could thank him. He said my praises and 39 were all that he needed. Then he drove off.

I told my friend how I had received his 40. Hearing this, he was thankful and said kindness was really everywhere in this world.

31.

A. bus

B. taxi

C. car

解析：考查名词及语境理解。句意：是来自一位捡到我朋友的手机的出租车司机的电话。A. bus 公共汽车；B. taxi 出租车；C. car 小汽车。由本段最后一句话：my friend had left it in the taxi the night before. 前一天夜里，我的朋友把它掉在了出租车上。可知这是一位出租车司机，故选 B。

答案：B

32.

A. Clearly

B. Hardly

C. Luckily

解析：考查副词及语境理解。句意：显然，朋友在前一天晚上把手机掉在了他的出租车上。A. Clearly 清楚的；B. Hardly 几乎不；C. Luckily 幸运的是。由出租车司机有朋友的手机，可以清楚地推测出是朋友把手机掉在了他的车上。故选 A。

答案：A

33.

A. sunny

B. rainy

C. windy

解析：考查形容词及语境理解。句意：下雨天的早晨，对于出租车司机来讲正是非常忙碌的时间。A. sunny 晴朗的；B. rainy 下雨的；C. windy 有风的。由短文第一句：One rainy morning 可知当天在下雨，可以推测出这里是描述下雨天的情况。故选 B。

答案：B

34.

A. gave up

B. stayed up

C. got up

解析：考查动词短语及语境理解。句意：我迅速起床，穿上衣服以便在转弯处见他。A. gave up 放弃；B. stayed up 熬夜；C. got up 起床。从本句中的 get dressed 可以推测出本处选“起床”：get up。故选 C。

答案：C

35.

A. him

B. her

C. me

解析：考查代词及语境理解。句意：我迅速起床，穿上衣服以便在转弯处见他。A. him 他； B. her 她； C. me 我。见那位出租车司机，根据上文可知他是男性，故选 A。

答案：A

36.

A. important

B. exciting

C. difficult

解析：考查形容词及语境理解。句意：因此他的手机对他非常重要。A. important 重要的；B. exciting 令人激动的；C. difficult 困难的。对这座城市不熟悉，因此手机对他很重要。故选 A。

答案：A

37.

A. on

B. to

C. for

解析：考查介词及语境理解。句意：我感谢他并赞美他有如此善良、美好的心灵。为……而感谢：thank sb for sth; 为……而赞扬：praise sb for sth。故选 C。

答案：C

38.

A. ever since

B. so that

C. even though

解析：考查副词及语境理解。句意：我问他的名字，以便我的朋友可以亲自感谢他。A. ever since 自从，后跟表示时间起点的短语或句子；B. so that 以便，为了，后接表示结果的句子；C. even though 即使，表示条件。我要他的名字是为了让朋友感谢他的目的。故选 B。

答案：B

39.

A. thanks

B. wishes

C. suggestions

解析：考查名词及语境理解。句意：他说我的赞美及感谢是他所需要的。A. thanks 感谢；B. wishes 愿望；C. suggestions 建议。根据本段第一句：When the taxi driver arrived: I thanked him and praised him 可知，我感谢并赞美了他。本处填“感谢”用名词形式：thanks。故选 A。

答案：A

40.

A. ID card

B. birthday gift

C. mobile phone

解析：考查名词短语及语境理解。句意：我告诉朋友我是怎样收到他的手机的。A. ID card 身份证；B. birthday gift 生日礼物；C. mobile phone 手机。根据上文内容，朋友掉的是手机，故选 C。

答案：C

III. 阅读技能 (四个部分，共 25 小题，计 45 分)

第一节 阅读判断

阅读短文，判断下列句子是否符合短文内容。符合的写“√”，不符合的写“×”。（共5小题，计5分）

What are most 14-year-old boys doing? Going to school, playing sports with friends and doing their homework. But life is much more colorful for the young TFBOYS members.



