

2018年江苏省南通市通州区金北学校中考模拟试题英语（一）

第I卷 选择题

一、单项选择（每小题1分，共15分）

从A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. In China more and more couples want to have _____ second baby so that _____ first child can feel less lonely in the future.

- A. the ; the
- B. a ; the
- C. the ; a
- D. a; a

解析：句意：在中国越来越多的夫妇想要生二胎，以便于第一个孩子在未来感觉不太孤独。a+序数词，表示“再，又”；the+序数词，表示“第……”，第一空表示他们想要再生一个孩子，故用a second。第二空表示第一个，故用the first。故选B。

答案：B

2. —Hi, Mr. Tang ! I hear you'll go to Italy. Have you read the _____ to the country?

—Yes. Now I know Italy has a long history and many places of interest.

- A. instruction
- B. introduction
- C. direction
- D. information

解析：句意：——你好，唐先生！我听说你将要到意大利。你读过那个国家的简介吗？——读了。现在我知道意大利有悠久的历史，而且有很多名胜古迹。instruction 指令；introduction 介绍；direction 方向；information 信息。根据 Now I know Italy has a long history and many places of interest.可知此处是对意大利的介绍，故选B。

答案：B

3. Most people are _____ building a paper factory near here. They are worried the river will get polluted.

- A. for
- B. with
- C. against
- D. beyond

解析：结合题干中的“他们担心河流被污染”可知，大多数人反对在这附近建一家造纸厂。故 against 符合题意。

答案：C

4. Your grandfather _____ be over sixty. But he looks like a young man!

- A. can't
- B. can
- C. mustn't
- D. must

解析：句意：你的祖父一定六十多岁了。但是他看起来像一个年轻人！can't 不可能，表示有把握的推测；can 能，表示能力；mustn't 禁止；must 一定，表示有把握的推测。根据 Your grandfather 可知你的祖父，年龄应是很大的，故有把握的推测，故用 must，故选 D。

答案：D

5. Miss Green sounded _____ on the phone. She offered to help us with our studies.

- A. politely
- B. friendly
- C. properly
- D. smoothly

解析：句意：在电话上格林小姐听起来很友好。她主动提出要帮助我们学习。politely 礼貌地；friendly 友好地；properly 正确地；smoothly 光滑地。根据 She offered to help us with our studies. 可知她主动提出要帮助我们，因此她是友好的，故选 B。

答案：B

6. These physics problems are _____ difficult that _____ students can solve them.

- A. such; few
- B. such; little
- C. so; few
- D. so; little

解析：句意：这些物理问题如此地困难，以至于很少有学生能解决它们。such+a/an+单数名词+that+从句“如此……以至于……”，so+形容词/副词+that+从句“如此……以至于……”。此处修饰形容词 difficult，故用副词 so，排除 AB 两项。few 很少的，修饰可数名词；little 很少的，修饰不可数名词；此处修饰可数名词 students，故用 few，故选 C。

答案：C

7. —I'm still wondering which school our son should choose.

—_____ him alone, and he can make up his mind.

- A. Leave
- B. Keep
- C. Let
- D. Allow

解析：句意：——我还在想我们的儿子应该选择哪一所学校。——让他自己想想，他可以做决定。leave 离开；留下；keep 保持，保存；let 让；allow 允许。这里的 leave sb.. alone 是固定短语，让某人一个人待会儿，让某人自己想想。故应选 A。

答案：A

8. —Can I speak to Mrs Green?

—Sorry, wrong number. Please _____ to 114 and check the number.

- A. put out
- B. put off
- C. put through
- D. put away

解析：句意：——我可以找格林女士接电话吗？——对不起，打错电话了。请拨打 114，核一下号码。put out 扑灭；put off 延迟；put through 接通；put away 收拾起来。根据 check the number 可知要核对号码，应接通 114，来查一下号码，故选 C。

答案：C

9. — Be careful, _____ you will make fewer mistakes.

—Thanks for encouraging me.

- A. but
- B. or
- C. and
- D. so

解析：句意：——认真点，你将会犯更少的错。——谢谢你鼓励我。but 但是，表示转折关系；or 或者，表示选择；and 那么，因此，表示结果；so 所以，表示因果关系。此处表示认真的结果是出错少，故选 C。

答案：C

10. _____ we cannot change yesterday, we can learn lessons to face tomorrow.

- A. Though
- B. As
- C. Since
- D. Unless

解析：句意：尽管我们无法改变昨天，但是我们可以吸取教训来面对明天。though 尽管，引导了让步状语从句；as 当……时候，引导时间状语从句；since 因此，引导原因状语从句；unless 除非，引导条件状语从句。结合句意，前半句表示我们无法改变昨天，后半句表示我们可以面对明天，前后是让步关系，故用连词 though。故选 A。

答案：A

11. —There are so many swimmers swimming in the swimming pool.

—Yes, and sixty percent _____ children.

