

衡阳市 2006 年初中毕业学业考试英语试题

I. 听力 (四部分, 20 小题, 计 30 分)

A) 单句理解。听录音, 给下列 A、B、C、D、E 五幅图排出顺序。(共 5 小题, 计 5 分)



A



B



C



D



E

B) 对话理解。根据你听到的对话, 选择最佳选项回答问题。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

6. Where has Jack gone?

- A. He didn't go to school. B. He has gone to France. C. He's at home.

7. When is our examination?

- A. June 8. B. June 18. C. June 20.

8. How will the two speakers go to Yueping Park?

- A. By bus. B. By bike. C. On foot.

9. Where are they talking?

- A. In a restaurant. B. In a mall. C. In a fruit shop.

10. What does the man want to say?

- A. The woman is too late. B. The teacher is not Mr Wang.
C. The woman is in the wrong classroom.

C) 短文理解。听短文, 选出能回答每一个问题的最佳答案。(共 5 小题, 计 5 分)

11. A. A little. B. Very much. C. Not much.

12. A. Yes, he does. B. No, he doesn't. C. Not much.

13. A. Betty and Lucy. B. Lily and Lucy. C. Lily and Betty.

14. A. Sports shows. B. Comedies. C. Thrillers.

15. A. Once a week. B. Once a month. C. Sometimes.

D) 反应。根据你听到的内容和实际情况, 写出尽可能简要的答语。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

16. _____

17. _____

18. _____

19. _____

20. _____

II. 知识运用。(共二个部分, 35 小题, 计 35 分)

A. 单项选择。从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确答案填空。(共 15 小题, 计 15 分)

21. Maria is as _____ as Kate.

- A. taller B. tallest C. tall

22. ---How many people will come to Beijing for the Olympic Games in 2008?

---It's hard to say. _____ people, I think.

- A. Million of B. Millions of C. Two millions of

23. I like pop music, but _____ my father _____ my mother likes it.

- A. both; and B. either; or C. neither; nor

24. The smile on his face shows that he is _____ his students' work.

- A. worried about B. pleased with C. sorry for

25. ---_____ is it from our school to Jingzhu Mall?

- About half an hour's walk. Shall we go there?
A. How far B. How often C. How long
26. ---Why not swim in the river?
---Oh, no. Teachers told us _____ here, it's dangerous.
A. to swim B. not to swim C. to not swim
27. ---What a nice MP3 player! Is it yours?
---Of course. I _____300 yuan on it.
A. cost B. paid C. spent
28. ---What does your English teacher look like?
---_____.
A. She likes English. B. She's tall and thin. C. She's very good.
29. ---Do you think it will be cool tomorrow?
---_____. It has been too hot for a week.
A. I hope so B. I'm afraid so C. I hope not
30. ---I'm going to Nanyue for a holiday this weekend.
---_____ you are there, could you buy me some green tea?
A. Because B. While C. Before
31. ---Mary often helps her classmates.
---_____the girl is!
A. How lovely B. What lovely C. What a lovely
32. _____may be used for _____our eyes from the sunshine.
A. Sunglasses; protecting B. Sunlass; protecting C. Sunglasses; protect
33. We are going to have the final exams tomorrow. All the books must _____out of the classroom.
A. are moved B. be moved C. be move
34. ---Can I get into the cinema through the door, sir?
---Of course. Please look at the sign “_____”.
A. ENTRANCE B. EXIT C. PARKING
35. ---Could you please tell me _____?
---Sorry. You'd better ask our teacher.
A. who speaks English best in your class B. how old is Lily C. Where does John live

B)完形填空。通读短文，掌握大意，然后从所给三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(共 20 小题，计 20 分)

A

Once Effendi (阿凡提) had a joke with the Prime Minister (宰相). He said that the Minister would die the next day. 36 the next day, the Minister 37 off the horse and died. When the king learned this, he got 38 and sent his men to catch Effendi at once.

