

2018年江苏省苏州市高新区中考模拟试题英语

一、单项填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

请认真阅读下列各题，从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

1. As Hannah Lucas had a disease, she and her brother Charile made _____ app called notOK to let her get help from _____ others when she wasn't feeling well.

- A. the; the
- B. a; the
- C. an; 不填
- D. the; 不填

解析：此题考查冠词用法，冠词分为定冠词 the 和不定冠词 a/an 还有零冠词，the 表示特指，或者是同一事物第二次提到时用 the，a、an 是不定冠词，都表示一个，a 用于辅音音素开头的单词前，an 用于元音音素开头的单词前，零冠词是不用冠词；此题中第一个空 app 是以元音音素开头的单词应该用 an；第二个空表示其他人用 others，不需要冠词，故不填。

答案：C

2. The father was looking for a present for his son, one at a proper price but _____ great use.

- A. in
- B. of
- C. with
- D. for

解析：结合语境可以推断这句话表达的意思是“那个父亲正在给他的儿子寻找一份礼物，一个价格合理又很有用的礼物。”所以设空处的介词短语表达的意思是“很有用”，应该用 of great use。

答案：B

3. I must say it is my parents' _____ that makes me finally take up my job as a teacher.

- A. character
- B. education
- C. advantage
- D. influence

解析：首先明确选项中每个单词意思，A：性格；B：教育；C：优势；D：影响；根据题干结合 makes me finally take up my job as a teacher 推测设空处句子的句意是“我必须说是我父母的影响让我最终选择了从事教师这份工作。”由此判断句子中缺少“影响”一词。

答案：D

4. You may _____ remember some idioms in the text, but you can't possibly remember all the words in it.

- A. probably
- B. certainly
- C. hardly
- D. quickly

解析：首先明确选项中每个单词意思，A：可能；B：当然；C：几乎不；D：迅速地；根据题干结合推测设空处句子的句意是“你也许能记住文章中的一些惯用语，但是你不可能记住里面所有的单词。”由此判断句子中缺少“可能”一词。

答案：A

5. — I went someone to write the report for me.
— No! As a student, you _____ depend on yourself.
- A. will
 - B. can
 - C. shall
 - D. may

解析：结合选项可知本题考查情态动词，首先明确选项中每个单词的意思：A：将要；B：能够；C：将要/应该（用于各种人称，表示说话人的强烈感情，意思是“必须，应该”）；D：可以；结合题干推测句意是“——我想找人给我写报告。——不，作为一个学生，你应该依靠你自己。”所以 shall 符合句意。

答案：C

6. — Do you think the weather will be all right for a weekend outing?
— No, unless we're _____. The newspaper says it'll be very hot anyway.
- A. lucky
 - B. confident
 - C. wrong
 - D. crazy

解析：lucky 的意思是“幸运的”，confident 的意思是“自信的”，wrong 的意思是“错误的”，crazy 的意思是“疯狂的”；结合句意“不，除非我们很幸运。报纸说反正天气会很热的。”可知，要填 lucky。

答案：A

7. — He seems terribly ill. I'm afraid we have to take him to hospital right now.
— I don't think it _____. Maybe he's caught a bit of a cold.
- A. works
 - B. matters
 - C. cares
 - D. minds

解析：首先明确选项中各个单词的意思，A：工作；B：要紧；C：在乎；D：介意；根据语境推测句意是“——他好像病得很严重，恐怕我们得立刻带他去医院。——我认为没有什么要紧，也许他只是有点感冒。”，由此判断句子中缺少：要紧。

答案：B

8. — Lucy, do you have any plans to spend your five - day holiday?
— I will go to Xiamen a second time. I have never visited _____ city.
- A. a most fantastic
 - B. the most fantastic
 - C. a more fantastic

D. the more fantastic

解析：从 I will go to Xiamen a second time, 判断后面说的应该是我从没去过比厦门更神奇的城市，这里应该用比较级，这里泛指一个城市，前面加冠词 a。

答案：C

9. — Alice has been working late into the night these days.

— Oh, she was off school for a month, so she has a lot to _____.

A. give up

B. pick up

C. stay up

D. make up

解析：give up 放弃；pick up 捡起；stay up 熬夜；make up 编造，弥补，结合句意：她离开学校一个月了，所以她有很多事情要做。

答案：D

10. — You look tired. What's the matter?

