

2018年四川省眉山市中考真题英语

一、单项选择（本题共15小题，每小题1分，计15分）

从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

1. —Listen! Someone is playing_____violin.

—Wow!_____beautiful music! I like it very much.

A. the; What

B. an; How

C. a;What

D. /; How

解析：考查定冠词及感叹句。句意“——听！有人在拉小提琴。——哇！多美的音乐啊！我非常喜欢它。”。第一个空，play+乐器，中间用定冠词the。第二个空，感叹句可以是what (a/an)+形容词+名词+(主语+谓语)！这里形容词是beautiful美丽的。名词是music音乐。省略主语和谓语。用what。

答案：A

2. —Lucy, is this_____baseball?

—No, _____is over there. It must be Mike's.

A. your; my

B. your; mine

C. yours; my

D. yours; mine

解析：your 你的，形容词性的物主代词，yours 你的，名词性的物主代词，my 我的，形容词性的物主代词。mine 我的，名词性的物主代词。第一空格后是名词，此处应该是形容词性的物主代词，第二空格后是动词，此处应该是名词做主语。结合句意：—露西，这是你的棒球吗？—不，我的在那边。一定是迈克的。

答案：B

3. —How many_____doctors are there in your hospital, David?

—_____them _____over one hundred.

A. woman; The number of; is

B. women; A number of; are

C. woman; A number of; is

D. women; The number of; is

解析：根据题意：—你们医院有多少女医生，大卫？—女医生的数量是一百。考查woman用作形容词时也要跟着变复数，故排除A、C；a number of表示数量很多……，The number of 强调整体数量，作主语时，动词用三单式，结合本题说的是女医生的整体数量，用the number of

答案：D

4. —Next Monday is our mother's birthday. Let's buy some cards for her.

—Why not make some ourselves? It will be much_____.

A. interesting

B. more interesting

- C. most interesting
- D. the most interesting

解析：根据 It will be much_____。可知 much 修饰比较级，结合句意：一下周一是我们母亲的生日。让我们为她买些卡片。——为什么不自己做一些呢？会更有趣。

答案：B

5. —Learning to love is like learning to walk.

—Yes, _____ we step out bravely, we'll find it's not so difficult.

- A. as if
- B. even though
- C. as long as
- D. as far as

解析：A. as if 意思“好像”；B. even though 意思是“虽然，即使”；C. as long as 意思是“只要”；D. as far as 意思是“至于，远至”，根据后句 we'll find it's not so difficult（我们会发现它不是那么困难），可以推出上句是说只要我们勇敢地走出，表导致后句结果的条件。

故选 C

答案：C

6. —Must I study here with you, Mum?

—No, you_____. You may go home now, but you_____go to the net—bar.

- A. must; need
- B. need; must
- C. needn't; mustn't
- D. mustn't; needn't

解析：考查情态动词。句意“——妈妈，我必须和你在这里学习吗？——不，你不需要。现在你可以回家了，但是你不允许去网吧。”第一个空，must 开头的一般疑问句，否定回答用 needn't 不必。第二个空，结合语境“但是你__去网吧。”。可知，应该是“不允许”。

答案：C

7. —I'm afraid his radio is too noisy. Will you please_____him to _____a little.

—Sure.

- A. ask; turn it down
- B. allow; turn on
- C. tell; turn it up
- D. advise; turn it off

解析：ask sb. to do sth..让某人做某事。turn down 调低一些；turn on 打开；turn off 关闭；turn up 调高一些。宾语是代词，应该放在中间。结合句意：——恐怕他的收音机太吵了，请你让他把声音调小一点好吗？——当然。

答案：A

8. —Would you like to go to the city park?

—I'm not sure. If Mike doesn't, _____.

