

## 2014年河北省邯郸市高三摸底考试英语

### 第 I 卷

第一部分：听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19.15.

B. £ 9.18

C. £ 9.15

答案是 C。

1. Who lost a French dictionary?

A. Mike.

B. Bill.

C. Tom.

答案： B

2. How will the man probably go to Chicago?

A. By car.

B. By plane.

C. By bus.

答案： C

3. Why was the man late?

A. His alarm clock didn't work.

B. He didn't hear the alarm.

C. He forgot to set the alarm clock.

答案： B

4. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. In a library.

B. In a bookstore.

C. In a supermarket.

答案： A

5. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. How to look after Ken.

B. How to spend the vacation.

C. How to deal with the woman's cat.

答案： C

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. What do we know about the woman's grandfather?

- A. He works in a company now.
- B. He has white hair.
- C. He wears glasses.

答案：C

7. How old is the woman's grandmother?

- A. 60.
- B. 65.
- C. 70.

答案：B

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. Where is the work place of the company?

- A. In Britain.
- B. In America.
- C. In Australia.

答案：A

9. How will the woman help the man?

- A. She will print his application letter.
- B. She will check his application letter.
- C. She will write a new application letter for him.

答案：B

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Why does the man prefer cycling?

- A. It is quiet and relaxing.
- B. He can do it with his friends.
- C. He is fond of seeing the countryside.

答案：C

11. Which two sports does the man like best?

- A. Football and cycling.
- B. Swimming and football.
- C. Table tennis and swimming.

答案：B

12. When does the man usually play table tennis?

- A. In winter.
- B. In spring.
- C. In summer.

答案：A

听第9段材料，回答第13至16题。

13. What is the woman?

- A. A doctor.
- B. A professor.
- C. A nutritionist.

答案：C

14. What does the woman suggest the man eat?

- A. Fruits and vegetables.
- B. Processed food.
- C. Pork.

答案：A

15. Where does the woman suggest the man eat?

- A. At the university hospital.
- B. At the restaurant.
- C. At the dining hall.

答案：C

16. How does the man probably feel after talking with the woman?

- A. Worried.
- B. Relaxed.
- C. Confused.

答案：B

听第10段材料，回答第17至20题。

17. What is Ellen's problem?

- A. She can't respond to sounds.
- B. She can't speak very well.
- C. She can't hear very well.

答案：C

18. What did Ellen tell the speaker when she came home?

- A. She had a good coach.
- B. She took part in the sports meeting.
- C. She was encouraged by her friends.

答案：B

19. Why did the speaker try to encourage Ellen?

- A. He thought it unlikely that she won.
- B. Her coach didn't encourage her.
- C. Ellen couldn't run very fast.

答案：A

20. How did Ellen perform in the sports meeting?

- A. She won two races.
- B. She was faced with defeat.
- C. She won almost all the races.

答案： A

第二部分：阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共15小题；每小题2分，满分30分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项。

A

Restaurants in the USA

Steve's Pizza

So many pizza chains compete for the attention of tourists in South Beach, but ask a Miami Beach local where to get the best pizza and they'll tell you about Steve's. This is New York-style pizza, handmade with care and good ingredients(成份). New branches of Steve's are opening elsewhere in Miami, all in non-tourist areas.

Opening hours: 11am-3am

Cattleman's Steakhouse

This place is 20 miles east of the city, but local folks would probably drive 200 miles to eat here. The food is good, and the scenery is even better. Come early and wander around the grounds of Indian Cliffs Ranch, where you'll see everything from rabbits to buffalo (水牛), then catch the sunset either before or after your meal.

Opening hours: 5pm-10pm

Absolute Baking & Cafe

The screen door is always swinging open at this town hot spot with giant breakfasts. Try the green chili on eggs – it's made from scratch, as are the organic(有机的) breads. Lunch includes salads, big sandwiches and local grass-fed beef burgers. Don't miss a square of soft, fresh carrot cake.

Opening hours: 7am-2pm

Walt's Wharf

Everybody's favorite for fresh fish (some drive in from LA), Walt's packs them in on weekends. You can't make reservations for dinner (though they're accepted for lunch), but it's worth the wait for the tree fire-grilled seafood and steaks in the many-windowed ground floor or upstairs in captain's chairs.

