

2013 年普通高等学校招生全国统一考试（大纲卷）

英语

第一部分：听力（略）

第二节 单项填空(共 15 小题:每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项, 中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

例: It is generally considered unwise to give a child \_\_\_\_\_ he or she wants.

A. however      B. whatever      C. whichever      D. whenever

答案是 B。

21.--I'm sorry I made a mistake!

--\_\_\_\_\_Nobody is perfect.

- A. Take your time
- B. You're right
- C. Whatever you say
- D. Take it easy

解析: 考查情景交际。A“慢慢来”; B“你是对的”; C“不管你说什么”; D“别着急, 别紧张”。句意“对不起, 我犯错了。”“别紧张, 人无完人。”根据, 情景可知, 答案选 D。

答案: D

22. Would you like to \_\_\_\_\_ with us to the film tonight?

- A. come along
- B. come off
- C. come across
- D. come through

解析: 考查动词短语。A“一起来, 进展”; B“成功; 表现; 戒除”; C“偶遇, 碰到”; D“度过(危险); 成功获得; 到达”。句意“你今晚想和我们一起去看电影吗?”故选 A。

答案: A

23. I was glad to meet Jenny again, \_\_\_\_\_ I didn't want to spend all day with her.

- A. But
- B. and
- C. so
- D. or

解析: 考查并列连词。and“和”, 表并列和递进; But“但是”, 表转折; or“或者”, 表选择; so“因此”, 表因果。句意“非常高兴能再次见到 Jenny, 但是我不想和她呆一整天。”根据, 句意可知, 表示转折的含义, 故选 A。

答案: A

24. When I arrived, Bryan took me to see the house \_\_\_\_\_ I would be staying.

- A. what
- B. when

C. where

D. Which

解析：考查定语从句。本题考查定语从句，what 不能用于定语从句，排除 A；先行词是 the house，指地点，排除 B；stay 是不及物动词，“待在某地”应该是 stay at/in sp，本句没有介词，因此定语从句是主谓结构，不缺少宾语，排除 D；故用 where。故选 C。

答案：C

25. I got to the office earlier that day, \_\_\_\_\_ the 7:30 train from Paddington.

A. caught

B. to have caught

C. to catch

D. having caught

解析：考查非谓语动词。句意“那天我早到了办公室，（因为）赶上了 7:30 那趟来自帕丁顿的火车。”catch 发生在 got 之前，应该用完成式，having caught 表示原因，相当于 Because 引导的原因状语从句。故选 D。

答案：D

26. Since nobody gave him any help, he \_\_\_\_\_ have done the research on his own.

A. can

B. must

C. would

D. Need

解析：考查情态动词和虚拟语气。can have done sth 可能已经做了某事；must have done sth 一定已经做了某事；would have done 表示与过去的事实相反；need have done sth 本来需要做某事。句意“因为没有人给他任何的帮助，他一定是自己完成的那项，研究。”根据，句意可知，表示的是肯定的推测，用 must，故选 B。

答案：B

27. We \_\_\_\_\_ very early so we packed the night Before.

A. leave

B. had left

C. were leaving

D. have left

解析：考查时态。句意“我们（第二天）很早就要出发了，因此我们前天晚上就收拾好了行李。”根据，句意可知，表示的是过去的动作，排除 A、D；leave 发生在 pack 之后，不可能用过去完成时，排除 B；go, come, leave 等表示位置移动的词可以用进行时表将来；故选 C。

答案：C

28. The watch was very good, and he \_\_\_\_\_ 20 percent down for it.

A. paid

B. cost

C. bought

D. spent

解析：考查动词辨析。短语 pay some money for sth。故答案选 A。

答案：A

29. It may not be a great suggestion. But before \_\_\_\_\_ is put forward, we'll make do with it.

- A. a good one
- B. a better one
- C. the best one
- D. a best one

解析：考查形容词比较等级。句意：这也许不是一个很好的建议，但在提出一个更好的建议之前，我们会设法应付的。根据句意用比较级。

答案：B

30. It was only after he had read the papers \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Gross realized the task before him was extremely difficult to complete.