- A. neither I do
- B. neither do I

C. neither I will

D. neither will I

解析：根据 If Mike doesn't, 可知这里是一个否定句。在这里主语是两个不同的人，所以应用 neither 引导这个表否定的倒装句。其结构为 neither+be 动词/助动词/情态动词+主语，这里 if 引导的条件状语从句，主句用一般将来时，从句用一般现在时。

答案：D

9. We find _____ impossible for us _____ a foreign language well in a short time.

A. one; learn

B. it; to learn

C. that; to learn

D. this; learning

解析：根据 We find _____ impossible for us _____ a foreign language well in a short time 此题考查固定句型 发现干某事是怎么样的，find it+形容词 +to do。其中 it 是形式宾语，真正的宾语是后面的 to do 不定式。

答案：B

10. —Are you a basketball player in you school?

—Yes, I _____ the team 3years ago. I _____ in it for 3years.

A. joined; was

B. was joined; am

C. have joined;have been

D. joined; have been

解析：根据 3years ago, 可知第一空是一般过去时，时态为主动语态，故排除 B C；根据 for 3years, 可知第二空是现在完成时 have/has+过去分词。排除 A。

答案：D

11. —Let's go to play soccer, Peter.

—I'm afraid not. I'll need one more hour before my homework_____.

A. has finished

B. finished

C. will be finished

D. is finished

解析：根据题干主句为一般将来时态，结合"主将从现"原则故确定 before 引导的时间状语从句为一般现在时态，又知从句的主语 homework 是谓语动词 finish 的承受者，二者形成被动关系，故确定为被动语态，故从句的谓语动词为一般现在时态的被动语态，其结构为 is/am/are+过去分词，故填入 is finishedD.

答案：D

12. —Could you tell me _____?

—The movie fast and furious 8 (速度与激情 8).

A. Where you see the movie

B. Where did you see the movie

C. Which movie you like best

D. Which movie do you like best

解析：根据题干，可知考查宾语从句，宾语从句用陈述语序，故排除 B、D；由 The movie fast and furious 8 可知问的是哪部电影，排除 A。

答案：C

13. Miss. Brown prefers _____ at home to _____ outside.

A. read; walk

B. reading; walk

C. reading; walking

D. read; walking

解析：prefer doing sth.. to doing sth..：宁愿做某事而不愿做某事，是固定句型。结合句意：布朗小姐宁愿在家也不愿意出去。

答案：C

14. We are talking about the piano and the pianist _____ were in the concert last night.

A. that

B. which

C. who

D. whom

解析：根据题意：我们正在谈论钢琴和昨晚音乐会上的钢琴家。可知考查定语从句的关系代词，先行词是 the piano and the pianist，当先行词既有人也有物时，关系代词用 that。

答案：A

15. —I hope everything goes well for you and take care.

—_____.

A. Have a good time

B. Thank you

C. No problem

D. Never mind

解析：考查情景对话。A. Have a good time 玩得高兴；B. Thank you 谢谢；C. No problem 没问题；D. Never mind 没有关系。根据 I hope everything goes well for you and take care。可知对别人对自己的关心，应说谢谢。

答案：B

二、完形填空（本题共 1 小题，每小题 15 分，计 15 分）

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

There are lots of success people all over the world. Different people have different opinion about their _____ 16 _____. Once a successful businessman was invited to a TV interview. Everybody couldn't wait _____ 17 _____ the secret of his great achievements. _____ 18 _____, he only said with a smile, "Won't it be better for your ideas on a certain problem?"

All the people were listening to him _____ 19 _____. Here was his problem. He said, "people all _____ 21 _____ to the place where a gold mine had _____ 20 _____ been discovered. But when they got there, they found they were _____ 22 _____ by a river in front of it. They had to cross the river if

they wanted to get to the gold mine. What would you do if you were among them.”

“Make another way,” someone suggested, “Swim 23 the river” said another. The businessman smiled without saying a word. Finally he gave his idea. “Why not do something 24 instead of rushing to the mine? How about 25 a boat the ferry (渡船) service?” The listeners were all 26 at his idea. He then explained calmly. The man who bought the boat could 27 a lot of money by taking the passengers to 28 bank of the river. They would like to pay for the ferry 29 there was gold across from the bank.

Do what the others haven't thought of or do something that others have never tried before—that is the key 30 success.

A difficult situation, in the eyes of a wise man, often means a chance of success.

16.

- A. succeed
- B. success
- C. successful
- D. successfully

17.