TFBOYS is a singers' group started in 2013. Its name is The Fighting Boys. It has three members, Wang Junkai, Wang Yuan and Yi Yangqianxi. Wang Junkai, the group leader, is 15 years old. The other two boys are both 14 years old. The three young singers are so excellent that they show themselves to thousands of people. They have made three albums (相册) and won two singing awards (奖). Now the three boys are among the most popular teenage stars in the country.

Many people are interested in TFBOYS. After all, its members are still junior school students. During the weekdays they study at school with their classmates. On weekends and holidays they have singing classes, dancing classes and other trainings. In fans' eyes, the group has a healthy and friendly image (形象). Most of their fans are also teenagers. "We are of similar age," teens say, "They feel like friends to us and we love their songs!"

41. TFBOYS is a singers' group.

解析：细节理解题。题意：TFBOYS 是一个歌手组合。由第二段的第一句：TFBOYS is a singers' group started in 2013. 可知这是一个 2013 年成立的歌手组合。故本句正确。

答案：T

42. Wang Junkai is the youngest of the three boys.

解析：细节理解题。题意：王军凯是三个男孩中最年轻的。根据短文第二段，可知王军凯今天 15 岁，其它两个都是 14 岁。故本句错误。

答案：F

43. TFBOYS has made thirteen albums and won twelve singing awards.

解析：细节理解题。题意：TFBOYS 已经有 13 个相册并得了 12 次歌唱奖。由第二段倒数第二句话：They have made three albums (相册) and won two singing awards (奖). 可知，该组合现在有三个相册，得了两次奖。故本句错误。

答案：F

44. TFBOYS have singing classes, dancing classes and other trainings in their spare time.

解析：细节理解题。题意：TFBOYS 有空时参加歌唱、舞蹈及其它训练课。根据第三段的：On weekends and holidays they have singing classes; dancing classes and other trainings.可知他们在周末和假期里参加歌唱课、舞蹈课及其它训练。故本句正确。

答案：T

45.Many teenagers love TFBOYS and their songs.

解析：细节理解题。题意：许多青少年喜欢 TFBOYS 和他们的歌。由短文最后一句：“They feel like friends to us and we love their songs!”可知在青少年的眼中，他们是朋友，青少年们喜欢他们的歌。故本句正确。

答案：T

第二节 阅读选择 (共 10 小题，计 20 分)

A

阅读下面的短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。(共 5 小题，计 10 分)

There was once a king who had a great palace with a wonderful garden. In the garden, there lived all kinds of animals. All of them enjoyed living there.

There was only one thing in the garden that the king hated: an old tree in the center of the garden. It was so old and dry. This made the king so angry that he finally asked some people to cut it down and turned the place into a swimming pool. However, after the tree was cut down, the animals left the garden. Without the animals, the garden was not so beautiful as before. The king was sad, but he didn't know what had happened.



A young man went to the king, and said he could explain what had happened. “This was because you cut the old tree down,” said the young man. “There were thousands of moths (飞蛾) which lived in the tree. Birds needed the moths to eat and then they produced wastes for plants to grow. The plants then attracted many other animals to your garden. So your garden became very beautiful. But as you cut the tree down, the animals had to leave.

“Excellent!” said the king, “I’ll make you rich and you will try to make my garden beautiful again.”

“I’m afraid it will take many years to finish. It will take many years for the natural balance(生态平衡) to get back again,” said the young man.

The king was sad, but all he could do was just to wait.

46. Why did the king cut down the old tree?

- A. Because he hated the old and dry tree.
- B. Because he wanted to plant a young tree there.
- C. Because he didn’t want moths to live in the tree.

解析：细节理解题。题意：为什么国王砍倒了这棵老树？ A. Because he hated the old and dry tree. 因为他讨厌这棵树又老又干； B. Because he wanted to plant a young tree there. 因为他想在那儿栽一棵新树； C. Because he didn’t want moths to live in the tree. 因为他不想要飞蛾住在树上。由第二段开头：It was so old and dry. This made the king so angry that he finally asked some people to cut it down 它又老又干，使得国王如此的生气，以致于他最后命令一些人把它砍倒了。故选 A。

答案：A

47. What was the result after the tree was cut down?

- A. The garden was more beautiful than before.
- B. The animals left the garden.
- C. The king was very happy.

