

2018 年四川省绵阳市安州区九年级下学期二诊试题英语

第 I 卷

第一部分 听（略）

第二部分：读（共二节，满分 70 分）

第一节：阅读理解（共 20 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 40 分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项。

A

Americans with small families own a small car or a large one. If both parents are working, they usually have two cars. When the family is large, one of the cars is sold and they will buy a van（住房汽车）

A small car can hold four persons and a large car can hold six persons but it is very crowded. A van hold seven persons easily, so a family three children could ask their grandparents to go on a holiday travel They could all travel together.

Mr.Hagen and his wife had a third child last year. This made them sell a second car and buy a van. In the van, the sixth and seventh seats are used to put other things, for a family of five must carry many suitcases(衣箱)when they travel. When they arrive at their grandparents' home, the suitcases are brought into the two seats. Then they can carry the grandparents.

Americans call vans motor homes. A motor home is always used for holidays. When a family are traveling to the mountains or to the seaside, they can live in their motor home for a few days or weeks. All the members of a big family can enjoy a happier life when they are traveling together. That is why motor homes have become very popular. In America there are many parks for motor homes.

21. From the passage, a van is also called _____.

- A. a motor car
- B. a motor home
- C. a motorbike
- D. a big truck

解析：细节理解题。根据 Americans call vans motor homes 美国人把 vans 称为房车，可知答案选 B。

答案： B

22. Before Mr. Hagen and his wife bought a van, they_____.

- A. sold their old house
- B. moved to their grandparents' house
- C. built a new place for a van
- D. sold their second car

解析：细节理解题。根据 This made them sell a second car and bus a van. 这使得他们卖了一辆车，买了车房车，可知答案选 D。

答案： D

23. A motor home is usually owned by a family with_____.

- A. a baby

- B. much money
- C. more than two children
- D. interest in vans

解析：细节理解题。根据 A van hold seven persons easily, so a family three children could ask their grandparents to go on a holiday travel 房车轻松容纳七个人，所以一个有三个孩子的家庭可以让他们的祖父母们去假期旅行，可知答案选 C。

答案：C

24. Americans usually use motor home_____.

- A. to travel with all the family members of holiday
- B. to do some shopping with all the family members
- C. to visit their grandparents at weekends
- D. to drive their children to school every day

解析：细节理解题。根据 A motor home is always used for holidays 房车总是用于假期，可知答案选 A。

答案：A

25. Motor homes have become popular because_____.

- A. they can take people to another city when people are free
- B. they can let families have a happier life when they go out for their holidays
- C. some people think motor homes are cheap
- D. big families can put more things in motor homes

解析：细节理解题。根据 All the members of a big family can enjoy a happier life when they are traveling together. That is why motor homes have become very popular.所有的大家庭成员过的更开心，当他们一起旅行时，这是为什么房车变得非常受欢迎的原因，可知答案选 B。

答案：B

B

Computers can injure you. Most other injuries happen suddenly. For example, if you fall off a bicycle and break your arm, it happens very quickly. But computer injuries happen slowly.

Your eyes

Too much light can injure your eyes, so never sit too close to a computer screen. Your eyes should be at least 50 centimeters from the screen. Remember to look away from it sometimes. This gives your eyes a rest.

When you use a computer, the window should be on your left or your right. If it is behind you, the light will reflect (反射) on the screen. If the window is in front of you, the sun and the screen will both shine into your eyes.

Your hands and wrists (手腕)

Hand and wrist injuries can happen because the hands and wrists are moved in the same way hundreds of times. If you use a keyboard for a long times, follow these three rules: 1) Rest your wrists on something. 2) Keep your elbows at the same height as the keyboard. 3) Stop sometimes and exercise your hands, wrists and fingers in a different way.

Your back

Some people sit for many hours in front of a computer. If you sit in a wrong way, you can injure

your back or your neck. So you should sit with your back straight. The top part of the screen should be in front of your eyes. Your forearms (前臂), wrists and hands should all be parallel to (与.....平衡) the floor. If you are sitting for a long time, get up every 30 minutes and exercise your arms, legs and neck.