- A. hear
- B. hearing
- C. to hear
- D. heard

18.

- A. Already
- B. But
- C. Also
- D. However

19.

- A. care
- B. careful
- C. carefully
- D. careless

20.

- A. rushed
- B. entered
- C. got
- D. flew

21.

- A. just
- B. soon
- C. nearly
- D. almost

22.

- A. covered
- B. turned
- C. passed

D. stopped

23.

A. over

B. through

C. across

D. along

24.

A. difficult

B. different

C. interesting

D. exciting

25.

A. buy

B. buying

C. to buy

D. bought

26.

A. tired

B. worried

C. pleased

D. amazed

27.

A. make

B. look

C. send

D. have

28.

A. other

B. others

C. the other

D. another

29.

A. before

B. so

C. until

D. because

30.

A. of

B. to

C. for

D. in

解析：16.考查名词，A. succeed 成功，动词 B. success 成功，名词 C. successful 成功的，形容词 D. successfully 成功地，副词，根据 their 他们的，可知形容词性物主代词后接名词，故选 B。

17.考查动词, A. hear 听到, 原形 B. hearing 动名词 C. to hear 不定式 D. heard 过去式, 根据 the secret of his great achievements 他伟大成就的秘密, 推出大家迫不及待的想听他的秘密, couldn't wait to do sth.迫不及待的做某事, 故选 C。

18.考查副词, A. Already 已经 B. But 但是 C. Also 也 D. However 然而, 根据 he only said with a smile, "Won't it be better for your ideas on a certain problem?"他只是笑着说: "在某个问题上, 你的想法会不会更好?" 可知这跟前文是转折关系, 故选 D。

19.考查副词, A. care 关心 B. careful 小心的, 形容词, C. carefully 小心地, 副词 D. careless 粗心的, 根据 All the people were listening to him, 可知此处是副词, 句意: 大家都在认真的听他讲, 故选 C。

20.考查动词, A. rushed 冲 B. entered 进入 C. got 得到 D. flew 飞, 根据后文 the place where a gold mine 一个金矿的所在地, 推出大家会冲向金矿, 故选 A。

21.考查副词, A. just 仅仅 B. soon 很快 C. nearly 差不多 D. almost 几乎, 根据 to the place where a gold mine had...been discovered. 结合选项, 可推出句意: 人们冲向刚刚被发现的金矿, 故选 A。

22.考查动词, A. covered 覆盖 B. turned 转动 C. passed 经过 D. stopped 阻止, 根据 by a river in front of it, 推出被一条河阻止住了, 故选 D。

23.考查介词, A. over 在上方, 悬空 B. through 穿过(内部) C. across 穿过(表面) D. along 沿着, 根据 "Swim...the river", 可知是指从河上游过去, 此处是指从表面过去, 用 across, 故选 C。

24.考查形容词, A. difficult 困难的 B. different 不同的 C. interesting 有趣的 D. exciting 激动的, 根据 instead of rushing to the mine 而不是冲进矿井, 推出做别的不同的事情, 而不是冲进矿井, 故选 B。

25.考查动词, A. buy 买, 原形 B. buying 动名词 C. to buy 不定式 D. bought 过去式, 根据 How about, 可知介词 about 后接动名词, 故选 B。

26.考查形容词, A. tired 疲倦的 B. worried 担心的 C. pleased 高兴的 D. amazed 惊奇的, 根据 The listeners were all...at his idea, 可知大家对他的主意感到惊奇, 故选 D。

27.考查动词, A. make 制造 B. look 看 C. send 发送 D. have 有, 根据 a lot of money 很多钱, 可知赚钱用动词 make, 故选 A。

28.考查代词, A. other 其他的 B. others 其他的 C. the other 其他的, 特指 D. another 另一; 再一, 根据 to...bank of the river, 可知是指到河的对面, 两者中的另一个用 one...the other... 句型, 故选 C。

29.考查连词, A. before 在...之前 B. so 因此 C. until 直到 D. because 因为, 根据 there was gold across from the bank 河对面有黄金, 可知这是人们摆渡过去的原因, 故选 D。

