

2006 年天津市初中毕业生学业考试英语试卷

本试卷分为第 I 卷（选择题）和第 II 卷（非选择题）两部分。第 I 卷第 I 页至第 8 页，第 II 卷第 9 页至第 12 页。试卷满分 120 分。考试时间 100 分钟

第 I 卷（选择题 共四大题 共 75 分）

注意事项：

1. 答第 I 卷前，考生务必先将自己的姓名、准考证号，用蓝、黑色墨水的钢笔或圆珠笔在“答题卡”上；考试科目用 2B 铅笔填涂在“答题卡”上；在指定位置粘贴考试用条形码。
2. 答案答在试卷上无效。每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把“答题卡”上对应题目的答案的序号的信息点涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案。
3. 考试结束后，监考人员将试卷和答题卡一并收回。

一、听力理解（共 30 小题；每小题 1 分，共 30 分）

A) 在下列每小题内，你将听到一个问句并看到供选择的三个答语。找出能回答你所听那个问句的最佳选项。

1. A. Since April. B. About two months ago.
C. For about three weeks.
2. A. She is John's sister. B. She is a worker.
C. She is badly hurt.
3. A. As soon as I can, B. As quick as I can.
C. As fast as I can.
4. A. It's very beautiful. B. It's a picture of a factory.
C. It's a picture of a farm.
5. A. Thank you all the same. B. Yes, you can't miss it.
C. Sorry, I'm new here.
6. A. Twelve kilometers. B. Five days.
C. Very far.
7. A. China. B. American.
C. Australian.
8. A. Fine, thank you. B. Quite well.
C. With pleasure.

B) 在下列每小题内，你将听到一个句子并看到供选择的三个句子。找出与你所听到的那个在意思上最接近的选项。

9. A. Lucy visited us yesterday.
B. We visited Lucy yesterday.
C. Lucy didn't visit us yesterday.
 10. A. Miss Wang was a Chinese teacher.
B. Miss Wang teaches Chinese now.
C. Miss Wang was an English teacher.
 11. A. I have bought a sweater for my brother.
B. I bought a sweater for my brother.
C. I am going to buy a sweater for my brother.
 12. A. The sports meeting began the day before yesterday.
B. The sports meeting has been on for four days.
-

C. Having a talk in the office.

26. When will the man go to see Mr Smith?

A. Tomorrow morning.

B. Tomorrow evening.

C. Tomorrow afternoon.

27. What did the man want to talk about to Mr. Smith?

A. Jack's English study.

B. Jack's homework.

C. Jack's maths study.

听下面一段材料，回答第 28 至第 30 题。

28. When was Tree Planting Day started?

A. In 1987.

B. In 1971.

C. In 1980.

29. How did they get to the park?

A. By bus.

B. On foot.

C. By truck.

30. How many trees did they plant?

A. Over 250.

B. More than 350.

C. About 550.

二、单项填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

从下列每小题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

31. At the foot of the hill you could hear nothing but the _____ of the running water.

A. shout

B. noise

C. voice

D. sound

32. Your digital watch is quite nice. Where did you buy _____? I want to buy _____, too.

A. one; one

B. it; it

C. it; one

D. one; it

33. Heilongjiang is in the _____ of China.

A. northeast

B. northeastern

C. northwest

D. northwestern

34. _____ a player, I'm looking forward _____ the 2008 Olympic Games.

A. For; at

B. As; to

C. With; for

D. Of; to

35. It was snowing hard _____ we had to stay at home and watch TV.

A. that

B. so

C. but

D. because

36. The experts think that India's population may be _____ than China's _____ 2020.

A. much; by

B. more; in

C. larger; by

D. larger; on

37. It is _____ nice of you to say so.

A. truly

B. true

C. really

D. real

38. — Do you know _____ lady in blue?

— Yes. She is a teacher of a university.

A. the

B. a

C. an

D. 不填

39. With the help of the Internet, news can _____ every corner of the world.

A. arrive

B. reach

C. go

D. get

40. — Have you mended your shoes, Bob?

— Yes, I _____ them twenty minutes ago.