解析：细节理解题。题意：树被砍后的结果是什么？ A. The garden was more beautiful than before. 花园比以前更美了； B. The animals left the garden. 动物离开了花园； C. The king was very happy. 国王非常高兴；由第二段的：However, after the tree was cut down, the animals left the garden. (然而，树被砍倒后，动物们离开了花园) 可知本题选 B。

答案：B

48. The underlined word “attracted” in Paragraph 3 probably means “_____” in Chinese.

- A. 驱赶
- B. 利用
- C. 吸引

解析：词义猜测题。题意：第三段中有下划线的“attracted”的汉语意思可能是什么？ A. 驱赶； B. 利用； C.

吸引。句意：The plants then attracted many other animals to your garden.然后这些植物 attracted 许多其它动物到你的花园。可以猜测出其含义是“吸引”，故选 C。

答案：C

49.If the young man made the garden beautiful again, the king would _____.

- A. be very angry
- B. make him rich
- C. order him to leave

解析：细节理解题。题意：如果年轻人使花园又漂亮了。国王会做什么？ A. be very angry 非常生气； B. make him rich 使他富裕； C. order him to leave 命令他离开。由国王的话“I'll make you rich and you will try to make my garden beautiful again.”可知如果年轻人使花园恢复美丽，国王会使他富裕。故选 B。

答案：B

50.The story tells us that _____.

- A. it will take many years for the natural balance to get back again
- B. it's easy for us to keep the balance of nature
- C. old trees should be cut down

解析：主旨大意题。题意：故事告诉我们什么？ A. it will take many years for the natural balance to get back again 生态平衡再恢复要花数年时间； B. it's easy for us to keep the balance of nature 保持生态平衡容易； C. old trees should be cut down 应该砍掉老树。由倒数第二段的：It will take many years for the natural balance(生态平衡) to get back again,可知本题选 A。

答案：A

B

阅读下列图表，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。（共 5 小题，计 10 分）

阅读下面的图表，完成 51~52 小题。

Cough Medicine
Take it three times each day before

Age	Dose(用药量)
Adults	3 pills
12~15	2 pills
6~11	1 pills
Not right for children below the age of 5. Put it in a cool and dry place. Use it before October 1st, 2016	

51. Tony is 13 years old. How many pills should he take each day?

- A. 3 pills.
- B. 6 pills.
- C. 9 pills.

解析：推理判断题。题意：托尼 13 岁，他每天应该吃多少片药？ A. 3 pills. 三片； B. 6 pills. 六片； C. 9 pills. 九片。根据表格内容，13 岁每次两片，一日三次， $2 \times 3 = 6$ ，故选 B。

答案：B

52. The medicine should be kept in _____.

- A. a cool and dry place
- B. any place
- C. hot water

解析：细节理解题。题意：药应该保存在哪儿？ A. a cool and dry place 阴凉干燥的地方； B. any place 任何地方； C. hot water 开水里。由短文倒数第二句：Put it in a cool and dry place。可知应该放在阴凉干燥的地方，故选 A。

答案：A

阅读下面的图表，完成 53~55 小题。



Fantastic zoo

Fantastic zoo was built and opened to the public in 2005. The zoo is in acres(英亩) of beautiful gardens. It has over 400 kinds of animals and 15 animal houses . The zoo is one of the most

Telephone: 400 660 4588



3 Day Beautiful Chenzhou Tour

Come to Chenzhou for a few relaxing days. You can go to Dongjiang Lake, Wanhua Cave and Suxian Mountain. You can enjoy the river life, take it easy in the countryside or eat traditional local food.

