

2018 年山东省中考一模试卷英语

一、读音选词 根据所给句意和音标，从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。
(5 分)

1. (1 分) The _____/'prezɪdənt/will visit China in the near future.

- A.present
- B.pleasant
- C.president
- D.parent

解析: /pr/是字母组合 pr 的发音, 所以首先排除选项 B 和 D, 音标中有/d/的音所以单词中要有字母 d, 故答案选择 C。

答案: C

2. (1 分) We can't _____/ə'fɔ: (r) d/to wait any longer to take action.

- A.afford
- B.ahead
- C.alive
- D.avoid

解析: 字母 a 发音/ə/, 字母 f 发音/f/, 字母组合 or 发音是/ɔ: /, 字母 d 发音是/d/.情态动词 can 后要用动词原形, afford to do 是固定搭配意思是"负担得起", 答案择 A。

答案: A

3. (1 分) I want to take up a new _____/'hɒbi/next year.

- A.house
- B.hobby
- C.health
- D.hardly

解析: /ɒ/的音是字母 o 的发音, 字母 b 发音是/b/.根据 a new 可知空格处要用名词, 结合句意"明年我想开始一个新的爱好", 所以应为 hobby"爱好", 答案择 B。

答案: B

4. (1 分) I _____/pleɪ/the guitar after I finish my homework.

- A.plan
- B.plant
- C.pour
- D.play

解析: /pl/是字母组合 pl 的发音, 字母组合 ay 发音是/eɪ/. 空格处要用动词, 弹吉他是"play the guitar", 故应选择 D

答案: D

5. (1 分) I lost my _____/kæp/.I must find it.

- A.cat
- B.cap

C.cup

D.cab

解析：字母 c 的发音是 /k/，/æ/ 是字母 a 的发音，字母 p 的发音是 /p/，物主代词 my 后要加名词，结合句意“我丢了我的帽子”，故应选择 B

答案：B

二、选择填空 从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。(30 分)

6. (1 分) - Mom, where's my notebook? - Maybe it's in your _____.

A.clock

B.photo

C.game

D.bag

解析：根据语境，笔记本一般会放在书包里，所以选 D，而其他几个选项 clock 钟表；photo 照片；game 游戏；均不符句意。

答案：D

7. (1 分) - Helen, welcome to the chess club. - Thank you, I love playing_____chess.

A.a

B.an

C.the

D./

解析：球类运动和象棋前面加零冠词，所以下象棋为 play chess.

答案：D

8. (1 分) - Peter, this is our new classmate, Tom. Could you show_____around the school?

- Sure, Mr. Green.

A.he

B.she

C.him

D.her

解析：根据语境推测问句的句意是“你能领着他参观一下我们的学校吗？”根据设空处的代词在句中放在动词 show 后面作宾语，所以应该使用宾格代词，根据前面一句的 our new classmate, Tom 判断用代词 him，答案 C.

答案：C

9. (1 分) - What do you think of the movie Mr.Six? - I can't stand it.It's so _____.

A.interesting

B.boring

C.relaxing

D.exciting

解析：首先明确选项中每个单词的意思，A：有趣的；B：无聊的；C：令人放松的；D：令人激动的；根据题干结合 I can't stand it 推测答语的句意是“我无法忍受，太无聊了。”，由此判断句子中缺少“无聊的”一词，故答案为 B.

答案：B

10. (1分) - _____do you study for a test? - I study by asking the teacher for help.

A.Why

B.Who

C.How

D.What

解析: why 为什么; who 谁; how 如何; what 什么.根据第二句句意: 我通过向老师寻求帮助来学习。可以推断出问句是问如何..., 答案 C.

答案: C

11. (1分) - On Mother's Day, she bought a special gift _____ her mom.

A.for

B.on

C.to

D.from

解析: 根据句意和短文中出现的介词短语 buy sth. for sb.意为"为某人买东西", 可知介词 for 符合句子意思, 答案 A.

答案: A

12. (1分) - Mum, I am hungry. May I have some _____?

- Of course. But don't eat too much.

A.bread

B.noodle

C.dumpling

D.hamburger

解析: 本题目是考查名词辨析。bread"面包"; noodle"面条"; dumpling"水饺"; hamburger"汉堡"。由下文的 too much (太多), 修饰不可数名词, 可知空格处也须用不可数名词。其他三项均为可数名词, 答案 A.

答案: A

13. (1分) - Whose red bike is this? - It _____be Mary's. Her favorite color is red.

A.can't

B.mustn't

C.can

D.must

解析: must 必须, 一定; can't 不能; can 能, 能够; mustn't 禁止.根据 Her favorite color is red, 可知她最喜欢的颜色是红色, 所以它一定是 Mary 的.must 必须, 一定, 答案 D。

答案: D

14. (1分) Jenny likes hamburgers, _____I don't like them.I think it's bad for health.

A.so

B.if

C.but

D.and

解析: and, so, but 是并列连词, and 意思是: 并且.so 意思是: 所以, but 意思是: 但是。(表示转折)。并列连词用来连接平行的词、词组和分句.并列连词连接的双方是对等的。if 是从属连词, 引导条件状语从句, 意思是: 如果.根据句意: Jenny 喜欢汉堡包, 但是我不喜欢它们.我认为它对我的健康有害。应选: C.