When Effendi was 39 to him, the king shouted angrily, “Effendi, since you know when my Minister would die, you must know the date of your own 40. Say it out, 41 you will die today.” Effendi looked at the king for a while, he answered, “But how can I know? I'll die two days 42 than you.” Because the king was afraid 43 he killed Effendi, he 44 would die after that. He thought he must keep Effendi 45 as long as possible, so he let Effendi go.

36. A. Right B. Really C. Luckily
37. A. fell B. fall C. falling

38. A. angrily B. angry C. happy
 39. A. bringing B. bought C. brought
 40. A. die B. death C. dead
 41. A. or B. and C. but
 42. A. later B. early C. earlier
 43. A. when B. if C. what
 44. A. herself B. myself C. himself
 45. A. alive B. lively C. live

B

The elephant is the biggest four-legged animal in the world. It is also, perhaps, the gentlest, but not 46.

Elephants 47 for a long time-fifty or sixty years. They never forget great sadness or great happiness. A female elephant dies, her daughters and her granddaughters are 48 for many months.

Elephants live in families-families of females (母系家族). There will be a few young males-"baby boy". But they will soon 49 their families when they grow up. An elephant family 50 only its daughters, mothers and grandmothers.

The females stay together all their 51. The older ones 52 the young ones. The mothers teach their daughters and set a good example. And 53 happens to male elephants? A bull (雄) elephant doesn't often have a friend. He lives 54. Sometimes the females call a bull. He can 55 them then, but soon his "wives" and sisters send him away again.

46. A. never B. always C. at times
 47. A. live B. work C. sleep
 48. A. exciting B. happiness C. sad
 49. A. leave B. stay with C. leave for
 50. A. hopes B. keeps C. allows
 51. A. times B. life C. lives
 52. A. look at B. carry out C. look after
 53. A. how B. what C. which
 54. A. sadly B. hard C. alone
 55. A. beat B. visit C. receive

III. 阅读理解。(共 15 小题, 计 30 分)

A

阅读下面的文章, 并根据短文内容判断文后句子的正误。正确的用(T), 错误的用(F)。

At Harton College, there are many rules. Fifteen-year-old boy Bob Sanders often break these rules.

The boys must return to school by six o'clock. One afternoon Bob walked to the town. He looked at the shops and then went to the cinema. After the film, it was 8 o'clock. He walked back to Harton College as fast as possible.

When he arrived, the main entrance was locked. He looked up at the window. It was on the third floor. He couldn't climb up the wall very easily. Then he saw another open window on the ground floor. It was the window of the headmaster's study, and no one was there. He quickly climbed and jumped into the room. Just then he heard a noise. Then someone turned on the light in the corridor (走廊). Bob had to hide under the sofa. One minute later, Mr Mason, the headmaster,

came in. He turned on the light and then he sat down on the sofa and began to read a book.

Bob lay under the sofa as quickly as possible. He looked at the headmaster's shoes and socks for nearly an hour.

Finally, the headmaster closed his book and walked towards the door.

"Thank heavens, he didn't find me under the sofa!" thought Bob.

Then Mr Mason stopped and spoke to the sofa. "Would you turn off the light when you leave?" He said and left the study.

56. Bob is 16 years old.

57. The students must return to school by 6 o'clock.

58. The school gate was locked when he returned to school.

59. Bob hid himself under the sofa for over 1 hour.

60. Mr Mason didn't find Bob under the sofa.

B

阅读下面的短文，并根据短文内容，从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。

When you are reading something in English, you may often meet with a new word. What's the best way to know it?

You may look it up in an English-Chinese dictionary. It will tell you a lot about the word: the pronunciation, the part of speech (词性), the Chinese meaning and also how to use the word. But how can you know where the word is in thousands of English words? How to find it in thousands of English words? How to find it in the dictionary both quickly and correctly?

First, all the English words are arranged in the alphabetical (字母表的) order in a dictionary.

In the dictionary you can first see the words beginning with the letter A, B, C, D... That means, if there are two words "general" and "monitor", "general" will be certainly before "monitor". Then if there are two words both beginning with the same letter, you may look at the second letter. Then the third, the fourth... For example, "before" is before "begin", "foreigner" is before "forest", etc.