Price: 1 person:170 dollars

2~4 persons: 130 dollars / person

More than 5 persons: 110 dollars / person

Telephone: 800 680 4526

53. Till now, Fantastic Zoo has a history of _____.

- A. about 10 years
- B. about 30 years
- C. about 40 years

解析：推理判断题。题意：到目前为止，Fantastic Zoo 有多久的历史了？ A. about 10 years 大约10年； B. about 30 years 大约 30 年； C. about 40 years 大约 40 年。根据广告第一句：Fantastic Zoo was built and opened to the public in 2005. 可知动物园成立于 2005 年：2015-2005=10，故选 A。

答案：A

54. If you take the “3-Day Beautiful Chenzhou Tour”, you can _____ .

- A. enjoy the city life
- B. go to the zoo
- C. eat traditional local food

解析：细节理解题。题意：如果你“郴州三日游”，你可以做什么？ A. enjoy the city life 享受城市生活； B. go

to the zoo 去动物园; C. eat traditional local food 吃传统的地方食物。根据广告里的: You can enjoy the river life, take it easy in the countryside or eat traditional local food.可知三日游可以享受河边的生活, 在乡村放松和吃传统的当地食物。故选 C。

答案: C

55. Which sentence is TRUE according to the ads (广告)?

A. There are more than 500 kinds of animals in Fantastic Zoo.

B. If you take the “3-Day Beautiful Chenzhou Tour”, you can call 800-680-4526.

C. Mrs. Green and her two friends need to pay over 500 dollars for the “3-Day Beautiful Chenzhou Tour”.

解析: 推理判断题。题意: 根据广告内容, 哪个句子是对的? A. There are more than 500 kinds of animals in Fantastic Zoo.在 Fantastic Zoo 有超过 500 种动物; B. If you take the “3-Day Beautiful Chenzhou Tour”, you can call 800-680-4526.如果你去郴州三日游, 你可以打 800-680-4526; C. Mrs. Green and her two friends need to pay over 500 dollars for the “3-Day Beautiful Chenzhou Tour”.格林夫人和她的两位朋友需要为郴州三日游付超过 500 美元。根据第二则广告内容, 其联系电话是: 800-680-4526, 故正确的是 B。

答案: B

第三节 摘录要点

阅读下面的材料, 然后在表格中完成内容摘要, 每空不超过三个单词。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

Let's have a look at some different kinds of entertainment (娱乐).

Watching television is one. There are different kinds of programs on TV. Change the channels (频道) and you can see everything on TV, from news, to music, to movies.

Going to the cinema is another. Once a week or twice a month, it is good entertainment, if you like watching movies. You make a plan, go out, watch a movie and eat out! It's more interesting than sitting on the sofa and changing channels.

Surfing the Internet is another! You can talk with friends and play games. You can use it to do work and study. You can find everything you like on the Internet.

Books are still man's best friend. Reading a book is the best way to get calm. A good book will take you to a new life. Now many people don't like this entertainment, but you should try it, if you are bored with others.

Different kinds of entertainment

Kinds	Advantages
Watching television	You can see(56)_____on TV, from news, to music, to movies.
Going to the cinema	It's more interesting than sitting on the sofa and (57)_____.
Surfing the Internet	You can use it to talk with friends, (58)_____. do work and study . You can find everything you like on the Internet.
(59)_____	Its is the best way to (60)_____and a good book will take you to a new life.

56.

解析：细节理解题。句意：在电视上你可以看一切：从新闻到音乐到电影。由第二段最后一句：you can see everything on TV, from news, to music, to movies.可知本题填：everything。

答案：everything

57.

解析：细节理解题。句意：比坐在沙发上换频道更有趣。由第三段最后一句：It's more interesting than sitting on the sofa and changing channels.可知，本题填：changing channels。

答案：changing channels

58.

解析：细节理解题。句意：你可以用它和朋友聊天，玩游戏，工作，学习。由第四段的：You can talk with friends and play games. You can use it to do work and study. 可知本题填 play games.

答案：play games

59.

解析：细节理解题。短文介绍了四种娱乐方式：Watching television、Going to the cinema、Surfing the Internet、Reading a book，因此本题填：Reading books / Reading a book。

答案：Reading books / Reading a book

60.

解析：细节理解题。句意：这是最好的使人沉稳的方式。由最后一段第二句：Reading a book is the best way

to get calm 可知，本题填：get calm。

答案：get calm

第四节 回答问题 阅读短文，然后根据短文内容简要回答问题。（共 5 小题，计 10 分）

On September 19, Alibaba went public (上市) on the New York Stock Exchange. It shows that Ma Yun has done his business successfully. A short Chinese man seems to be the tallest man in the world right now. Ma used to be an English teacher. So far, he has become the richest man on the Chinese mainland.