答案: C

15.(1分) I'd like _____ bowls of noodles. One is for myself and the other two are for my parents.

- A.two
- B.three
- C.four
- D.five

解析: 根据题干中的 one 和 the other two 可知, 应是想要三碗, 应用 three 答案 B。

答案: B

16.(1分) - Look, the river in Jinan is _____ than before. - Yes, it's so beautiful.

- A.cleaner
- B.cleanest
- C.dirtier
- D.dirtiest

解析: 根据句意, 及回答, 可知这条河更美丽了, 河水比以前更清洁了, than"比", 可知应用比较级, cleaner"更清洁", 单词形式和意思都符合题意, cleanest"最干净"不符合题意, dirtier"更脏"不符合题意, dirtiest"最脏"不符合题意, 答案 A。

答案: A

17.(1分) - Who is in the classroom? - _____.All the students are on the playground.

- A.Somebody
- B.Anybody
- C.Nobody
- D.Everybody

解析: somebody 意思是"某人"; anybody 意思是"任何人"; nobody 意思是"没有人"; everybody 意思是"每个人"根据"All the students are on the playground."所有的学生都在操场上。可知在教室里没有人, 答案 C.

答案: C

18.(1分) The books _____ me one hundred yuan.It's so expensive.

- A.spend
- B.cost
- C.take
- D.pay

解析: spend time/money (in) doing sth.花费时间(金钱)做某事; cost, 花费, 它的主语必须是某物, 常用用法是 sth.cost (sb.) some money; take 花费, 常用句型, It takes sb.+ 时间+to do sth.做某事花了某人多少时间; pay 为"付款、赔偿"之意, 主语通常是人, 往往是 sb.pay some money for sth; 根据句意: 这本书花了我 100 元, 太贵了.主语是物, 答案 B。

答案: B

19. (1分) - Lucy, would you like some more cakes?

- _____. I'm full now.

A.Sure, I'd love to

B.Yes, please

C.Sorry, I can't

D.No, thanks

解析：分析句子，结合选项，推测意思是露西，再来点蛋糕好吗？不了，谢谢。A 当然，我乐意，B 是的，请，C 对不起，我不能，D 不了，谢谢。

答案：D.

20. (1分) The Winter Olympic Games will be held in China in 2022. Which of the following is a sport of the event?



解析：常识题，A.足球；B.滑冰；C.篮球；D.网球；冬奥会中滑冰是比赛的项目。

答案：B

21. (1分) - You look sad, Bill. _____? - Sorry, dad. I didn't get good grades this time.

A.How are you

B.What's today

C.How old are you

D.What's the matter

解析：根据答语：爸爸，对不起。这次考试我没有取的好成绩。可知这里要问：Bill 怎么了？What's the matter? What's wrong?意思都是：怎么了？选项 A 意思是：你好吗？选项 B 意思是：今天是几月几号星期几？选项 C 意思是：你多大了？

答案：D

22. (1分) - Why don't you talk to your parents? - It isn't easy for me _____ with them.

- A.communicate
- B.communicates
- C.communicating
- D.to communicate

解析：本题考查非谓语动词的用法。根据语境推测答语的句意是"对我来说跟他们交流并不容易。",结合设空处前面的"It isn't easy for me _____"判断此题考查句式"It's+形容词+(for/of sb.) +to do sth.做某事(对某人来说)..."。

答案：D

23. (1分) - Do you like playing basketball or soccer? - _____. Yao Ming is my favorite player.

- A.Yes, I do
- B.I like playing basketball
- C.No, I don't
- D.I like playing soccer

解析：这道题的问句是一个选择疑问句，回答选择疑问句时，一般在所提供的备选对象范围内选择，有时也要视具体情况作灵活处理，但不能用 Yes/No 来回答，一般用一个完整的陈述句或其简略形式，主语和谓语均省略。所以排除 A, C.根据答语：姚明是我最喜欢的运动员。可知这里是喜欢打篮球。排除 D，应该选：B。

答案：B

24. (1分) The twin sisters have some things in common.They are _____good at English.

- A.both
- B.either
- C.all
- D.none

解析：both 意思是"两者都"; either 意思是"两者之中的任何一个"; all 意思是"三者或三者以上都"; none 意思是"三者或三者以上都不"根据"The twin sisters"可知是双胞胎姐妹两人，又根据"They are _____good at English"可知她们俩都擅长英语，答案 A。

答案：A

25. (1分) The government will _____the old houses in the center of the city.

- A.take out
- B.take off
- C.take down
- D.take in

解析：take out 拿出来; take off 脱下; take down 拆除; take in 吸收.根据句意：政府将要把市中心的老房子拆除，答案 C。

答案：C

26. (1分) We are happy to see that the passengers on the bus are talking more and more _____.

- A.mostly
- B.politely
- C.loudly

D.heavily

解析：所给选项的意思是：mostly 大部分地，politely 有礼貌地，loudly 大声地，heavily 沉重地。根据 We are happy"我们很高兴"可知，应该是人们谈话有礼貌，应用 politely，答案 B。

答案：B

27. (1 分) - Which sunglasses should I choose today?