The dictionary will be your good friend. I hope you'll use it as often as possible in your English learning.

61. According to the passage, if we don't know a word, we'd better _____.

A. think hard B. look it up in a dictionary C. write it again and again

62. When you look up a word in the English-Chinese dictionary, you should not only its Chinese meaning, but also _____.

A. its pronunciation B. its part of speech C. A and B

63. In the English-Chinese dictionary, the English words are arranged _____.

A. in the alphabetical order B. if the word is long or not
C. if the word is difficult or easy

64. Here are four words: ①hundred ② hello ③ hero ④ head

The right order in the English-Chinese dictionary is _____.

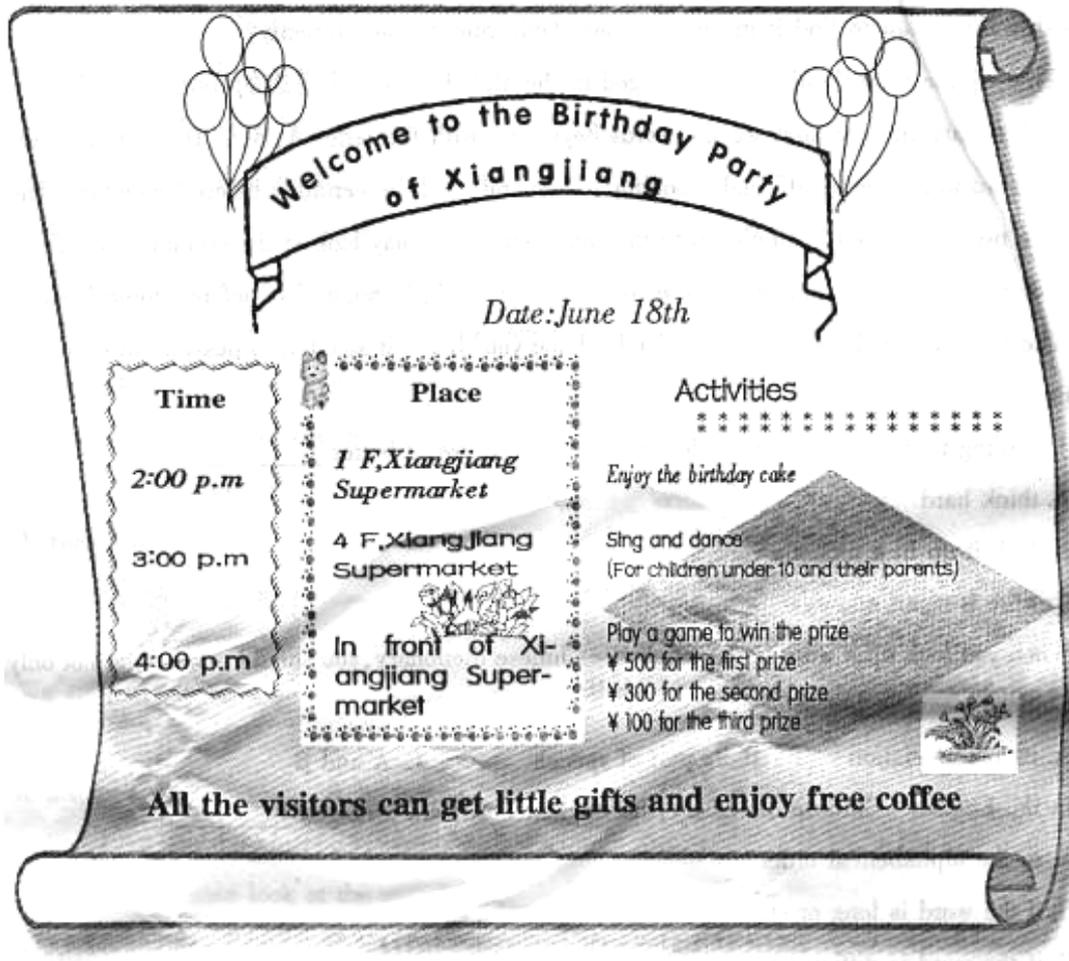
A. ①②③④ B. ④②③① C. ②③④①

65. The English-Chinese dictionary is _____.

A. useful in our Chinese learning B. our good friend in learning Chinese
C. a good friend in our English learning

C

阅读海报内容，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。



66. Lisa is 8 years old, and she likes Xiangjiang Supermarket very much. When might she go to Xiangjiang Supermarket?
A. At 11:00 a.m. B. At 2:00 p.m. C. At 3:00 p.m.
67. Where can people play games to win the prize?
A. In front of Xiangjiang Supermarket. B. 4 F, Xiangjiang Supermarket
C. 1 F, Xiangjiang Supermarket
68. What won't Helen get if she takes part in the activity at 4:00 p.m?
A. ¥300. B. Little gifts. C. A watch.
69. You are a junior student. If you happen to go to the supermarket on that day, you can _____.
A. dance and sing there B. get free coffee C. get a TV set as a gift
70. Which of the following is true according to the poster?
A. The second prize is ¥300.
B. The Xiangjiang Birthday Party will be held on June 28th.
C. All the children can sing and dance there.

IV. 写作技能。(共三个部分，计 25 分)

A) 句子翻译。阅读下面短文，把下面划线部分的句子翻译成中文。(共 5 小题，计 5 分)

Do you want to visit the beautiful island-Taiwan?

(71) Taiwan is in the southeast of China and to the east of Fujian Province. There are many