Opening hours: 11am-3:30pm

21. The new branches of Steve's Pizza are mainly intended for\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. New Yorkers
- B. tourists
- C. the locals
- D. foreigners

解析：细节推断题。根据第一段提到 ask a Miami Beach local where to get the best pizza and they'll tell you about Steve's.问当地哪的披萨最好吃，肯定会告诉你 Steve's，故针对的是当地的顾客，故选 C 项。

答案： C

22. Cattleman's Steakhouse offers the wonderful \_\_\_\_\_ as well as good food.

- A. wine
- B. view
- C. discount
- D. service

解析： 细节理解题。根据第二段提到 The food is good, and the scenery is even better. 食物好，风景更好， 故选 B 项。

答案： B

23. Which restaurant serves both breakfast and lunch?

- A. Steve's Pizza.
- B. Walt's Wharf.
- C. Absolute Baking & Café
- D. Cattleman's Steakhouse.

解析： 细节理解题。根据第三则广告中提到 The screen door is always swinging open at this town hot spot with giant breakfasts 和 Lunch includes salads, big sandwiches and local grass-fed beef burgers. 可知提供早餐与午餐， 故选 C 项。

答案： C

## B

Every week in China, millions of people will sit in front of their TVs watching teenagers compete for the title Character Hero, which is a Chinese-style spelling bee(拼写大赛). In this challenge, young competitors must write Chinese characters by hand. To prepare for the competition, the competitors usually spend months studying dictionaries.

Perhaps the show's popularity should not be a surprise. Along with gunpowder and paper, many Chinese people consider the creation of Chinese calligraphy(书法)to be one of their primary contributions to civilization. Unfortunately, all over the country, Chinese people are forgetting how to write their own language without computerized help. Software on smart phones and computers allows users to type in the basic sound of the word using the Latin alphabet. The correct character is chosen from a list. The result? It's possible to recognize characters without remembering how to write them.

But there's still hope for the paint brush. China's Education Ministry wants children to spend more time learning how to write.

In one Beijing primary school we visited, students practice calligraphy every day inside a specially decorated classroom with traditional Chinese paintings hanging on the walls. Soft music plays as a group of six-year-olds dip brush pens into black ink. They look up at the blackboard often to study their teacher's examples before carefully attempting to reproduce those characters on thin rice paper. "If adults can survive without using handwriting, why bother to teach it now?" we ask the calligraphy teacher, Shen Bin. "The ability to write characters is part of Chinese tradition and culture," she reasons. "Students must learn now so they don't forget when they grow up." says the teacher.

24. What can we learn about the Character Hero?

- A. It's open to people of all ages and all walks.
- B. It's the most-viewed TV programs in China.

- C. It aims to spread Chinese culture to the world.
- D. It draws great public attention across the country.

解析：细节理解题。根据第一段提到 Every week in China, millions of people will sit in front of their TVs watching teenagers compete for the title Character Hero, which is a Chinese-style spelling bee(拼写大赛).每周许多人都会坐在电视机前汉字拼写大赛，可知吸引公众的注意，故选 D 项。

答案：D

25. Why are Chinese people forgetting how to write the characters?

- A. Chinese people don't refer to dictionaries very often.
- B. Chinese people no longer use brush pens or practice calligraphy.
- C. Chinese people are using the Latin alphabet instead of the characters.
- D. Chinese people needn't write by hand as often with the help of technology.

解析：细节理解题。根据第二段提到 Unfortunately, all over the country, Chinese people are forgetting how to write their own language without computerized help.可知没有电脑的帮忙，中国人忘记如何写汉字，故选 D 项。

答案：D

26. According to Shen Bin, being able to write characters by hand is\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. necessary for adults to survive in China
- B. a requirement made by the Education Ministry
- C. helpful to keep Chinese tradition and culture alive
- D. an ability to be developed only when you are students

解析：细节理解题。根据最后一段提到“The ability to write characters is part of Chinese tradition and culture,” she reasons. “Students must learn now so they don't forget when they grow up.” says the teacher.书写是中华文化的一部分，学生必须学会现在否则长大了就会忘记，故选 C 项。

答案：C

27. Where does this text probably come from?

- A. A news report.
- B. A science report.
- C. An advertisement.
- D. Children's literature.