- A. when
- B. that
- C. which
- D. What

解析：考查强调句型。only after he had read the papers 是被强调的部分，Mr. Gross realized the task before him was extremely difficult to complete 句子成分完整，排除 C、D；把 It was 和 that 去掉后不影响句意，因此是强调句，故选 B。

答案：B

31 A serious study of physics is impossible \_\_\_\_\_ some knowledge of mathematics.

- A. against
- B. before
- B. beyond
- C. without

解析：考查介词辨析。against 反对，衬托；Before 在.....之前；Beyond 超过；without 没有。句意“没有一些数学知识的话，一个严肃的物理研究是不可能的。”故选 D。

答案：D

32. Only by increasing the number of doctors by 50 percent \_\_\_\_\_ properly in this hospital.

- A. can be the patients
- B. can the patients be treated
- C. the patients can be treated
- D. treated can be the patients

解析：考查倒装句。only 位于句首时，要用部分倒装，即把助动词、情态动词或 Be 动词提到主语前面。当 only+主语谓语句首时，不要倒装。A 项，不是被动语态；C 没有倒装；D 是全部倒装。故选 B。

[考点定位]only 位于句首用部分倒装。

答案：B

33. Four and \_\_\_\_\_ half hours of discussion took us up to midnight, and \_\_\_\_\_ break for cheese, chocolate and tea with sugar.

- A. a; a
- B. the; the

C.不填; the

D.a;不填

解析: 考查冠词。four and a half hours 四个半小时, 是固定短语; 排除 B、C; take sb sth 带给某人某物, take 后加双宾语, break 休息, 是可数的, 故用 a break。故选 A。

答案: A

34. It's an either-or situation - we can Buy a new car this year or we can go on holiday but we can't do\_\_\_\_\_.

A. others

B. either

C. another

D. Both

解析: 考查不定代词。others 另一些; either 两者之一; another 泛指三者以上的人或物中的一个; both 两者都。题中提供了两种选择, 根据, but 可知, “我们”不能两件事都做到, 用 either 的话, 表示全部否定, 两件事都做不到; 故用 both, 故选 D。

答案: D

35.--Are you sure you won't come for a drink with us?

--\_\_\_\_\_,if you insist

A. Not at all

B. It depends

C. All right then

D. I don't care

解析: 考查交际用语。A“不用谢”; B“看情况而定”; C“那么好吧”; D“我不在乎”。句意“你确定不来和我们一起喝饮料吗?”“那么好吧, 如果你坚持的话。”故选 C。

答案: C

第三节 完形填空(共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后面各题的四个选项, (A、 B、 C 和 D)中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Michael Greenberg is a very popular New Yorker. He is not famous in sports or the arts, But people in the streets 36 him, especially those who are 37 .

For those people, he is "Gloves" Greenberg. How did he get that 38 ?

He looks like any other Businessman, wearing a suit and carrying a Briefcase (公文箱). But he's 39 . His Briefcase always has some gloves.

In winter, Mr. Greenberg does not 40 like other New Yorkers, who look at the sidewalk and 41 the street. He looks around at 42 .He stops when he 43 someone with no gloves. He gives them a pair and then he 44 ,looking for more people with cold 45 .

On winter days, Mr. Greenberg 46 gloves. During the rest of the year, he 47 gloves. People who have heard about him 48 him gloves, and he has many in his apartment.

Mr. Greenberg 49 doing this 21 years ago. Now, many poor New Yorkers know him and 50 his Behavior. But people who don't know him are sometimes 51 him. They don't realize that he just wants to make them 52 .

It runs in the 53 .Michael's father always helped the poor as he believed it made everyone happier. Michael Greenberg feels the 54 .A pair of gloves may Be a 55 thing, but it can make a big difference in winter.

36.

- A. know about
- B. learn from
- C. cheer for
- D. look after

37.

- A. old
- B. busy
- C. kind
- D. poor

38.

- A. job
- B. name
- C. chance
- D. message

39.

- A. calm
- B. different
- C. crazy
- D. curious

40.

- A. act
- B. sound
- C. feel
- D. dress

41.

- A. cross over
- B. drive along
- C. hurry down
- D. keep off

42.

- A. cars
- B. people
- C. street numbers
- D. traffic lights

43.

- A. helps
- B. chooses
- C. greets
- D. sees

44.

- A. holds up
- B. hangs out
- C. moves on

D.turns around

45.

A. hands

B. ears

C. faces

D. eyes

46.