Enjoy your computer, but use it safely.

26. The underlined word "injure" means "_____".

- A. 保护
- B. 影响
- C. 伤害
- D. 帮助

解析：细节理解题。根据下文 **But computer injuries happen slowly.**但是电脑的伤害是慢慢发生的，可知这里是说：电脑可以“伤害”你，所以“injure”意思是“伤害”，故答案选 C。

答案：C

27. Your eyes should_____.

- A. be close to the screen
- B. be less than 50 centimeters from the screen
- C. face the window
- D. be more than 50 centimeters from the screen

解析：细节理解题。根据下文 **Your eyes should be at least 50 centimeters from the screen.**可知，你的眼睛应该距离屏幕至少 50 厘米，故答案选 D。

答案：D

28. To protect your hands and wrists you should_____.

- A. Keep your elbows above the height of the keyboard
- B. Keep your wrists hanging without touching anything
- C. Keep your elbows below the height of the keyboard
- D. Stop playing computer sometimes and exercise

解析：细节理解题。根据下文 **Stop sometimes and exercise your hands, wrists and fingers in a different way.**可知，为了保护你的手和手腕，你应该停止玩电脑并锻炼你的手和手腕，结合选项，故答案选 D。

答案：D

29. Which of the following is true?

- A. Sitting wrongly is only bad for your wrists and fingers.
- B. Your eyes should be at the same height as the top part of the screen.
- C. You should have a rest every two hours.
- D. You should sit in front of a screen and play computer for a long time.

解析：推理判断题。根据 **If you sit in a wrong way, you can injure your back or your neck.**可知，如果你的坐姿错误，就会伤到背部或脖子，而不是对手腕和手指造成伤害，所以 A 选项错误；根据 **The top part of the screen should be in front of your eyes.**可知，电脑屏幕的上部应该在你的眼睛前面，即眼睛应该和电脑屏幕的顶端高度相同，所以 B 选项正确；根据 **Remember to look away from it sometimes. This gives your eyes a rest.**和 **If you are sitting for a long time, get up every 30 minutes and exercise your arms, legs and neck.**可知要不时地把目光移开屏幕让

眼睛休息，如果坐的时间长了要每 30 分钟站起来活动，而不是每两个小时休息一次，所以 C 选项错误；根据 *If you are sitting for a long time, get up every 30 minutes and exercise your arms, legs and neck.* 可知，如果你坐了好长时间，应该每 30 分钟站起来活动你的胳膊、腿和脖子，而不是长时间的坐在屏幕前玩电脑，所以 D 选项错误。本题问哪一项是正确的，故答案选 B。

答案：B

30. Which is the best title of this passage?

- A. How to Use a computer Safely.
- B. How to Play Computer Games.
- C. How to Protect Your Eyes.
- D. Computers Are very Harmful.

解析：主旨大意题。根据文章中介绍了电脑对眼睛、手及手腕、背部的伤害以及具体防护办法，以及最后的总结 *Enjoy your computer, but use it safely.* 享受你的电脑，但要安全使用；可知本文主要告诉我们如何安全使用电脑，结合选项，故答案选 A。

答案：A

C

When you get tired of homework, several minutes' walk in a nearby green park helps you relax at once. Or you may stand facing the lake or the seas. They will calm (not to be excited or nervous) you just like the green plants.

Wonder why? Color is a key part of the answers. Since it is so, green and blue help make people feel more quiet and safe.

All colors have special power. Scientists have found that many colors have specific effects (效果) on people's mind and feelings.

Try an easy and interesting experiment (实验) and you'll see how color "mislead" you sometimes. Wrap (包装) two boxes of the same size with colored paper, one red and the other white. Then weigh the two boxes with your hands. Which one is heavier? Most people will think that the red box is heavier, even though they weigh the same.

Colors can affect (影响) learning. Scientists have found that students spend more time reading if they read information written in blue text. Blue helps most people calm down and think more.