A. have mended

B. mend

C. had mended

D. mended

41. This kind of food _____ cool, clean and dry according to the instruction.

A. should be carried

B. must be put

C. should be placed

D. must be kept

42. It's important _____ the piano well.

- A. of him to play B. for him to play C. of him playing D. for him playing
43. I want to know _____ do to help my neighbour.
A. what I can B. what can I C. how I can D. how can I
44. Don't be afraid of asking for information _____ it is needed.
A. when B. after C. although D. unless
45. — Is the girl _____ is interviewing the manager of that company your friend?
— Yes, she is a journalist from CCTV.
A. whom B. which C. who D. whose

三、完形填空 { 共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分 }

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A,B,C 和 D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Canada is the second largest country in the world. It is over 7, 000 kilometers from the 46 coast (海岸) to the east. It 47 six time zones. 48 it is 9 a. m. in Vancouver on the west coast, it is 1: 30 p. m. in St John's on the east coast

English and French 49 the two main languages in Canada. About 60 percent of 50 people speak English, and about 25 percent speak French. More 51 70 percent of its population live in cities near the US border (边境).

Ottawa is the capital. Every year millions of tourists go there to 52 museums and take part in the cultural (文化的) activities. Toronto is the largest city of the country 53 about 2. 5 million people. Montreal is 54 second biggest French-speaking city in the world.

The maple leaf is the national symbol of Canada. The Canadian flag has a red maple leaf on a red 55 white background.

46. A. west B. east C. south D. north
47. A. is B. had C. has D. have
48. A. Which B. What C. Where D. When
49. A. are B. is C. will be D. has been
50. A. their B. his C. its D. our
51. A. up B. over C. about D. than
52. A. see B. visit C. look D. find
53. A. with B. for C. from D. at
54. A. a B. an C. the D. 不填
55. A. or B. and C. but D. however

四、阅读理解 (共 12 小题; 56--63 题, 每小题 2 分; 64-67 题, 每小题 1 分; 共 20 分)

阅读下面的短文, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 选项中选出一个最佳选项。

A

Henry was a carpenter (木匠) of our village. Once I asked him to make a dining table for my wife. He made it just the right size to fill the space between the two windows. When I arrived home that evening, Henry was drinking a cup of tea and writing out his bill for his work.

My wife said to me, quietly, "That, s his ninth cup of tea today." But she said loudly, "It's a beautiful table, dear, isn't it?"

"I won't decide about that until I see that bill." I said.

Henry laughed and gave me his bill for the work. It said:

BILL	
One dining table	June 10, 1995
Cost of wood	17.00
Paint (油漆)	1.50
Work, 8 hours (1 an hour)	8.00
Total (总计)	36.50

When I was looking at the bill, Henry said, "it's been a fine day, hasn't it? Quite sunny."

"Yes," I said. "I'm glad it is only the 10th of June."

"Me too, ", said Henry. "You wait — it'll be a bit hotter by the end of the month."

"Yes. Hotter — and more expensive. Dining tables will be 20 more expensive on June 30th, won't they, Henry?"

Henry looked hard at me for half a minute. There was a little smile in his two blue eyes.

I gave his bill back to him.

"If it isn't too much trouble, Henry," I said, "Please add it up again. You can forget the date."

I paid him 26. 50 and he was happy to get it.

56. Why did Henry talk about weather when the writer was looking at the bill?

- A. Because it was a fine day indeed,
- B. Because he wanted the writer to look at the bill carefully.
- C. Because he wanted to tell the writer what the weather was like.
- D. Because he didn't want the writer to go through the bill carefully.

57. Why did the writer say that dining tables would be 20 more expensive by the end of June?

- A. Because he thought Henry would almost certainly add the date to the cost of the dining table.
- B. Because it was difficult to make dining tables in hot weather.
- C. Because paint would be more expensive.
- D. Because the cost of wood would be more expensive.

58. The writer thought Henry would ask for _____ if he made a dining table on the last day of June.

- A. 26.50 B. 56. 50 C. 46.50 D. 20.00

59. When the writer gave him the money, Henry was happy because _____.

- A. he got the money easily
- B. he didn't have to add up the cost again
- C. he got what he should get for his work
- D. he got much money for his work

60. From the story we know that _____.

- A. Henry had written out the bill before the writer got home
- B. Henry still wanted to get 36. 50 for his work in the end
- C. Henry made a mistake in the bill
- D. Henry tried to get more money for his work

B

From the time we were babies we have been taught manners. We are taught how to hold a

knife and fork and not to talk with our mouths full. We are taught how to shake hands and when to stand and when to sit and the way to introduce people.