A. searches for

B. stores up

C. gives away

D. puts on

47.

A. borrows

B. sells

C. returns

D. Buys

48.

A. call

B. send

C. lend

D. show

49.

A. delayed

B. remembered

C. began

D. enjoyed

50.

A.understand

B.dislike

C.study

D.excuse

51.

A.sorry for

B.satisfied with

C.proud of

D.surprised By

52.

A.smart

B.rich

C.special

D.happy

53.

A.city

B.family

C.neighborhood

D.company

54.

A.honor

B.pain

C.same

D.cold

55.

A.small

B.useful

C.delightful

D.comforting

答案:

[36]街道上的人都知道他。A 了解; 知道.....情况; B 向.....学习; C 为.....加油; D 照顾。故选 A。

[37]根据, 第六段的 many poor New Yorkers know him 可知, 尤其是穷人们, 对他很熟悉。故选 D。

[38]那些人(穷人)叫他"Gloves" Greenberg, 它是怎样获得这个称号的呢? 故选 B。

[39]他看起来和其他人一样, 穿西装提公文箱。但和别人不一样。根据, But 可知, 表转折, 故选 B。

[40]Mr. Green Berg 不像其他纽约人一样, 其他人是看看人行道, 然后就穿过马路。act 行为, 故选 A。

[41]who look...引导的非限制性定语从句, 先行词是 other New Yorkers, 其他纽约人的做法是看一下人行道, 接着驶过路口, A 穿过; B 沿着.....开; down 有“沿着”的意思; D 远离。故选 C。

[42]根据, 下一句可知, Mr. Greenberg 环顾四周, 看有没有没带手套的人, 故选 B。

[43]当看到有人没带手套时, Mr. Greenberg 就会停下来。故选 D。

[44]根据, looking for more people 可知, Mr. Greenberg 继续前行, 寻找没带手套的人。hold up 举起, 支撑, 耽搁; hang out 闲逛; move on 继续前进; turn around 转身, 好转。故选 C。

[45]Mr. Greenberg 沿街发放手套, 他寻找的肯定是手冻僵的人, 故选 A。

[46]search for 搜寻, 寻找; store up 储存; give away 分发; put on 穿上。在冬日里, Mr. Greenberg 发放手套, 而不是储存, 故选 C。

[47]Mr. Greenberg 冬天发手套, 过了冬天就买手套, 以备冬天发放。故选 D。

[48]send sb sth 寄给某人某物....., 知道 Mr. Greenberg 的人都会给他寄去手套, 结果, 他的公寓里就有了很多(手套), 故选 B。

[49]Mr. Greenberg 是 21 年前开始做这件事的, begin doing sth 开始做某事, 故选 C。

[50]根据, 下一句可知, 知道他的人, 都理解他的行为。A 理解; B 不喜欢; C 研究; D 原谅。故选 A。

[51]根据, 上一句可知, 不知道他的人, 会不理解他做的事情。A 为.....感到遗憾; B 对.....满意; C 为.....自豪; D 对.....感到惊讶。故选 D。

[52]那些不理解的人没有意识到他只是让他们(穷人)快乐, 根据, 最后一段的 it made everyone happier 可知, 这里填 happy。故选 D。

[53]乐于助人的精神在 Mr.Greenberg 家庭相传。根据, 下一句 Michael's father...可知, 父亲对他深有影响, 故选 B。

[54]Mr. Greenberg 的父亲相信, 乐于助人让每个人更快乐, Mr.Greenberg 也是这样认为的。the same 一样, 故选 C。

[55]一双手套或许微不足道, 但是在冬天就会有很大不同了。本句话表示转折让步语气, 主要突出 Mr. Greenberg 的无私奉献精神。故选 A。

第三部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节(共 15:每 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的四个选项, 《A、 B、 C 和 D)中。选出最佳选项。

A

Doctors are known to be terrible pilots. They don't listen because they already know it all. I was lucky: I became a pilot in 1970, almost ten years before I graduated from medical school. I didn't realize then, but becoming a pilot makes me a better surgeon. I loved flying. As I flew bigger, faster planes, and in worse weather, I learned about crew resource management (机组资源管理), or CRM, a new idea to make flying safer. It means that crew members should listen and speak up for a good result, regardless of positions.