— I _____ on a sofa because my grandparents have been here to spend the weekend. I can't have a good sleep.

A. slept

B. am sleeping

C. was sleeping

D. have slept

解析：结合语境推测设空处的句子的句意是“——你看上去很累，发生什么事情了？——我睡在沙发上，因为我祖父母来这里过周末，我睡不好觉。”，由此判断设空处的动作在现阶段正在进行着，所以用现在进行时。现在进行时的构成是：主语+am/is/are+动词的现在分词。

答案：B

11. — The manager has come back from his business trip. He's asking you for the report.

— Oh, my god! I haven't finished it yet. But he _____ back at the company tomorrow.

A. is expected

B. expected

C. was expected

D. will be expected

解析：根据语境推测句意是“——经理已经出差回来了，他向你报告。——哦，天哪，我还没有完成呢，原以为他会明天回公司呢。”句子表述的是过去的事情，判断句子中的谓语动词用一般过去时，主语是动作的承受者，所以用被动语态，一般过去时被动语态的构成是：主语+was/were+动词的过去分词。

答案：C

12. — I'm considering how _____ to my new job. Any suggestions?

— It's only half an hour's walk, I advise you _____.

A. to go; not to drive

B. going; to drive

C. to go; not driving

D. going; not driving

解析：根据 I'm considering how _____ to my new job. Any suggestions, 可知这里用 how+to 引导的不定式短语作宾语。而 I advise you...这里考查 advise sb. not to do sth.表示建议某人不要做某事。

答案：A

13. — The pen writes well though it is only worth fifteen yuan.

— Let me have a try. So _____.

A. it is

B. it does

C. is it

D. does it

解析：根据 Let me have a try, 下面应该说确实是这样, 从 The pen writes well though it is only worth fifteen yuan 可知这里是肯定句, 因此这里用 so 来引导, 不用倒装句, 这里句子是一般现在时, write 是一个实义动词, 这里 so 引导的句子用助动词 does。

答案：B

14. — Why does Jane seem worried?

— She is uncertain about _____ she can get a good job even though she's an excellent student.

A. if

B. that

C. whether

D. 不填

解析：if 如果, 引导条件状语从句; whether 是否; 在动词不定式之前只能用 whether; 在 whether ...or not 的固定搭配中。只能用 whether; 在介词后, 只能用 whether; 宾语从句放在句首表示强调时, 只能用 whether; 用 if 会引起歧义时, 只用 whether. that 那个, 指示代词; 引此题根据语境“但她仍不确定是否能找到一份好工作。”空前面是介词 about, 表示能否, 是否。应该用 whether。

答案：C

15. — How is Peter getting along with his new work?

— _____. You know, he is always the lucky dog.

A. Just so - so

B. I have no idea

C. Ask him yourself

D. Never better

解析：首先明确各选项中句子的意思, A: 一般般; B: 我不知道; C: 你自己去问; D: 好得不得了; 根据语境判断句意是“——彼得的新工作进展得怎么样? ——好得不得了。你知道, 他总是一个幸运儿。”确定设空处填“好得不得了”符合语境。

答案：D

二、完形填空 (共 1 小题; 每小题 10 分, 满分 10 分)

请认真阅读下列短文，从短文后各题所给的 A, B, C, D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

Two years after I finished medical school, I began my internship (实习) in a hospital. There, I met with a patient named Benny. I discovered that he was 16 for a heart transplant (移植). He'd seen so many fellow patients during his stay that he felt comfortable giving tips to the 17 men and women.

"You have got a minute?" he asked me one day.

"I have a minute."

"I see a new group of interns here every month. But I think I have to say something to you. Matt, it seems that you're always in a 18 and that talking to me is another box to check for you," he said.

These words were 19 for me. No one wants to hear that his patients think he doesn't 20 about them.

"Take a look at what you're doing. You're sitting down, and we're having an actual 21. Usually you just..." Benny said.

"Plan to run away as soon as I enter the room."

"Yeah..."

From that day on, I found myself 22 in to see Benny often, not only to examine him but also to talk about how I was working hard 23 a new doctor.

As the months passed, I was becoming a better doctor, but nothing happened to Benny. One evening, I couldn't help asking, "Anything going on with the wait list?"

"No news is 24 news," he said softly. "But I'm sure I will."