Ma was born in Hangzhou and grew up as a happy kid. At the age of twelve, he found that English was very interesting. Every morning he got up at 5 a.m., and then ran to a hotel near the West Lake where he could communicate with foreign tourists in English. He did it for nine years. The experience made him become a fantastic English speaker and also opened his eyes to the wide world. In a 1995 trip to the US, Ma was shown to the Internet for the first time. Seeing the chance, Ma returned to China and set up a website without knowing much about computers. Four years later, Ma set up Alibaba in Hangzhou. People called him “Crazy Jack Ma”. But fifteen years later, Alibaba has developed into the world’s largest e-commerce (电子商务) company.

61. What does Ma Yun look like?

解析：细节理解题。题意：马云看起来怎样？由第一段中的：A short Chinese man seems to be the tallest man in the world right now. 可以推测出马云个子是矮的。故回答：He is short. / Short.

答案：He is short. / Short.

62. What did Ma Yun use to be?

解析：细节理解题。题意：马云过去是做什么的？由第一段中的：Ma used to be an English teacher. 可知马云过去是英语教师。故回答：He used to be an English teacher. / An English teacher. / A teacher.

答案：He used to be an English teacher. / An English teacher. / A teacher.

63. Where was Ma Yun born?

解析：细节理解题。题意：马云生于哪儿？由第二段第一句：Ma was born in Hangzhou. 可知他生于杭州。故回答：He was born in Hangzhou. / In Hangzhou.

答案：He was born in Hangzhou. / In Hangzhou.

64. Was Ma Yun shown to the Internet for the first time in 1995?

解析：细节理解题。题意：1995年马云第一次看到互联网吗？由第二段中的：In a 1995 trip to the US, Ma was shown to the Internet for the first time.可知本题作肯定回答，故回答：Yes (,he was).

答案：Yes (, he was).

65. When did Ma Yun set up Alibaba in Hangzhou?

解析：推理判断题。题意：马云什么时间在杭州成立阿里巴巴的？根据文中的：Four years later, Ma set up Alibaba in Hangzhou.可知是在1995年的四年后成立的， $1995-4=1999$ ，故本题答案：He set it up in 1999./In 1999.

答案：He set it up in 1999. / In 1999.

IV. 写作技能（三个部分，共11小题，计35分）

第一节完成对话

通读下面的对话，然后根据上下文补全对话。（共5小题，计10分）

A: Excuse me. Can you tell me where I can buy some stamps?

B: Sure. You can go to the post office.

A: (66) _____?

B: Go down this street. It's on the left next to a library.

A: (67) _____?

B: Yes. It's a little far from here. You'd better take a bus.

A: (68) _____?

B: No. 5 bus.

A: (69) _____?

B: It takes about twenty minutes.

A: Thank you.

B: (70) _____.

66.

解析：根据后句的回答：Go down this street. It's on the left next to a library.顺春这条街走，它在左边靠近图书馆。可知前句是问邮局的位置。故回答：Where is the post office /Could you tell me where the post office is/ How can I get to the post office /How to get there/...

答案：Where is the post office / Could you tell me where the post office is / How can I get to the post office / How

to get there / ...

67.

解析：根据后句的回答：Yes. It's a little far from here.是的有点儿远，可以推测出前句问：“远吗？”，故回答：

Is it far (from here)

答案：Is it far (from here)

68.

解析：前句：You'd better take a bus.你最好赶公交车；后句回答：No. 5 bus.五路公交。可以推测出问“坐几路公交车？”故回答：Which bus shall I take / Which bus can I take / Which bus can take me there /...

答案：Which bus shall I take / Which bus can I take / Which bus can take me there /...

69.

解析：后句回答：It takes about twenty minutes.大约 20 分钟，可以推测出前句问“要花多长时间？”故回答：

How long does it take (to get there)

答案：How long does it take (to get there)

70.