I first read about CRM in 1980. Not long after that, an attending doctor and I were flying in bad weather. The controller had us turn too late to get our landing ready. The attending doctor was flying; I was safety pilot. He was so busy because of the bad turn, he had forgotten to put the landing gear (起落架) down. He was a better pilot - and my boss - so it felt unusual to speak up. But I had to: Our lives were in danger. I put aside my uneasiness and said, "We need to put the landing gear down now!" That was my first real lesson in the power of CRM, and I've used it in the operating room ever since.

CRM requires that the pilot/surgeon encourage others to speak up. It further requires that when opinions are from the opposite, the doctor doesn't overreact, which might prevent fellow doctors from voicing opinions again. So when I'm in the operating room, I ask for ideas and help from others. Sometimes they're not willing to speak up. But I hope that if I continue to encourage them, someday someone will keep me from "landing gear up".

56. What does the author say about doctors in general?

- A. They like flying by themselves.
- B. They are unwilling to take advice.
- C. They pretend to be good pilots.
- D. They are quick learners of CRM.

57. The author deepened his understanding of the power of CRM when \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. he saved the plane by speaking up
- B. he was in charge of a flying task
- C. his boss landed the plane too late
- D. his boss operated on a patient

58. In the last paragraph "landing gear up" probably means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. following flying requirements.
- B. overreacting to different opinions.
- C. listening to what fellow doctors say
- D. making a mistake that may cost lives

59. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?

- A. CRM: A New Way to Make Flying Safe
- B. Flying Makes Me a Better Doctor
- C. The Making of a Good Pilot
- D. A Pilot-Turned Doctor

答案:

[56] 细节理解题。根据, 第一行的 Doctor are known to be terrible pilots. They don't listen because they already know it all.可知, 作者总体上认为 doctors 不喜欢倾听, 他们认为他们什么都懂。故选 B。

[57] 细节理解题。根据, 第二段最后一句 That was my first real lesson in the power of CRM,...可知, 作者在经历了一次飞行, 给上级提了意见之后, 对 CRM 有了更深的理解, 故选 A。

[58] 细节理解题。根据, 第二段的 "We need to put the landing gear down now!"可知, 作者提出的降下起落

架的建议，使飞机安全着陆；keep sb from doing sth 阻止某人某事，这里用的是“landing gear up”，是相反的情况，言外之意是，作者希望有人能够勇敢提出意见，以避免发生危险的事情。划线部分指的是危险的事情，故选 D。

[59] 主旨大意题。作者通过当飞行员的经历，学到了 CRM，并运用到了自己的工作中，文章主要讲的是 CRM 带给作者的好处，B 项，“飞行使我成为一个更好的医生”最符合题意，故选 B。

## B

In 1947 a group of famous people from the art world headed by an Austrian conductor decided to hold an international festival of music, dance and theatre in Edinburgh. The idea was to reunite Europe after the Second World War.

At the same time, the “Fringe” appeared as a challenge to the official festival. Eight theatre groups turned up uninvited in 1947, in the belief that everyone should have the right to perform, and they did so in a public house disused for years.

Soon, groups of students firstly from Edinburgh University, and later from the universities of Oxford and Cambridge, Durham and Birmingham were making the journey to the Scottish capital each summer to perform theatre by little-known writers of plays in small church halls to the people of Edinburgh.

Today the “Fringe”, once less recognized, has far outgrown the festival with around 1,500 performances of theatre, music and dance on every one of the 21 days it lasts. And yet as early as 1959, with only 19 theatre groups performing, some said it was getting too big.

A paid administrator was first employed only in 1971, and today there are eight administrators working all year round and the number rises to 150 during August itself. In 2004 there were 200 places housing 1,695 shows by over 600 different groups from 50 different countries. More than 1.25 million tickets were sold.

60. What was the purpose of Edinburgh Festival at the beginning?

- A. To bring Europe together again.
- B. To honor heroes of World War II.
- C. To introduce young theatre groups.
- D. To attract great artists from Europe.

61. Why did some uninvited theatre groups come to Edinburgh in 1947?

- A. They owned a public house there.
- B. They came to take up a challenge.
- C. They thought they were also famous.
- D. They wanted to take part in the festival.

