

2005 年普通高等学校招生全国统一考试（福建卷）

英 语

第 I 卷（选择题 共 115 分）

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话你将听一遍。

例：How much is the shirt ?

- A. £19.15. B. £9.15. C. £9.18.

答案是 B.

1. How much will the woman pay if she buys two skirts ?

- A. \$18. B. \$19. C. \$20.

2. What will the speakers discuss ?

- A. A report . B. A computer . C. A report on computer .

3. What are the speakers talking about ?

- A. A child . B. A room . C. A present .

4. What can we learn from this conversation ?

- A. The woman does not get along well with the man .
B. The woman does not get along well with her roommate .
C. The man will talk with the woman's roommate .

5. Where are the two speakers now ?

- A. On the first floor . B. On the fourth floor . C. On the fifth floor.

第二节（共 15 小题；每题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，每小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. What was the woman doing before she went home ?

- A. Typing a report . B. Rewriting a report . C. Reviewing a report .

7. Where did the woman have her dinner ?

- A. In a restaurant . B. In her office . C. At home .

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. Why does the man feel surprised ?

- A. The woman has found a new job .
- B. The woman doesn't feel like leaving .
- C. The woman disagrees with him .

9. What does the woman say about her department ?

- A. there is a lack of trust .
- B. There are serious problems .
- C. There is too much pressure .

听第 8 段材料， 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What are the speakers talking about ?

- A. Popular sports events .
- B. TV programs people like best .
- C. Things people do after work .

11. How did the woman do the research ?

- A. She talked to people .
- B. She sent letters to people .
- C. She collected information from newspapers .

12. What do most people do in their spare time ?

- A. Go to movies .
- B. Read books .
- C. Watch TV.

听第 9 段材料， 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Where does this conversation take place ?

- A. At the airport .
- B. In a restaurant .
- C. On the street .

14. Why does the woman like San Francisco ?

- A. It has less traffic .
- B. It has the best food and music .
- C. People there are friendlier .

15. Where does the woman come from ?

- A. Pennsylvania .
- B. San Francisco .
- C. China .

16. What does the woman think of the man's English ?

- A. Excellent .
- B. Acceptable .
- C. Strange .

听第 10 段材料， 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. How many people are there in the woman's family ?

- A. Three .
- B. Four .
- C. Five .

18. What did the children think about having dinner together at home ?

- A. They thought it was funny .
- B. They disliked the idea at first .
- C. They preferred eating with friends .

19. How often did the family finally decide to have meals together ?

A. Every Sunday . B. Twice a week . C. Three times a week .

20. Who finally set the time for these family dinners ?

A. The children . B. The father . C. The woman speaker .

第二部分：英语知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节：语法和词汇知识（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

例：It is generally considered unwise to give a child _____ he or she wants.

A. however B. whatever C. whichever D. whenever 答案是 B。

21. I made a call to my parents yesterday. To my disappointment. _____ of them answered it.

A. either B. none C. neither D. nobody

22. —Would you like _____ , sir?

—No, thanks. I have had much.

A. some more oranges B. any more oranges
C. some more orange D. any more orange

23. If anyone happens to drop in while I am out, _____ him or her leave a message.

A. have B. get C. ask D. tell

24. —Did Jack come back early last night?

—Yes. It was not yet eight o'clock _____ he arrived home.

A. before B. when C. that D. until

25. —James, I am sorry I used your computer when you were away this morning.

— _____ .

A. That's all right B. It's a pleasure C. You are welcome D. Don't mention it

26. Mum is coming. What present _____ for your birthday?

A. you expect she has got B. you expect has she got
C. do you expect she has got D. do you expect has she got

27. The dictionary is being printed and it will soon _____ .

A. turn out B. come out C. start out D. go out

28. Father _____ for London on business upon my arrival, so I didn't see him.

A. has left B. left C. was leaving D. had left

29. —Can the project be finished as planned?

—Sure, _____ it completed in time, we'll work two more hours a day.

A. having got B. to get C. getting D. get

30. The classroom is big enough _____ , but we'll have to move if we have more students.

A. for the moment B. on the moment C. in a moment D. for a moment

31. —Catherine, I have cleaned the room for you.

—Thanks. You _____ it. I could manage it myself.