解析：前句：Thank you.后句是对“谢谢”的回答，故回答：You're welcome / That's all right / No problem / ...

答案：You're welcome / That's all right / No problem / ...

第二节 英汉互译

阅读下面的短文，将划线部分的句子译成汉语或英语。（共 5 小题，计 10 分）

Beijing is the capital of China. It is an excellent city to visit. There are many places of interest, such as the Palace Museum, the Summer Palace and the Great Wall. (71) 你曾经去过长城吗？ It is one of the greatest wonders (奇迹) in the world. Also, the food in Beijing is delicious, especially Beijing Duck.

Most large cities have zoos. But Beijing has a zoo where you can go at night. (72) It seems strange to go to a zoo when it is dark. However, if you go to see lions, tigers or foxes during the daytime, they'll probably be asleep. (73) A lot of animals only wake up at night. So this is the best time to watch the animals.

One great thing about Beijing is that there are many people coming from different countries. They speak different languages. (74) 你能学到很多。

I like Beijing very much. (75) It is my dream to go there one day.

71.

解析：曾经去过某地：have been to；长城：the Great Wall。故译成：Have you ever been to the Great Wall?

答案：Have you ever been to the Great Wall?

72.

解析：it 是形式主语，真实主语是 to go to a zoo；when it is dark 是时间状语从句。故译成：当天黑时去动物园好像很奇怪。

答案：当天黑时去动物园好像很奇怪。

73.

解析：a lot of 许多，大量；wake up 醒来；at night 在晚上。故译成：许多动物只在晚上醒来。

答案：许多动物只在晚上醒来。

74.

解析：学到，学会：learn。许多：a lot（不带宾语）；a lot of（带宾语），故译成：You can learn a lot. / You can learn a lot of things.

答案：You can learn a lot. / You can learn a lot of things.

75.

解析：it 是形式主语，真实主语是不定式：to go there；one day：总有一天，某一天。故译成：有一天去那里/北京是我的梦想。

答案：有一天去那里/北京是我的梦想。

第三节 情境作文（计 15 分）

为了践行社会主义核心价值观，你校学生会决定举办以“文明礼仪伴我行”为主题的英语征文比赛，请你根据以下的要点提示及要求，写一篇英语短文参赛。

要点提示：1. 尊敬（respect）父母，帮助他们做家务；

2. 对人有礼貌，诚实友好，帮助他人；

3. 不在公共场所大声讲话，不乱扔垃圾；

4. 节约粮食，节约用水；

要求：1. 短文须包含要点提示中的所有信息（不要逐字翻译），并在此基础上适当发挥；

2. 80 词左右（短文开头与结尾已给出，不计入总词数）；

3. 文章中不得出现真实的人名、校名和地名。

As a middle school student, we should have good manners. _____

In a word, good manners can make a difference and lead to a better future.

解析：本题要求以“文明礼仪伴我行”为主题写一篇参赛征文，根据提纲提示，本文要从在家、在学校、在公共场所及节约粮食、水等方面进行写作。要求要包含提纲中提示的所有信息，并作必要的发挥。短文用第一人称，用一般现在时态，可以适当用一些含情态动词：should, can 等等句子帮助表达责任与义务。短文要作到思想健康，主旨鲜明突出。

写作亮点：本文用 first, second, third, fourth, lastly 等等列出中学生如何做到“文明礼仪伴我行”，层次清楚，要点分明。文中多次用到情态动词 should，明确人们的责任与义务，主旨鲜明，重点突出。文中使用的不定式作主语的结构，had better, be supposed to 等结构都为本文增色不少。

考查提纲类作文。

答案：

As a middle school student, we should have good manners. First, we should respect our parents and help them do some housework. Second, we should be polite and honest. Also, it's always good to be kind and friendly. We should try our best to help the people in need. Third, we'd better not talk loudly in public. Don't throw rubbish everywhere. It's our duty to keep our city clean and beautiful. Fourth, we are supposed to save food and water. Lastly, it's important and necessary for us to help protect the environment.

In a word, good manners can make a difference and lead to a better future.