62. Who joined the “Fringe” after it appeared?

- A. They owned a public house there.
- B. University students.
- C. Artists from around the world.
- D. Performers of music and dance.

63. We may learn from the text that Edinburgh Festival.

- A. has become a non-official event
- B. has gone beyond an art festival
- C. gives shows all year round
- D. keeps growing rapidly

答案：

[60] 细节理解题。根据第一段最后一句 The idea was to reunite Europe after the Second World War. 可知，组织音乐节的目的是为了重新团结欧洲。故选 A。

[61] 细节理解题。根据，第二段的 in the Belief that everyone should have the right to perform 可知，他们不请自来是因为，他们认为人人都有权利进行表演。故选 D。

[62] 细节理解题。根据，第三段的 groups of students firstly from Edinburgh University, and later from the universities of Oxford and Cambridge, Durham and Birmingham 可知，后来加入的都是大学的学生，故选 B。

[63] 主旨大意题。A 项，未提及；艺术节一直以来都是演出戏剧、舞蹈等艺术形式，并未超出艺术范围，B 错；文中只提到由 eight administrators 来全年工作和管理，故 C 错；根据，最后一段的最后一句 In 2004 there were 200 places housing 1,695 shows By over 600 different groups from 50 different countries. More than 1,25 million tickets were sold.可知，艺术节发展的非常迅速，D 项，符合题意，故选 D。

### C

Given that many people's moods (情绪)are regulated By the chemical action of chocolate, it was probably only a matter of time Before somebody made the chocolate shop similar to a drugstore of Chinese medicine. Looking like a setting from the film Charlie&the Chocolate Factory, Singapore's Chocolate Research Facility (CRF) has over 100 varieties of chocolates. its founder is Chris Lee who grew up at his parents' comer store with one hand almost always in the jar of sweets.

If the CRF seems to Be a smart idea, that's Because Lee is not merely a seasoned salesperson But also head of a marketing department that has Business relations with Big names such as Levi's and Sony. That idea surely results in the imagination at work when it comes to making different flavored(味道)chocolates.

The CRF's produce is "green". made within the country and divided into 10 lines, with the Alcohol Series Being the most popular. The Exotic Series — with Sichuan pepper, red Bean (豆).cheese and other flavors — also does well and is fun to taste. And for chocolate snobs, who think that they have a Better knowledge of chocolate than others, the Connoisseur Series uses cocoa Beans from Togo, Cuba, Venezuela , and Ghana, among others.

64. What is good about chocolate?

- A. It serves as a suitable gift.
- B. It works as an effective medicine.
- C. It helps improve the state of mind.
- D. It strengthens Business relations.

65. Why is Chris Lee able to develop his idea of the CRF?

- A. He knows the importance of research.
- B. He learns form shops of similar types.
- C. He has the support of many Big names
- D. He has a lot of marketing experience.

66. Which line of the CRF produce sells Best?

- A. The Connoisseur Series.
- B. The Exotic Series.
- C. The Alcohol Series.
- D. The Sichuan Series.

67. The words "chocolate snobs" in Paragraph 3 probably refer to people who\_\_\_\_\_

- A. are particular about chocolate
- B. know little about cocoa Beans
- C. look down upon others
- D. like to try new flavors

答案：

[64] 细节理解题。根据，第一句 Given that many people's moods (情绪)are regulated By the chemical action of chocolate,...可知，作者假设的是巧克力能够调节人们的情绪，故选 C。

[65] 细节理解题。根据，第五行 Lee is not merely a seasoned salesperson But also head of a marketing department...可知，Lee 是市场推广部门的头头，Lee 能够成功，主要是因为他有着丰富的市场推广经验，故选 D。

[66] 细节理解题。根据，第二段第一行的 with the Alcohol Series Being the most popular 可知，卖得最好的是 The Alcohol Series，故选 C。

[67] 猜测词义题。snob 势利小人，chocolate snobs 指对巧克力很挑剔的人；故选 A。

## D

### Low-Cost Gifts for Mother's Day

#### Gift No. 1

Offer to Be your mother's health friend. Promise to Be there for any and all doctor's visits whether a disease or a regular medical check-up. Most mothers always say "no need," another set of eyes and ears is always a good idea at a doctor's visit. The Best part ? This one is free.