解析：推断题。本文通过提到汉字拼写大赛的情况，提到中国对于汉字拼写的现状，以及对于文化传承的希望，故本文来自一个新闻报道。

答案：A

C



Next time you hear a funny joke you'd better not laugh too hard. According to a paper

published by the British Medical Journal, laughter isn't always the best medicine. Sometimes it can even be harmful. Professor Robin Ferner from the University of Birmingham, one of the authors of the study, found that bad things could happen to people who laughed too much. He says: "We found people with heartbeat problems which had stopped their heart, we found people who had fainted(昏倒), and we found people who'd dislocated their jaws or burst their lungs."

It seems that laughing can be no laughing matter. But it's not all doom and gloom. Professor Ferner says there are benefits to laughing when you want to lose weight, for example. Yes, that's right: laugh and be slimmer! Professor Ferner explains that: "You use energy when you laugh, you move your diaphragm(横膈膜), you expand your lungs, and both those things can be helpful."

According to the research, laughing for a quarter of an hour can burn up to 40 calories, and if you laughed all day you'd use up about 2,000 calories, which is what most people consume in a day. But don't do that or you might end up with a painful jaw. Ouch! Or you might find people looking at you in a funny way.

But I don't want to finish this article leaving you feeling desperate. Laughter comes naturally for most of us. Babies begin to laugh at around 3-6 months. So give in to your sense of humour and keep smiling. Life is short anyway.

28. Laughing too much may cause the following harmful results EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. heart stop
- B. diaphragm movement
- C. lung burst
- D. jaw dislocation

解析：细节理解题。根据第一段提到 He says: "We found people with heartbeat problems which had stopped their heart, we found people who had fainted(昏倒), and we found people who'd dislocated their jaws or burst their lungs 可知危害性有心脏骤停，昏倒，脱臼，伤到肺，故 B 项没有提到。

答案：B

29. The underlined phrase "doom and gloom" in Paragraph 2 probably means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. hopeless
- B. funny
- C. painful
- D. nervous

解析：猜测词意。根据第二段提到 It seems that laughing can be no laughing matter. But it's not all doom and gloom. Professor Ferner says there are benefits to laughing when you want to lose weight, for example.好象笑并不是玩笑的事情，但他也不是无用，教授说，当你想减肥时，笑是非常有效的，故选 A 项。

答案：A

30. How many calories can you use if you laugh for half a day?

- A. About 40.
- B. About 1,000.
- C. About 2,000.
- D. About 2,040.

解析：推断题。根据第三段提到 if you laughed all day you'd use up about 2,000 calories, which is what most people consume in a day.可知一天消耗 2000，那么半天就选 B 项。

答案：B

31. What is the author's attitude towards laughing in the last paragraph?

- A. Uninterested.
- B. Disapproving.
- C. Worried.
- D. Favorable.

解析：推断题。根据最后一段提到 So give in to your sense of humour and keep smiling. Life is short anyway.可知不要放弃幽默，保持微笑，毕竟生命是短暂的，故选 D 项。

答案：D

#### D

I teach geography at UNLV three times per week. Last Monday, at the beginning of class, I cheerfully asked my students how their weekend had been. One young man said that his weekend had not been so good. He had his wisdom teeth removed. The young man then asked me why I always seemed to be so cheerful. "I choose to be cheerful." I said. Then I told them a story.

In addition to teaching here at UNLV, I also teach out at the community college in Henderson, 17 miles down the freeway from where I live. One day I drove those 17 miles to Henderson. I exited the freeway and turned onto College Drive. I only had to drive another quarter mile down the road to the college. But just then my car died and wouldn't start again. So I left my car there and marched down the road to the college.

As soon as I got there I called AAA (美国汽车协会) and arranged for a tow truck (拖车) to meet me at my car after class. The secretary in the office asked me what had happened. "This is my lucky day." I replied, smiling.

"Your car breaks down and today is your lucky day?" She was puzzled. "What do you mean?"

