

2014 年重庆市（B 卷）中考真题英语

第 I 卷

II. 单项选择。（每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

21. --What time do you usually go to school, Jack?

--_____ about half past seven.

- A. On
- B. In
- C. At
- D. For

解析：该题考查介词的用法。根据 what time 表示具体点时间知道。而 A 和 B 用 when。

答案：C

22. Help _____ to some fish, Jeff.

- A. you
- B. your
- C. yours
- D. yourself

解析：该题考查代词的用法。根据短语 help oneself 随便吃得答案。

答案：D

23. --What's your favorite _____, Bob?

--Cats. They're so lovely.

- A. plant
- B. job
- C. sport
- D. animal

解析：该题考查名词词义的辨析。根据答语 cats 是猫动物。

答案：D

24. Jolin is _____ famous singer. She has a lot of fans.

- A. a
- B. an
- C. the
- D. /

解析：该题考查冠词的用法。根据 famous 是发辅音，同时表示一名歌手，泛指。

答案：A

25. I'd like to have a try, _____ I may fail.

- A. since
- B. though
- C. until
- D. after

解析：该题考查连词的辨析。根据句意虽然可能失败，但也要试一下。

答案：B

26. Yesterday _____ people came to the town to watch the car race.

- A. hundreds
- B. hundred
- C. hundreds of
- D. hundred of

解析：该题考查数词的用法。直接修饰 people 且没有具体数字修饰用复数有介词 of。

答案：C

27. There _____ more and more foreigners learning Chinese now.

- A. is
- B. are
- C. was
- D. were

解析：该题考查主谓一致及句子时态。根据 foreigners 用复数，排除 A 和 C，再由 now 用一般时态。

答案：B

28. --Would you like coffee or tea?

--_____. Some water, please.

- A. Both
- B. Neither
- C. Either
- D. All

解析：该题考查不定代词的辨析。根据答语 water，选择的 coffee 和 tea 都没有，表示否定，其它三个肯定，A 和 C 是两者，而 D 是三者或以上，数量也不对。

答案：B

29. I'll _____ stay at that hotel again. It's so dirty and noisy.

- A. really
- B. usually
- C. still
- D. never

解析：该题考查副词词义的辨析。根据后面 dirty 和 noisy 应该是再也不去了，否定词，前三个是肯定词。

答案：D

30. The man is feeling much better now, so you _____ call a doctor.

- A. needn't
- B. can't
- C. mustn't
- D. shouldn't

解析：该题考查情态动词的辨析。根据前面 better 知道应该是不必去医院。B 是不能，C 是不准，D 是不应该，句意均错误。

答案：A

31. --Where is Linda? I can't find her anywhere.

--She _____ the flowers in the garden.

- A. waters
- B. is watering
- C. watered
- D. has watered

解析：该题考查时态。根据问句 where is ...? 询问此人现在在哪儿，当然回答是此时在做何事。

答案：B

32. You'd better _____ Oliver about it. It's secret.

- A. tell
- B. to tell
- C. not tell
- D. not to tell

解析：该题考查固定用法。根据 had better (not) do sth. 排除 B 和 D，再由 secret 知道答案。

答案：C

33. Keep quiet, please! Talking _____ during the meeting.

- A. is not allowed
- B. is allowed
- C. doesn't allow
- D. allows

解析：该题考查被动语态。根据主语 talking 物作主语用被动排除 C 和 D，再由 be quiet 知道不允许讲话。

答案：A

34. --Will you be back before 10 o'clock?

--_____. The exam won't be over until eleven.

- A. I hope not
- B. Here you are
- C. I'm afraid not
- D. Best wishes

解析：该题考查交际用语。由 10 o'clock 和 eleven 知道不行，其它不符合语境。

答案：C

35. She wants to _____ her job and go to study in Australia.

- A. grow up
- B. wake up
- C. pick up

D. give up

解析：该题考查短语辨析。根据后面 study，当然只有放弃工作才能 study。A 是长大成人，B 醒来，C 是捡起或捎带。

答案：D

36. --Could you please tell me _____?

--Two months ago.