#### Gift No. 2

Help your mother organize all of her medical records, which include the test results and medical information. Put them all in one place. Be sure to make a list of all of her medicines and what times she takes them. "Having all this information in one place could end up saving your mother's life," Dr. Marie Savard said.

#### Gift No. 3

Enough sleep is connected to general health conditions. "Buy your mother cotton sheets and comfortable pillows to encourage Better sleep," Savard said. "We know that good sleep is very important to our health."

#### Gift No. 4

Some gift companies such as Presents for Purpose allow you to pay it forward this Mother's Day By picking gifts in which 10 percent of the price you pay goes to a charity (慈善机构) Gift givers can choose from a wide variety of useful But inexpensive things -many of which are "green" - and then choose a meaningful charity from a list. When your mother gets the gift, she will Be told that she has helped the chosen charity.

68. What are you advised to do for your mother at doctor's visits?

- A. Take notes.
- B. Be with her.
- C. Buy medicine.
- D. Give her gifts.

69. What can be a gift of organization for your mother?

- A. Keeping her medical information together.
- B. Buying all gifts for her from one company.
- C. Making a list of her medical check-ups.
- D. Storing her medicines in a safe place.

70. Where can you find a gift idea to improve your mother's sleep?

- A. In Gift No. 1.
- B. In Gift No. 2.
- C. In Gift No. 3.
- D. In Gift No. 4.

71. Buying gifts from Presents for Purpose allows mothers to\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. enjoy good sleep
- B. be well-organized
- C. get extra support
- D. give others help

答案:

【文章大意】 本文是一篇应用文，题材是广告。作者介绍了 4 则母亲节期间为母亲提供的礼物的广告。

68.B 细节理解题。根据第一则广告中的“Promise to be there for any and all doctor's visits whether a disease or a regular medical check-up.”(不管是疾病检查还是定期的医疗检查，你都一定要陪母亲看医生。)可知 B 正确。关键词定位：文章中的 Promise to be there 和 be with her 是同意表达。

69.A 细节理解题。根据文章第二则广告中的“Help your mother organize all of her medical records, which include the test results and medical information.”可知，帮助母亲管理好医疗诊断记录，列一张药及喝药时间的清单。故选 A。

70.C 细节理解题。根据题干关键词“improve your mother's sleep”定位第三则广告中的“Buy your mother cotton sheets and comfortable pillows to encourage better sleep”(给母亲买棉床单和舒适的枕头，让母亲睡眠更好。)由此可知 C 正确。

71.D 推理判断题。文章最后一段提到 Present for Purpose，联系该段中的“she will be told that she has helped the chosen charity.”可知，这个礼物可以让母亲给别人提供帮助。

## E

The oldest and most common source(来源) of renewable energy known to man, Biomass is one of the most important forms energy production in the United States and elsewhere. Since such a wide variety of Biomass materials is everywhere ---- from trees and grasses to agricultural and city ---- life wastes ----Biomass promises to play a continuing role in providing power and heat for millions of people around the world.

According to the Union of Concerned Scientists(UCS), Biomass is a kind of renewable energy source that produces no carbon dioxide(二氧化碳), Because the energy it contains comes from the sun. When plant matter is burned, it gives off the sun's energy. In this way, Biomass serves as a sort of natural Battery(电池) for storing the sun's energy. As long as Biomass is produced continuously ----with only as much grown as is used--- the “Battery” lasts forever.

According to the Energy Information Administration, Biomass has Been one of the leading renewable energy sources in the United States for several years running through 2007, making up Between 0.5 and 0.9 percent of the nation's total electricity supply. In 2008----although the numbers aren't all in yet---wind power probably took over first place Because of the rapid development of wind farms across the country.

Producing power from Biomass helps reduce some 11 million tons of carbon dioxide each year. Some homeowners also try to make their own heat By using Biomass materials. Such practice may save homeowner's money, But it also produces a lot of pollution. So, the Best way is to encourage power plants to use it.

72. Why is Biomass considered as “ a sort of natural Battery”?

- A. It Burns merely plant matter.
- B. It keeps producing electricity.
- C. It stores the energy from the sun.
- D. It produces zero carbon dioxide.

73. We learn from the text that in 2008 \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Wind power would be the leader of renewable energy.
- B. there was a rapid growth of electricity production
- C. Biomass might become the main energy source
- D. 0.5~0.9 of power supply came from Biomass

74. Why does the author encourage power plants to use Biomass?

- A. To prevent the waste of energy.
- B. To increase production safety.

