

2018年新疆维吾尔自治区中考真题英语

I. 听力理解 (30分) (略)

II. 从 B 栏中选出与 A 栏中相匹配的答语。(本题共 1 小题, 每小题 10 分, 共计 10 分。)

A

9. Can you spell this word? _____
10. What animals do you like? _____
11. Would you like something to eat? _____
12. How do you go to school? _____
13. Remember to lock the door when you leave. _____

B

- A. On foot.
B. Yes, I can.
C. Pandas.
D. OK, I will.
E. No, thanks. I'm full.

解析: 9. 考查情境对话。结合语境“你能拼写这个单词吗?”可知, 应该回答“是的, 我能。”选 B。

10. 考查情境对话。结合语境“你喜欢什么动物?”可知, 应该回答“熊猫”。选 C。

11. 考查情境对话。结合语境“你想吃点东西吗?”可知, 应该回答“不, 谢谢”。我饱了。选 E。

12. 考查情境对话。结合语境“你怎么去上学?”可知, 应该回答“步行”。选 A。

13. 考查情境对话。结合语境“你离开的时候记得锁门。”可知, 应该回答“好的, 我会的”。选 D。

答案: 9. B 10. C 11. E 12. A 13. D

III. 单项选择 (本题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共计 10 分)

14. —Is that _____ book?

—No, it's _____ old library.

- A. a; the
B. a; an
C. an; a
D. the; an

解析: 考查冠词。句意“那是一本书吗? 不, 那是一个旧图书馆”。第一个空, 泛指一本书。book 是以辅音音素/b/开头, 用 a 修饰。第二个空, 泛指一个旧的图书馆。old 是以元音音素/əʊ/开头, 用 an 修饰。

答案: B

15. Both Mike and I _____ ready for the new high school life.

- A. be
B. am
C. is
D. are

解析: 根据 Both Mike and I, 可知主语是复数形式, 所以用 are。

答案: D

16. Hurry up! Some _____ and _____ are on sale in the supermarket.

- A. tomato; egg
B. tomatoes; egg
C. Tomatoes; eggs

D. tomato; eggs

解析: tomato 西红柿; egg 鸡蛋; tomatoes 西红柿, 复数形式; eggs 鸡蛋, 复数形式。根据空格前面的词语是 some, 所以空格处要用复数名词来填空, 因此可知这句话的意思是“快点! 超市里一些西红柿和鸡蛋在销售。”

答案: C

17. I really want to have a pet dog, _____ my mother disagrees.

A. but

B. and

C. or

D. so

解析: A. 但是; B. 和; C. 或者; D. 因此, 根据 I really want to have a pet dog, _____ my mother disagrees, 可知前后是转折关系, 结合句意: 我真的很想养一只宠物狗, 但是我妈妈不同意。

答案: A

18. —Wow, your sweater is very beautiful! How much is it?

—Thank you. It _____ me 30dollars.

A. spend

B. paid

C. cost

D. take

解析: spend 的主语必须是人, 常用于以下结构 spend time /money on sth..在……上花费时间 (金钱); spend time / money (in) doing sth.. 花费时间 (金钱) 做某事。cost 的主语是物或某种活动; take 后面常跟双宾语, 常见用法有以下几种: It takes sb.. +时间+to do sth.. 做某事花了某人多少时间。pay 的基本用法是: pay (sb..) money for sth.. 付钱 (给某人) 买... 结合句意: —你的毛衣很漂亮! 多少钱? —谢谢, 花了我 30 美元。

答案: C

19. —Jim, it's dark now. Please _____ the light in the room.

—OK, mum.

A. turn on

B. turn up

C. turn off

D. turn down

解析: 选项 A 意为: 打开, 选项 B 意为: 声音调高一些, 选项 C 意为: 关闭, 选项 D 意为: 声音调低一些。根据句意: ——吉姆, 现在天黑了, 请把房间里的灯打开。——好吧, 妈妈。

答案: A

20. —Let's _____ to the movies!

—I'm sorry. I must _____ my homework first.