30.考查介词, A. of...的 B. to 到... C. for 为了 D. in 在里面, 根据 the key...success, 可知是指成功的钥匙, the key to...的钥匙, 固定搭配, 故选 B。

答案: BCDCA ADCBB DACDB

三、短文理解 (本题共 3 小题, 每小题 10 分, 计 30 分)

根据短文内容, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳答案。

A

SKYLINE HOTEL, NEW YORK PARK(Five stars) 790, 8th Ave, New York, 10018, the United States of America 800—874—8547 Our lowest price: ¥285		
Key facts	Travelling with others	Other

		information
<p>Hotel size</p> <p>This hotel has 861rooms</p> <p>This hotel has over 21floors</p> <p>Arriving/leaving</p> <p>Check—in time starts at 4pm</p> <p>Check—out time is at noon</p> <p>Required at check—in</p> <p>Credit card deposit(信用卡押金)</p> <p>Government—issued ID card</p> <p>Minimum (最小的) check—in age is 20</p>	<p>Children</p> <p>Children (≤ 10years old) stay free when taking the parent's room or the guardian's (监护人) room using existing bedding.</p> <p>Pets</p> <p>Pets are not allowed</p> <p>Internet</p> <p>Wi—Fi in public areas</p>	<p>Valet (代客) parking</p> <p>Smoke—free hotel (no smoking)</p>

31. The lowest price at the hotel is _____.

- A. ¥285
- B. ¥790
- C. ¥861
- D. ¥874

解析：细节理解题。结合 Our lowest price: ¥285 最低价是 285 元，故选 A。

答案：A

32. If you want to stay in the hotel, you must check in _____.

- A. at 12: 00am
- B. without pets
- C. with cash
- D. without cars

解析：细节理解题。结合 Pets are not allowed 可知宠物是不被允许的，故选 B。

答案：B

33. Which is TRUE according to the table?

- A. A 12—year—old boy can stay for free when taking the guardian's room.
- B. If you are 21years old, you are not allowed to check in.
- C. If you stay in the hotel, you can use the Wi—Fi for free.
- D. You need a government—issue ID card to check—in.

解析：细节理解题。结合 Required at check—in Credit card deposit (信用卡押金) Government—issued ID card, 可知需要信用卡押金, 和政府许可证, 故选 D。

答案：D

34. When we see the signal Smoke—free hotel?

- A. it means we can smoke freely in the hotel.

- B. it means smoking isn't allowed here.
- C. we should smoke in a special room.
- D. it means smoking is harmful to our health.

解析: 细节理解题。结合 Smoke—free hotel(no smoking)可知吸烟是不被允许的, 故选 B。

答案: B

35. Where might we find the table?

- A. In a story book.
- B. In a fiction book.
- C. In a travel guide book.
- D. In a science magazine.

解析: 推理判断题, 结合 SKYLINE HOTEL, NEW YORK PARK 这是一家酒店的广告, 可知是出现在导游册上, 故选 C。

答案: C

B

Have you ever seen rows of different cars parked on a big playground, with their boots (汽车后备箱) open? The boots are packed with things like books, pictures, kid's toys. This is a car boot sale. It is popular in the UK.

If you have lots of things and have nowhere to put them, and don't want to throw them away, why not try a car boot sale? Go to a car boot sale and you may be excited about what you find.

You can find almost anything at a car boot sale, from beds, tables to necklaces and ring....

Most of the things are second—hand, so they are usually low—priced. I like to hunt for books. I was petty proud when I bought four books from the Harry Potter. Series and they cost me just over £2.

Here is a little tip that not everybody knows; When it's nearly the end of the sale (they usually finish in the early afternoon), many sellers cut the prices because they want to throw away things. Quite often you'll find "all for 10p", "Buy one and get one free" and "Take it away!" It's clear that they just want to throw those things away.

However, there may not be much good stuff (物品) left in the end—the things people really want are sold quickly. So, as they say, the early bird catches the worm!

36. Why are most things at such a low price at a car boot sale?

- A. Because they are terrible.
- B. Because they are useless.
- C. Because they are small things.
- D. Because they are second—hand.