Clever uses of colors in daily life are to be seen everywhere. Hospitals and libraries seldom paint their walls, tables and desks red. They use light colors, like light blue or green. Red makes people excited while light colors help them relax. Haven't worked out how color affects your daily life? Start with your small room. Try to make some changes in it and you'll get to know how important color is!

31. The underlined word "mislead" means_____.

- A. affects
- B. disabled
- C. causes someone to have a wrong idea
- D. give wrong directions

解析：词义猜测题。根据下文所举的例子 *Then weigh the two boxes with your hands. Which one is heavier? Most people will think that the red box is heavier, even though they weigh the same.* 可知不同颜色的包装，会让人对同重量的东西产生错觉，即使得某人有错误的想法，故答案

选 C。

答案：C

32. We'd better paint the walls of the hospital in_____.

- A. deep red or deep brown
- B. light blue or light green
- C. deep orange or deep red
- D. light green or light yellow

解析：细节理解题。结合最后一段中句子 Hospitals and libraries seldom paint their walls, tables and desks red. They use light colors, like light blue or green.可知医院和图书馆很少把墙壁、桌子和写字台漆成红色，他们使用浅色，如浅蓝色或绿色，故答案选 B。

答案：B

33. If you want to_____ you'd better sit in the room painted blue.

- A. study attentively
- B. weigh something with your hands
- C. face the lake or the sea
- D. enjoy some rock music

解析：细节理解题。结合第五段中句子 Scientists have found that students spend more time reading if they read information written in blue text. Blue helps most people calm down and think more. 科学家发现，如果学生们用蓝色文字阅读信息，他们会花更多的时间阅读，蓝色帮助大多数人冷静下来思考，故答案选 A。

答案：A

34. Which of the following is NOT true?

- A. When you are going to have a rest, you'd better sit in the room painted green.
- B. Scientists have known some differences among some colors
- C. When you get tired of homework, you should look at the green plants far away
- D. The passage has told us clearly why some colors are warm and other colors are cool.

解析：推理分析题。A 根据第二段最后一句 green and blue help make people feel more quiet and safe.绿色和蓝色能使人们感觉更安静更安全，所以绿色有助于休息，故 A 正确；B 根据第三段最后一句 Scientists have found that many colors have specific effects (效果) on people's mind and feelings.科学家们已经发现不同的颜色有不同的影响，可知科学家们已经发现颜色之间的差别，故 B 正确；C 根据第一段第一句 When you get tired of homework, several minutes' walk in a nearby green park helps you relax at once.可知当你厌倦了家庭作业，你应该在附近的绿色公园散步几分钟就可以让你立刻放松下来，在公园散步暗含的意思也就是看看绿色植物，故 C 正确；D 选项意思是这篇文章清楚地告诉我们为什么有些颜色是温暖的，其它颜色是凉爽的，本文全篇在讲颜色的影响，但并没有讲有些颜色是温暖的，有些颜色是凉爽的，故 D 错误。本题问哪一个选项是不正确的，故答案选 D。

答案：D

35. The reading mainly shows us_____.

- A. the difference between red and blue
- B. how to get on well with others

C. how to make smart uses of different colors in our daily life

D. how to paint and decorate our rooms

解析：主旨大意题。通读全文可知，文章讲述了不同的颜色对人的思想和感受有不同的影响，从而告诉我们在日常生活中如何巧妙利用不同的颜色以取得更好的效果，故答案选 C。

答案：C

D

Nick works in a big firm (公司). He finds English very important for his job because he often deals with foreign businessmen. Now he is looking for a place. It can improve his English, especially his spoken English.

Here are some advertisements from newspapers. He may find the information he needs.