- A. needn't do B. needn't have done C. mustn't do D. shouldn't have done
32. Only after my friend came _____ .
 A. did the computer repair B. he repaired the computer
 C. was the computer repaired D. the computer was repaired
33. When _____ help, one often says "Thank you." or "It's kind of you."
 A. offering B. to offer C. to be offered D. offered
34. —Why didn't you buy the camera you had longed for?
 —I had planned to. But I was £50 _____ .
 A. fewer B. less C. cheap D. short
35. —Is that the small town you often refer to?
 —Right, just the one _____ you know I used to work for years.
 A. that B. which C. where D. what

第二节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后所给各题的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A lady and her husband stepped off the train in Boston. They walked without an appointment (预约) into the outer 36 of Harvard's president. But they were 37 by his secretary and kept waiting. For hours, the secretary took no notice of them, 38 that the couple would finally become 39 and go away. But they didn't. The secretary finally decided to disturb the president, though 40 .

A few minutes later, the president walked towards the couple with a 41 face. The lady told him, "We had a son that 42 Harvard for one year. He loved Harvard. He was 43 here. But about a year ago, he was accidentally killed. My husband and I would like to 44 a memorial (纪念物) to him, somewhere on campus."

The president wasn't 45 . Instead, he was shocked. "Madam," he said, "we can't put up a statue for every person who studied at Harvard and died. If we did, this 46 would look like a cemetery (墓地)," "Oh, no," the lady 47 quickly. "We don't want to put up a statue. We would like to give a 48 to Harvard." The president rolled his eyes and 49 at the couple and then exclaimed, "A building! Do you have any 50 how much a building costs? We have spent over \$7,500,000 on the campus building at Harvard." For a moment the lady was silent. The president was 51 , because he could get rid of them now. Then the lady turned to her husband and said quietly, "Is that all it costs to start a 52 ? Why don't we just start our own?" Her husband nodded. 53 their offer was turned down. Mr. and Mrs. Stanford traveled to California where they founded the University that bears their 54 , a memorial to a son that Harvard no longer 55 about.

36. A. lab B. library C. hall D. office
37. A. watched B. stopped C. followed D. interviewed
38. A. hoping B. finding C. realizing D. imagining
39. A. surprised B. disappointed C. worried D. troubled

40. A. hopelessly B. carefully C. unexpectedly D. unwillingly
41. A. pleasant B. funny C. cold D. sad
42. A. attended B. visited C. studied D. served
43. A. clever B. brave C. proud D. happy
44. A. set about B. set up C. take down D. take over
45. A. satisfied B. excited C. moved D. ashamed
46. A. house B. part C. garden D. place
47. A. explained B. expressed C. refused D. admitted
48. A. building B. yard C. playground D. square
49. A. laughed B. shouted C. glanced D. called
50. A. suggestion B. idea C. thought D. opinion
51. A. bored B. astonished C. interested D. pleased
52. A. department B. university C. business D. club
53. A. Once B. While C. Since D. Though
54. A. name B. character C. picture D. sign
55. A. talked B. knew C. heard D. cared

第三部分：阅读理解（共 20 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 40 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Paul Zindel's death on March 27,2003 ended the brilliant life of a famous writer.

Not only did Paul Zindel win a Pulitzer Prize as well as an Obie Prize for his 1970 play *The Effect of Gamma Rays on Man-in-the-Moon Marigolds*, but he was one of the earliest writers in the field of contemporary (当代的) literature for young adults (成人). *The Pigman*, published in 1968, is still one of the most well-known and widely-taught novels in the genre. The American Library Association has named it one of the 100 Best of the Best Books for Young Adults published between 1967 and 1992, and Zindel's autobiography, *The Pigman and Me*, was among the 100 Best of the Best Books published for teenagers during the last part of the twentieth century. Six of Zindel's books, in fact, have been voted the Best Books for Young Adults, and most of his recent horror books-such as *The Doom Stone* and *Rats*-have been chosen as Quick Picks for Reluctant Young Adult Readers. Clearly, he was a writer who knew how to interest contemporary children. Recognizing that, the American Library Association in 2002 honored Paul Zindel with the Margaret A. Edwards Prize for his lifetime achievements, and later that same year he was presented with the ALAN Prize for his contributions to Young Adult Literature. With his passing, young readers, teachers, and librarians have lost a great friend.

56. Which of Paul Zindel's books was the most popular with young adults in the 20th century?
- A. *The Pigman*.
- B. *The Doom Stone*.

concerns come before profit (盈利) .