- A. is
- B. are
- C. was
- D. were

解析：句意：——在游泳池里有那么多游泳者正在游泳。——是的，而且百分之六十是孩子。根据谓语 are 可知此处用一般现在时，故排除 CD 两项。此处的 sixty percent 代指的是百分之六十的游泳者，故谓语用复数形式，故选 B。

答案：B

12. _____ amazing music! Tan Dun made it just by controlling the speed of water flow.

- A. How
- B. How an
- C. What
- D. What an

解析：句意：多么令人惊讶的乐曲啊！谭盾通过控制水流的速度来完成的这个曲子。此处修饰不可数名词 music 的感叹句，故用 what，故选 C。

答案：C

13. —How was your job interview yesterday?

—Oh, I couldn't feel _____. I could hardly answer most of the questions they asked.

- A. better
- B. easier
- C. worse
- D. happier

解析：考查形容词词义辨析。句意为：---你昨天的工作面试怎么样？---哦，我觉得再糟糕不过了。我几乎不能回答他们的大部分提问。better：更好的，easier：更容易的，worse：更糟糕的，Happier：更开心的。根据语境可知，“不能回答他们的大部分提问”，所以应该是糟糕的。故应选 C。

答案：C

14. —Though he has made a promise, I still doubt _____.

—Oh, you needn't worry. He is such a person who always keeps his words.

- A. that he is able to help us
- B. whether he is able to help us
- C. whether he was able to help us
- D. that he was able to help us

解析：句意：——尽管他已经许诺了，我仍然怀疑他是否能帮助我们。——哦，你不必担心。他是一个总是遵守诺言的人。doubt 的肯定形式，后面接的宾语从句，用疑问句，故排除 AD 两项，宾语从句用陈述语序：疑问词+主语+谓语+宾语，故选 B。

答案：B

15. —So you gave her your mobile phone?

—_____. She said she'd return it to me after she had hers fixed.

- A. My pleasure
- B. Not exactly
- C. With pleasure
- D. No problem

解析：考查情景交际的用法。句意：——这么说，你把你的手机给她了？——不全是，她说她自己的修好了就还我。A. My pleasure 我的荣幸；B. Not exactly 不完全正确；C. With pleasure 非常乐意；D. No problem 没问题。结合句意，故选 B。

答案：B

二、完形填空（每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

People give gifts in almost all countries. Gifts mark festivals and other important events. Some gifts are expensive, or they may take months to create. Others are of less 16, such as birthday cards.

Gift-giving is often a process of exchange. 17 you receive a birthday gift from someone, that person usually expects a birthday gift from you 18. In some cultures,

there are certain rules about gift exchange. In Pakistan, for example, there is a tradition called “taking giving”. It 19 this way: You give the newly-married couple a gift, and they “repay” you with a gift of higher value. Then you give the couple 20 gift. This one should be worth the difference between the first two gifts. The gift exchange continues, 21 the same way.

In many ancient cultures, people made offerings to their leaders to show their loyalty (忠诚). The Nubians in ancient Egypt are a good 22. They brought gold to the Egyptian kings. Traditions like these 23 today in some parts of the world. In parts of Africa, for example, farmers may give gifts to the local leaders to 24 them for protection.

Today presidents 25 bring gifts when they visit a foreign leader. Leaders bring gifts to make relationships between 26 stronger, not to emphasize (强调) the power of the gift receiver.

Gifts can 27 send special messages. For example, gifts can tell people that we are thinking of them and that we want them to feel 28. Sometimes a gift makes us remember the giver. The gift keeps the 29 of a special person and a special relationship alive.

There is no doubt about the good side of gift-giving. That is why some people don’t 30 the idea that modern gift-giving is very wasteful. It is clear that there is an emotional benefit to people who exchange gifts. That is surely enough of a reason for the tradition to continue.

16.

- A. power
- B. help
- C. fun
- D. value

17.

- A. Since
- B. Before
- C. If
- D. Although

18.

- A. at once
- B. by turns
- C. in return
- D. on purpose

19.

- A. works
- B. writes
- C. agrees
- D. ends

20.

- A. no
- B. another
- C. every
- D. any

21.

- A. planning
- B. providing
- C. following
- D. welcoming

22.

- A. group
- B. people
- C. warning
- D. example

23.

- A. continue
- B. change
- C. start
- D. improve

24.

- A. use
- B. praise
- C. thank
- D. please

25.

- A. sometimes
- B. usually
- C. seldom
- D. never

26.

- A. countries
- B. cities
- C. villages
- D. families

27.

- A. just
- B. never
- C. also
- D. later

28.

- A. lucky
- B. special
- C. safe
- D. strong

29.

- A. wealth
- B. happiness
- C. memory

D. growth

30.