A. going; do

B. go; doing

C. go; do

D. going; doing

解析：根据 Let's, 可知 let sb.. do sth., 故第一空后接动词原形；由 must 可知，情态动词 must 后接动词原形。这是固定用法。

答案：C

21. There was a a car accident on Xin Hua Road yesterday. _____, nobody was hurt.

A. Lucky

B. Luckily

C. Unlucky

D. Unluckily

解析：考查副词。A 幸运的。B 幸运地。C 不幸的。D 不幸地。结合语境“昨天在新华路发生了一起车祸，_____没有人受伤。”可知，应该是“幸运地”，修饰句子，用副词。

答案：B

22. —Excuse me, coule you please tell me _____ from your home to school?

—It's about 500 meters.

A. how far is it

B. how far it is

C. how long does it take you

D. how long it takes you

解析：根据 coule you please tell me 可知这是一个宾语从句，宾语从句应该是陈述句的语序，所以排除 A, C, 根据第二句句意：大约 500 米，此处应该是：对不起，请告诉我从你家到学校有多远。

答案：B

23. —I think my English teacher is nice.

—_____. She can make her classes interesting.

A. I'm not sure

B. I'm afraid not

C. I don't think so

D. I think so

解析：考查情境对话。A.我不确定。B.恐怕不行。C.我不这么认为。D.我想是这样。结合语境“——我认为我的英语老师很好。——_____。她可以让她的课有趣。”可知，应该是“我想是这样”。

答案：D

IV.完型填空（本题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 10 分）

根据短文内容，在 A、B、C、D、四个选项中选择一个正确的答案。

A few days ago, I sat in the sofa watching TV. Just then I got a _____ 24 _____ from a friend of mine. I hadn't seen him _____ 25 _____ a very long time. We talked about our school days on the phone. Then he started talking about his _____ 26 _____.

His mother was badly ill in hospital. She couldn't sleep at night and often _____ 27 _____ to

himself. My friend was angry 28 her and asked his mother 29 talking. Since then, his mother didn't say anything. The doctor said she had a kind of mental disease(心理疾病), she couldn't look after herself like a normal person. My father was very sad. He thought it was his fault(过错). My friend 30 like a baby on the phone. He said that he could do 31 if his mother became better.

Do you know 32 our parents love us and care for us all the time I think we should 33 love our parents and take care of them. A good relationship with your parents can make you a better and happier person. It is worth having a try!

24.

- A. letter
- B. e-mail
- C. call
- D. message

25.

- A. in
- B. for
- C. at
- D. of

26.

- A. mother
- B. father
- C. brother
- D. sister

27.

- A. talked
- B. talk
- C. to talk
- D. talking

28.

- A. to
- B. about
- C. for
- D. with

29.

- A. stop
- B. to stop
- C. stopped
- D. not to stop

30.

- A. cried
- B. shouted
- C. laughed
- D. heard

31.

A. something

B. anything

C. nothing

D. none

32.

A. what

B. whom

C. where

D. that

33.

A. too

B. either

C. also

D. else

解析：24.考查名词辨析。A 信；B 电邮；C 电话；D 短信；根据后面 on the phone 在电话里，应该是来了电话，故答案是 C。

25.考查介词辨析。A 在……里；B 为……；C 在……；D……的；根据后面 a very long time 一段时间要用 for，故答案是 B。

26.考查名词辨析。A 妈妈；B 爸爸；C 兄弟；D 姐妹；根据下文 His mother 他的妈妈，可知是谈论和他的妈妈关系，故答案是 A。

27.考查动词辨析。A 过去式；B 原型；C 不定式；D 现在分词；根据前面 couldn't sleep at night and 情态动词要用动词要用动词原型，and 是并列关系，也要用动词原型，故答案是 B。

28.考查介词辨析。A 到……；B 关于；C 为……；D 和……；根据题干，be angry with sb. 生某人的气，故答案是 D。

29.考查动词辨析。A 原型；B 不定式；C 过去式；D 不做某事；根据 ask sb. to do sth. 让某人做某事是固定短语，后面 his mother didn't say anything。他妈妈什么也不说了，应该前面是别说话了，故答案是 B。

30.考查动词辨析。A 哭；B 大喊；C 笑；D 听；根据 He thought it was his fault (过错)。My friend 30 like a baby on the phone.前面说他错了，后面应该是像孩子一样哭，故答案是 A。

31.考查代词辨析。A 一些；B 任何，在肯定句中表示任何；C 没什么；D 没有一个；根据 his mother became better 如果他妈妈变好，应该是可以任何事情，故答案是 B。

32.考查连词辨析。A 什么；B 谁，C 哪儿；D 那，那个；根据 Do you know 32 our parents love us and care for us all the time，宾语从句，不缺成分，故答案是 D。