Finally, Benny got the heart.

Standing in front of his bed, I felt so 25. "Take good care of this guy," I said to the other doctors softly. "I'm not his doctor anymore. Now...just a friend."

16.

- A. looking
- B. waiting
- C. asking
- D. going

17.

- A. brave
- B. busy
- C. serious
- D. nervous

18.

- A. dream
- B. mood
- C. hurry
- D. mess

19.

- A. hard
- B. wise
- C. special
- D. valuable

20.

- A. talk
- B. care
- C. worry
- D. think

21.

- A. conversation
- B. introduction
- C. operation
- D. presentation

22.

- A. cutting
- B. pushing
- C. breaking
- D. stopping

23.

- A. for
- B. as
- C. with
- D. against

24.

- A. good
- B. bad
- C. secret
- D. right

25.

- A. bored
- B. tired
- C. excited
- D. moved

解析：16.考查动词，A. looking 看 B. waiting 等待 C. asking 问 D. going 去，根据 for a heart transplant（移植）.是指他在等待心脏移植，故选 B。

17.考查形容词，A. brave 勇敢的 B. busy 忙的 C. serious 严肃的 D. nervous 紧张的，根据 giving tips to the, 结合选项，可知是指给那些紧张的人指点一些技巧，故选 D。

18.考查名词，A. dream 梦想 B. mood 情绪 C. hurry 匆忙的 D. mess 混乱，根据前文 he felt comfortable giving tips to the 17 men and women. 他给那些紧张的男人和女人建议感到很舒服，此时他来指点我，推出我是匆忙的，in a hurry 匆忙的，故选 C。

19.考查形容词，A. hard 硬的，不舒服的 B. wise 智慧的 C. special 特殊的 D. valuable 有价值的，根据 No one wants to hear that his patients think he doesn't 20 about them 没人想听到他的病人认为他不关心他们，推出这些话让我感觉不舒服，故选 A。

20.考查动词，A. talk 讲话 B. care 关心 C. worry 担心 D. think 认为，根据 No one wants to hear that his patients think he doesn't ...about them, 结合选项，推出句意：没人想听到他的病人认为他不关心他们，故选 B。

21.考查名词，A. conversation 对话 B. introduction 介绍 C. operation 手术 D. presentation

展示，根据 we're having an actual，结合选项，可知是指我们来个实际的对话，故选 A。

22. 考查动词，A. cutting 切 B. pushing 推 C. breaking 打破 D. stopping 停止，根据题干，可知考查短语 stop in 顺便访问，结合句意：我发现自己经常去看本尼，故选 D。

23. 考查介词，A. for 为了 B. as 作为 C. with 带有 D. against 反对，根据 a new doctor，可知是指我作为一名新医生，故选 B。

24. 考查形容词，A. good 好的 B. bad 坏的 C. secret 秘密 D. right 权利，根据 No news is ...news，推出此处是指：没有消息就是好消息，故选 A。

25. 考查形容词，A. bored 无聊的 B. tired 疲倦的 C. excited 激动的 D. moved 感到的，根据 Standing in front of his bed，推出句意：我站在他的窗前，感到很激动，故选 C。