islands in China, but Taiwan is the largest of all. (72) It has an area of about 36,000 square kilometers and it has a population of over 32,000,000. Taiwan is rich in natural resources (自然资源) and it also has abundant (丰富) tourism resources, such as the Ali Mountain. It is famous for its bananas, rice, tea and so on all over the world. (73) It's so beautiful and the weather is so nice that it attracts a lot of travelers from the world. Most people of the island come from Fujian and Guangdong. (74) The people on both sides of the straits (海峡) have a strong wish to unite our motherland.

(75) We are sure that our dream will come true in the near future.

B)完成句子.根据所给汉语提示,填写一个合适的单词或词组来完成该句。(共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

76. Li Ping's mother is a good _____(厨师).
 77. _____ (多少) the population of Hengyang?
 78. It was rainy yesterday. It's _____(多云的) today.
 79. Thursday is the _____(第五) day of the week.
 80. More and more young people are working hard to develop the _____(西部) part of China.
 81. His parents will _____(动身) Changsha next Monday.
 82. Tom can't go to school today _____ (因为) his grandpa' illness.
 83. I hope everything _____(顺利).
 84. Li Yuchun is one of the _____(最受欢迎) singers these days.
 85. Health _____(取决于) good food, exercise and enough sleep.

C)书面表达。(共 10 分)

假如你是第五中学学生李明,昨天在网上结识了一位新网友 Jack,他正在学习中文,想了解中国学生的业余爱好。结合你自己的实际情况,写一封 e-mail 回信。

要求: 1. 主要内容须包括:

①喜欢的音乐、电视节目。 ②喜欢的体育运动。 ③喜欢收集的物品。

2. 要求语言流畅,卷面整洁。

3. 词数 70—80。

衡阳市 2006 年初中毕业学业考试英语试题答案

I. 略。

II. 21---25. CBCBA 26---30. BCBAB 31---35. AABAA

36---40. BABCB 41---45. ACBCA 46---50. BACAB

51---55. CCBCB

III. 56---60. FFFFF 61---65. BCABC 66---70. CACAA

IV.

71. 台湾位于中国东南部、福建省以东。

72. 它面积约 有 36 平方公里,总人口超过 3200 万。

73. 它风景秀丽、气候宜人,所以吸引了来自世界各地的许多游客。

74. 海峡两岸的人们有统一祖国的强烈愿望。

75. 我们坚信在不远的将来,我们一定会梦想成真的。

76. cook 77. What is 78. cloudy 79. fifth 80. western 81. leave for

82. because of 83. goes well 84. most popular 85. depends on

书面表达: 略。