"My car could have broken down anywhere along the freeway but it didn't." I replied, "Instead, it broke down in the perfect place: off the freeway, within walking distance from here. I'm still able to teach my class, and I've been able to arrange for the tow truck to meet me after class." The secretary's eyes opened wide, and then she smiled. I smiled back and headed for class. So ended my story.

I scanned the sixty faces in my class at UNLV. Despite the early hour, no one seemed to be asleep. Somehow, my story had touched them. Or maybe it wasn't the story at all. In fact, it had all started with a student's observation that I was cheerful. An Indian wise man once said, "Who you are speaks louder to me than anything you can say." I suppose it must be so.

32. Why did the author tell his students the story?

- A. To share his lucky experience.
- B. To make his class more lively.
- C. To draw all students' attention.
- D. To encourage his students to be positive.

解析：推断题。根据第一段提到 Last Monday, at the beginning of class, I cheerfully asked my students how their weekend had been.在开始上课之前，我问学生周末过得如何，有一个学生回答到，不好，可知是鼓励学生们积极的东西，故选 D 项。

答案：D

33. What happened to the author on his way to the community college?

- A. He parked his car in a perfect place.



- B. He called AAA for a tow truck to meet him.
- C. He covered the last quarter mile on foot.
- D. He drove off the freeway at a wrong exit.

解析：细节理解题。根据第二段提到 But just then my car died and wouldn't start again. So I left my car there and marched down the road to the college. 我的车熄火了，我留下车，步行到学校，可知选 C 项。

答案：C

34. By saying "it wasn't the story at all", the author means that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. His story is not convincing
- B. He shouldn't have told the story
- C. His attitude to life has inspired the students
- D. His story is not as interesting as expected

解析：词意猜测；根据最后一段提到 Somehow, my story had touched them. Or maybe it wasn't the story at all. In fact, it had all started with a student's observation that I was cheerful 不知怎么的，我的故事感觉了他们，或许这个故事并没有结束，它引起了学生的注意，故选 C 项。

答案：C

35. What can be concluded from the passage?

- A. Easier said than done.
- B. You are what you choose.
- C. Behind bad luck comes good luck.
- D. A good beginning makes a good ending.

解析：推断题。根据倒数第二段提到 "My car could have broken down anywhere along the freeway but it didn't." I replied, "Instead, it broke down in the perfect place: off the freeway, within walking distance from here. I'm still able to teach my class, and I've been able to arrange for the tow truck to meet me after class. 可知虽然车坏了，并没有坏在开始的时候，还能让我走着去上课，故选择了什么就是什么，故选 B 项。

答案：B

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Here are tips for a successful speech from a professional speechwriter:

No speech should last more than 20 minutes. 36 The Sermon on the Mount, a collection of sayings and teachings of Jesus, for example, lasted hardly more than three minutes. Focus on one topic. We're human and tend to have lots of thoughts, opinions and ideas. You have to make proper selection. 37 Include and expand only those that explain and support your viewpoint(观点).

38 It's important to remember that your words must be hearable and understandable the first time out.

Humour is vital. 39 Ronald Reagan always wanted to joke at the start of a speech because he needed the quick victory of laughter. It helped him relax. It also helped the audience relax.

Don't forget to say thanks. You should always, at the beginning of the speech, thank the

person who invited you and introduced you. 40 While you're doing it, the audience gets a chance to daydream and settle down. They're going to daydream at some point anyway, and it may as well be before you get to the heart of your remarks.

- A. Choose your words carefully.
- B. And saying thanks at the beginning has a practical purpose.
- C. First you have to work out what you're going to say.
- D. Every speech needs it, and you need it, too, probably at the beginning.
- E. Stick to one subject—the future of the soccer club, for example.
- F. This process takes time, so start once you begin thinking about the speech.
- G. The more important the message is, the less time it requires to say it.