- I think the red ones.They _____nice on you.

A.look

B.feel

C.taste

D.sound

解析：四个选项都是感官系动词，后可跟形容词作表语。look 是看起来，feel 是感觉，taste 是尝起来，sound 是听起来，根据句意"- 我今天应该戴哪副太阳镜呢？- 我觉得红色那副吧。你戴上它们看起来很好看。"，则应选择 A。

答案：A.

28. (1 分) The seafood in Qingdao is _____expensive_____I can't afford it.

A.as; as

B.so; as

C.too; to

D.so; that

解析：as...as 意为"和...一样"，表示同级的比较。使用时要注意第一个 as 为副词，第二个 as 为连词。其基本结构为：as+adj./adv.+as.在表示"和...一样..."时，可用"as...as"结构（前面的 as 后要用原形）。在表示"不像...那样..."时可用"not as (so) ...as"这种结构。too...to...通常用来表示否定含义，即"太...而不能..."。so...that...如此...以致于...根据句意：青岛的海鲜太贵了，我买不起。也就是说：青岛的海鲜如此的贵以致于我买不起，应选：D。

答案：D

29. (1 分) The earth will become more and more beautiful if everyone _____their best to protect the environment.

A.try

B.tries

C.will try

D.tried

解析：本句是由 if 引导的条件状语从句，一般遵循"主将从现"的原则，从句常用一般现在时，即主语+动词原形，everyone 作主语，谓语应用单数形式，故根据句意选择 B.try one's best 表示尽某人最大能力做某事。

答案：B

30. (1 分) - Tu Youyou won the Nobel Prize for physiology and medicine, do you know?

- Yeah. _____exciting news.

A.How

B.What

C.What a

D.What an

解析:

根据 exciting news!可知这里考查了感叹句, 本句的中心词是 news, 它是一个不可数名词, exciting 是一个形容词, 在这里修饰 news, 根据 What+形容词+可数名词复数/不可数名词+主语+谓语!答案 B。

答案: B

31. (1 分) _____games too much at night is bad for your eyes.

A.Play

B.Plays

C.Playing

D.Played

解析: 本题考查非谓语动词的用法。根据语境推测句意是"晚上玩游戏时间太长对眼睛有害。"由于设空处单词在句子中作主语, 所以用动名词形式, 答案 C。

答案: C

32. (1 分) - Jenny, I think it's better to read in silence.What about you?

- _____I think reading aloud is a good way to learn English.

A.I agree

B.I disagree

C.Me neither

D.I'd love to

解析: 根据前一句话句意: Jenny, 我认为默读更好.你呢?和空格后面的句意: 我认为大声朗读是一个学习英语的好方法.可知这个空格的意思是: 我不同意.选项 A 意思是: 我同意.选项 B 意思是: 我不同意.选项 C 意思是: 我也不.选项 D 意思是: 我愿意来.根据句意: Jenny, 我认为默读更好.你呢?我不同意.我认为大声朗读是一个学习英语的好方法.应选: B.

答案: B

33. (1 分) Sam is very kind and volunteers at after - school program_____others.

A.help

B.helps

C.to help

D.helping

解析: 本题考查非谓语动词的用法。根据语境推测句意是"Sam 非常善良, 他在课外项目中义务帮助别人。", 结合设空处前面的 volunteers 判断此题考查句式"volunteer to do 志愿/义务做某事"; 所以选 C。

答案: C

34. (1 分) - How long have you_____? - For about ten years.

A.borrowed this book

B.bought this car

C.lived in Jinan

D.come to this town

解析: 根据 For about ten years 可知, 这是一个表示一段时间的时间状语, 通常用于现在完

成时，而且动词应该用延续性动词，而 buy、borrow、come 是瞬间性动词，不能持续一段时间，所以要排除掉选项 ABD，现在完成时态结构为 have/has+动词的过去分词。答案 C。
答案：C

35. (1 分) - Excuse me, could you tell me _____? - Pour the yogurt into the blender.

A. where can I find a restaurant

B. what I should buy

C. why you eat so much

D. how I make a milk shake

解析：根据 could you tell me _____ 可知，本题考查宾语从句，宾语从句中一般为陈述语序，选项 A 是疑问语序，所以排除掉；再根据 Pour the yogurt into the blender，可知意思是把酸奶倒进搅拌机里，这里表示如何制作牛奶奶昔。答案 D。

答案：D

三、完形填空 阅读短文，从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个能填入文章中相应空白处的最佳答案。(10 分)

36. (10 分)

I'm sure many people are working hard for a lot of money, a big house, a new car, expensive clothes and so on. Those are considered to be symbols of (36) B on the material level. When I was young, I was also (37) C reaching for material success. So I chose a job as a salesman and I did make some pretty good money.

But later I realized that was not what I wanted, because I was often forced to sell products that might not be good for customers. I become very unhappy (38) D I could make a lot of money. I no longer felt proud of my job and even (39) A myself for doing things like that. So I (40) B my job and took another job, this time helping (41) C the poor and the weak. The sense of belonging was great and suddenly I felt successful in my life again, I made less money but I was (42) D with myself.