33.考查副词辨析。A 也，用于句尾；B 也，用于否定句句尾；C 也，用于句中；D 别的，其它的；根据 we should 33 love our parents and take care of them.我们应该也爱我们的父母，照顾他们，用于句中，故答案是 C。

答案：24. C 25. B 26. A 27. B 28. D 29. B 30. A 31. B 32. D 33. C

V. 阅读理解（本题共 4 小题，每小题 10 分，共计 40 分）

阅读下面材料，从 A、B、C、D 四个选项选出最佳选项。

A

NOTICES

<p>DANCE & MUSIC</p> <p>Jazz and hip - hop music</p> <p>Time: 6 - 8p.m.</p> <p>Every Tuesday and Saturday.</p> <p>Place: Sally's Dance club, 32Admiral Road</p> <p>All ages welcome</p> <p>¥ 15each class</p>	<p>A GREEN CITY</p> <p>Help make the big city greener by planting trees</p> <p>Time: 10 - 11: 30a. m. every Saturday.</p> <p>Place: Foxdale Park.</p> <p>All ages welcome.</p>	<p>SWEETING THINGS</p> <p>Learn to make cakes with Anne.</p> <p>Time: 3 - 5p.m. every Sunday.</p> <p>Place: Sunnyside Kitchen, 3A Baker Street (Behind Sunny side Hall)</p> <p>All ages welcome.</p> <p>¥ 5for ingredients (原材料)</p>
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34. If Harry only has 4dance classes, he should pay _____ dollars.

- A.15
- B.30
- C.45
- D.60

解析：计算归纳题。根据表格一句子 DANCE & MUSIC: ¥ 15each class 可知如果 Harry 只有 4 节舞蹈课，他应该付 $4 \times 15 = 60$ 美元。故选 D。

答案：D

35. On Saturday morning, people in Foxdale Park can _____.

- A. take a dance class
- B. plant ttrees B.
- C. learn to make cakes
- D. do exercise

解析：细节理解题。根据表格二句子 Place: Foxdale Park. Help make the big city greener by planting trees.可知星期六上午，人们在 Foxdale Park 可以植树。故选 B。

答案：B

36. Where can people make cakes?

- A. At Sally's Dance Club.
- B. In Foxdale Park.
- C. At Sunnyside Kitchen.
- D. On 32Admiral Road.

解析：细节理解题。根据表格三句子 Learn to make cakes with Anne.和安妮一起学做蛋糕。Place: Sunnyside Kitchen, 3A Baker Street (Behind Sunny side Hall).可知在 Sunnyside 厨房。故选 C。

答案：C

37. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. All ages are welcomed to exercise at Sally's Dance CluB.
- B. Ingredients are free for people at Sunnyside Kitchen.
- C. People can make the city greener every Saturday in Foxdale Park.

D. Teenagers can dance with music for about 3 hours at Sally's Dance Club.

解析：细节判断题。根据表格二句子 Help make the big city greener by planting trees, every Saturday. Place: Foxdale Park. 可知在 Foxdale 公园里每个星期六人们可以加强城市绿化。故选 C。

答案：C

38. You may see these notices _____.

A. in a newspaper

B. in a book

C. on a magazine

D. on a bus

解析：细节推理题。根据这篇文章内容及其句子 NOTICES, 可知结合选项, 应该可以在报纸上看到。故选 A。

答案：A

B

A man was fishing on the bank of a river. A boy came to see him fishing. The man was really good at fishing and he could catch a full basket of fish in a short time. The man saw that the boy was very cute, and he wanted to give him a whole basket of fish. But the boy shook his head. The man was surprised and asked, "Why don't you want the fish?"

The boy replied, "I want the fishing rod (竿) in your hands."

The man asked, "Why do you want the rod?"

"I will eat up all the fish in the basket soon, but if I have the fishing rod, I can use it to catch a lot of fish by myself."

Many people will certainly say the boy is very smart...wrong! If he doesn't know fishing skills. He can't catch fish without a fishing rod. It's useless to only have a fishing rod, fishing skills are more important than having a fishing rod.

Many people want to have a "fishing rod" in their life. They are just like the boy, they thought that if they had a fishing rod, they would have fish to eat. Life is full of exciting things, we should try to learn fishing skills instead of having a fishing rod.