A. turn down

B. give up

C. think over

D. agree with

解析：16.考查名词及语境的理解。A. power 力量；B. help 帮助；C. fun 乐趣；D. value 价值；句意：其他一些礼物是不贵的，例如生日卡片。根据前文的 Some gifts are expensive, or they may take months to create.和 such as birthday cards.可知有些礼物是昂贵的，但是有些像生日卡片这样的礼物是不贵的，故选 D。

17.考查连词及语境的理解。A. Since 自从；B. Before 在……之前；C. If 如果；D. Although 尽管；句意：如果你从某人那里收到了一个生日礼物，那个人经常期望从你这里获得一个生日礼物作为回报。此处表示条件，故用连词 if，故选 C。

18.考查介词短语及语境的理解。A. at once 马上；B. by turns 轮流；C. in return 作为回报；D. on purpose 故意地；句意：如果你从某人那里收到了一个生日礼物，那个人经常期望从你这里获得一个生日礼物作为回报。根据前文的 Gift-giving is often a process of exchange.可知给礼物是一个交换的过程，因此此处表示别人给你礼物，你再给对方礼物，这是作为一种回报，故选 C。

19.考查动词及语境的理解。A. works 运作；B. writes 写；C. agrees 同意；D. ends 结束；句意：这经常是这样运作的。根据后文的 You give the newly-married couple a gift, and they “repay” you with a gift of higher value.可知此处介绍了还礼的运作过程，故选 A。

20.考查代词和形容词及语境的理解。A. no 没有；B. another 另一个；C. every 每一个的；D. any 任何一个；句意：然后你给那对夫妇另一个礼物。根据后文的 This one should be worth the difference between the first two gifts.可知此处表示除了我给那对夫妇的礼物，以及他们给我的回礼是不同的另一个礼物，故选 B。

21.考查动词及语境的理解。A. planning 计划；B. providing 提供；C. following 跟随；D. welcoming 欢迎。句意：这种礼物的交换继续按照同样的方式进行着。根据前文的 In Pakistan, for example, there is a tradition called “taking giving”可知此处表示按着传统的方式，遵循一样的方式进行下去，故选 C。

22.考查名词及语境的理解。A. group 组，团体；B. people 人们；C. warning 警告；D. example 例子；句意：古埃及的努比亚人是一个很好的例子。根据前文的 In many ancient cultures, people made offerings to their leaders to show their loyalty (忠诚).可知此处古埃及的努比亚人是许多古代给礼物中的一个例子，故选 D。

23.考查动词及语境的理解。A. continue 继续；B. change 改变；C. start 开始；D. improve 提高；句意：在世界一些地区，像这些传统仍继续着。根据前文的 They brought gold to the Egyptian kings.和后文的 for example, farmers may give gifts to the local leaders to _____ 24 _____ them for protection.可知古代努比亚人把黄金给埃及国王，今天农民给当地领导人礼物，因此人们给领导人礼物的传统继续着。故选 A。

24.考查动词及语境的理解。A. use 使用；B. praise 表扬；C. thank 感谢；D. please 使高兴；句意：例如，在非洲一些地方，农民可能会把礼物给当地的领导人，是为了感谢他们的保护。thank sb. for sth.“因为某事而感谢某人”，故选 C。

25.考查副词及语境的理解。A. sometimes 有时；B. usually 经常；C. seldom 很少；D. never 从不；句意：今天当总统访问一个外国领导人时，他们经常带礼物。根据后文的 Leaders bring

gifts to make relationships between _____ 26 _____ stronger,可知表示他们经常会带礼物,故选 B。

26.考查名词及语境的理解。A. countries 国家; B. cities 城市; C. villages 村庄; D. families 家庭; 句意: 领导人带礼物是为了使国家之间的关系更牢固, 不是为了强调礼物接受者的权力。根据 Today presidents _____ 25 _____ bring gifts when they visit a foreign leader.可知此处表示总统给外国领导人的礼物, 这是这个国家的领导人给另一个国家领导人礼物, 应是表示国家之间的关系, 故选 A。

27.考查副词及语境的理解。A. just 仅仅; B. never 从不; C. also 也; D. later 以后; 句意: 礼物也传递特殊的信息。此处与前文的礼物所表示的含义相并列, 故表示礼物的传递的又一种信息, 故用副词 also。故选 C。

28.考查形容词及语境的理解。A. lucky 幸运的; B. special 特殊的; C. safe 安全的; D. strong 强壮的; 句意: 例如, 礼物能告诉人们我们正在想他们, 我们想让他们感到特殊。根据后文的 The gift keeps the _____ 29 _____ of a special person and a special relationship alive.可知我们给他们礼物, 这会让他们感到我们对他们是不同的, 是特殊的, 故选 B。

29.考查名词及语境的理解。A. wealth 财富; B. happiness 幸福; C. memory 记忆; D. growth 生长; 句意: 礼物让对一个特殊的人的记忆和一种特殊的关系一直存在。根据前文的 gifts can tell people that we are thinking of them 可知礼物会告诉人们我们正在想他们, 因此保留着对他们的记忆, 故选 C。

30.考查动词短语及语境的理解。A. turn down 拒绝; B. give up 放弃; C. think over 仔细考虑; D. agree with 同意; 句意: 那就是为什么有些人不同意现代的给礼物是非常浪费的。根据前文的 There is no doubt about the good side of gift-giving.可知认为给礼物是好的, 不同意给礼物是浪费的, 故选 D。