For my own past, success comes from the feeling of satisfaction and joy. I feel successful when I love what I do, not caring so much about (43) C. And I feel the most successful when I (44) B my kindness everywhere go.

So, be (45) A to yourself: learn to listen to the voice from the bottom of your heart. And find your own way with a happy heart to achieve your own success.

36.

A. luck

B. success

C. safety

D. hope

解析：考查名词用法。根据上句 I'm sure many people are working hard for a lot of money, a big house, a new car, expensive clothes and so on. (我相信很多人都在为很多钱，一个大房子，一辆新车，昂贵的衣服等努力工作)可知这些应该都是成功的物质层面的标志，结合选项，luck 幸运。success 成功。safety 安全。hope 希望，所以应该用名词 success 成功。

答案：B

37.

- A. sadly
- B. hardly
- C. crazily
- D. honestly

解析：考查副词用法。根据后句 So I chose a job as a salesman and I did make some pretty good money. (所以我选择了一份工作作为一个推销员，并挣了很多钱)，结合选项的含义，sadly 悲伤地；hardly 几乎不；crazily 疯狂地；honestly 诚实地；可知此处应是指作者也在疯狂地达到这种物质上的成功，所以才挣了那么多钱。所以应用副词 crazily 疯狂地。

答案：C

38.

- A. if
- B. since
- C. until
- D. although

解析：考查连词用法。根据 I become very unhappy (我变得很不高兴) 和后句 I could make a lot of money (我能挣很多钱) 可知前后句存在一种看似矛盾的关系，结合选项的含义 if 如果，表假设；since 自从，表时间；until 直到，表时间；although 虽然，尽管，表让步，引导让步状语从句，结合语境，应该用 although，指我变得非常不高兴，虽然我能挣很多钱。

答案：D

39.

- A. look down upon
- B. look up to
- C. look through
- D. look into

解析：考查固定短语用法。根据 I no longer felt proud of my job (我不再为我的工作感到骄傲) 推出后句应该是指甚至对自己做过的事看不起自己，结合选项，look down upon 看不起；look up to 尊敬；look through 浏览；look into 调查，应该用固定短语 look down upon "轻视，看不起"。

答案：A

40.

- A. made up
- B. gave up
- C. set up
- D. turned up

解析：考查固定短语用法。根据 and took another job 从事另一个工作，可知前面应该是放弃了自己原来的工作，结合选项，made up 编造；gave up 放弃；set up 建立；turned up 出现，应该选固定短语 give up "放弃"。

答案：B

41.

- A. in danger

- B. in order
- C. in need
- D. in surprise

解析：考查固定短语用法。根据 this time helping people (51) the poor and the weak 是指这次帮助...的穷人和弱者；结合选项，in danger 处于危险中；in order 井然有序的；in need 在危难中，在危急中；in surprise 惊奇地；可知此处应该用 in need 才符合语境，指帮助处于危难中的穷人和弱者。

答案：C

42.

- A. strict
- B. cheerful
- C. angry
- D. satisfied

解析：考查形容词用法。根据前句 The sense of belonging was great and suddenly I felt successful in my life again (这种归属感是伟大的，突然我觉得在我的生活中成功了) 结合后句的转折连词 but 可知此句是指虽然挣得钱少了，但我对自己感到...结合选项，strict 严格的；cheerful 快乐的；angry 生气的；satisfied many 的，可知此处应该用固定短语 be satisfied with 对...感到满意；这里指但对自己感到满意。

答案：D

43.

- A. trust
- B. love
- C. money
- D. health

解析：考查名词用法。根据前句 I feel successful when I love what I do 当我做我喜欢做的事时，我会感到成功，所以可推知后句的意义为不会太在乎钱，所以此处应该用不可数名词 "money" 钱。trust 信任；love 爱；money 钱；health 健康。

答案：C

44.

- A. throw
- B. spread
- C. sell
- D. lend

解析：考查动词用法。根据 And I feel the most successful when I (54) my kindness everywhere go 可知此句要表达的意义为：当我把我的善良...各地时，我感觉到是最成功的时候，所以主语后缺少一个动词；结合选项，throw"扔掉"；spread"传播"；cell 名词，电池，细胞；lend 借出；结合语境，此处应该用动词 spread"传播"，此处是指把善良传播到各地。

答案：B

45.

- A. true

- B. brave
- C. friendly
- D. terrible

解析：考查形容词用法。根据后句 learn to listen to the voice from the bottom of your heart 学会倾听你内心的声音，可知前句应是表达要忠于你自己的想法之意，结合选项的含义，true"真实的"；brave"勇敢的"；friendly"友好的"；terrible"糟糕的"；所以此处应该用形容词 true，指作真实的自我。

答案：A

四、补全对话 阅读对话，从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案完成对话。
(5分)

37. (5分) A: Hello! May I speak to Mary?

B: Speaking.

A: This is Lin Tao. (46) D

B: I am watching a soap opera at home.

A: (47) C

B: In fact, I don't mind it.

A: I don't like soap operas, either. So, do you want to go to a movie?

B: 48) B I went to the beach last weekend. It made me feel tired.

A: How was your weekend?

B: (49) A The beaches were beautiful, the food was delicious, and the people there were friendly.

A: Really? I want to go there. But my parents don't.