<p>Global English centre (全球英语中心)</p> <p>It can improve four skill: listening, speaking, reading, and writing.</p> <p>3-month(700yuan), 6-month(1200yuan), and one-year(2000yuan)courses.</p> <p>Choice of morning or evening classes, 3 hours per day, Monday~ Friday.</p> <p>Experienced college English teachers.</p> <p>Close to city centre and bus stops.</p> <p>Tel: 67605272</p> <p>Add: 105 Zhongshan Road, 100082</p>	<p>The 21st Century English Training Centre (21 世纪英语训练中心)</p> <p>We have some famous teachers.</p> <p>We offer morning or afternoon classes, both of which last three months at a cost of 800 yuan.</p> <p>We also have a 6-week TOEFL, preparation class during winter and summer holidays.</p> <p>Entrance(入学)exams: June 1 and Dec. 1</p> <p>Only 15-minute walk from city centre.</p> <p>Call 67801642 for more information.</p>
<p>Modern Language School</p> <p>Special course in English for business, travel, banking, hotel management and office skills.</p> <p>Small classes(12~16 students) on Sat.& Sun.</p> <p>From 2:00pm~5:00pm.</p> <p>Native English teachers from Canada and USA.</p> <p>Language lab and computers supplied (运用).</p> <p>3-Month course: 1050yuan; 6-month course: 1850yuan.</p> <p>Add: Modern language School, 675 Park Road,</p>	<p>The International House of English</p> <p>Four-month English course for students of all levels at very low cost: 60yuan for 12 hours per week.</p> <p>Convenient (方便) class hours: 9:00am~12:00am and 2:00pm~5:00pm.</p> <p>A 4-month evening programme for improving speaking skills(same cost as day classes.</p> <p>Well-trained Chinese and foreign teachers experienced in teaching English as a foreign</p>

<p>100056.</p> <p>Tel: 67353019.</p>	<p>language.</p> <p>Free sightseeing and social activities.</p> <p>Very close to Central Park.</p> <p>For more information call 67432308</p>
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36. Where are the advertisements from?

- A. Books
- B. Magazines
- C. Newspapers
- D. On the wall of the firm

解析：细节理解题。根据文中的句子 Here are some advertisements from newspapers.这里有一些报纸上的广告，可知这些广告来自于报纸上，故答案选 C。

答案：C

37. Nick works from 9:00am to 4:30pm every day. Which schools will he choose?

- A. Global English centre and the International House of English
- B. Global English centre and Modern Language School
- C. Modern Language School and the 21st Century English Training Centre
- D. The 21st Century English Training Centre and The International House of English

解析：细节理解题。根据题意：每天从上午 9:00 到下午 4:30 工作，连周末都工作，那么只有选择晚上有课程的学校了。在这四所学校中只有 Global English centre 和 the International House of English 设有晚间课程，故答案选 A。

答案：A

38. What is the 21st Century English Training Centre different from the other three schools in that_____..

- A. it requires an entrance examination.
- B. it is nearest to the city centre.
- C. its courses are cheapest.
- D. its teaching quality is better

解析：细节理解题。21 世纪英语培训中心与其他三所学校不同之处是需要进行 Entrance exams(入学考试)，这一点在其他三所学校的广告中均未谈及；而其他如“离市中心近、课程便宜、教学质量好”等，在另外三所学校的广告中也可以看到；故答案选 A。

答案：A

39. Nick will probably go to the International House of English because it _____.

- A. has language lab and computers supplied.
- B. has a special course in spoken English.
- C. is cheaper than the other schools.
- D. has native English teachers

解析：细节理解题。对比四个学校的信息可知，只有 The International House of English 提供专门的口语培训课，其他学校均没有这门课程；而文章的开头提到 It can improve his English, especially his spoken English. 它可以提高他的英语，尤其是他的英语口语，所以尼克可能会去 The International House of English，故答案选 B。

答案：B

40. If Nick takes the evening programme at the International House of English, he will pay about _____.

- A. 60yuan
- B. 240yuan
- C. 720yuan
- D. 960yuan

解析：推理计算题。由该部分的 Four-month English course for students of all levels at very low cost: 60yuan for 12 hours per week. 可知，每周费用是 60 元，一个月按四周计算，那么四个月应该是 $60 \times 4 \times 4 = 960$ 元，故答案选 D。