解析:

36. 根据上文提到 No speech should last more than 20 minutes. 演讲最好不要超过 20 分钟, 故选 G The more important the message is, the less time it requires to say it 信息越重要, 需要的时间就越短。

37. 根据上文提到 We're human and tend to have lots of thoughts, opinions and ideas. You have to make proper selection 我们有许多想法, 意见, 你不得不做一个选择, 故选 E 坚持一个主题, 比如俱乐部的未来。

38. 根据下方提到 It's important to remember that your words must be hearable and understandable the first time out. 忘记第一次时, 你的话必须是易懂的, 容易理解的, 故选 A 谨慎的选择你的语言。

39. 根据本段的标题是 Humour is vital. 幽默是重要的, 和下句话提到 Ronald Reagan always wanted to joke at the start of a speech because he needed the quick victory of laughter. 演讲以玩笑开始, 故选 D 项你也需要它。

40. 根据上一句话提到 You should always, at the beginning of the speech, thank the person who invited you and introduced you. 你在开始演讲的时候就感谢那些邀请你的人, 故选 B 在开始时表示感谢。

答案: 36.G 37.E 38.A 39.D 40.B

第三部分: 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I often recall those good old days. At that time life was relatively simpler, and people were much more 41 and gentler. Recently, to my surprise, I got the opportunity to experience that same warmth that I thought had 42 from the fast-moving world.

I was out shopping the other day with my husband, two daughters and one 43. It was a burning hot day, and we were all visibly tired and hungry. We entered a restaurant, looking for some 44 and comfort. To our disappointment, all the tables were 45 and no one seemed in a hurry to 46. We waited, tired and 47. After quite some time, one table was vacated (空出), but that could 48 only two of us. My daughter made me sit along with her father, while she and my other daughter 49 alongside. My granddaughter sat on my 50 as we looked all around us, waiting for another table to be 51 soon.

At the next table, two young girls were sitting at a table for four and enjoying their meal. We decided to move to their table, 52 they were finished with their lunch. Since the girls had

just got their 53, I knew it would be a 54 wait. As we were deciding on what to eat, one of the girls got up and 55 their table to us. She said they would move to our table so that my family could sit together.

We were very appreciative of their kind 56. We thanked them 57 and moved to their table. The girls quickly 58 their plates and glasses and went to sit at our table.

That day, I 59 to myself there still were some kind, civil and helpful youngsters in this non-caring world, and my faith in humanity(人道) was 60.

41.

- A. friendly
- B. generous
- C. careful
- D. sensitive

解析：考查形容词辨析 A. friendly 友好的；B. generous 慷慨的；C. careful 仔细的；D. sensitive 敏感的；句意：当时，生活很简单，人们很善良友好。根据下方提到 Recently, to my surprise, I got the opportunity to experience that same warmth 可知选 A 项。

答案：A

42.

- A. prevent
- B. removed
- C. lost
- D. disappeared

解析：考查动词辨析 A. prevent 阻止；B. removed 移除；C. lost 失去；D. disappeared 消失；句意：最近，令人吃惊的是，我有机会体验到这种从世界上消失了的温暖。根据上方提到当时的生活，可见已经消失，故选 D 项。

答案：D

43.

- A. niece
- B. granddaughter
- C. nephew
- D. son

解析：考查名词辨析 A. niece 侄子；B. granddaughter 外孙女；C. nephew 外甥；D. son 儿子；句意：我和丈夫，女儿和外孙女一块外出购物。根据第二段最后一句话提到 My granddaughter sat on my 50 as we looked all around us, waiting for another table to be 51 soon. 故选 B 项。

答案：B

44.

- A. tea
- B. food
- C. fruit
- D. vegetable

解析：考查名词辨析 A. tea 茶；B. food 食物；C. fruit 水果；D. vegetable 蔬菜；句意：我们来到一个餐馆，找些食物。根据上文提到 It was a burning hot day, and we were all visibly tired and hungry. 可知是饿了，故选 B 项。

答案：B

45.

- A. fixed
- B. covered
- C. occupied
- D. set

解析：C 考查动词辨析 A. fixed 修理；B. covered 覆盖；C. occupied 占据；D. set 制定；句意：令我们失望的是，客满，没有一个人着急离开。根据 We waited, tired 可知是客满，故选 C 项。

答案：C

46.

- A. start
- B. wait
- C. give up
- D. get up

解析：考查动词辨析 A. start 开始；B. wait 等待；C. give up 放弃；D. get up 起来；句意：令我们失望的是，客满，没有一个人着急离开。根据句意选 D 项。

答案：D

47.