A. when did you take this photo

B. when you took this photo

C. where did you take this photo

D. where you took this photo

解析：该题考查宾语从句的用法。根据答语是过去时间且宾语从句用陈述语句语序。

答案：B

37. Your uncle will come to see you as soon as he _____ here.

A. arrives

B. arrived

C. will arrive

D. is arriving

解析：该题考查从句时态。根据 as soon as 和 will 时应该用主将从现规则。

答案：A

38. --_____ have you been in Chongqing?

--For five years.

A. How many

B. How soon

C. How much

D. How long

解析：该题考查疑问词的辨析。根据答语是 For+段时间用 how long，A 和 C 是对数量提问，而 B 是对 In+段时间提问。

答案：D

39. Come here at Christmas! You can buy _____ clothes in a year.

A. the cheapest

B. cheaper

C. the worst

D. worse

解析：该题考查最高级的用法。根据 in a year 应用最高级，买东西当然是最便宜或最好的，不可能最差的。

答案：A

40. --Please remember to turn off the lights when you leave the room/

--_____.

A. Yes, I do

- B. No, thanks
- C. OK, I will
- D. Sorry, I won't

解析：该题考查交际用语。对请求的回答，回答者从说话后才去做或不做，这样该用将来时回答，要求关灯是要去做，不是不做事。

答案：C

III. 完形填空。(每小题 2 分，共 20 分)

根据短文内容，从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个能填入相应空格内的最佳答案。

These days, some middle schools in China are trying to do something different.

The students choose classes according to their own needs. For each subject, they can make a choice from different levels(等级) of difficulty. So instead of staying in the 41 classroom, they go to different rooms to have their lessons. And the teachers make special teaching plans for 42.

There are different opinions about it.

Xia Rui, a 13-year-old girl, said, "I really love it. I think it's nice that we can 43 classes by ourselves. My English is poor. I used to be afraid to answer questions in class. I think that the good students may 44 me when I make mistakes. Now I feel much more relaxed."

But her classmate Chen Gang didn't agree. "I don't think it is so good 45 it is difficult for students to find where the classrooms are," he said. "During the break, students can be seen here and there, running and shouting to find their 46."

"I'm worried that some students may think they are in the lower class 47 lose interested in the subject," their math teacher, Mr. Wang said. "I also 48 that some parents may feel unhappy if their kids study a subject at an easy level."

"In my eyes, it is good 49 both students and teachers," Mr. Wang also said. "As teachers, we can make teaching plans more 50 and the students will develop better."

41.

- A. clean
- B. same
- C. bright
- D. empty

解析：根据后面 go to different classes，那应该是在同一个班。

答案：B

42.

- A. us
- B. him
- C. them
- D. you

解析：根据前面 their lessons 知道应该是他们。

答案：C

43.

- A. play
- B. teach

C. choose

D. work

解析：根据大意，觉得好是自己选择自己的课程。

答案：C

44.

A. laugh at

B. listen to

C. look after

D. wait for

解析：根据后面 make mistakes 和 relaxed 知道是以前好同学嘲笑我。

答案：A

45.

A. whether

B. because

C. when

D. before

解析：根据前面 didn't agree 和 not good 说明观点的原因。

答案：B

46.

A. parents

B. friends

C. books

D. classrooms

解析：根据 45 题意思，应该是学生到处找教室。

答案：D

47.

A. and

B. but

C. till

D. or

解析：根据 lower class 知道与 lose interested 之间一个并列关系，即觉得水平低并且失去兴趣。

答案：A

48.

A. hope

B. report

C. cry

D. worry

解析：根据后面 unhappy 和 easy level 推测是老师担心发生这种情况。

答案：D

49.

A. for

B. at

C. on

D. with

解析：根据 be good for sb.和后面老师所说。

答案：A

50.

A. slowly

B. easily

C. quietly

D. brightly

解析：根据 49 题和句意老师教学计划更明确（明朗地），学生发展更好，此处的 brightly 相当于 clearly。

答案：D

IV. 阅读理解。（每小题 2 分，共 30 分）

阅读下列材料，从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳答案。

A

Henry worked on a ship, doing tricks (魔术). Each week he showed the same tricks over and over again, because the passengers on the ship were different. There was also a parrot on the ship. It saw the shows so many times that it understood everything. Then it started shouting during the show:

“Hey, he has put the flowers under the table!”