答案: 16. D 17. C 18. C 19. A 20. B 21. C 22. D 23. A 24. C 25. B 26. A 27. C 28. B 29. C 30. D

三、阅读理解 (每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

请认真阅读下列短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

Jewel's Online Footwear Store

Leather Dress Shoes

Price: \$120.00

Color: Black Leather Brown Leather Red Leather Yellow Leather

Average Rating: 3 out of 5 stars

Shipping Info : Standard: 7-10 business days/ Express: 3-5 days

Customer Reviews

1. ★★★★★

My favorite shoes! I've been to many conferences where my business fellows have told me how much they like my shoes. Just wearing them makes me feel more calm and content in the office. I recommend them to all of my co-workers, and I own a pair of each color.

2. ★

These are the worst shoes I have ever worn! The leather came off after only one week, and everybody thought they were ugly. The bottom of the shoes made everything slippery. My boss fired me because he hated them! From then on, I will only wear Brand X shoes !

3. ★★★

These shoes do exactly what shoes are supposed to do. There isn't anything too special about

them. In the morning, I put them on and go to work. They look delightful enough, and they are quite durable. I will probably buy another pair.

4.★★★★

These shoes are my favourite ones. I met my bride while buying a pair of these shoes. She was the saleswoman at the store I bought them at, and after she sold me three pairs, I asked her for her phone number and we started dating. Soon after that, we were engaged (订婚). We are getting married this afternoon, and I couldn't be happier.

31. How many pairs of leather dress shoes does the first customer own?

- A. Four
- B. Three
- C. Two
- D. One

解析：推理判断题。根据 Color: Black Leather Brown Leather Red Leather Yellow Leather 和 I own a pair of each color.可知这种真皮皮鞋的颜色有黑色，棕色，红色和黄色，第一个顾客每种颜色的皮鞋有一双，因此共有四双，故选 A。

答案：A

32. Which customer do you feel gives us the most balanced and objective (客观的) view?

- A. Customer 1.
- B. Customer 2.
- C. Customer 3.
- D. Customer 4.

解析：推理判断题。根据 These shoes do exactly what shoes are supposed to do. There isn't anything too special about them.可知第三个顾客认为这些鞋就是鞋应该的样子，他们没有什么特别之处，因此这是对些鞋的客观评价，故选 C。

答案：C

33. Why does the fourth customer like the shoes?

- A. They are made to last.
- B. They make him feel more comfortable.
- C. They make him attractive.
- D. He got to know his wife while buying them

解析：细节理解题。根据 I met my bride while buying a pair of these shoes.可知第四个顾客喜欢这双鞋，是因为他在买这双鞋时，遇见了他的新娘，故选 D。

答案：D

B

For as long as I can remember, seniors have attracted too little attention from society as a whole. For example, people may shrink physically as they get older and have a higher incidence(发生率) of falls, but how many people have thought about buying a more comfortable and stable chair for their elderly parents?

We spend generously on our children, such as hiring a nanny to take care of them. When we look for a nanny for our baby, we believe that someone who charges 8,000 yuan must be better than a person who charges 5,000 yuan because they have a better grasp of how to interact with babies. But when we look for someone to take care of our elderly parents, we usually keep the cost as low as possible. We just want to make sure that caregivers will prepare three meals a day for

our seniors, but we don't take their psychological needs into consideration.

The differences in attitudes are obvious. However, we are not yet old, so perhaps it's hard for us to understand the bitterness of the elderly: regression(衰退)in health, a handful of pills every day, not being able to catch up with developments in the digital age, and the disappearance of the old streets and favorite restaurants from the good old days. Those are the kinds of lives they live and we may even live through something similar in the decades to come.

If we think about how we want to be treated when we grow old, we should start the changes today. Because the elderly were once the backbone of society and made huge contributions, they should enjoy the fruits of the country's development as well

34. What situation might old people face according to the text?

- A. A high and stable income.
- B. Physical inconvenience.
- C. Much concern from the public.
- D. Short of favorite food and fruits.

解析：推理判断题。根据 For example, people may shrink physically as they get older and have a higher incidence(发生率) of falls,可知老人们可能会面临身体衰退, 身体不便, 故选 B。

答案：B

35. Which of the following can replace the underlined word “nanny” in paragraph 2?

- A. home teacher
- B. coach
- C. storyteller
- D. babysitter

解析：词义猜测题。根据 We spend generously on our children,可知此处是对孩子的花费, 根据 to take care of them 可知要照顾孩子的, 应是保姆, 故选 D。

答案：D

36. Why is it difficult for us to understand the bitterness of old people?

- A. Because we fail to catch up with their development.
- B. Because we are sharing a similar lifestyle with them
- C. Because we are too young to experience their condition
- D. Because we have spent much money looking after them

解析：细节理解题。根据 However, we are not yet old, so perhaps it's hard for us to understand the bitterness of the elderly:可知因为我们太年轻了而无法理解老年人的痛苦, 老年人的状况, 故选 C。

答案：C

37. What does the writer think of the elderly?

- A. They can make greater contributions.
- B. They are worth the attention from society.
- C. They should start to change themselves.
- D. They need a handful of pills every day.