39. The man was fishing on the bank of _____.

A. a river

B. a lake

C. a pool

D. a sea

解析：细节理解题。根据第一句 A man was fishing on the bank of a river 一个人在河边钓鱼。可知，是河边。选 A。

答案：A

40. Why did the boy refuse the man's fish?

A. Because he didn't like fish.

B. Because he wanted his fishing rod.

C. Because he wanted some big fish.

D. Because he wanted to have fishing skills.

解析：细节理解题。根据第二段 The boy replied, "I want the fishing rod (竿) in your hands." 男孩回答说：“我想要你手中的鱼竿。”可知，拒绝他的鱼是因为男孩想要鱼竿。选 B。

答案：B

41. Many people thought the boy was _____ after he explained why he didn't want the fish.

A. smart

B. silly

C. wrong

D. hardworking

解析：细节理解题。根据倒数第四行 Many people will certainly say the boy is very smart... 很多人肯定会说这个男孩很聪明……。可知，他解释了他为什么不要鱼之后，很多人认为他是聪明的。选 A。

答案：A

42. Life is full exciting things, we should try to _____.

A. fish

B. eat fish

C. learn fishing skills

D. have a fishing rod

解析：细节理解题。根据最后一句 we should try to learn fishing skills instead of having a fishing rod. 我们应该试着学习钓鱼技巧而不是钓鱼。可知，我们应该学习钓鱼技巧。选 C。

答案：C

43. What is the best title (标题) for the article?

A. the Fishing Rod

B. the Fishing Man

C. the Fishing Boy

D. the Fishing skills

解析：标题猜测题。根据最后一句 Many people want to have a "fishing rod" in their life. They are just like the boy, they thought that if they had a fishing rod, they would have fish to eat 很多人想在他们的生活中有一个“鱼竿”，他们就像这个男孩，他们认为如果他们有一个鱼竿，他们会有鱼吃。可知，短文主要围绕“鱼竿”展开的，标题可以是“鱼竿”。选 A。

答案：A

C

Many Chinese students may want to study abroad after high school. But at the same time, more and more foreign students are coming to China.

According to a report www.the Students.com. 397, 63 International students came to China in 2015. China is now the third most popular country for international students, behind the United States and the United Kingdom.

In the summer of 2016, 55 students and teachers from Germany came to China and joined a summer camp, they were interested in traditional Chinese culture.

They visited several schools in Beijing. They learned to make dumplings, play Chinese kung fu and do paper cutting. If they like Chinese handwriting, they can learn calligraphy. By communicating with Chinese people, they could have a close relationship with their new friends, they could know more about China.

In 2018, especially young people in Germany, have become more interested in learning Chinese. There are more cultural exchanges between Germany and China. German students have had chances to learn more about Chinese culture, history and its life today. Almost 400 German

school have Chinese classes. Over 8, 000 German students study in China.

44. According to a report, _____ is the third most popular country for international students in 2015.

- A. Germany
- B. the United Kingdom
- C. China
- D. the United States

解析: 细节理解题。根据第二段 China is now the third most popular country for international students, behind the United States and the United Kingdom。中国现在是第三个最受欢迎的留学生国家, 仅次于美国和英国。可知, 对于留学生第三受欢迎的是中国。选 C。

答案: C

45. The German students learned to do the following things in China EXCEPT _____.

- A. playing ping - pong
- B. making dumplings
- C. paying chinese kung fu
- D. doing paper cutting

解析: 细节理解题。根据第四段 They learned to make dumplings, play Chinese kung fu and do paper cutting 他们学会包饺子, 玩中国功夫, 做剪纸。可知, 没有打乒乓球。选 A。

答案: A

46. What does the underlined word calligraphy mean in Chinese?

- A. 豫剧
- B. 书法
- C. 太极
- D. 油画

解析: 词意猜测题。句意“如果他们喜欢中国的手艺, 他们可以学习_____。”根据 handing (手的) 触摸、手艺。可知, 中国的文化, 应该是“书法”。选 B。

答案: B

47. How many German schools have Chinese classes in 2018?

- A. 40
- B. 55
- C. Almost 400
- D. Over 8000

解析: 细节理解题。根据最后一行 Almost 400 German school have Chinese classes 将近 400 所德国学校有中文课。可知, 将近 400。选 C。

答案: C

48. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. 55 students and teachers from Germany came to China and joined a summer camp in 2015.
- B. German students have become interested in learning modern Chinese culture.
- C. There are fewer cultural exchanges between China and Germany.
- D. More and more foreign students come to study in China now.