C. To reduce pollution.

D. To save money.

75. Where does the text probably come from?

A. A research plan.

B. A science magazine

C. A Book review.

D. A Business report.

In my family, there are three people. My father is

答案:

【文章大意】 本文是一篇科技说明文。文章介绍了 biomass(生物量)的特征、生物量的优点以及它在美国能源中的地位。

72.C 细节理解题。根据第二段中的“because the energy it contains comes from the sun. When plant matter is burned, it gives off the sun's energy. In this way, biomass serves as a sort of natural battery for storing the sun's energy.”可知 C 正确。

73.A 推理判断题。根据第三段中的“In 2008—although the numbers aren't all in yet—wind power probably took over first place because of the rapid development of wind farms across the country.”可知，2008 年风能占居首位。关键词定位：A 项中的 the leader of 和 first place 为同意表达。

74.C 推理判断题。根据最后一段中的“Some homeowners also try to make their own heat by using biomass materials. Such practice may save homeowners' money, but it also produces a lot of pollution. So, the best way is to encourage power plants to use it.”可知 C 正确。

75.B 推理判断题。根据全文内容可知，本文是一篇有关生物量能源的科普类文章。所以，它应该是科学杂志上的文章。故选 B。

### 第一节 短文改错

In my family, there are three people, My father is hardworking but goes to work in the field every day.

76. \_\_\_\_\_

He isn't good at talk But he gets on well with other people. My mother is very much kind and is

77. \_\_\_\_\_

friendly to everybody. So when I have the problem

78. \_\_\_\_\_

I will turn to her for help. My friends say I am clever.

79. \_\_\_\_\_

When the teacher asks us very difficulty questions,

80. \_\_\_\_\_

I'll think quickly and stand to answer. At home my

81. \_\_\_\_\_

Father often thinks I'm silly. He said if I decide

82. \_\_\_\_\_

To do something, it takes him much times to stop me.

83. \_\_\_\_\_

This is how I need to improve in the future.

84. \_\_\_\_\_

85. \_\_\_\_\_

答案:

76.but and 考查并列连词的用法。根据句意此处，表顺承关系，不是转折关系，故将 but 改为 and。

77.talk talking 考查动名词的用法。此处，at 是介词，介词后用动名词。

78.去掉 much 考查副词词义及用法。此处，much 不能修饰形容词原级。

79.the a 考查冠词的用法。此处，泛指“问题”，用不定冠词 a。

80.√

81.difficulty difficult 考查形容词的用法。此处，questions 是名词，需用形容词修饰。

82.stand 后加 up 考查动词短语。此处，句意为：站起来回答问题，所以用 stand up。

83.said says 考查动词时态。纵观全文的内容可知用一般现在时。

84.times time 考查名词词义辨析。此处，指：花费时间，所以用 time。times 意为“时代”。

85.how what/where 考查表语从句的连接词。句意为：这是我将来所需要提高的。这时 what 作 improve 的宾语。如果改为 where，improve 为不及物动词，where 在表语从句中作地点状语。句意：这是我将来需要提高的地方。

## 第二节 书面表达（满分 25 分）

假定你是李华，自制一些中国结（Chinese knot）。给开网店的美国朋友 Tom 写封信，请他代卖，要点包括：

- 1.外观（尺寸、颜色、材料）
- 2.象征意义
- 3.价格

注意：1.词数 100 左右；

2.可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；

3.开头语已为你写好。

[要点]

作文是写一封信，对考生来说，是一种比较熟悉的作文类型。材料联系到了网店，很贴合生活实际；写作时注意书信的格式；三个要点都要包括在作文内，不能有遗漏。

[范文]

Dear Tom,

How are you doing? I wonder if you could sell some Chinese knots for me. I made them myself with red silk threads, cloths and other materials. They look really Beautiful in the shape of a diamond, about 5 inches long and 4 inches wide.

In China, these knots stand for friendship, love and good luck. People can either give them as gifts to friends or hang them in their houses. They are only 12.99 US dollars each. If anyone wants to know more about the knots, let them write to me. Also, do let me know if you need further information. Thank you!

Li Hua.