解析：推理判断题。根据 Because the elderly were once the backbone of society and made huge contributions, they should enjoy the fruits of the country's development as well 可知老年人曾经为社会的发展做出了贡献, 因此作者认为他们值得社会的尊重, 故选 B。

答案：B

C

Next time you make yourself a hot cup of tea or coffee, you might want to let it cool down a bit before drinking.

Researchers say letting your hot drinks cool off could help you avoid some kinds of cancer. Researchers at the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) found evidence that drinks at temperatures above 65 degrees Celsius, when swallowed, can cause cancer of the esophagus (食道). The researchers examined findings from other studies where tea and coffee were often served at 70degrees Celsius or above. Those studies were completed in Iran, China and South America.

In developed countries, health experts have linked esophageal cancer to smoking and alcoholic drinks. However, this form of cancer is more common in areas where people drink beverages at very high temperatures.

In Europe and the United States, many people drink coffee and tea at temperatures around 60degrees Celsius. And they often add milk which lowers the temperature considerably. However, tea - drinkers in Iran and mate - drinkers in South America often enjoy their beverages at closer to 70degrees Celsius.

The researchers note that South Americans not only drink their mate very hot, they also drink it through a metal straw. This sends the scalding liquid directly into the throat.

The findings, however, are good news for coffee drinkers. In 1991, the World Health Organization listed coffee as possibly carcinogenic (致癌的). WHO officials have since changed their position on that listing. They now suggest that the temperature of your hot drink is a greater risk factor than the actual drink itself.

The results suggest that drinking very hot beverages is one probable cause of esophageal cancer and that it is the temperature, rather than the drinks themselves, that appears to be responsible.

38. What might be the cause of esophageal cancer in developed countries?

- A. Smoking.
- B. Alcoholic drinks.
- C. Unhealthy vegetables.
- D. Hot drinks.

解析：推理判断题。根据 In developed countries, health experts have linked esophageal cancer to smoking and alcoholic drinks. However, this form of cancer is more common in areas where people drink beverages at very high temperatures. 可知在发达国家，食道癌的病因可能是喝热饮料，故选 D。

答案：D

39. Where do tea - drinkers like adding milk?

- A. In China.
- B. In Iran.
- C. In South America.
- D. In Europe.

解析：细节理解题。根据 In Europe and the United States, many people drink coffee and tea at temperatures around 60degrees Celsius. And they often add milk which lowers the temperature considerably. 可知在欧洲和美国，人们喜欢喝茶加牛奶，故选 D。

答案: D

40. What does the underlined word “scalding” in paragraph 5 mean?

A. Sweet.

B. Hot.

C. Sour.

D. Harmful.

解析: 词义猜测题。根据 The researchers note that South Americans not only drink their mate very hot, they also drink it through a metal straw. 可知此处指直接送入咽喉的应是热的液体, 故选 B。

答案: B

41. What is the best title for the passage?

A. Cool it Down before Drinking

B. Hot Drinks Are Still Popular

C. Hot Drinks Linked to Cancer

D. Tea or Coffee, a Different Choice.

解析: 标题归纳题。根据 The results suggest that drinking very hot beverages is one probable cause of esophageal cancer and that it is the temperature, rather than the drinks themselves, that appears to be responsible. 可知本文介绍了热饮料导致食道癌, 故选 C。

答案: C

D

“Father, do you see Mother in your dreams?” the young girl asks. “You know sometimes I do.”

“Mother comes to see me a lot, you know. We sit and talk.” The father smiles. “How is your homework coming along?”

“Why do I have to study so hard?”

“It is what your mother would have wanted!”

She regrets speaking her mind. “I’m sorry, Father, I shouldn’t have said that.” She looks up and sees his eyes well up with tears.

“It’s okay, love,” he gets up and pours himself a drink. “I’ll just sit outside for a while. You finish up your work, okay?”

“I’m sorry, Father; Mother did love you very much. She told me all the time.”

“Homework, first, eh? Then we can chat about your mother.”

He heads off outside and sits in his usual chair, looking around the courtyard. The whole area relaxes the mind and somehow soothes the soul.

“All finished, Father. May I get a drink and sit with you? I have some questions.”

She comes with two drinks one for him and one for herself. He looks surprised. She never really liked him having a drink. Although he had cut back a lot from before he brought her here, it still seemed strange.

“Mother told me all about you. That is before she passed away. We would laugh together at your love stories.”

He listens without uttering a single sound.

“Why didn’t you come and take her away with you? She really wanted that. Did you know that?”

Her father looks at his daughter lovingly. “Circumstances(情况) were difficult back then. It was just the way things were. When it came time to...” he sighs. “To visit her it was too late.”