解析: 推理判断题。根据第三段第一句 In the summer of 2016, 55 students and teachers from Germany came to China and joined a summer camp, they were interested in traditional Chinese culture. 在 2016 年夏天, 55 名来自德国的学生和老师来到中国参加了一个夏令营, 他们对中国传统文化很感兴趣。及最后一句 Over 8, 000 German students study in China 德国

留学生超过 8000 人在中国学习。可知，现在越来越多的外国留学生来到中国学习。选 D。

答案：D

D

阅读下面短文，把 A-E 五个句子填入稳重空缺处，使短文内容完整。

Most people want to be happy, but few of them know how to find happiness. Money and success alone do not bring happiness forever. Aristotle (亚里士多德), a Greek thinker, said, "Happiness depends upon ourselves" 49. _____ Here are a few suggestions to help you be happier. 50. _____ such as reading a good book, listening to your favourite music, spending time with close friends. People who have several close friends often live happily. 51. _____

52. _____ Many people go dancing or play sports. People can forget about their problems and only think about the activities.

Finally, many people find happiness in helping others. Studies show that people feel good when they spend their time helping others. 53. _____ You can help a friend with his or her lessons, go shopping to buy food for an elderly person.

- A. They could enjoy simple things in their lives.
- B. In other words, we make our own happiness.
- C. The first secret of happiness is to enjoy the simple things in life.
- D. In want to feel happier, do good things to help other people.
- E. The second secret to living a happy life is to be active.

解析：49. 细节推理题。根据前句 Happiness depends upon ourselves 幸福取决于我们自己。可知结合选项，应说换句话说，我们创造自己的幸福。故选 B。

50. 细节推理题。根据前句 Here are a few suggestions to help you be happier. 这里有一些建议可以让你更快乐。可知结合选项，应说快乐的第一个秘密就是享受生活中简单的事情。故选 C。

51. 细节推理题。根据前句 People who have several close friends often live happily. 有几个亲密朋友的人常常幸福地生活。可知结合选项，应说他们可以享受简单的生活。故选 A。

52. 细节推理题。根据后句 Many people go dancing or play sports. People can forget about their problems and only think about the activities 许多人去跳舞或做运动。人们可以忘记他们的问题，只想到活动。可知结合选项，应说快乐生活的第二个秘密是积极主动。故选 E。

53. 细节推理题。根据后句 You can help a friend with his or her lessons, go shopping to buy food for an elderly person. 你可以帮助一个朋友学习功课，去商店为一个老人买食物。可知结合选项，应说在想要感觉更快乐的时候，做些好事来帮助别人。故选 D。

答案：49. B 50. C 51. A 52. E 53. D

VI. 词汇 (本题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 10 分)

A. 根据首字母提示补填单词，使句子完整、通顺。

53. May is the f _____ month the yearl.

解析：考查序数词。结合语境“五月是一年的_____个月。”及首字母提示，可知，应该是“第五”。填序数词。

答案：fifth

54. Anna is a cute girl, we all like h _____.

解析：考查代词。结合语境“安娜是个可爱的女孩，我们都喜欢_____。”及首字母提

示, 可知, 应该是“她”。动词后用宾格。

答案: her

55. Class begins! Listen carefully and a _____ my questions.

解析: 考查动词。结合语境“开始上课! 仔细听, _____ 我的问题。”及首字母提示, 可知, 应该是“回答”。祈使句, 用动词原形。

答案: answer

56. I like playing basketball very much and I want to be a basket p _____.

解析: 考查名词。结合语境“我非常喜欢打篮球, 我想成为一名篮球_____。”及首字母提示, 可知, 应该是“运动员”。由 a 一名。可知, 用单数。

答案: player

57. Bob is much t _____ now, the jeans he wore last year are too short.

解析: 考查比较级。结合语境“鲍伯现在个子_____多了, 他去年穿的牛仔裤太短了。”及首字母提示, 可知, much 这里修饰比较级, 更高的。用 tall 的比较级 taller。

答案: taller

B. 根据中文提示完成单词, 使句子完整、通顺。

58. It's _____ (晴朗的) today. Why not go for a walk?

解析: 考查形容词 sunny, 根据题意: 天气晴朗, 为什么不出去散步呢?