- A. impatient
- B. nervous
- C. awkward
- D. embarrassed

解析：考查形容词辨析 A. impatient 没有耐心的；B. nervous 紧张的；C. awkward 不安的；D. embarrassed 尴尬的；句意：我们等着，累且没有耐心了。根据 After quite some time, one table was vacated 可知选 A 项。

答案：A

48.

- A. serve
- B. seat
- C. lay
- D. hold

解析：考查动词辨析 A. serve 服务；B. seat 让坐；C. lay 放；D. hold 抓住；句意：过了一会，有一个位置空出来，但只能坐两个人。根据 My daughter made me sit along with her father 可知选 B 项。

答案：B

49.

- A. sat
- B. followed
- C. stood
- D. watched

解析：考查动词辨析 A. sat 坐下；B. followed 跟着；C. stood 站着；D. watched 看；句意：我的两个女儿跟着。根据句意选 B 项。

答案：B

50.

- A. shoulder
- B. feet
- C. lap
- D. table

解析：考查名词辨析 A. shoulder 肩膀；B. feet 脚；C. lap 膝盖；D. table 桌子；句意：我的孙女坐在我的膝盖上，等待着有桌子空出来。根据语境孩子做在大人的膝盖上，故选 C 项。

答案：C

51.

- A. blank
- B. free
- C. available
- D. clean

解析：考查形容词辨析 A. blank 空白的；B. free 自由的；C. available 可得用的；D. clean [干净的]；句意：我的孙女坐在我的膝盖上，等待着有桌子空出来。根据句意选 C 项。

答案：C

52.

- A. unless
- B. once
- C. before
- D. until

解析：考查连词辨析 A. unless 除非；B. once 一旦；C. before 在之前；D. until 直到；句意：我们决定移到他们的桌子那，一旦她们吃完饭。根据句意选 B 项。

答案：B

53.

- A. order
- B. bill
- C. note
- D. menu

解析：考查名词辨析 A. order 点菜；B. bill 账单；C. note 纸条；D. menu 菜单；句意：因为这两个女孩已经点完菜，我知道得等待很长时间。根据句意选 A 项。

答案：A

54.

- A. long
- B. short
- C. boring
- D. exciting

解析：考查形容词辨析 A. long 长的；B. short 短的；C. boring 令人厌烦的；D. exciting 令人兴奋的；句意：因为这两个女孩已经点完菜，我知道得等待很长时间。根据句意选 A 项。

答案：A

55.

- A. left
- B. pushed
- C. shared
- D. offered

解析：D 考查动词辨析 A. left 离开； B. pushed 推动； C. shared 分享； D. offered 提供； 句意：当我们正在想吃什么，其中一个女孩站起来，把桌子提供给我们。Offer sth. to sb. 给某人提供某物，故选 D 项。

答案：D

56.

A. treat

B. expression

C. movement

D. gesture

解析：D 考查名词辨析 A. treat 对待； B. expression 表达； C. movement 移动； D. gesture 姿势，举动；句意：我们非常感激他们的举动。根据下方提到 We thanked them 57 and moved to their table 可知选 D 项。

答案：D

57.

A. personally

B. properly

C. publicly

D. sincerely

解析：考查副词辨析 A. personally 就个人而言； B. properly 恰当； C. publicly 公开地； D. sincerely 真诚地；句意：我们真诚的表示感谢。根据语境可知选 D 项。

答案：D

58.

A. picked up

B. raised up

C. put up

D. given up

解析：考查动词短语辨析 A. picked up 拾起； B. raised up 举起； C. put up 张贴； D. given up 放弃；句意：女孩很快收拾他们的盘子，坐到我们的桌子那。根据语境可知选 A 项。

答案：A

59.

A. turned

B. came

C. thought

D. pointed

解析：考查动词辨析 A. turned 翻转； B. came 来； C. thought 认为，想到； D. pointed 指出；句意：那天，我想在这个冷漠的世界里还有一引起善良的乐于助人的孩子存在。根据句意选 C 项。

答案：C

60.