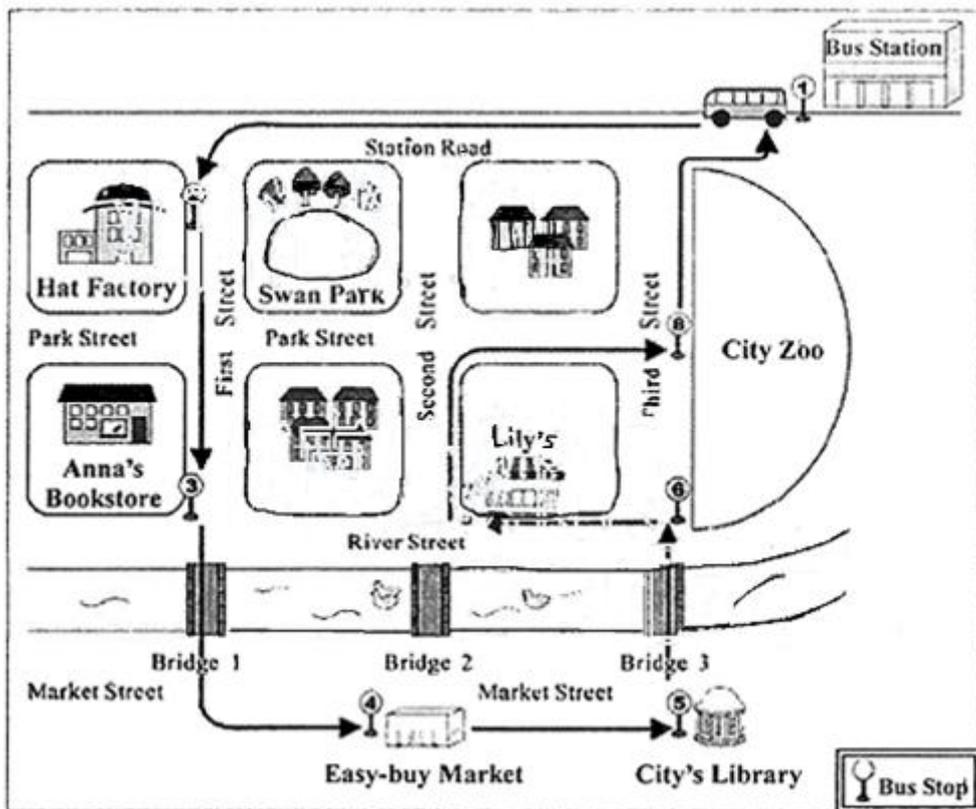
答案：BDCAB ADBBC

三、阅读理解（每小题 2 分，满分 24 分）

请认真阅读短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Look at the bus route（线路）map and answer the questions.



26. Which of the following is true about the bus route?

- A. The bus does not pass Park Street.
- B. There is no stop near Anna's Bookstore.
- C. The bus crosses three bridges in the city.
- D. You can get off at Stop 2 to visit the Hat Factory.

解析：考查识图题，题目中询问关于公交线路哪一个信息是正确的。按照公交车路线可知公交车经过 Park Street。选项 A 信息有误；选项 B 中描述的是：安娜书店附近没有公交车站。根据图片可知：安娜书店附近有公交车站 3，选项 B 信息有误；选项 C 中描述的是：公交车经过城市里的三座桥。根据图片可知：公交车只经过 Bridge 1 和 Bridge 3，选项 C 信

息有误；根据图片可知：可以在公交车站 2 下车，来到帽子厂。选项 D 信息正确。

答案：D

27. Wilson just finished shopping at Easy - buy Market, and he is going to have lunch at Lily's restaurant. If he takes the bus, which place will he pass by?

- A. Stop 8.
- B. Bridge 1.
- C. River Street.
- D. Bus Station.

解析：考查细节理解题，题目中询问威尔逊刚在易买市场购物（Easy - buy Market），他将在莉莉的餐馆（Lily's restaurant）吃午饭。如果他坐公共汽车，他会经过哪个地方？根据图片可知：他要经过 River Street。

答案：C

B

You may have heard the saying, "When life gives you lemons, make lemonade." Since lemons are thought to be bitter (苦的) and lemonade sweet, the saying tells you to make the best out of a bad situation.

Unluckily, when something bad happens, it's not uncommon for most people to talk about it to anyone who'll listen, and complain about life, "Why me?" That's like getting a bag of lemons, putting them down, and thinking, "Lemons taste bad! I'd rather have chocolate!" If you don't make anything with the lemons, they will go bad. But what if you did something with them? What if you made lemonade? Isn't it possible to do something similar with a bad situation?

Here's an example: Let's say you're about to go to the movie, but you discover you have a flat tire (瘪胎). You think it's a terrible thing. After all, you are really looking forward to spending some time with Ryan Gosling and Emma Stone. Now you're all stressed out, hating the tire, the car, and your life. But what if you called AAA, got your tire fixed or got caught up on things that you'd been meaning to do? What if you did some reading, or had coffee with a friend instead? An awful experience can be turned into something better. You can't change what has happened, right? So make the best of it. I'm not saying it will be easy. The easy thing to do is complain about your bad situation and not think about what it could be turned into.

Next time when some bad things happen, stop and think, "How can I turn this around? How can I make it a nice experience?" You needn't fear difficulties. As long as you keep on changing it, you will see the good at last.

28. What do we know about the saying in Paragraph 1?

- A. It is encouraging.
- B. It is humorous.
- C. It is amazing.
- D. It is interesting.