B: Don't mind (50) C. Just do what you like to.

A: OK, I will. Bye.

B: Bye - bye.

46.

- A. Where are you?
- B. Are you watching TV?
- C. Are you at home?
- D. What are you doing now?

解析：根据答语， I am watching a soap opera at home.我正在家里看电视剧，可知问句应该是提问的现在你正在干什么?因此，答案是 D.

答案：D

47.

- A. Do you like them?
- B. What do you think of?
- C. What do you think of them?
- D. What do you like it?

解析：根据答语 In fact, I don't mind it.事实上，我不介意他们，是对肥皂剧的一种个人观点，因此应该提问对方的观点，你认为肥皂剧怎么样?What do you think of them?

或者是 How do you like it.故答案是 C.

答案：C

48.

- A. Yes, I do.
- B. Sorry, I'm afraid not.
- C. Yes, I'd like to.
- D. No, I don't want to.

解析：根据上一句 do you want to go to a movie?你想去看电影吗?是一个一般疑问句.再根据后一句 I went to the beach last weekend. It made me feel tired.上周末我去了沙滩，我还仍然很劳累，因此可推测出作者不想去看电影.因此，答案是否定的。

答案： B

49.

- A. Fantastic.
- B. It's tiring.
- C. It was terrible.
- D. Just so - so.

解析：根据问句 How was your weekend?提问的你的周末怎么样，再根据后面 The beaches were beautiful, the food was delicious, and the people there were friendly.沙滩很漂亮，食物很美味，那里的人很友好，可推测出周末过的非常好.因此。

答案： A

50.

- A. what do they think
- B. where your parents are
- C. what they think
- D. how do they like

解析：根据答语 Just do what you like to.只要做你想做的事情，可知提建议，不要在乎着别人怎么想.因此。

答案： C

五、阅读理解 阅读下列短文，从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。（15 分）

38. (5 分)

Now some women are spending a weekend at Mother's Camp (营地). There, husbands and children are not allowed. Why would a woman want to take a vacation without her family? Some women say they need time to be alone.

At Mother's Camp a woman has room for herself. She can sleep, read or watch TV, and no one will bother her. No children will ask, "Mom, what's for dinner?" No husband will say, "Oh, dear, I can't find any clean socks." In fact almost 50% of women in the United States work outside the home. Many of them work full - time and then come home for a second job - taking care of their homes and families. These working women say one of their biggest problems is housework.

In the United States, working wives do about 75% of the housework. Many of their husbands say they want to help. But then they burn the rice or they can't find the pans. They ask so

many questions that their wives decide it is easier to do the job themselves.

Some women go to Mother's Camp just to get a break from housework. For two days they don't cook, they don't clean and they don't look after their children and husbands. What do they do? They enjoy warm, sunny weather, walking, swimming or boating in a clear blue lake and sing songs around the campfire. They relax away from home. They have a really wonderful vacation at Mother's Camp.

1. From this passage we can see _____ in the United States.

- A. women want to work outside the home
- B. working wives do most of the housework
- C. husbands do as much housework as their wives
- D. women do not like to stay at home with their families

解析: 细节理解题。根据第三段第一句 In the United States, working wives do about 75% of the housework. 在美国, 工作的妻子大约做家务活的 75%。可知工作的妻子做大部分家务。

答案: B

2. At Mother's Camp, women can't _____.

- A. watch TV
- B. read newspapers
- C. swim in the lake
- D. bring their husbands and children

解析: 细节理解题。根据第一段开头 Now some women are spending a weekend at Mother's Camp (营地). There, husbands and children are not allowed 现在有些女性在母亲营里过周末, 丈夫和孩子不被允许。可知她们不能带他们的丈夫和孩子。

答案: D

3. Why would some mothers like to be alone? Because _____.

- A. they don't like their husbands and children
- B. they have to work full - time
- C. they are too busy to relax themselves
- D. they want a new life

解析: 细节理解题。根据第二段中 In fact almost 50% of women in the United States work outside the home. Many of them work full - time and then come home to a second job - taking care of their homes and families. 事实上, 在美国几乎有 50% 的妇女在家外工作。他们中的许多人全职工作, 然后回家第二份工作, 照顾他们的家和家人。可知一些妈妈忙得不能放松自己。

答案: C

4. _____ is one of the biggest troubles for working wives in the United States.

- A. Housework
- B. Working outside the home
- C. When to take a vacation
- D. Looking after their children

解析: 细节理解题。根据第二段末 These working women say one of their biggest problems is housework 这些职业妇女说她们最大的问题之一就是家务。可知是家务。

答案: A

5.What's the best title of this passage? _____

- A. Busy Working Mothers
- B. How to Buy Gifts for Mothers
- C. Mothers Relax Away From Home
- D. Mothers in the US

解析：标题归纳题。根据短文末 They relax away from home. They have a really wonderful vacation at Mother's Camp 她们远离家去放松.她们在母亲营度过了一个非常愉快的假期。及全文内容可知，短文主要介绍妈妈们远离家庭去放松。

答案：C

39. (5 分)

You're going to high school, aren't you? Maybe you don't know what to do. Well, here's a list of the top six things to do when you're in high school. These things will give you ideas of what your high school life could be like. Here you go!