60. The government stopped issuing or renewing permits for Internet cafes _____.
A. to prevent misuse of new safeguards in Internet cafes
B. to make cafe owners earn less profit from their business
C. to stop the use of the information superhighway on Internet
D. to make sure of the proper use of the information superhighway
61. The government's decision led to the fact that many cafe owners _____.
A. suffered heavy financial losses B. asked to open up Internet cafes
C. continued to operate Internet cafes D. asked the government for payment
62. The underlined phrase in the last paragraph "on the way" means _____.
A. to be studied B. to be put into practice
C. to be changed D. to be improved
63. The cafe owners found the government's decision _____.
A. suprising and unacceptable B. understandable and acceptable
C. reasonable but suprising D. suprising but acceptable
C

Walk through the Amazon rainforest today and you will find it is steamy ,warm ,damp and thick .But if you had been around 15,000 years ago, during the last ice age ,would it have been the same ?For more than 30 years, scientists have been arguing about how rainforests like the Amazon might have reacted (反应) to the cold ,dry climates of the ice ages ,but until now ,no one has reached a satisfying answer.

Rainforests like the Amazon are important for mopping up CO₂ from the atmosphere and helping to slow global warming . Currently the trees in the Amazon take in around 500 million tonnes of CO₂ each year; equal to the total amount of CO₂ giving off in the UK each year. But how will the Amazon react to future climate change? If it gets drier ,will it still survive and continue to draw down CO₂ ?Scientists hope that they will be able to learn in advance how the rainforest will manage in the future by understanding how rainforests reacted to climate change in the past.

Unfortunately ,getting into the Amazon rainforest and collecting information are very difficult .To study past climate ,scientists need to look at fossilized pollen ,kept in lake muds .Going back to the last ice age means drilling deep down into lake sediments (沉淀物) ,which requires specialized equipment and heavy machinery .There are very few roads and paths ,or places to land helicopters and aeroplanes .Rivers tend to be the easiest way to enter the forest ,but this still leaves vast ares between the rivers completely unsampled (未取样) .So far ,only a handful of cores have been drilled that go back to the last ice age and none of them provide enough information to prove how the Amazon rainforest reacts to climate change.

64. The underlined phrase "mopping up" in the second paragraph means _____.
A. cleaning up B. taking in C. wiping out D. giving out
65. How will the Amazon rainforest react to future climate change?
A. It'll get drier and continue to remove CO₂ .
B. It'll remain steamy ,warm ,damp and thick .
C. It'll get warmer and then colder and drier.

- C. the services of guides to tourists
D. double rooms for every two tourists
69. What is the purpose of the passage?
A. To invite people to take a breath in the Bay of Naples.
B. To advise people to telephone Newmarket Air Holidays Ltd.
C. To persuade people to tour in the area of the Mediterranean Sea.
D. To attract people to go to Sant' Agata or Sorrento for sightseeing.
70. The underlined part "the area is a feast for the eyes" in the passage means _____.
A. the area is pleasing to the eye B. the area is really unforgettable
C. the area catches the tourists' eye D. the area is crowded with tourists
71. After reading the ad, one will probably join in the tour because _____.
A. the sights are attractive and the tour starts in May or October
B. the price is low for those intending to stay at the 3☆ Hotel Nice
C. the price offered is reasonable and the sights are beautiful
D. good services are offered to those intending to stay in double rooms

E

NEWS BRIEF

- Prime Minister Tony Blair new allegations(指控) on Thursday that he misled Parliament and the public in making the case for the war in Iraq after he disclosed his chief legal adviser's written opinion raising questions about the legality(合法) of the war.
 - U.S. Forest Service officials are reminding people to stay off Forest Service roads that are closed. The fine for disobeying the rule of road closures is a maximum of \$ 5,000 fine and/ or six months in prison. Those who enter the area and cause road damage may also be required to pay for repairs.
 - In a second study presented at the meeting, scientists from the UK and Denmark showed that even a few days of high temperatures can severely reduce production of crops such as wheat, soybeans, rice and groundnuts, if it occurs when the plants are flowering.
 - A bomb exploded in Thailand's mainly Muslim south on Sunday, killing two policemen and wounding three others, a day after Thailand's queen condemned those behind a 15-month wave of violence(暴力).
 - Mechanicsburg 3, West York 1: Ken Stamper and Rusty Bowman had seven kills each, and Ryan Warfield had six to lead the Wildcats past the Bulldogs, 25-11, 25-15, 15-25, 25-23, in a non-league match.
72. The news brief covers _____.
A. war, law, violence, culture and agriculture
B. sports, war, violence, politics and climate
C. politics, culture, violence, climate and sports
D. violence, sports, politics, law and agriculture