答案：D

第二节：完形填空（共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

A

Linda has brought all her books home tonight. After supper she puts the 41 out on the table and begins to do the homework for each subject. She begins with math. She finds that she has no ruler, she 42 it everywhere, but doesn't find it. After a little while, she doesn't feel comfortable in the chair. She moves to the sofa with all her books. Now the sunlight from the window shines 43. She moves back to the table. When she comes back to her work, her little sister Betty asks her for some 44. Betty joins her at the table and begins to draw a horse. Linda has to help her. When they have finished, both go to the kitchen. Linda eats some cakes there and brings an apple to her table. She says to herself, "I'll finish my English exercises tomorrow at school before classes start." Then she starts to review her history lesson, but she feels 45. She doesn't know what she is reading. She closes her books and goes to bed.

41.

- A. balls
- B. books
- C. toys
- D. pictures

解析：句意：晚饭后，她把书放在桌子上开始去做每一个学科的作业。考查名词辨析。A. balls 球；B. books 书；C. toys 玩具；D. pictures 图画。根据后面的 do the homework for each subject 做每学科的作业，可知应该是把书拿出来放到桌子上，故答案选 B。

答案：B

42.

- A. looks for
- B. looks after
- C. looks at
- D. looks like

解析：句意：她发现没有尺子，她到处找它。考查动词短语辨析。A. looks for 寻找；B. looks after 照顾、照看；C. looks at 看；D. looks like 看起来像。根据后面 but doesn't find it. 但没有找到，所以应该是到处寻找，故答案选 A。

答案：A

43.

- A. on the door
- B. on the walls
- C. on her feet
- D. in her eyes

解析：句意：现在阳光从窗户照进她的眼睛。考查介词短语辨析。A. on the door 在门上；B. on the walls 在墙上；C. on her feet 在她脚上；D. in her eyes 在她眼睛里。根据后面 She moves back to the table. 她回到桌子上，所以应该是阳光透过窗户照进她的眼睛里太刺眼，故答案选 D。

答案：D

44.

- A. money
- B. paper
- C. sweets
- D. apples

解析：句意：她的妹妹贝蒂向她要一些纸。考查名词辨析。A. money 钱；B. paper 纸；C. sweets 糖；D. apples 苹果。根据后面 Betty joins her at the table and begins to draw a horse. 贝蒂和她一起坐在桌子边开始画马，所以应该是管她要一些纸，故答案选 B。

答案：B

45.

- A. cold
- B. sorry
- C. tired
- D. hungry

解析：句意：然后她开始复习她的历史课，但是她觉得很累。考查形容词辨析。A. cold 寒冷；B. sorry 抱歉；C. tired 累；D. hungry 饥饿。根据后面 She closes her books and goes to bed. 她合上书本，上床睡觉了，可知应该是累了，feel tired “感到劳累”，故答案选 C。

答案：C

On a snowy evening, a rich lady was standing by the road. She was worried. Her ___ 46 had broken down. Just then a poor man named Robert came. He was on his way back home from work as usual.

The lady wondered, "Is the man going to ___ 47 ___ me? He looks very cold and hungry." But to her surprise, he stopped and said with a smile. "What's wrong, madam?" The lady told him what was happening.

After a while, the car was at last fixed by Robert. The lady wanted to pay him. "No, that is ___ 48 ___, madam." he said, "I was just helping someone in ___ 49 ___. If you really want to pay me back, I hope whenever you see someone in trouble, you should give him a hand." A few minutes later, the lady ___ 50 ___ a shabby (破旧的) house by the road. She remembered Robert's words, so she stopped. The hostess (女主人) warmly asked her ___ 51 ___. The lady could see that was a ___ 52 ___ family and that they needed help. When the hostess was making tea in the kitchen, the lady ___ 53 ___ 500 dollars on a table and went away quietly. Robert came home later than before, thinking how ___ 54 ___ their life was. Their baby was to be born the next month but there was not ___ 55 ___ money. His wife went up to him, gave him a kiss and said softly, "Don't worry, dear! A stranger has helped us out!"