解析：细节题。结合 the saying tells you to make the best out of a bad situation. 可知要从不好的处境中获得最好的，可知是令人鼓舞的，故选 A。

答案：A

29. What does most people usually do when something bad happens?

- A. Accept it.
- B. Ask for help.

- C. Complain about it.
- D. Find out the reasons.

解析：细节题。结合 Unluckily, when something bad happens, it's not uncommon for most people to talk about it to anyone who'll listen, and complain about life 可知当不好的事情发生时, 大多数会向他人抱怨, 故选 C。

答案: C

30. The writer uses the example of seeing a movie to tell us _____.

- A. a flat tire happens sometimes
- B. it is all right to make mistakes
- C. it is a very wonderful thing to meet film stars
- D. bad things can be turned into good things

解析：推理题。结合 As awful experience can be turned into something better. You can't change what has happened, right? So make the best of it. I'm not saying it will be easy. The easy thing to do is complain about your bad situation and not think about what it could be turned into. 可知不好的事情都能转变好, 故选 D。

答案: D

C

Before you cut off the tags (标签) and put on your newest clothing, you may want to make a stop at the washing machine. Although new clothing may look clean and fresh, it could actually be bad for your health.

According to Donald Belstio, MD, a professor at Columbia University Medical Center, new clothes do cause some risks of health problems when they are worn without washing. For starters, in an interview with the Wall Street Journal, Dr. Belstio explained that dyes (染料) found on new clothes can hurt the skin. Pre-washing of new clothes will prevent any dyes from doing bad to our skin or other things, like chairs, as New York City doctor Hilary Baldwin, MD, told Real Simple. But there's more.

Dr Belstio also warns that lice (虱子) can come to you from clothing tried on the store dressing room, and there are certain illnesses that can be passed along through clothing. Dr Baldwin advises people that it's especially critical to pre-wash pieces like underpants and swimsuits. You may not want to imagine this, but maybe you're not the first person to try on that new clothing — perhaps it's been tried on in the dressing room, and that's just the first of many cases of possible skin contact. Another point is that your clothing came into contact with many people during the producing, shipping, and selling processes. "There's just no real way of knowing how many hands or other body parts have touched your clothing," Dr Belstio warns. "Washing your new clothes is a very smart thing to do," Dr Belstio said. "I've seen examples of some strange things, so I don't take any chances."

To wash new clothes, simply put them in very hot water (if they can stand that temperature — check the tag first), and hang them to dry. While you prepare your new clothes for their first fashion show, here are other common laundry (洗衣) mistakes you want to avoid.

31. What does the underlined word "critical" in Paragraph 3 mean?

- A. Attractive.
- B. Difficult.
- C. Important.

D. Common.

解析：词义猜测题。句意“Baldwin 博士建议人们，对内裤和泳衣进行预洗尤其_____。”根据上一句 Dr Belstio also warns that lice(虱子) can come to you from clothing tried on the store dressing room, and there are certain illnesses that can be passed along through clothing. 贝尔斯托博士还警告说，虱子可以从商店更衣室里穿的衣服中找到，而且某些疾病可以通过衣服传播。可知，应该是“重要的”。选 C。

答案：C

32. What does the writer mainly want to tell us?

- A. We should pay attention to the dyes on new clothes.
- B. We should wash new clothes before wearing them.
- C. We should try to avoid illnesses caused by clothes.
- D. We should put new clothes in hot water when washing.

解析：主旨大意题。根据第一段 Before you cut off the tags (标签) and put on your newest clothing, you may want to make a stop at the washing machine. Although new clothing may look clean and fresh, it could actually be bad for your health. 在你剪下标签并穿上最新的衣服之前，你可能想在洗衣机上停一下。虽然新衣服看起来干净清新，但实际上对你的健康有害。可知，短文主要告诉我们应该在穿新衣服之前洗新衣服。选 B。

答案：B

33. What would the text talk about next?

- A. Why new clothes should be washed.
- B. When we should wash new clothes.
- C. How we can avoid buying ditty clothes.
- D. What mistakes we make when washing clothes.