73. From the news brief, we can learn that _____.
- A. the Bulldogs defeated the Wildcats by 3-1 in a non-league match
 B. Forest Service roads are closed for repairs before they are opened again
 C. quite a few violent accidents happened in Tailand before the latest one
 D. the British people think the decision made by Blair about the war is of legaliry
74. According to the U.S. Forest Service officials, those who enter the area and damage the closed roads _____.
- A. shall have to pay a \$ 5,000 fine for the repairs to them
 B. shall be fined or put in prison, and may pay for the repairs
 C. shall be fined \$ 5,000 and kept in prison for six months
 D. shall pay a fine and repair the roads as a punishment
75. The study of the scientists from the UK and Denmark is about _____.
- A. the importance of climate and the growth of crops
 B. the damage caused by high temperatures to some crops
 C. the relationship between crops flowering and high temperatures
 D. the effect of high temperatures on the production of some crops

第 II 卷 (非选择题 共 35 分)

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

此题要求改正所给短文中的错误。对标有题号的每一行作出判断: 如无错误, 在该行右边横线上画一个勾 (√); 如有错误 (每行只有一个错误), 则按下列情况改正:

此行多一个词: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉, 在该行右边横线上写出该词, 并用斜线 (\) 划掉。

此行缺一个词: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (∧), 在该行右边横线上写出该加的词。

此行错一个词: 在错的词下划一横线, 在该行边横线上写出改正后的词。

注意: 原行没有错的不要改。

Dear friends,

It is real a good chance to have met all of you here.	76. _____
We have spent several precious weekend in learning in the	77. _____
English Club, Although we have been members for a short	78. _____
period of time, we have made a great progress. That is	79. _____
because we are all very much active and the activities are not	80. _____
only enjoyable and also helpful, Besides, the foreign teachers	81. _____
here work hard and try his best to make the activities	82. _____
lively and interested. I am very pleased to say that all of	83. _____
us greatly improved our spoken English so far. I am	84. _____
looking forward to see all of you again in the near future!	85. _____

Thank you.

第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

目前, 学校存在少数学生考试作弊现象。某英文杂志社拟对此现象向中学生征文, 标题是 “My Opinion on Cheating in Examinations”。请根据下列提示用英语写一篇征文稿。

内容要点如下:

主要原因	考试偏多、偏难
	不用功、懒惰
	取悦父母、老师
个人看法	作弊不对, 违反校规
	要诚实, 努力学习
	…… (其他看法)

- 注意: 1. 短文必须包括所有内容要点, 可适当发挥;
2. 短文标题与开头已为你写好, 不计入总词数;
3. 词数: 100 左右。
4. 参考词汇: 作弊 cheat (v.)

My Opinion on Cheating in Examinations

It is known to us all that some students cheat in examinations at school.

英语试题参考答案

第一部分

1.B 2.A 3.C 4.B 5.C 6.A 7.B 8.A 9.B 10.C 11.A 12.C 13.A 14.B 15.A
16.A 17.C 18.B 19.B 20.C

第二部分

21.C 22.C 23.A 24.B 25.A 26.C 27.B 28.D 29.B 30.A 31.B 32.C 33.D 34.D
35.C 36.D 37.B 38.A 39.B 40.D 41.C 42.A 43.D 44.B 45.C 46.D 47.A 48.A
49.C 50.B 51.D 52.B 53.C 54.A 55.D

第三部分

56.A 57.C 58.A 59.D 60.D 61.A 62.B 63.A 64.B 65.D 66.C 67.C 68.B
69.D 70.A 71.C 72.D 73.C 74.B 75.D

第四部分

第一节:

Dear friends,

It is real a good chance to have met all of you here.
We have spent several precious weekend in learning in the English Club, Although we have been members for a short period of time, we have made a great progress. That is because we are all very much active and the activities are not only enjoyable and also helpful, Besides, the foreign teachers here work hard and try his best to make the activities lively and interested. I am very pleased to say that all of us ^ greatly improved our spoken English so far. I am looking forward to see all of you again in the near future!

76. really
77. weekends
78. ✓
79. a
80. much
81. but
82. their
83. interesting
84. have
85. seeing

Thank you.

第二节:

One possible version

My Opinion on Cheating in Examinations

It is known to us all that some students cheat in examinations at school.

As students, we often take examinations at school, but sometimes we have too many examinations which are too difficult for us. On the other hand, some of us are lazy and don't work hard at their lessons. So when taking examinations, they sometimes cheat in order to get better results to please their parents and teachers.

In my opinion, it is wrong to cheat in examinations because it breaks the rules of schools, we students should be honest and try to get good results by studying hard instead of cheating in examinations. What's more, we should improve our study methods and get well prepared for examinations.