解析: 细节理解题, 根据文中的第 4 段 Most of the things are second—hand, so they are usually low—priced.可知大部分的东西都是二手货, 所以通常价格很低, 故答案 D。

答案: D

37. Which of the following things you may NOT find at a car boot sale?

- A. Food and drinks
- B. books and pictures
- C. Beds and tables
- D. Necklaces and rings

解析: 细节理解题, 根据文中的第 3 段 You can find almost anything at a car boot sale, from

beds, tables to necklaces and ring....你可以在车靴销售中找到几乎所有的东西，从床、桌子到项链和戒指可知没有提到食物和饮料，故答案 A。

答案：A

38. How did the writer feel when he got four books from the Harry Potter series?

A. Terrible

B. Excited

C. Proud

D. Nervous

解析：细节理解题，根据文中的第 4 段 I was petty proud when I bought four books from the Harry Potter.可知 我从哈利·波特系列买了四本书时，我感到很骄傲，故答案 C。

答案：C

39. Many sellers usually cut the prices _____.

A. at the beginning of the sale

B. nearly at the end of the sale

C. in the early morning

D. when there is bad weather

解析：细节理解题，根据文中的第 5 段 When it's nearly the end of the sale (they usually finish in the early afternoon), many sellers cut the prices because they want to throw away things.可知当它接近销售结束（他们通常在下午早些时候结束），许多卖家降价，因为他们想扔掉的东西，故答案 B。

答案：B

40. What is the reading mainly about?

A. A car boot sale in the UK.

B. A car show in the UK.

C. What a car boot sale.

D. A good way to save money.

解析：主旨归纳题，根据文中的第 1 段 This is a car boot sale. It is popular in the UK.可知主要介绍的这是一个旧物销售。它在英国很流行，故答案 A。

答案：A

C

A computer program that could help catch and ever translates from aliens in outer space has been started by a British scientist.

If aliens are discovered one day, scientists fear their language may make it possible to understand them. But John Elliott of needs Metropolitan University in Britain has come up with a program that can figure out the structure (结构) of their language. He thinks that's the first step in understanding what they are saying.

Dr. Elliott's program would compare an alien language to a database (数据库) of 60different languages in the world to look foe a similar structure. He believes that even an alien language will have its own structure. Language has to be structure in a certain way, or it will be harder to use, he told New Scientist magazine.

Research had shown that it is possible to know if a signal (信号) carries a language rather than a picture or music. Dr. Elliott has gone a step further by finding a way to pick out what might be words and sentences. Because languages have different word orders, Dr. Elliott has set up a

library of the sentence structures of 60 human languages.

If a message is received from outer space, it could be compared against this database. Scientist would then be able to see if it's similar to any human language, or a mix of the language.

However, Dr. Elliott also said that in order to translate what the aliens are actually saying, it may still be necessary to have a code book.

41. Why did Dr. Elliott come up with the program?

- A. To learn more about outer space.
- B. To develop a new language.
- C. To help translate the messages for aliens.
- D. To compare an alien language to human languages.

解析：细节理解题。根据第二段句子 If aliens are discovered one day, scientists fear their language may make it possible to understand them. But John Elliott of needs Metropolitan University in Britain has come up with a program that can figure out the structure (结构) of their language. He thinks that's the first step in understanding what they are saying. 如果有一天外星人被发现，科学家们担心他们的语言可能让他们理解他们。但是英国大学的艾里尔特想出了一个程序来确定他们的语言的结构。他认为这是第一步。了解他们在说什么。可知为了帮助翻译外星人的信息。故选 C。

答案：C

42. According to Dr. Elliott, what's the first step of understanding an alien language?

- A. Coming up with a program.
- B. Knowing a structure.
- C. Understanding aliens.
- D. Discovering aliens.