“All the cards are the same.”

“Look carefully. It’s a different hat!”

Henry was very angry but could do nothing.

One day the ship had an accident and broke into pieces. Henry fell into the water. When he climbed up onto a piece of wood, he found the parrot there. He looked at the parrot angrily and did not say a word. This went on for one day, then another and another. In the end, the parrot said, “Oh, how I wish I hadn’t said anything during the shows. Please tell me where you’ve put the ship and I won’t open my mouth again!”

51. Henry worked on a ship, _____.

A. doing tricks

B. playing with a parrot

C. selling flowers

D. looking for his hat

解析：细节题。根据文章首句。

答案：A

52. The parrot saw the shows so many times that _____.

A. it knew where the ship was

B. it became very angry

C. it didn’t want to say a word

D. it understood everything

解析：细节题。根据 It saw the shows so many times that it understood everything.得答案。

答案：D

53. After the accident, Henry was on a piece of wood with _____.

A. some passengers

- B. the parrot
- C. some cards
- D. the table

解析：细节题。根据 When he climbed up onto a piece of wood, he found the parrot there.得答案。
答案：D

B

Rulers are everywhere. When you're reading at the library, playing basket on the playground or driving on the road, you'll have to follow some rules. But have you ever read any rules on a plane? If you're traveling by air in America, you may find the following criteria(标准).

Exit Seat Criteria

If you are sitting in an exit seat, read the information below.

You must:

- ☆ Be at least 15 years old and healthy enough to offer help.
- ☆ Be able to speak, read and understand English well.
- ☆ Be able to follow a safe way from the emergency exit(紧急出口).
- ☆ Be able to help others away from the plane.

You must not:

- ☆ Travel with a pet, such as a dog.
- ☆ Travel with someone that needs special care, such as a child.

If you cannot meet the criteria, ask crew members(工作人员) to move you to another seat. You do not have to explain why, just say, "I do not want to sit in an exit seat."

54. The passenger sitting in an exit seat _____.

- A. must be under 15
- B. needn't speak English
- C. must be healthy enough
- D. needn't help others

解析：细节归纳题。根据 Be at least 15 years old and healthy enough to offer help.知道 A 和 D 错误，再由 Be able to speak, read and understand English well.知道 B 错误。

答案：C

55. If you are sitting in an exit seat, you can NOT _____.

- A. explain the reason
- B. bring a pet with you
- C. read Exit Seat Criteria
- D. move to another seat

解析：细节题。根据 Travel with a pet 知道答案。

答案：B

56. This piece of Exit Seat Criteria may appear _____.

- A. on the playground
- B. on a train
- C. on the road
- D. on the plane

解析：细节题。根据 But have you ever read any rules on a plane? If you're traveling by air in America 得答案。

答案：D

57. The Chinese meaning of the word “meet” in this passage is probably “_____”.

- A. 遇见
- B. 符合
- C. 相信
- D. 开会

解析：词义猜测题。根据 ask crew members to move you to another seat.换座位，那只有 B 符合此意思。

答案：B

C

A Cool Way to Keep Cool

We all know that foods will easily go bad if they get too warm. So we usually put them into our fridges to keep cool in hot weather. But can you make it without fridges?

In 1995, Abba, a teacher from Nigeria, found a cool way. His invention was called Pot-in-Pot Cooling System.

It uses two clay pots(陶罐). There is a smaller pot inside a larger one. The space between the two pots is filled with wet sand. Fruit, vegetables or drinks can be put into the smaller pot. A wet cloth covers the whole cooling system. Some foods can be kept fresh for several weeks in it.

Abba built five thousand pot-in-pot systems for the villagers in his hometown. Then people all over the country began using the invention. Soon it became popular with farmers in other African countries.

In 2000, Abba got a prize--the Rolex Award. If you are trying to do something to improve human life, you may have the chance to get this prize.

58. _____ from Nigeria invented the Pot-in-Pot Cooling System.