Sometimes good manners in one place are very bad manners somewhere else. Almost everywhere eating together means that people are very friendly to each other. But in parts of Polynesia(波利尼西亚)it is bad manners to be seen eating beside each other. So they politely turn their backs to each other when they are taking food.

Some East Africans spit four times as a kind of blessing (祝福). They do it to show that they want a sick person to get well, or to bless a new-born baby. In most other places, spitting means something completely different. It usually shows an unhealthy habit. In many countries, it may mean that you hate someone.

When we go to visit someone we say "Hello!" Or "How are you?" or things like that. But if you are visiting an East African village, everyone will be very careful not to pay attention to you, The polite thing there will be for you to go quietly, without speaking to anyone, and sit beside your friend. You should wait until he has finished what he is doing and then he will begin talking to you.

In a village in Arab, a visitor will walk behind all the tents until he gets to the one he wants to visit. If he passes in front, he will be invited into each tent and asked to eat. It is rude to refuse.

61. From this passage we know__.

- A. it's good manners to use a knife and fork to eat
- B. it's bad manners to stand and talk
- C. it's good manners not to talk with our mouths full
- D. how to shake hands when we introduce people

62. In many places, spitting may mean__.

- A. you give a new-born baby the blessing
- B. you want a sick person to get well
- C. you hate someone
- D. you show your love to your relatives or friends

63. If you visit an East African village, you__.

- A. should say "Hello!" or "How are you?" to others
- B. should talk to the villagers quietly
- C. should be very careful and not to pay any attention to others
- D. must wait until your friend has finished his work and then begin to talk to him

C

I was sleeping soundly last night when I was awakened by someone's groans (呻吟). I listened, and heard it was from Sam, a student from Africa. I really wanted to go on sleeping, as I had insomnia (失眠) and had just fallen asleep, but I couldn't because Sam groaned louder and louder, showing he was seriously ill.

At that time, Robbie, a student from China, also got up to help. We found some pills, got some water, and helped him sit up to take them, hoping this would make his pain go down a little and get over the difficult time. If only daytime would come soon, everything would become easier.

Things went contrary (相反) to our wishes. Sam's condition developed from bad to worse. We telephoned the emergency service, and in no time an ambulance stopped in front of our gate. We helped the medical(医疗)workers carry Sam to the vehicle, and then both Robbie and I got in and took Sam to the hospital.

The world will become much more beautiful if everyone _____
a contribution to _____ the environment.

六、补全对话（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

根据对话内容，在每小题的空白处填入适当的话语，使对话意思完整。

Samuel: Chen Li, can I have a look at your copy of China Daily?

Chen Li: _____ (73).

Samuel: I want to have a look at what' s on this weekend. Let me see now.

Chen Li: Is there anything good on?

Samuel: "Purple Rain Storm" is giving a performance at the People' s Theatre..
_____ (74) ?

Chen Li: They're a pop group formed by three girls. They're said to be very good.
_____ (75) ?

Samuel: 7: 30 pm. _____ (76) ?

Chen Li: Yes, I'll be free. I'd like to go.

Samuel: _____ (77).

I' ll meet you at the theatre at 7: 15.

Chen Li: Good! See you then. Bye.

七、判断正误（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

阅读下面短文，判断下列句子是否符合短文内容，符合用 (T)表示，不符合用(F)表示。

One Sunday, Cody decided to go sailing in his boat with his friend Dane, but Dane happened to be away. Dane, s brother Brett wanted to go instead though he did not know anything about sailing. Cody agreed and they set out to sea.

Soon they found themselves in a thick fog. Cody was sure they would be hit by a big ship. Fortunately (幸运地) he saw a large buoy (浮标) through the fog and decided to tie the boat to it for safety. As he was getting onto the buoy, however, he dropped the wet rope. The boat moved away in the fog carrying Brett who did not know how to use the radio. He drifted(漂流) about and was not seen until twelve hours later.

Cody spent the night on the buoy. In the early morning he fell asleep and was having a bad dream when a shout woke him up. A ship, the Good Hope, came up and he climbed onto it and thanked the captain. The captain told him that Brett had been picked up by another ship and the ship's captain had sent out a message.