解析：细节理解题。根据第二段句子 If aliens are discovered one day, scientists fear their language may make it possible to understand them. But John Elliott of needs Metropolitan University in Britain has come up with a program that can figure out the structure (结构) of their language. 如果有一天外星人被发现，科学家们担心他们的语言可能让他们理解他们。但是英国大学的艾里尔特想出了一个程序来确定他们的语言的结构。他认为这是第一步。可知知道一个结构。故选 B。

答案：B

43. What does paragraph 4 mainly tell us?

- A. Some necessary conditions for making the program work.
- B. Dr. Elliott's findings about different kinds of languages.
- C. Three important functions of the program.
- D. The number of sentence structures of human languages.

解析：段意归纳题。根据第四段内容及其句子 Research had shown that it is possible to know if a signal (信号) carries a language rather than a picture or music. Dr. Elliott has gone a step further by finding a way to pick out what might be words and sentences. 研究表明，有可能知道一个信号是否携带语言而不是图片或音乐。埃利奥特博士找到了一种方法来找出可能是单词和句子的步骤。可知第四段主要告诉我们使程序工作的一些必要条件。故选 A。

答案：A

44. How does the program work when it receives a message from aliens?

- A. Mix the message with 60 human languages.
- B. Translate the message and send it to the database.

- C. Pick out the sentence structure and translate it.
- D. Compare the message to the database of 60 human languages.

解析：细节理解题。根据第四段句子 Because languages have different word orders, Dr. Elliott has set up a library of the sentence structures of 60 human languages. 因为语言有不同的词序，埃利奥特博士建立了一个词库。60 种人类语言的句子结构库。If a message is received from outer space, it could be compared against this database. Scientist would then be able to see if it's similar to any human language, or a mix of the language. 如果从外层空间收到消息，可以将其与此数据库进行比较。然后科学家就能知道它是否与任何人类语言相似，或者是语言的混合。可知将消息与 60 种人类语言的数据库进行比较。故选 D。

答案：D

45. What can we infer from the story?

- A. Not all languages have their own structure.
- B. The structure of alien languages is similar to that of human languages.
- C. To translate alien languages, there is much work to do.
- D. Alien languages are signals carrying pictures and music.

解析：细节推理题。根据这篇文章内容及其最后一段句子 However, Dr. Elliott also said that in order to translate what the aliens are actually saying, it may still be necessary to have a code book 然而，埃利奥特博士还说，为了翻译外星人实际上在说什么，也许仍然需要有一本代码书。可知要翻译外星人的语言，有很多工作要做。故选 C。

答案：C

四、补全短文（本题共 1 小题，每小题 10 分，计 10 分）

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，从下面方框中的 A-E 选项中，选择适当的选项补全短文。

Doing exercise is very important for everyone. But it can be a little different to keep a exercise plan when winter comes. 46 Do you have the same problem? I'll tell you what you can do to change the situation.

To stay active during the winter, you should first make it as easy as possible to do your exercise. 47 The following advice will give you some ideas for making winter exercise more comfortable and more enjoyable.

48 If you want to exercise outside, you might keep the clothes in the dryer for a few minutes before that. It's often harder to get warmed up when it's cold outside. Putting on clothes fresh from the dryer is just one way to get your body warm.

49 If it's really cold outside, you might even try a quick shower to get you warm before you do exercise.

Walk in door. 50. To get out of cold weather of winter, you can simply walk in door. Probably in the living area of your room, Walking indoors makes you feel safe and gives you a dry and warm temperature to do it.

- A. Take a hot shower.
- B. Walking is a good way to stay healthy.
- C. Put your sports clothes in the dryer.
- D. The cold weather makes you want to stay in your warm bed.
- E. Second, make something different before you lose interest in doing exercise.