Let's always be ready to help others because helping others is helping ourselves.

46.

- A. bike
- B. motorbike
- C. bus
- D. car

解析：句意：她很担心，她的车坏了。考查名词辨析。A. bike 自行车；B. motorbike 摩托车；C. bus 公共汽车；D. car 汽车。由下文的 the car was at last fixed by Robert.可知，此处表示的是她的汽车坏了，故答案选 D。

答案：D

47.

- A. help
- B. save
- C. kill
- D. find

解析：句意：那个人会杀了我吗？考查动词辨析。A. help 帮助；B. save 挽救；C. kill 杀害；D. find 找到。根据下文 He looks very cold and hungry 可知，这个男士看起来不像好人，所以女士感到害怕才会想“那个人会杀了我吗”，故答案选 C。

答案：C

48.

- A. nothing
- B. something
- C. everything
- D. anything

解析：句意：那位女士想付钱给他。他说“不，没有关系，女士”。考查代词辨析。A. nothing 没事；B. something 某事；C. everything 每件事；D. anything 任何事。根据上文 The lady wanted

to pay him.和 Robert 的回答 No, 可知此处表示的是他说“没有关系”, 故答案选 A。

答案: A

49.

A. picture

B. rain

C. need

D. danger

解析: 句意: 我只是在帮助需要帮助的人。考查名词辨析。A. picture 图画; B. rain 雨; C. need 需要; D. danger 危险。根据 I was just helping someone in, 结合选项, 可知是帮助有需要的人, 故答案选 C。

答案: C

50.

A. saw

B. heard

C. smelt

D. felt

解析: 句意: 几分钟后, 这位女士看到路边有一间破旧的房子。考查动词辨析。A. saw 看到; B. heard 听到; C. smelt 闻起来; D. felt 感觉。根据 the lady____ 50 ____ a shabby(破旧的)house by the road, 结合选项, 可知是看到路边破旧的房子, 故答案选 A。

答案: A

51.

A. out

B. in

C. away

D. along

解析: 句意: 女主人热情地邀请她进来。考查介词辨析。A. out 外面的; B. in 里面的; C. away 离开的; D. along 沿着。根据 The hostess warmly asked her, 再联系下文语境, 可知是女主人邀请她进去, 故答案选 B。

答案: B

52.

A. terrible

B. sad

C. rich

D. poor

解析: 句意: 这位女士可以看出那是一个贫穷的家庭, 他们需要帮助。考查形容词辨析。A. terrible 可怕的; B. sad 伤心的; C. rich 富有的; D. poor 贫穷的。根据前文提到的 a shabby(破旧的)house, 可知这家的生活很糟糕, 所以应该是很贫穷, 故答案选 D。

答案: D

53.

- A. dropped
- B. forgot
- C. left
- D. lay

解析：句意：那位女士在桌子上留下了 500 美元，然后悄悄地离开了。考查动词辨析。A. dropped 掉下；B. forgot 忘记；C. left 离开；D. lay 躺。根据句意，结合语境可知此处表示这位女士在桌子上留下了 500 美元并安静地离开了，故答案选 C。

答案：C

54.

- A. exciting
- B. hard
- C. happy
- D. interesting

解析：句意：Robert 比以前回家晚了些，他想着他们的生活有多艰难。考查形容词辨析。A. exciting 激动的；B. hard 困难的；C. happy 开心的；D. interesting 有趣的。根据上文 The lady could see that was a 52 family and that they needed help. 可知这家需要帮助，推出他们生活很艰难，故答案选 B。

答案：B

55.