1.Find your passion(激情) and what kind of person you are: Whether it's dance, basketball, or drawing, the important thing is that you have found something you are interested in.

2.Talk to people you wouldn't usually talk to: Meet new people, find new friends and even talk to the people you don't like. It will show what a great person you are.You never know what will happen after high school.

3.Take part in at least one contest (竞赛): This will give you tears (眼泪) of laughter, happiness and memories.

4.Get a job: This will help you see what it's like to have responsibility (责任).It can also help you make a little money to spend on yourself.

5.Take a trip with your friends: It doesn't matter where you go or what you do, the memories will happen on the way and go on till the final place.

6.Do your best at school: Don't ever get lazy. Working hard now will help you in the future.

根据短文内容，选择正确答案。

56.The writer mainly tells you six things you should do_____.

- A.in your high school years.
- B.at the beginning of your high school years.
- C.before your high school begins.
- D.after you finish your high school.

解析：细节理解题。问题：作者主要告诉你关于什么时候的六点建议?分析原文第一段: here's a list of the top six things to do when you are in high school.句意：当你上高中的时候，这有最好的六点建议给你.因此说明这六点的建议是你在上高中时应该做的。

答案：A

57.The writer gives you advice that you should talk to the people you don't like because_____.

- A.you will feel sorry if not.
- B.it will show how great you are.
- C.you can show how clever you are.
- D.you can make your study better.

解析：细节理解题。问题：作者给你的建议中，为什么你应该与你不喜欢的人说话?在第二

点建议中提到应该与不喜欢的人说话，联系原文第二段：It will show what a great person you are.句意：它能展示出你是一个多么不错的人。

答案：B

58.From Point 3, we know that you can_____in a contest.

A.get lots of tears.

B.have a strong body.

C.get good grades in high school.

D.have different feelings and memories.

解析：细节理解题。根据文中的第三段：Take part in at least one contest: This will give you tears of laughter, happiness and memories.至少参加一次比赛：这会给你欢笑、幸福和回忆的泪水。

可知是不同的感觉，答案择 D.

答案：D

59.Which of the following you'd NOT do according to the passage?_____

A.Find your interest.

B.Get a job.

C.Take a trip with your friends.

D.Get lazy.

解析：判断题。问题：根据短文，下列哪一项是你最好不做的事?联系选项：第一项：找到你的兴趣。是应该做的；第二项：找到一份工作.是应该做的；第三项：和你的朋友去旅行。

是应该做的；第四项：变得懒惰，是不应该做的。

答案：D

60.What's the main idea of the passage?_____

A.Have a happy school life.

B.How to get along with your schoolmates.

C.Ideas of successful high school life.

D.Make your school life easy.

解析：主旨题。问题：这篇短文的主要中心思想是什么?短文为将要上高中的学生们提出了几点建议，分别为找到你的爱好，与每个人交流，至少参加一个竞赛，得到一份工作，与你的朋友们旅行，在学校做到最好。为了能在高中的生活中取得成功，这点建议值得借鉴。

答案：C

40. (5分)

Last Monday John went downtown. After John spent a long time shopping downtown, he got very hungry. Across the street there was a McDonald's. He didn't usually eat at fast food restaurants and didn't know what to order. When he looked at the menu, it was hard for him to make a decision. Not only were there ten similar types of hamburger dinners, but there were also fish and chicken dinners. He didn't know what to choose. He thought of asking the cashier for help, but she didn't look very friendly. At last he chose a small chicken meal. "With so many choices, it's not very fast food!" he thought.

61. Why did John go downtown last Monday?_____

A. He went shopping.

- B. He bought some clothes.
- C. He went to eat at the fast food restaurant.
- D. He bought fast food.

解析：细节理解题。根据"After John spent a long time shopping downtown, "在市中心，购了很长一段时间物之后。

答案：A

62. Why didn't John know what to order at McDonald's? _____

- A. He didn't like fast food.
- B. He didn't mind fast food.
- C. He couldn't stand fast food.
- D. He didn't eat there very often.

解析：细节理解题。根据"He didn't usually eat at fast food restaurants and didn't know what to order."他通常不吃快餐，不知道点什么。

答案：D

63. What made it hard for John to decide what to eat? _____

- A. He was in a hurry.
- B. He wasn't very hungry.
- C. There were too many choices.
- D. The menu was difficult to read.

解析：细节理解题。根据"Not only were there ten similar types of hamburger dinners, "不仅有十余种类似的汉堡。

答案：C

64. Why didn't John ask the cashier for help? _____

- A. He didn't like the cashier.
- B. He couldn't stand the cashier.
- C. The cashier was busy.
- D. The cashier looked unfriendly.

解析：细节理解题。根据"she didn't look very friendly"她看起来不是很友好。

答案：D

65. Why did John think the fast food was not fast? _____

- A. It took him a long time to decide what to order.
- B. The cashier didn't bring him his meal for an hour.
- C. The cashier was not friendly.
- D. The restaurant was too far from the downtown.