解析：46. 细节推理题。根据前句 But it can be a little different to keep a exercise plan when

winter comes。但是当冬天来临的时候，保持锻炼计划可能会有点不同。和后句 Do you have the same problem? I'll tell you what you can do to change the situation.你也有同样的问题吗？我会告诉你你能做些什么来改变现状。可知结合选项，应说寒冷的天气使你想呆在温暖的床上。故选 D。

47.细节推理题。根据前句 you should first make it as easy as possible to do your exercise 你应该首先使你的锻炼尽可能地容易。可知结合选项，应说第二，在你对锻炼失去兴趣之前，做一些不同的事情。故选 E。

48.细节推理题。根据后句 If you want to exercise outside, you might keep the clothes in the dryer for a few minutes before that.如果你想在户外锻炼，你可以把衣服放在烘干机里几分钟。可知结合选项，应说把你的运动服放在烘干机里。故选 C。

49.细节推理题。根据后句 If it's really cold outside, you might even try a quick shower to get you warm before you do exercise.如果外面真的很冷，你甚至可以试着在锻炼前冲个热水澡来暖和一下。可知结合选项，应说洗个热水澡。故选 A。

50.细节推理题。根据前句 Walk in door.可知结合选项，应说散步是保持健康的好方法。故选 B。

答案：46. D 47. E 48. C 49. A 50. B

五、短文填空（本题共 1 小题，每小题 10 分，计 10 分）

根据短文内容，用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空，使短文内容完整、通顺。每词限用一次。

she, surprise, why, lucky, twelve, something, true, have, in, hand

On the day of the interview, I got up at 6: 00 in the morning. I got to the interview place without 51 breakfast. I was the 16th interviewer (应聘者) and the 52 was a short ordinary-looking girl. I nodded to her. I asked her where she graduated. "I didn't graduate from a famous college," She told me 53 a low voice.

I didn't expect the interview would last so long. As I didn't have breakfast, my stomachache came to me. I had to sit by the table for a rest. Just at that time, the girl came and asked me what happened. I told her. "I didn't have 54 this morning, so I had a stomachache."

After a while, a worker came in and 55 me a bottle of milk and a piece of bread. It was certain that they were bought by the girl. I felt warm all over my heart because I hadn't imagined she would be so nice to help me—her rival (竞争对手).

56, I got the job. The first day I went to work, I was 57 to see the girl there. She also got the job. Later I asked her why she got the job. She said with a smile. "That day when I bought you the food and came back, an interviewer saw me and asked 58 I took the food in hands. I told him the 59. Then I got the job." At that moment, I came to know that when the girl helped me and the interviewer, she also helped 60.

Helping others will benefit yourself as well.

解析：51.考查动名词。句意“我没有__早饭就去了面试地点。”根据所给单词，可知，应该是“吃”have。介词 without 后用动名词 having。

52.考查序数词。句意“__是个矮小的普通女孩。”根据上一句 I was the 16th interviewer (应聘者)。我是第十六个面试者。及所给单词，可知，应该是“第十二”。填 twelve 的序数词 twelfth。

53.考查介词。句意“她低声告诉我。”根据所给单词，可知，in a low voice 低声地、以一个低的声音。固定搭配。填 in。

54.考查不定代词。句意“今天早上我没吃____, 所以肚子痛。”根据所给单词, 可知, 应该是“任何东西”。否定句中 something 改为 anything。

55.考查动词。句意“过了一会儿, 一个工人走进来____我一瓶牛奶和一块面包。”根据所给单词, 可知, 应该是“递给”。由 came 过去式。可知, 用 hand 的过去式 handed。

56.考查副词。句意“____, 我得到了工作”。根据所给单词, 可知, 得到工作, 应该是“幸运地”。修饰句子, 用 lucky 的副词 luckily。

57.考查形容词。句意“我上班的第一天, 我____看到那里的女孩。”根据下一句 She also got the job 她也得到了这份工作。及所给单词, 可知, be surprised to 惊讶地……填 surprise 的形容词 surprised。

58.考查疑问词。句意“一个面试官看见我, 问我____拿着食物。”根据下一句 I told 我告诉……及所给单词, 可知, 应该是“为什么”。填 why。

59.考查名词。句意“我告诉他____”。根据上一句 an interviewer saw me and asked why I took the food in hands 一个面试官看见我, 问我为什么拿着食物。及所给单词, 可知, 应该是“真相”。特指那件事情的真相, 填 true 的单数名词 truth。

60.考查反身代词。句意“我知道, 当女孩帮助我和面试官时, 她也帮助了__。”。根据最后一句 Helping others will benefit yourself as well 帮助别人也会给自己带来好处。及所给单词, 可知, 应该是“她自己”。填 she 的反身代词 herself。

答案: 51. having 52. twelfth 53. in 54. anything 55. handed 56. Luckily 57. surprised 58. why 59. truth 60. herself

六、完成句子(本题共5小题, 每空1分, 计10分)

根据汉语提示完成句子, 一空一词(包括缩写词)

61.所有这些文章都有一些共同之处。

All these articles have one thing _____.