解析：推理判断题。根据最后一段 While you prepare your new clothes for their first fashion show, here are other common laundry (洗衣) mistakes you want to avoid. 当你为第一次时装秀准备新衣服时，这里有一些你想避免的常见的洗衣错误。可知，短文接下来会介绍如何避免一些洗衣服时会常犯的错误。选 D。

答案：D

D

Margeaux Wolberg was sitting with the other 12 - year - olds in her class when one of the girls turned to her and asked, “Is your mom dead?”

She never came to school like the other mothers to volunteer in the library or help the teachers. It was always Margeaux’s dad who did that.

Margeaux reached for her computer, typed a few words into Google and showed her classmate a list of information with her mother’s name and job titles, from CEO at Salesforce.com to her present role as vice - president of technology business operations at PayPal. “See, my mom’s not dead,” she said. “My mom’s famous.”

Kirsten Wolberg, 45, tells this story with pride. She is not trapped by an uneasy feeling these days when she has to miss a school play. Instead she is glad that her two daughters are growing up with such a strong role model: a woman in a high - powered job in Silicon Valley.

Long before neither of her kids was born, Wolberg and her future husband Michael had a talk about how they would divide household and childcare duties. “I said, ‘Listen, one of the things that’s really important to me is to have a parent at home full time,’” she remembers. “‘And it can’t

be me.”

Michael Wolberg, 43, worked for years for a medicine company. But when Margeaux was born, he offered to give up his job and became a stay - at - home dad. And he has never felt sorry for himself. Spending 12hours a day alone with a child suits his personality better than an office, he says, and much better than it would ever suit his wife.

“She’s spent many, many years trying to get to the place where she is and even further,” he says, “and this lifestyle of cleaning the floor and changing diapers (尿片) and all kinds of other things are not for her.”

34. From the first three paragraphs we know that Margeaux felt _____.

- A. sorry for her mother
- B. proud of her mother
- C. hurt by her classmates
- D. thankful to her mother

解析：细节理解题，根据“See, my mom’s not dead,” she said. “My mom’s famous.”可知他妈妈很出名，她也认同这一点，故选 B。

答案：B

35. According to the passage, Kirsten _____.

- A. finds it hard to get her kids’ understanding
- B. is as successful in her career as her husband
- C. feels sorry for not helping in her kids’ school
- D. is glad to have set a good example to her kids

解析：细节理解题，根据 Instead she is glad that her two daughters are growing up with such a strong role model 她很高兴为孩子们建立了一个榜样，故选 D。

答案：D

36. Why did Michael choose to be a stay - at - home dad?

- A. He was tired of his job.
- B. He was forced to leave the job.
- C. He is more suitable by nature to stay at home.
- D. He and his wife reached an agreement after the kids’ birth.

解析：细节理解题，根据 Spending 12hours a day alone with a child suits his personality better than an office, 可知相比于上班，更适合在家里当全职奶爸，故选 C。

答案：C

37. From the passage we can learn that _____.

- A. Kirsten can achieve greater success in her career
- B. Kirsten is neither a good wife nor a qualified mother
- C. Michael loves his kids better than his wife does
- D. Michael regrets making the decision to stay at home

解析：细节理解题，She’s spent many, many years trying to get to the place where she is and even further 花了很多年获得现在的成就，以后还会做的更好，故选 A。

答案：A

四、词汇检测（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

根据下列句子及所给汉语注释或通过上下文，写出空缺处各单词的正确形式。每空只写一词。

38. The man was too drunk to go _____ (笔直).

解析: 根据 The man was too drunk to go _____ (笔直). 可知那人喝得太醉了, 不能直着身子走。straight, 副词, 笔直地。

答案: straight

39. The frozen yogurt tastes like ice cream but has _____ (没有) of the fat.

解析: 根据 The frozen yogurt tastes like ice cream but has _____ (没有) of the fat, 可知冷冻酸奶尝起来像冰淇淋, 但没有脂肪。这里 none of 表示没有。

答案: none

40. Her _____ (惊讶的) look suggested she didn't know anything about it.

解析: 根据 Her _____ (惊讶的) look suggested she didn't know anything about it, 可知这里修饰名词用形容词形式, surprised, 形容词, 惊讶的。

答案: surprised

41. A heavy rain suddenly _____ (袭击) South China and washed away many houses.

解析: 根据 washed 可以判断句子的时态是一般过去时, hit, 动词, 袭击, 过去式还是 hit。

答案: hit

42. My boy spends more time than he used to _____ (练习) playing the piano.

解析: 根据 My boy spends more time than he used to _____ (练习) playing the piano, 可知句子考查 spend time doing sth. 表示花费时间做某事。practice, 动词, 练习。

答案: practicing

43. Fall is to season as earth is to _____.

解析: 根据题意: 秋天是季节, 就像地球是行星一样。

答案: planet

44. — Another air crash! It's much _____ to go by land.