- () 78. Cody went sailing in his boat with his friend's brother Brett,
- () 79. About sailing, Brett knew a little.
- () 80. Soon they got into trouble because of the thick fog.
- () 81. They drifted about and were not seen until twelve hours later.
- () 82. Brett was saved by the ship, the Good Hope,

八、综合填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

根据短文内容及首字母提示，填写所缺单词，使短文意思完整。

Will it matter if you don't take your breakfast? A short time ago, a test w (83) given in the United States. People of different a (84), from 12 to 83, were asked to have a test. During the test, these people were given all kinds of breakfasts and s (85) they got no breakfast at all.

Scientists wanted to see how well t (86) bodies worked when they had had different kinds of breakfasts.

The results show that if a person e (87) a right breakfast, he or she will work better than if he or she has no breakfast. If a student has fruit, eggs, bread and milk b(88) going to school, he will learn more quickly a (89) listen more carefully in class.

The results a (90) show that having no breakfast will not h (91) you lose weight. This is because people become so h (92) at noon that they eat too much for lunch. So they will gain weight instead of losing weight.

九、书面表达 (共 15 分)

请你以学校学生会的身份, 写一份有关即将在本校举办 2006 年英语夏令营活动的书面通知, 内容如下:

时间	7 月 29 日至 8 月 1 日
地点	学校礼堂
内容	1. 演讲、辩论 2. 谈学习英语的经验 3. 师生英语晚会 4. 游览市容
要求	1. 欢迎广大同学踊跃参加夏令营活动 2. 活动后写一篇日记, 谈谈你的感想

注意: 1. 词数在 80~100 个左右。

2. 意思连贯、语言通顺、避免逐条翻译

3. 开头部分已经给出, 不计入总词数。

参考词汇: 做演讲 make a speech (give a lecture) 辩论 have a debate

June 6, 2006

Dear Students,

The English Summer Camp will

Students' Union

2006 年天津市初中毕业生学业考试英语试卷

英语试题参考答案及评分标准

参考答案

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1-5 BCAAC | 6~10 BABCA | 11~15 CBBAC | 16~20 AACBA |
| 21~25 BABC B | 26~30 CAABA | 31~35 DCABB | 36~40 CCABD |
| 41--45 DBAAC | 46~50 ACDAC | 51~55 DBACB | 56~60 DABCD |
| 61-65 CCDCB | 66~67 BB | | |
68. whenever; goes 69. Make sure 70. used to 71. your turn
72. makes; protecting
73. Sure (Yes), go ahead/ Certainly
74. Do you know what they are
75. What time does the performance start/begin
76. Will you be free then
77. Let's go together
- 78-82 TFTFF
83. was 84. ages 85. sometimes 86.their 87. eats
88. before 89. and 90. also 91. help 92. hungry

One possible version:

June 6, 2006

Dear students,

The English Summer Camp will be held in the school hall from July 29 to August 1. Many interesting activities are waiting for you to join in.

During the camp, you can give a lecture and have a debate. Besides, the students who do well in English study will talk about their experience. There is also an English party between teachers and students. In the end, you' ll have a chance to visit the City of Tianjin.

Everyone is welcome to take an active part in it. Don't forget to tell us what you think of the camp in your diary.

Students' Union

评分标准

一、各试题所占分数比例

第一至第八大题共 92 个小题，包括选择性试题 67 个小题和非选择性试题 25 个小题。其中第 56^63 题,68-72 题，每小题 2 分，其余的为每小题 1 分。第九大题书面表达满分 15 分。总分 120 分。

二、评分说明

1.选择性试题

每小题只有一种答案，凡与所给答案不符的（含多填答案的）一律不给分。

2.非选择性试题

68~72 小题 凡与所给答案不符的，酌情给分。

73~77 小题 每小题 1 分，如果写出的内容符合对话情景，无语法错误，可得满分。

78~82 小题 凡与所给答案不符的，一律不给分。

83~92 小题 每空格中（横线上）只能填写一个英语单词，凡多填的（即使其中一个是正确的）一律不给分。

书面表达:

各档次的给分范围和要求

第五档：(13~15 分) 能写明全部或绝大部分内容要点；语言基本无误；行文连贯，表达清楚。

第四档：(10~12 分) 能写明全部或大部分内容要点；语言有少量错误；行文基本连贯，表达基本清楚。

第三档：(7~9 分) 能写明大部分内容要点；语言有较多错误；尚能达意。

第二档：(4~6 分) 只能写出少部分内容要点；语言错误很多，只有个别句子可读。

第一档：(0~3 分) 只能写出与所要求内容有关的一些单词。