The girl smiles. “I hope I will have the same kind of love you and mother had.”

“Without all the heartache,” her father adds.

“She always knew you loved her. She told me every day,” the child mentions cheerfully. “I saw her crying sometimes when she read your letters.”

“Did she make you promise to look after me?” she inquires.

“She asked me to take care of you.”

“You promised her, didn’t you?”

“Yes, I did.”

“It is nice out here, isn’t it? Mother would have been very happy here.”

She talks with some authority. Her father remains silent. A smile comes to his weary brow. He nods his head.

“Mother wanted me to give you something. I think now the time is right.” She runs to her room. Upon returning she hands her father a book. “It’s mother’s diary! She wanted me to give it to you.”

He takes the book and holds it in his trembling hands, “Thank you.”

“Mother said you would understand things better.”

“Wise woman, your mother.”

He places the book on the table as he gets up. The girl gets up and wraps herself around her father.

“I love you.” she looks up at his face.

He picks her up and hugs her. “I love you, too.” His voice trembles.

“It’s okay, Father. We have each other now and mother is in both of us.”

He kisses her head.

“Time you went to bed,” her father softly says.

He puts her down and she scampers off to get washed and ready for bed.

Clearing up everything he checks on his daughter. She is in bed waiting for her good night kiss. He tucks her in and bids her goodnight.

Just as he is to leave, she tells him. “Mother told me she adopted (收养)me when I was a baby.”

He stands at her bedroom door. Words fail him. Yes, he knew she was adopted.

“I am really lucky for being loved by my parents, even if I am not really theirs.”

“You trying to bring on the water works?” he tells her.

She giggles, “Goodnight, Father. I love you.”

“Love you, too.”

His face lights up as he wipes his dampened eyes.

The door closes and the child falls asleep dreaming of her mother.

Sitting outside he picks up the diary and opens it and reads the first line: “I love you, my dearest, if only things could have been different...”

42. What can we know about the couple’s relationship?

- A. They understood each other very well.
- B. They quarreled a lot and are separated.
- C. They used to have misunderstandings.

D. They were quite sure of each other's love.

解析：推理判断题。根据“Circumstances(情况) were difficult back then. It was just the way things were. When it came time to...” he sighs. “To visit her it was too late.”可知这对夫妇曾经有过误解，故选 C。

答案：C

43. What can we learn from the story?

A. The girl was adopted because the couple couldn't give birth.

B. Father looks after the girl just because the girl is alone.

C. The girl feels unlucky that she was adopted.

D. Father was not very close to the girl before she moved in with him.

解析：推理判断题。根据 Although he had cut back a lot from before he brought her here, it still seemed strange.可知在这个女孩搬来和父亲住之前，父亲和她不是很亲近，故选 D。

答案：D

44. Why didn't father bring mother home when she was ill?

A. Because he was too busy with his work.

B. Because he didn't know he was wanted.

C. Because he was too poor to afford the medical fees.

D. Because he didn't know she was in hospital.

解析：推理判断题。根据“Why didn't you come and take her away with you? She really wanted that. Did you know that?”和 Her father looks at his daughter lovingly. “Circumstances(情况) were difficult back then. It was just the way things were. When it came time to...” he sighs. “To visit her it was too late.”可知这个女孩的父亲没有将她母亲带走，因为他不知道她需要他，不知道他是被需要的，故选 B。

答案：B

45. Which word best describes father's feeling at the end of the story?

A. Regretful.

B. Satisfied.

C. Surprised.

D. Doubtful.

解析：推理判断题。根据 he sighs. “To visit her it was too late.”和 His face lights up as he wipes his dampened eyes.可知文中提到父亲流泪，叹息，因为没有在妻子生病的时候在身边陪伴，说明他感到后悔了，故选 A。

答案：A

第 II 卷 非选择题

四、词汇（每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

A. 请根据括号中的中文提示、英文释义或句意，写出句中所缺单词，使句子通顺。

46. President Xi Jinping's _____ (讲话) are of great importance and we all feel excited.

解析：句意：习近平总书记的讲话具有重要意义，我们都感到激动。谓语 are 是复数形式，故主语用复数名词，故为 speeches。

答案：speeches

47. Other healthy habits _____ (包括) going to bed early and getting up early .

解析：句意：其他健康的习惯包括早睡和早起。主语 other healthy habits 是复数名词，

故谓语用复数形式，故为 include。

答案：include

48. Students should find good _____(ways of doing something) to communicate with their parents.

解析：句意：学生应该找到和父母交流的好方法。ways of doing something 表示做某事的方法，ways 是复数形式，故此处用复数名词 methods 代替。

答案：methods

49. What an _____(very good) report you gave at the meeting yesterday!

解析：句意：昨天你在会议上做了一个多么好的报告啊！有不定冠词 an 修饰，故用元音音素开头，very good=excellent 优秀的，故为 excellent。

答案：excellent

50. —I _____the reason why I broke the window of the classroom to the teacher ,but she didn't believe me!