解析：细节理解题。根据"With so many choices, it's not very fast food!" he thought.他想"有那么多选择，这不是快餐"。

答案：A

六、选词填空（10分）A. 阅读短文，从方框中选择适当的单词填空（每词限用一次）。

41. (5分)

at small planning such animals

A group of children grow vegetables and take care of (66) animals, but they are not playing "Farmville" online. Students (67) at Gateway International School have started farming a (68) small piece of land in the school. The students in the school are from different countries, (69) such as the Philippines.

"They give part of the harvest to us and we cook it for them. We are (70) planning to ask the parents to buy the vegetables planted by the children. This will also teach them the importance of money." Said the head teacher of the school.

解析:

66.考查名词。根据上文 A group of children grow vegetables 一群孩子种蔬菜.可知结合选项, 应说照顾动物, 用名词复数 animals.故答案为 animals.

67.考查介词。根据下文 Gateway International School, 可知空后是地点, 结合选项, 应说该校的学生们已经开始在学校里耕种一小块土地。所以用 at.故答案为 at.

68.考查形容词。根据上下文 Students at Gateway International School have started farming a...piece of land in the school.可知结合选项, 应说该校的学生们已经开始在学校里耕种一小块土地.a small piece of land 一小块地。故答案为 small.

69.考查短语。根据上文 The students in the school are from different countries, 这所学校的学生来自不同的国家.可知结合选项, 应说如菲律宾。such as 例如, 故答案为 such.

70.考查动词。根据上下文 We are...to ask the parents to buy the vegetables planted by the children.可知句子是现在进行时, 结构为 be+动词的现在分词, 结合选项, 应说我们正计划让父母去买孩子们种的蔬菜。故答案为 planning.

B. 阅读短文, 从方框中选择适当的动词, 并用其适当形式填空, 有的需要加助动词或不定式符号(每词限用一次)。

42. (5分)

retire go work catch stop

Mr. Smith (71) has worked in a police station for 42years and he will retire this autumn. He tried to work hard in his life but he wasn't lucky enough (72) to catch even a thief.

Last weekend, Mr. Smith (73) went to buy some sugar in a shop. When he got into the shop, he suddenly saw a young man get some money from a woman's bag and walk away. He ran to the thief and at the end of a blind alley(死胡同), the young thief (74) was stopped by Mr. Smith.

"Please give me a chance, sir, " said the thief. "I'll never do that again!"

"But who can give me a chance?" said Mr. Smith. "I (75) will retire next month and this is the first time I've caught a thief!"

解析:

71.考查现在完成时。根据下文 in a police station for 42years, 和 he will retire this autumn.今年秋天他将退休, 可知句子是现在完成时, 结构为 have\has+done, 主语是 Mr. Smith, 第三人称单数, 结合选项, 应说史密斯先生在警察局工作了42年, 故答案为 has worked.

72.考查动词。根据上文 He tried to work hard in his life but he wasn't lucky enough, 可知结合选项, 应说他试图在生活中努力工作, 但他连一个小偷都没有抓住.be enough to do sth 固定用法。故答案为 to catch.

73.考查一般过去时。根据上文 Last weekend, 可知句子是一般过去时, 结合选项, 应说上周

末，史密斯先生去商店买了一些糖。故答案为 went.

74.考查一般过去时的被动语态。根据上文 He ran to the thief and at the end of a blind alley (死胡同)，他追着小偷，在一条死胡同里.可知结合选项，应说那个年轻的小偷被史密斯先生拦住了。句子是一般过去时的被动语态，结构为 be+动词的过去分词。主语是 the young thief，第三人称单数。故答案为 was stopped.

75.考查一般将来时。根据下文 next month and this is the first time I've caught a thief!"可知结合选项，应说我将在下个月退休，这是我第一次抓住了一个小偷！句子是一般将来时，结构为 will+do.故答案为 will retire.

七、改写句子 按括号内的要求完成句子，每个空格填一个单词。(5分)

43. (1分) I study English by working with friends. (对划线部分提问)

_____ you study English?

解析：考查划线部分提问。根据 by working with friends 和朋友一起学习。可知，对某种方式提问。用疑问词 how 怎么。后跟一般疑问句.主语 I 我.一般现在时态，含有实意动词，变一般疑问句用助动词 do.

答案：How do

44. (1分) My English teacher is of medium height. (就句子画线部分提问)

What _____ your English teacher look _____?

解析：根据 My English teacher is of medium height，可知这里提问某人长的怎么样，用 what do/does look like 表示。

答案：does, like.

45. (1分) No talking! (改写句子，句意不变)

_____ talk!

解析：根据 No talking，可知这是一个否定式的祈使句，变成同义句，可以用 don't talk 表示。

答案：Don't

46. (1分) Tom said, "We will go back tomorrow morning." (改为间接引语)

Tom said they _____ come back the next morning.

解析：答案：would.本题是将直接引语转换成间接引语，直接引语的我们实际上就是主句的 they，一般将来时需改为过去将来时，所以 will 变成 would，故答案为：would。

答案：would

47. (1分) Look! Some students are cleaning the classroom. (改写句子，句意不变)

Look! The classroom _____ cleaned by some students.

解析：根据 Look! The classroom - - cleaned by some students.可知这里句子叙述现在的情况，时态用一般现在时，the classroom 是动作的承受者，句子使用被动语态，构成 be+动词的过去分词。

答案：is

八、完成句子 根据汉语意思完成英语句子，每个空格填一个单词。(5分)

48. (1分) 他们是如何为考试而学习的!