答案: sunny

59. For breakfast, I'd like some _____ (面包) and milk.

解析: 考查名词 bread, 根据题意: 早餐, 我喜欢吃面包喝牛奶。bread 是不可数名词。

答案: bread

60. Mother often _____ (讲) a story to her daughter before sleeping every night.

解析: 考查动词 tell, 根据题意: 妈妈每晚睡前经常给她的女儿讲故事。tell a story 是固定搭配, 时态为一般现在时, 主语是三单式。

答案: tells

61. The hair band might _____ (属于) to Linda, because she has long hair.

解析: 考查动词 belong, might 后接动词原形。根据题意: 这个发带属于 Linda, 因为她留着长发。

答案: belong

62. Teenagers are old enough to look after _____ (他们自己).

解析: 考查反身代词, 根据题意: 十几岁的孩子已经长大了, 可以照顾他们自己。look after oneself 照顾某人自己, Teenagers 是复数, 对应反身代词是 themselves。

答案: themselves

VII. 完成句子 (本小题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共计 10 分)

根据所给提示完成句子。每空一词, 含缩略词。

63.在某些方面，我和我妹妹完全不同。

In some ways, I am quite _____ my sister.

解析：考查汉译英。原句缺少“不同”。be different from 与……不同。固定搭配。

答案：different from

64.保持健康对我们很重要。

It is very important for us _____ healthy.

解析：考查汉译英。原句缺少“保持”。It is+形容词+for sb. to do sth.对某人来说，做某事是……，固定搭配。填不定式 to keep。

答案：to keep

65. The shirts are made of silk. (改为否定句)

The shirts _____ made of silk.

解析：考查否定句。由 be 动词 are，可知，变否定句在 are 后加 not。缩写为 aren't 不是。

答案：aren't

66. Andy learns English by joining the language club. (对划线部分提问)

_____ Andy learn English?

解析：考查划线部分提问。根据 by joining the language club 通过加入语言俱乐部。可知，对某种方式提问用疑问词 how 怎么。后跟一般疑问句。由 learns 第三人称单数。可知，一般现在时态，含有实意动词，主语 Andy 单数。一般疑问句用助动词 does。

答案：How does

67. She is a love girl. (改为感叹句)

_____ lovely girl she is!

解析：考查感叹句。感叹句可以是 What a/an+形容词+名词+主语+谓语。可数名词 girl 女孩。主语 she 她。谓语 is。形容词 lovely 是以辅音音素/l/开头，用 a 修饰。

答案：What a

VIII. 英语口语 (本题共 1 小题，每小题 5 分，共计 5 分)

根据对话内容，用适当的单词、短语或句子补全对话。

A: Hi, Alice. You look tired, 68. _____?

B: I feel terrible. I have a sore throat and a headache.

A: I'm sorry to hear that. 69. _____ have you been like this?

B: For three days.

A: 70. _____?

B: Yes, I did. I went to the doctor's yesterday afternoon.

A: 71. _____?

B: The doctor said I had a terrible cold. He gave me some medicine and asked me to stay in bed for a few days.

A: Well, you need to drink a lot of water and have a good rest, I hope you will feel better soon!

B: 72. _____.

A: You're welcome.

解析：68.考查文章的理解和上下文的联系。根据下一句：我觉得很难受，可知此处应该是：怎么了。故填 What's wrong。

69.考查文章的理解和上下文的联系。根据下一句：三天，可知此处应该是：你这样做有多久了。故填 How long。

70.考查文章的理解和上下文的联系。根据下一句：是的，我昨天下午去看医生了，可知此处应该是：你看过医生了吗。故填 Did you see the doctor。

71.考查文章的理解和上下文的联系。根据下一句：医生说得了重感冒，可知此处应该是：老师说什么了。故填 What did the teacher say。

72.考查文章的理解和上下文的联系。根据下一句：不客气，可知此处应该是：谢谢。故填 Thanks。

答案：68. What's wrong

69. How long

70. Did you see the doctor

71. What did the teacher say

72. Thanks

IX.短文填空（本题共1小题，每小题10分，共计10分）

根据短文内容，在每个空格处填写一个适当的词，使文章意思完整且符合逻辑。（每空一词）

attention study developed easier after everywhere most an countries before

Recently, a very simple sentence, "Amazing, my motherland" has become wildly known in China. As we know, China has 73 quickly these years and it has become one of the 74 important countries in the world. Foreigners pay more 75 to this ancient eastern country - China.