A. lost

B. rebuilt

C. found

D. shaken

解析：考查动词辨析 A. lost 失去； B. rebuilt 重建； C. found 发现； D. shaken 摇晃；句意：

我对于人性的信念又重建了起来。根据 in this non-caring world 可知选 B 项。

答案：B

第三部分：英语知识运用（共两节，满分 50 分）

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（不多于 3 个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。

Many students may feel 61 (stress) because of their parents. Most parents have good intentions, 62 some of them aren't very helpful with the problems their sons and daughters have in 63 (adjust) to college, and a few of them seem to go out of their way to add to their children's 64 (difficulty).

For one thing, parents are often not aware of the kinds of problems their children face. They don't realize that the 65 (compete) is stronger, that the required standards of work are 66 (high), and that their children may not be prepared for 67 change. They may be upset by their children's poor grades. At their kindest, they may 68 (gentle) ask why John or Mary isn't doing better, whether he or she is trying as hard as he or she should, and so on. At their worst, they may threaten 69 (take) their children out of college or cut off living expenses.

Sometimes parents think it right and natural that they determine 70 their children do with their lives. They forget that everyone is different and that each person must develop in his or her own way.

解析：

61. 考查固定短语。Feel stressed 感到有压力；
62. 考查连词。句意：大多数的父母有好的打算而一些是无益的；
63. 考查非谓语动词。In 是介词后面跟动名词做宾语。
64. 考查名词。句意：一些父母有自己的想法这增加了孩子的困难；
65. 考查名词。句意：他们没有意识到比赛是有竞争力的。
66. 考查形容词。句意：作品的要求比较高。
67. 考查冠词。句意：孩子们没有为挑战做好准备；
68. 考查副词。句意：对于他们的好心，他们温和的问孩子为什么没有做得更好；
69. 考查非谓语动词。句意：糟糕的，他们被威胁不许上学或切断经济来源。
70. 考查宾语从句。句意：有时父母认为他们处理孩子的生活是对的。

答案：61. stressed 62. but 63. adjusting 64. difficulties 65. competition  
66. higher 67. the 68. gently 69. to take 70. what

第四部分：写作（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节 短文改错（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误，每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号（∧），并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线（\）划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；

2. 只允许修改 10 处，多者（从第 11 处起）不计分。

Nowadays, the computer technology develops very fast that the Internet has become more

and more popular. Some students regarded it as a great helper. Because there has a lot of information on line, so you can surf the Internet for any information you need in a short time without working hard in the library. This is also very convenient to talk with others by using the Internet. Moreover, other students think that there is some information on line which is not good for students. In addition, spend too much time playing games will not only have a bad effect on their studies but also do harm for health. Therefore, we should make properly use of the Internet. It is of great important to separate good plants from wild weeds.

解析：

1. 考查固定句型。So...that 如此以致于。
2. 考查动词的时态。根据第一句话提到 Nowadays 可知用一般现在时。
3. 考查固定句型。There be 表示有。。。
4. 考查连词。在英语中有因为没有所以，故去掉。
5. 考查代词。It is convenient to do 做某事很方便。It 做形式主语。
6. 考查副词。句意：然而一些学生认为网上有些不好的信息。与第二行提到 Some students regarded it as a great helper 表示对比，故用 however。
7. 考查动名词做主语。句意：玩游戏花费过多的时间不仅仅影响学习还有害健康；
8. 考查固定短语。Do harm to 对。。有害；
9. 考查形容词。Make use of 利用。Use 是名词，故用形容词来修饰。
10. 考查名词。Be of importance 等于 be important 重要。

答案：

1. very—so
2. regarded---regard
3. has—is
4. so 去掉
5. This--It
6. Moreover--However
7. spend--spending
8. do harm for ---to
9. properly---proper
10. important—importance

## 第二节 书面表达(满分25分)

假定你是李华，向在你校学习的美国交换生 Adam 借了一本英文小说，但不慎丢失，一时又买不到。请给他写电子邮件，说明情况。要点包括：

1. 表示歉意；
2. 说明物品丢失的经过；
3. 提出可能的解决方案。

注意：

1. 词数 100 左右；
2. 可适当增加细节使行文连贯；
3. 开头和结尾已经给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Adam,

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