How do they _____ a test!

解析: 根据 How do they - - a test, 可知这里放在助动词 do 后面用动词原形, 学习用 study, 为某某用 for.

答案 study for

49. (1 分) 这个问题太难, 我理解不了。

It's _____ hard for me _____ understand the question.

解析: 根据这个问题太难, 我理解不了. 可知在英语中表示太...而不能用 too to 表示。

答案 too, to

50. (1 分) "济南天气如何?" "晴".

- _____ the weather in Jinan?

- It's _____.

解析: 分析句子, 考查固定句式 how's the weather in+地点, 第二空前面是系动词, 后接形容词 sunny.

答案: How's, sunny.

51. (1 分) 人们无法忍受这样的恶劣天气.

People _____ the bad weather.

解析: 分析句子, 缺少无法忍受的表达, 英语是 can't stand, 情态动词后接动词原形。

答案: can't stand.

52. (1 分) 我想在聚会上装扮成公主.

I want to _____ a princess at party.

解析: 分析句子, 缺少装扮的表达, 英语是 dress up, 这里用 dress up as, 后加宾语成分, 表示装扮成什么样子. 前面是不定式, 后接动词原形.

答案: dress up as

九、阅读理解七选五 根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 选项中有两项为多余选项。(5 分)

53. (5 分)

I was ten when I first sat with my grandmother behind the cashier (收银台) in her general store. (86) B I quickly learned the importance of treating customers politely and saying "thank you."

At first I was paid in candy. (87) A I worked every day after school, and during the summer and on weekends and holidays from 8a.m. to 7p.m. My father helped me set up a bank account. (88) G

By the time I was 12, my grandmother thought I had done such a good job that she promoted me to selling cosmetics (化妆品). I developed the ability to look customers directly in the eye. Even though I was just a kid, women would ask me such things as "What color do you think I should wear?" I took a real interest in their questions and was able to translate what they wanted into makeup (化妆) ideas. (89) C The job taught me a valuable lesson: to be a successful salesperson, you didn't need to be a Rocket scientist - you needed to be a great listener.

(90) D Except they are no longer women purchasing cosmetics from me; instead, they are kids who tell me which toys they would like to see designed and developed.

- A. Later I received 50cents an hour.
- B. Before long, she let me sit there by myself.
- C. I ended up selling a record amount of cosmetics.
- D. Today I still carry that lesson with me: I listen to customers.
- E. My grandma's trust taught me how to handle responsibility.
- F. Soon I found myself looking more beautiful than ever before.
- G. Watching my money grow was more rewarding than anything I could have bought.

解析:

87. 阅读选句题。根据上一句 At first I was paid in candy 起初我收了糖果的钱。可知，下一句应该是"后来我每小时收到 50 美分。"。选 A。

88. 阅读选句题。根据上一句 My father helped me set up a bank account. 我父亲帮我开了一个银行帐户。可知，下一句应该是"看着我的钱增长比我能买的任何东西都更有价值。"。选 G。

89. 阅读选句题。根据下一句 The job taught me a valuable lesson: to be a successful salesperson, you didn't need to be a Rocket scientist - you needed to be a great listener 这份工作给了我一个宝贵的教训：要成为一个成功的销售人员，你不需要成为一个火箭科学家，你需要成为一个伟大的倾听者。可知，上一句应该是"我最终卖出了创纪录的化妆品。"。选 C。

90. 阅读选句题。根据上一句 The job taught me a valuable lesson: to be a successful salesperson, you didn't need to be a Rocket scientist - you needed to be a great listener 这份工作给了我一个宝贵的教训：要成为一个成功的销售人员，你不需要成为一个火箭科学家，你需要成为一个伟大的倾听者。可知，下一句应该是"今天，我仍然带着这个教训：我倾听顾客的意见。"。选 D。

十、书面表达（10 分）

54.（10 分）践行文明礼仪从我做起，下周五要举办"文明礼仪伴我成长"为主题的英文征文比赛，请根据下面要点写一篇英文短文参赛。

要点:

1. 孝敬父母;
2. 守时 (be punctual)、诚实、有礼貌、节约、乐于助人等;
3. 公共场合不要大声讲话，不乱扔垃圾。

要求: 1. 短文须包括以上提示要点，可适当发挥;

2. 词数 80 - 100 词。

解析: 高分句型

1. We should

① try our best to help the people

② in need.

① try one's best to do sth. 尽力做某事

② in need 在危急中

2. ① It's our duty to ② keep our city clean and beautiful.

① it 是形式主语，动词不定式是真正主语。

② keep...adj 保持...怎么样的

答案:

As a middle school student, we should have good manners. First, we should respect our parents and help them do some housework. Second, we should be polite and honest. Also, it's

always good to be kind and friendly. We should try our best to help the people in need. Third, we'd better not talk loudly in public. Don't throw rubbish everywhere. It's our duty to keep our city clean and beautiful. Fourth, we are supposed to save food and water.

Lastly, it's important and necessary for us to help protect the environment.

In a word, good manners can make a difference and lead to a better future.