— I don't think so. It's reported that there're more road accidents.

解析: 根据题意: ——又是一个空难! 在陆地上更安全。——我不这么认为。据报道, 路上有更多的交通事故, much 修饰比较级。

答案: safer

45. — Sir, is the nearest bank _____ walking distance?

— Yes, it's just around the corner.

解析: 根据题意: ——先生, 离我们最近的银行步行能到吗? ——是的, 就在拐角处。故答案为 within。

答案: within

46. — When will you visit Shanghai Disneyland?

— Not _____ the final exams are finished.

解析: 根据题意: ——你什么时候参观上海迪斯尼乐园? ——直到期末考试结束了。可

知考查句型 not until “直到……才……”。

答案: until

47. — It's very kind of you to help me solve the problem.

— My _____.

解析: 根据 It's very kind of you to help me solve the problem.可知这是夸奖别人的句型,另一个人可以说 My pleasure 别客气。

答案: pleasure

五、句子翻译(共5小题;每小题3分,满分15分)

48.人生有梦想对每个人来说非常重要。

解析: 首先分析句子的时态和结构。考查固定结构 It is +形容词+for sb. +to do 对某人来说干某事是……的, have a dream 有梦想; 人生是 in life。

答案: It's important for everyone to have a dream in life.

49.不是每个人都能成功实现自己的梦想。

解析: 首先分析句子的时态和结构: 部分否定不是每个人是 not everyone, 作主语, can 是情态动词, 后面加动词原形 realize, 副词修饰动词成功地 is successfully。

答案: Not everyone can realize his dream successfully.

50.你要记住如果你坚持尝试,总有一天你会成功的。

解析: 首先分析句子的时态和结构: 主语是 you, must 是情态动词, 后面加动词原形, if you keep (on) trying 是条件状语从句, 用一般现在时, 后面的主句用一般将来时 you'll succeed on day/someday, 其中保持干某事是 keep on doing。

答案: You must remember if you keep (on) trying, you'll succeed on day/someday.

51.当这个激动人心的时刻到来的时候,你会感到多么幸福啊!

解析: 首先分析句子的时态和结构: 感叹句结构 how +形容词+主语+谓语.主语是 you, 谓语是 will be. when the exciting moment comes 是时间状语。

答案: How happy you will be when the exciting moment comes!

52.不要忘了和你的朋友分享你的幸福。

解析: 首先分析句子的时态和结构: 祈使句是动词原形开头的句子, 便否定句时把句首加 don't. 忘记去干某事是 forget to do, 和某人分享是 share sth with sb.。

答案: Don't forget to share your happiness with your friends.

六、阅读表达(共1小题;53小题1分,54小题2分,55小题3分,满分6分)

阅读下面的短文,然后用英语回答问题。

“Mom! Get my annoying (令人讨厌的) brother off me,” I shouted. I woke up because of

my brother. It happens almost every day. I got out of bed and put on my clothes hurriedly. Then I realized a huge problem — it was the first day of high school! It meant I had to go to the same school as my brother. But I didn't want to go there. At that exact moment, a thought came into my mind. I had never thought of it before.

I had to go to school in 30 minutes. I had to eat, pack and think of a plan to get my brother embarrassed (尴尬). 20 minutes later, I got my bag and slowly walked out of my bedroom. I saw my mom taking the school uniform downstairs and in exactly a second I had a great plan. I quickly ran after my mom and followed her downstairs. Like a cat I hid behind a couch, seeing her put the uniform on the couch and make her way back upstairs. I only had one chance. I quickly wrote something that would make my brother embarrassed on the back of a shirt as my brother ran downstairs. We put on our clothes right away and we wore the same size. It was quite a cold day, so I took a jacket and put it on.

A couple of minutes later, we were in the car and were almost at school. I was secretly waiting for my great plan to happen. I got out of the car and ran to my classroom. I unpacked and decided to take off my jacket, because the day was heating up. Once I took my jacket off, everyone started laughing. I had no idea why everyone was laughing until suddenly I realized what had happened.