- A. many
- B. some
- C. enough
- D. few

解析：句意：他们的孩子将在下个月出生，但他们没有足够的钱。考查形容词辨析。A. many 许多；B. some 一些；C. enough 足够；D. few 很少。由句中的 but 可推测此处表示没有足够的钱，故答案选 C。

答案：C

第 II 卷

第三部分：写（共三节，满分 40 分）

第一节：语法填空（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入 1 个恰当的或括号内单词的正确形式。

People in different countries have different 56 (way) of doing things. Something that is polite in one country may be quite 57 (polite) in another. In Britain, you mustn't lift your bowl to your mouth when you are 58 (have) some soup. But it's different in China. And in Japan you even needn't worry 59 making noises when you have it. It shows that you are enjoying it. But it is regarded as bad manners in Britain. If you are a 60 (visit) in Mongolia, what manners do they expect you to have? They expect you to have a loud "burp" (打嗝) after you finish 61 (eat). Burping shows that you liked the food.

In Britain, you should try not to put your hands on the table when you're having a meal. In Mexico, however, guests are 62 (expect) to keep their hands on the table during a meal.

But in Arab countries you must 63 (be) very careful with the hands. You mustn't eat with left hand. Arabs consider it very bad manners eating with the left hand. So, what should you do 64 you are on a visit in another country? You can ask the native people to help you or just watch 65 (careful) and follow them.

56.

解析：句意：不同国家的人有不同的做事方式。way 可数名词，“方式、方法”；different 后接可数名词复数，故答案填 ways。

答案：was

57.

解析：句意：在一个国家看似礼貌的行为在另一个国家也许就是很不礼貌的。根据上文提到不同国家的人有不同的做事方式，可知此处表示在一个国家看似礼貌的行为在另一个国家也许就是很不礼貌的，所以这里应填 polite 的反义词 impolite，故答案填 impolite。

答案：impolite

58.

解析：句意：在英国，当你喝汤的时候，你不能把碗举到嘴边。因为空格前面是系动词 are，所以此处应用 have 的现在分词形式来做表语，故答案填 having。

答案：having

59.

解析：句意：而在日本你甚至不用担心喝汤时弄出声音。worry about 固定词组，意思是“担心”，其中 about 是介词，后接动词的 ing 形式，故答案填 about。

答案：about

60.

解析：句意：如果你是蒙古的一名游客，当地人会喜欢你怎样的行为方式呢？提示词 visit 是动词，意思是“参观、访问”，根据句意可知此处应填一个名词形式“游客”，即 visitor；因为前面有不定冠词 a，所以这里应用其单数形式，故答案填 visitor。

答案：visitor

61.

解析：句意：他们会希望看到你在吃完饭之后打一个大大的饱嗝，这显示了你对食物的喜爱。eat 动词，意思是“吃、吃饭”；finish doing sth. 固定搭配，意思是“做完某事”，故答案填 eating。

答案：eating

62.

解析：句意：然而在墨西哥，客人们在吃饭时则应该把手放在桌面上。分析句子结构可知此处是 be+动词过去分词，表示被动，意思是客人们被期望把手放在桌子上，expect 的过去分词为 expected，故答案填 expected。

答案：expected

63.

解析：句意：但是在阿拉伯国家，你的手必须非常小心。be careful 固定词组，意思是“小心”，因为前面有情态动词 must，所以此处应用 be 的原形形式，故答案填 be。

答案：be

64.

解析：句意：那么，如果你去另一个国家旅游你该怎么做呢？由题干可知本句是 if 引导的条件状语从句，所以此处应填 if，意思是“如果”，固定答案填 if。

答案：if

65.

解析：句意：你可以向当地人请教帮助你，或者只是仔细观察并模仿当地人的行为即可。careful 形容词，“小心的”；分析句子结构可知此处应填副词形式来修饰前面的动词 watch，与 careful 相对应的副词为 carefully，故答案填 carefully。

答案：carefully

第二节：信息摘录（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

阅读短文，然后在文后表格内完成内容摘要，每空不超过三个词。

We can remember some important times in our lives. Some things have become good memories. The memories are always in the corner of our mind.

When I was in a kindergarten（幼儿园），I had many toys and friends. They made me laugh and cry. The teachers taught us many songs and games. We played all day. Although we did not know what learning was at that time, we were learning every day.