解析: 根据题干, 可知需要翻译的是“共同之处”, 其英语表达形式是 in common。

答案: in common

62.她过去常和朋友们闲逛。

She _____ hang out with her friends.

解析: 根据题干, 可知考查句型 used to do sth.过去常常做某事。

答案: used to

63.中国是世界上人口最多的国家。

The _____ of China is the _____ in the world.

解析: 根据题干, 可知考查句型 the population of……的人口; 形容人口多用 large/big, 根据 in the world, 可知是最高级。

答案: population; largest / biggest

64.我是那么害怕, 一动也不敢动。

I was _____ scared _____ I couldn't move.

解析: 根据题干, 可知考查句型 so...that...如此……以至于……

答案: so; that

65. 26路公共汽车正行驶在中华路上, 这时司机看到一位老人正躺在路边。

Bus No. 26 was going along Zhonghua Road _____ the driver saw an old man _____ on the side of the road.

解析：根据题干，可知，when 当……时，引导时间状语从句；see sb doing sth. 看到某人正在做某事。

答案：when; lying

七、书面表达（共 1 小题，满分 10 分）

为了学习和弘扬东坡文化，我们学校举办了东坡文化艺术节，请你根据以下要点，用英语写一篇报道。

要点：

- (1) 时间、地点：5 月 23 日（星期三）上午 9 点，学校英语厅；
- (2) 形式：东坡文化讲座、东坡诗词诵读、学生才艺表演；
- (3) 感受：……

参考词汇：lecture 讲座；develop 弘扬

注意：

- (1) 所写内容必须包含所有提示要点，并作适当发挥；
- (2) 词数 80 左右。（开头和结尾已给出，但不计入总词数）；
- (3) 文中不能出现考生的真实姓名、校名等信息；

Meishan is a great place with colorful and traditonal Dongpo Culture. _____

解析：高分句型一：Our school held Dongpo Culture Festival on Wednesday of May 23rd. It was held in the School English Hall at 9 in the morning.

我们学校在 5 月 23 号星期三上午九点在学校英语厅举办了东坡文化节。

这是一个用动词过去式表达过去发生何事的句型，考查的短语有 be held，表被动，意为“被举办”。

高分句型二：There were lots of fantastic activities such as lectures about Dongpo Culture, Dongpo poems reading activity and students' talent shows.

文化节上有很多精彩的活动，比如有东坡文化讲座，诗词朗诵以及学生才艺表演。

这是一个 there be 结构的过去时句型，there was/were，考查的短语是 such as。

Meishan is a great place with colorful and traditonal Dongpo Culture. In order to learn and carry forward the Dongpo culture, (点明目的) our school held Dongpo Culture Festival on Wednesday of May 23rd. It was held in the School English Hall at 9 in the morning. (高分句型一) There were lots of fantastic activities such as lectures about Dongpo Culture, Dongpo poems reading activity and students' talent shows. (高分句型二) I think it was a great chance to know more about Dongpo culture and helped make our school life more wonderful. (述说感受) I hope our school will hold Dongpo Culture Festival again next year and I am looking forward to it. (扣题结尾，回应前文)

答案：

Meishan is a great place with colorful and traditonal Dongpo Culture. In order to learn and carry forward the Dongpo culture, our school held Dongpo Culture Festival on Wednesday of May

23rd It was held in the School English Hall at 9 in the morning. There were lots of fantastic activities such as lectures about Dongpo Culture, Dongpo poems reading activity and students' talent shows. I think it was a great chance to know more about Dongpo culture and helped make our school life more wonderful. I hope our school will hold Dongpo Culture Festival again next year and I am looking forward to it.