Lily, an Australian girl, has lived in China since three years ago. She is 76 in a university in Nanjing now. Great changes make her amazed. "I think finding jobs is 77 in China than that in Australia. I will work here 78 I finish my school work in Nanjing" Lily said.

In Nanjing, we can find new buildings 79. The great changes are much more than 80. The achievements are so surprising. China is developing the trade and the friendship with other 81. China is playing 82 important role in the world.

解析：73.考查动词。根据后句 these years and it has become, 可知结合选项，应说如我们所知，中国近年来发展迅速。句子是现在完成时，结构为 have \ done. 故答案为 developed。

74.考查形容词最高级。根据前后句 China has developed quickly these years and it has become one of the...important countries in the world. 可知结合选项，应说中国近年来发展迅速，已成为世界上最重要的国家之一。故答案为 most。

75.考查名词。根据前后 Foreigners pay more...to this ancient eastern country-China. 可知结合选项，应说外国人更关注这个古老的东方国家—中国。pay more attention to do 关注做某事。故答案为 attention。

76.考查动词。根据后句 in a university in Nanjing now. 可知句子是一般现在时，结构为 be+动词的现在分词。结合选项，应说她现在在南京的一所大学学习。故答案为 studying。

77.考查形容词比较级。根据前后句 I think finding jobs is...in China than that in Australia. 可知结合选项，应说我认为在中国找工作比在澳大利亚容易。由 than 一词知道用形容词的

比较级。故答案为 easier。

78.考查连词。根据前后句“I will work her...I finish my school work in Nanjing” Lily said.可知结合选项，应说我在南京完成学业后会给她安排工作。故答案为 after。

79.考查副词。根据前句 In Nanjing, we can find new buildings, 可知结合选项，应说在南京，我们到处都能看到新的建筑，everywhere 到处。故答案为 everywhere。

80.考查连词。根据前句 In Nanjing, we can find new buildingseverywhere 在南京，我们到处都能看到新的建筑，可知结合选项，应说巨大的变化比以前更多了。故答案为 before。

81.考查名词。根据前句 China is developing the trade and the friendship with other, 可知结合选项，应说中国正在发展同其他国家的贸易和友谊。other 后接名词复数。故答案为 countries。

82.考查冠词。根据前后句 China is playing...important role in the world.可知结合选项，应说中国在上世界上扮演着重要的角色。play an important role 扮演重要角色。故答案为 an。

答案：73. developed 74. most 75. attention 76. studying 77. easier 78. after 79. everywhere 80. before 81. countries 82. an

X. 书面表达（15分）

请以“My Travelling Plan”为题写一篇短文介绍你的旅行计划，提示信息如下：

1. Where are you going and who are you going with?
2. Why are you going there?
3. What are you going to do there?

注意：

1. 书写清晰，字迹工整，行文流畅，语句通顺，内容完整。
2. 文中不得出现真实姓名、校名等信息。
3. 字数在 80-100 词。

解析：高分句型一

I want to go to the Tian'anmen Square.

我想去天安门广场。

want to do sth.想要做某事。

高分句型二

I think I will have a great trip in Beijing.

我想我会在北京进行一次愉快的旅行。

这是一个宾语从句，I think 是主句，后面的是宾语从句。

This summer holiday, my mother will take me to Beijing.【要点一，要去哪里？你要和谁一起去】 Beijing is beautiful and it is the captical of China. 【要点二，为什么要去那里】 I have a travelling plan for this trip. First, I want to go to the Tian'anmen Square 【高分句型一】 , I will take many pictures. Then I want to go to the Palace Museum, it's about five hundred years old. Second, I want to go to the Wangfujing Street, I will buy many things. 【要点三，打算在那里做什么】 At last I will go home. I think I will have a great trip in Beijing. 【高分句型二】

答案：

This summer holiday, my mother will take me to Beijing. Beijing is beautiful and it is the

capital of China. I have a travelling plan for this trip. First, I want to go to the Tian'anmen Square, I will take many pictures. Then I want to go to the Palace Museum, it's about five hundred years old. Second, I want to go to the Wangfujing Street, I will buy many things. At last I will go home. I think I will have a great trip in Beijing.