When I was in a primary school, I was excited to learn school subjects. Nearly every subject caught my attention. However, my favorite subject was science. I remembered on the first day our science teacher told us the sun was like a big fire ball. We were quite surprised and kept our mouths open. We began to wonder at the secret of nature. Later many other things came to our ears. We began to learn carefully.

When I was ten years old, I began to read newspapers, keep a diary, visit museums and make many friends. Every day was something new, interesting and exciting.

Now I am in the middle school. Each day is new to me. I am still learning happily. It is like a journey to me. I have learned a lot, but there's still a long way for me to go. I hope to become a learned（有学问的）person some day.

Learning Is <u>66</u> a Journey	
In a kindergarten	Although we know <u>67</u> about learning, we learned a lot
In a primary school	Among all the subjects, I like <u>68</u> most.
At the age of <u>69</u>	I began to keep a diary and visit museums.
In the middle school	I hope I won't stop <u>70</u> .

66.

解析: 根据最后一段中的句子 I am still learning happily. It is like a journey to me.我还在愉快地学习, 这对我来说就像一次旅行, 可知学习就像旅行, 故答案填 Like。

答案: Like

67.

解析: 根据第二段的最后一句 Although we did not know what learning was at that time, we were learning every day.可知, 虽然我们对学习一无所知, 但我们学到了很多, 故答案填 nothing。

答案: nothing

68.

解析: 根据第三段中的句子 However, my favorite subject was science.可知, 在所有的学科中, 我最喜欢科学, 故答案填 science。

答案: science

69.

解析: 根据第四段中的第一句话 When I was ten years old, I began to read newspapers, keep a diary, visit museums and make many friends.可知, 当我十岁的时候, 我开始写日记、参观博物馆, 故答案填 ten/10。

答案: ten/10

70.

解析: 根据最后一段中的句子 I am still learning happily. It is like a journey to me. I have learned a lot, but there's still a long way for me to go.可知, 在中学, 我希望我不会停止学习, “学习” learn; stop doing 停止做..., 故答案填 learning。

答案: learning

第三节: 书面表达 (共 1 小题, 满分 20 分)

根据青少年读书少的现象, 请根据表格中所提供的信息, 用英语写一份向全校同学提出的倡议。

读书的意义	获取知识, 增长见识, 使人聪明, 使人快乐, 有助于学习, 有助于成长。
目前的状况	听音乐、看电视、上网等占去了学生大部分的读书时间。
发出倡议	多读书, 读好书。

注意: 1.词数 80 左右; 2.倡议书的开头和结尾已为你写好, 不计入总词数; 3.倡议书须包括所有内容要点, 行文连贯, 表达清楚。

参考词汇: gain knowledge 获取知识; open the mind 增长见识.

My dear friends,

Reading is very important in our life, _____

Let's start reading now!

解析: 本文是一篇倡议书。要求根据青少年读书少的现象, 根据表格中所提供的信息, 用英

语写一份向全校同学提出的倡议书。内容包括读书的意义、大部分学生目前的状况、最后发出倡议。本文时态要用一般现在时，人称用第一人称。本文中给出的要点比较具体，考生需要把所提示的内容逐条翻译成英文，要涵盖提示内容的所有要点，同时注意理顺要点，防止漏写。写作中可以适当的发挥，注意语句要通顺，上下文意思连贯，符合逻辑关系；同时要注意语言的表述应该符合语法的结构，造句应该符合英语的表达习惯；尽量使用自己熟悉的单词句式，词汇书写无误，注意不要出现语法错误，词汇、句式要丰富多样，避免句式单一，这样会使文章更出色。

答案：范文：

My dear friends,

Reading is very important in our life. We can gain knowledge through reading. It can not only open our minds but also make us cleverer and happier. Our study can be improved if we read more books. Reading also helps us grow as a person.

However, it's a great pity that many activities such as listening to music, watching TV and going online take up much of our reading time. So here, I would like to suggest that everyone should read more books and read good books. It will do us good!

Let's start reading now!