53. When did the story happen?

解析: 细节理解题, 根据 I woke up because of my brother 我醒来是因为我哥哥, 以及 Then I realized a huge problem — it was the first day of high school!, 然后我意识到一个大问题, 这是我第一天上高中的日子, 推出是在上高中第一天的早晨, 故得出答案。

答案: It happened on the morning of the first day of high school.

54. What did the writer realize at the end of the story?

解析: 细节理解题, 根据 I took my jacket off, everyone started laughing. I had no idea why everyone was laughing until suddenly I realized what had happened. 我脱下外套, 大家都笑了, 我不知道为什么每个人都在笑, 直到我突然意识到发生了什么, 推出是因为我脱下外套, 发现穿错了衣服, 故得出答案。

答案: He wore his brother's uniform.

55. Do you think the writer will do such kind of thing again? Why or why not?

解析: 细节理解题, 根据 Once I took my jacket off, everyone started laughing. I had no idea why everyone was laughing until suddenly I realized what had happened. 我脱下外套, 大家都笑了, 我不知道为什么每个人都在笑, 直到我突然意识到发生了什么, 推出是因为我脱下外套, 发现穿错了衣服, 不但没有愚弄到别人, 反而愚弄到了自己, 所以他不会再做这样的事情了, 故得出答案。

答案: No, he won't. Because it made himself embarrassed.

七、书面表达 (共 1 小题; 满分 20 分)

假定你是 David, 来自美国, 你的 QQ 好友 Li Ming 想要在即将到来的暑假去做志愿者, 他来信向你了解有关这方面的情况。请认真阅读下面的邮件, 并根据信中的内容和实际用英语回复, 可以有适当的发挥。

To: davidwoodlandschool@qq.com

From: limingsunshineschool@qq. com

Subject: Volunteering

Dear David,

I'm writing to ask you for advice. I know you often do volunteer work in your free time. I'm interested in it very much. I'm going to do some in the coming summer vacation. But I know little about it. Could you help me answer the following questions?

- Why do you want to be a volunteer?
- What kind of volunteer work is suitable for us students?
- Do you have any problems with volunteering?
- If my parents don't allow me to do so, what should I do?

I'm looking forward to hearing from you soon.

Best wishes,

Li Ming

注意：1.词数 90 左右. 回复信的开头和结尾已经写好，不计入总词数；

2.回复中不得提及真实的人名、校名等相关信息。

Dear Li Ming,

Thanks for your letter. I'm glad you would like to be a volunteer. Now let me answer your questions.

解析：【高分句型一】

I volunteer because I enjoy helping others and can learn a lot from others.

我做志愿者是因为我喜欢帮助别人，也能从别人那里得到很多。

because 引导原因状语从句；enjoy doing sth 喜欢做某事。

【高分句型二】

I hope you love volunteering and do well in it.

我希望你喜欢做志愿者，并能做得很好。

hope+宾语从句；do well in 在……方面做得好。

Dear Li Ming,

Thanks for your letter. I'm glad you would like to be a volunteer. Now let me answer your questions. (引起下文)

I volunteer because I enjoy helping others and can learn a lot from others. (原因)【高分句型一】As students, we can take part in some interesting activities, such as looking after animals and working for sports matches. Also, we can join charity organizations to help protect the environment and so on. (可以做的事情) It's OK to have problems, because volunteering takes much time and energy. Sometimes I can't balance my study and work. If your parents don't allow you to volunteer, you should have a good talk with them. Try to let them understand you. (跟父母的沟通)

I hope you love volunteering and do well in it. 【高分句型二】Looking forward to your good news. (期待和住院)

Best wishes

David

答案:

Dear Li Ming,

Thanks for your letter. I'm glad you would like to be a volunteer. Now let me answer your questions.

I volunteer because I enjoy helping others and can learn a lot from others. As students, we can take part in some interesting activities, such as looking after animals and working for sports matches. Also, we can join charity organizations to help protect the environment and so on. It's OK to have problems, because volunteering takes much time and energy. Sometimes I can't balance my study and work. If your parents don't allow you to volunteer, you should have a good talk with them. Try to let them understand you.

I hope you love volunteering and do well in it. Looking forward to your good news

Best wishes

David