—You'd better be careful next time.

解析：句意：——我向老师解释了我为什么打坏了教室的窗户，但是她不相信我！——下次你最好小心些。根据 broke 可知此处用一般过去时，故为 explained。

答案：explained

B.请根据句意从方框中选择合适的单词，并用其适当形式填空，使句子通顺。

Germany hot safe one able

51. Nothing is more important than _____for pupils.

52. I think “Duang” is one of the _____ words on the Internet this year.

53. His poor eyesight made him _____ to see the words on the blackboard clearly.

54. —Whose bags are these?

—Maybe they are those _____.

55. You should learn to keep clean. Wash your clothes at least _____ a week.

解析：51.句意：对于学生来说，没有什么比安全更重要。作为介词 than 的宾语，用名词，结合句意安全最重要，故用名词 safety。

52.句意：我认为“Duang”是今年网络最热词语。有定冠词 the 修饰，修饰名词 words，故用形容词的最高级，故为 hottest。

53.句意：他的视力差让他无法看清楚黑板上的字。make sb.+形容词“使某人……”，结合句意，视力差我不能看清楚黑板上的字，故为 unable。

54.句意：——这些是谁的书包？——可能它们是那些德国人的。根据 Whose bags are these?可知此处询问这些是谁的书包，有 these 修饰，故用复数名词，表示某人的书包，故用名词所有格，故为 Germans'。

55.句意：你应该学会保持干净。至少一周洗一次你的衣服。once a week 一周一次，故为 once。

答案：51. safety 52. hottest 53. unable 54. Germans' 55. once

C.请根据句意从方框中选择合适的动词，并用其适当时态填空，使句子通顺。

step ride draw realize increase

56. —Never listen to your i-Pads while you _____ on the road. It's dangerous.

—Don't worry , Mum. I won't do like that.

57. The new laws _____ much attention of the whole society and people are learning about them.

58. —What happened to your brother?

—He _____ down the stairs and then suddenly fell down. He hurt his left leg.

59. The production _____ by 20%-30% soon if we use the new technology.

60. Little Tarry won't work hard at English grammar unless he _____ the importance of it.

解析：56.句意：——当你在路上骑车时，不要听你的 i-pad。这是危险的。——别担心，妈妈。我不会那样做的。while 引导的时间状语从句用进行时，根据前半句是祈使句，故此处用现在进行时 be doing，主语是 you，故谓语 are riding。

57.句意：新的法律已经引起了整个社会的很多关注，人们正在了解它们。根据 people are learning about them.可知人们现在正在了解它们，因此新的法律已经引起了很多关注，故用现在完成时，主语 laws 是复数名词，故谓语用复数形式，故为 have drawn。

58.句意：——你的哥哥怎么啦？——他下了楼梯，然后突然摔倒了。他的左腿受伤了。step down 走下，根据 fell 可知此处用一般过去时，故为 stepped。

59.句意：如果我们使用新技术，不久产量将上升 20%到 30%。if“如果”，引导的条件状语从句，用一般现在时，主句用一般将来时，故为 will increase。

60.句意：如果小塔里没有意识到英语语法的重要性，他将不会努力学习它。结合句意，表示意识到它的重要性，unless“除非”，“如果”，引导的条件状语从句用一般现在时，主句用一般将来时，主语 he 是第三人称单数，故谓语用第三人称单数，故为 realizes。

答案：56. are riding 57. have drawn 58. stepped 59. will increase 60. realizes

D.句型转换（每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

61. David will follow them to the park too. (改为否定句)

David _____ follow them to the park _____.

解析：根据助动词 will 可知此处的否定形式用 won't，表示“也”，肯定句句末用 too，否定句句末用 either。

答案：won't; either

62. I can finish the report on food safety in five days. (对划线部分提问)

_____ can you finish the report on food safety?

解析：对 in five days 提问，是对将要用的时间提问，故用疑问词 How soon。

答案：How soon

63. My aunt has been away from Jinsha for about three weeks. (保持句意基本不变)

It is about three weeks _____ my aunt _____ Jinsha.

解析：My aunt has been away from Jinsha for about three weeks 表示自从我的姑妈离开金沙已经大约三周了。根据句型 It is+时间段+since+sb. did sth. “自从某人做某事已经多长时间了”，since 引导的时间状语从句中谓语用瞬间性动词，be away from“离开”，是延续性动词，其同义词 leave 是瞬间性动词。

答案：since; left

64. Jack began to do his homework after his mother came back. (保持句意基本不变)

Jack _____ begin to do his homework _____ his mother came back.

解析：Jack began to do his homework after his mother came back.表示杰克直到他母亲回来，

他才开始做作业。not...until... “直到……才……”，谓语 began 是一般过去时，故此处助动词用 didn't。

答案：didn't;until

65. I saw a man with a gun running out of this building at 10:30 last night. (改为被动语态)

A man with a gun _____ running out of this building at 10:30 last night.