- A. A teacher
- B. A cook
- C. A scientist
- D. A worker

解析：细节题。根据 Abba, a teacher from Nigeria 得答案。

答案：A

59. In the Pot-in-Pot Cooling System, you should put fruit and drinks _____.

- A. under the wet sand
- B. outside the larger pot
- C. between the two pots
- D. inside the smaller pot

解析：细节题。根据 Fruit, vegetables or drinks can be put into the smaller pot 得答案。

答案：D

60. Abba built five thousand pot-in-pot systems to help _____.

- A. his family
- B. his students
- C. the villagers
- D. the school

解析：细节题。根据 Abba built five thousand pot-in-pot systems for the villagers in his hometown

得答案。

答案：C

61. Many farmers in African counties used Abba's invention to _____.

- A. store wet cloth
- B. get warm
- C. keep foods fresh
- D. win a prize

解析：细节概括题。根据 Some foods can be kept fresh for several weeks in it 得答案。

答案：C

D

Many people have great difficulty in saying goodbye. But from goodbye moments, we can always learn something.

Once, I overheard(无意中听到) a father and daughter in their goodbye moment. The father said, "I love you, I wish you enough." The daughter answered, "Daddy, our life together has been more than enough. Your lover is all that I need. I wish you enough, too, Daddy."

They kissed and she left ...

The father walked over towards me. I could see he wanted and needed a cry. He came over to me and asked, "Did you ever say a forever goodbye to someone?" Before I could answer, he went on, "I am old and she lives much too far away. I know her next trip back would be for my funeral(葬礼)."

"When you were saying goodbye I heard you say, 'I wish you enough.' May I ask what that means?"

He began to smile, "It's a wish that has come down from my great-great-grandparents. And my parents used to say it to me."

He stopped for a moment and looked up as if trying to remember it. He smiled even more.

"When we said 'I wish you enough,' we were wanting the other person to have a life full of enough good things."

Then, turning towards me, he shared(分享) the following "wish" from his heart.

I wish you enough sun to keep you bright.

I wish you enough rain to appreciate the sun more.

I wish you enough happiness to keep you alive.

I wish you enough pain so that the smallest joys in life appear much bigger.

I wish enough hellos to get you through the final goodbye.

My friends, I wish you enough.

62. Many people would find it difficult _____.

- A. to say goodbye
- B. to overhear others
- C. to share their wishes
- D. to live too far away

解析：细节题。根据首句 any people have great difficulty in saying goodbye 得答案。

答案：A

63. How did the father get the "wish"?

- A. The writer wrote it for him.

- B. His parents passed it down to him.
- C. The teacher taught him at school.
- D. His daughter told him about it.

解析：细节题。根据 It's a wish that has come down from my great-great-grandparents. And my parents used to say it to me.得答案。

答案：B

64. From the passage, we may learn _____.

- A. the daughter didn't understand his father
- B. the old man didn't want to see his daughter
- C. the writer knew the old man very well
- D. the father and daughter loved each other so much

解析：归纳判断题。根据文章第二段和 I could see he wanted and needed a cry.知道 A、B 和 C 是错误的。

答案：D

65. The best title of the passage may be “_____.”

- A. Father and Daughter
- B. A Difficult Moment
- C. Wish You Enough
- D. A Trip Back Home

解析：主旨题。根据文章大意知道答案。

答案：C

第 II 卷

V. 任务型阅读。(每小题 2 分，共 6 分)

阅读下文并回答问题。

At the age of four, Allman fell off a train and his eyes were badly hurt. Since then, he couldn't see anything. It would be wonderful to see again, but bad luck may not be always bad.

In fact, although Allman became blind, he learnt to love his life more. But he had a hard time before he was successful.

The hardest lesson was to believe in himself and it had to start with the simplest things.

One day a girl gave Allman a baseball. He thought she was laughing at him and he was hurt. "I can't use this," he said. "Take it with you and roll () it around," the girl smiled and said. Her words got into his head. "Roll it around!" By rolling the ball Allman could hear where it went. This gave him an idea to do something he never thought of: playing baseball. Years after that, he invented a successful game of baseball for the blind. They called it ground ball.

From then on, Allman began to smile at life and achieved more dream.

66. Did Allman become blind after falling off the train?

答案：Yes. /Yes, he did.

解析：根据 Allman fell off a train and his eyes were badly hurt. Since then, he couldn't see anything.知道是如此的。

67. Who gave Allman a baseball one day?

答案: A girl. /A girl did.

解析: 根据 One day a girl gave Allman a baseball.回答。

68. What did they call the game of baseball for the blind?

答案: They called it ground ball. /Ground ball.

解析: 根据 They called it ground ball.回答。

VI. 完成句子。(每空 1 分, 共 8 分)

根据所给提示, 完成句子。每空一词, 含缩略词。

69. Sandra enjoys her stay in the city. (改为否定句)

Sandra _____ her stay in the city.

70. She will have her singing lessons next Monday. (对画线部分提问)

_____ she have her singing lessons?

71. They get a letter from their son twice a month. (改为同义句)

They _____ their son twice a month.

72. 因为下雨, 我们决定将比赛推迟到明天。(完成译句)

Because of the rain, we decided to _____ the match until tomorrow.

答案: 69. doesn't enjoy 70. When will 71. hear from 72. put off

VII. 口语应用。(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

阅读下面对话, 从方框内 7 个选项中选择 5 个恰当的句子完成此对话。

- | |
|---|
| A. That sounds good!
B. Which cinema shall we go to, UME or Cross?
C. What will we have for super?
D. It seems that it's going to rain!
E. Well, it's better to take an umbrella with us.
F. I don't think so.
G. Let's go somewhere to relax ourselves this evening. |
|---|

A: Bill, we're too tired these days. 73. _____

B: OK. Where would you like to go?

A: Some new films are on this week. Shall we go to the cinema?

B: 74. _____ Which film would you like to see?

A: Let me look through the newspaper. Er ... How about Coming Home?

B: Yeah, I've heard of it. It's so moving! 75. _____

A: Cross is a little far. Let's go to UME.

B: Good. But look at the sky! 76. _____

A: Yes. The newspaper says it will be rainy tonight.

B: 77. _____

A: The film will begin in two hours. We can go there after super.

B: All right.

答案: GABDE

VIII. 短文填空。(每空 2 分, 共 16 分)

根据下面短文内容, 在短文的空格处填上一个恰当的词, 使短文完整、通顺。

If you read a clock, you can know the time of day. But how did the early people know about the time?

We cannot see or hear time. We know it only when it's passing. We know it has passed only when something 78. _____. In the real world, changes never stop. Some changes happen only once 79. _____ others happen again and again.

In early human history, people found that the changes of "light and darkness" seemed to 80. _____ again and again. The sun rises in the east, producing 81. _____ and goes down in the west, causing darkness. This "light and darkness" was the first "time" for the early humans. We now call it one day.

People also saw the sun rise in the sky, sometimes 82. _____ but sometimes lower. They counted the days that passed from the sun's highest position (位置) until it returned to that position. That was three hundred and sixty-five days. That's just one year.

Early humans also noticed changes of the moon. 83. _____ used the changing faces of the moon to tell time. The moon was "full" when its face was bright and round. The early humans counted how many times the sun appeared 84. _____ full moons. They learned that this number always remained the same--about twenty-nine. Twenty-nine suns equaled (等于) one moon. We now know this is one 85. _____.

In this way, we humans get the time of day, month, year and so on.

答案: 78. changes 79. but /while 80. happen 81. light 82. higher 83. They 84. before 85. month

IX. 书面表达。(15分)

假如你叫李明, 你英国友好学校的朋友 Mike 给你发来 e-mail, 邀约你暑假前往加拿大游玩。你因故不能赴约, 请给他回复。

要点提示:

- 1.感谢并致歉;
- 2.不能赴约的原因 (如发展爱好, 走亲访友, 花费太高等);
- 3.……

要求:

- 1.80 词左右, 开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。
- 2.文中不能出现自己的姓名和所在学校的名称。

Dear Mike,

I'm glad to receive your e-mail. _____

Best wishes.

Yours,
Li Ming

答案: 略。