解析：主动语态中的宾语 a man with a gun 变为被动语态时，作为主语，a man 是第三人称单数，故谓语用第三人称单数，谓语 saw 是一般过去时，故此处用一般过去时的被动语态。

答案：was; seen

六、短文填空（每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

We live in a world full of many different kinds of people. We want to get along well with others. We also want to be liked by others, The f_____ 66 _____ ways will make others like you.

Do This and You'll Be Welcome Anywhere

Become really i_____ 67 _____ in other people. A show of interest must be true. It must bring good results to the person showing the interest, but also to the person receiving the attention. It is a two-way street— b_____ 68 _____ of you get an advantage.

A Simple Way to Make a Good First Impression

Smile as often as possible. Your smile is a sign of k_____ 69 _____. When someone feels stressed from his or her teachers or parents, your smile is like the sun breaking through the c_____ 70 _____, your smile can help him or her realize that all is hopeful — that there is still joy in the world.

If You Don't Do This, You Are Getting into Trouble

Remember a person's n_____ 71 _____. A person's name is the sweetest and the most important sound in any language. We should realize the magic in a name. The name makes the person d_____ 72 _____ from others; it makes him or her special among all others. If you remember a person's name, the relationship between both of you will become much c_____ 73 _____.

An Easy Way to Become a Good Talker

Be a careful l_____ 74 _____ first. Ask questions that other persons will like to answer. Encourage them to talk about t_____ 75 _____ and their achievements. What you need to do is just to listen, because people are much more interested in themselves.

解析：66.句意：下面的方法将会使其他人喜欢你。第一段综述全文，因此下文是介绍的方法，修饰名词 ways，用形容词，故为 following。

67.句意：对其他人真的感兴趣。根据后文的 A show of interest must be true.可知此处表示感兴趣，become interested in 对……感兴趣，故为 interested。

68.句意：这是一个双行道——你们两个都会获得好处。根据前一句 It must bring good results to the person showing the interest, but also to the person receiving the attention.可知表示出兴趣来对双方都有好处，故用 both。

69.句意：你的微笑是你的善良的一种标志。根据 your smile is like the sun breaking through the c_____ 70 _____, your smile can help him or her realize that all is hopeful 可知微笑能帮助对方充满希望，微笑是一种善良的标志，作为介词 of 的宾语，故用名词，故为 kindness。

70.句意：你的微笑像阳光一样会冲破乌云，你的微笑能帮助他或者她意识到一切都是希望。根据前文的 When someone feels stressed from his or her teachers or parents,可知当有

人感到紧张时，你的微笑，会帮助他们从压力中摆脱出来，就像阳光冲破乌云一样，故为 clouds。

71.句意：要记住一个人的名字。根据后文的 A person's name is the sweetest and the most important sound in any language.可知要记住人名，故为 name。

72.句意：人名让那个人不同于其他人。be different from“不同于”，故为 different。

73.句意：如果你记住一个人的名字，你们两个之间的关系将会变得更亲密。根据前文的 The name makes the person d_____ 72_____ from others; it makes him or her special among all others.可知记住别人的名字会让对方感受到他是特别的，这样会让你们的关系更亲密。有 much 修饰，故用形容词的比较级，故为 closer。

74.句意：先成为一名认真的听众。根据 What you need to do is just to listen,可知应成为一名好的听众，有不定冠词 a 修饰，故用单数名词，故为 listener。

75.句意：鼓励他们谈论自己和他们的成就。根据后文的 because people are much more interested in themselves.可知此处表示人们对自己更感兴趣，因此会谈论自己，主语 people 对应的反身代词用 themselves。

答案：66. following 67. interested 68. both 69. kindness 70. clouds 71. name 72. different 73. closer 74. listener 75. themselves

七、阅读与回答问题（每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

请认真阅读下面短文，并根据短文内容回答问题。

Blood donation, is a wonderful thing to do. It is an easy and direct way to help social work. It helps those people in need of blood.

You are able to give or donate blood every three or four months. Blood donation is not a big problem, but you need to keep a few points in mind.

Before donating blood, you should have a healthy diet. Do not go for it on an empty stomach. After having a balanced diet, you will feel strong and comfortable to donate blood. Then you will not feel sick or weak.

For a good blood flow in your body, you'd better drink at least 6 glasses of water every day. Completely avoid taking alcohol (酒) and smoking a day before and after giving blood.

When you are going for blood donation, be relaxed. During the blood donation activity, take a deep breath and try to calm yourself. Don't join in some other activities.

After donating blood, the following tips can help you. Take a rest for 15 minutes after the donation. It helps you to feel relaxed. Eat something and drink juice before leaving the blood donation centre.

Finally, be proud of yourself because you have done a great thing to save others' lives.

76. How often can you donate blood?

解析：根据 You are able to give or donate blood every three or four months.可知你可以每三、四个月献一次血，故为 Every three or four months.

答案：Every three or four months.

77. What should you have before donating blood?

解析：根据 Before donating blood, you should have a healthy diet.可知我们献血之前，应有健康的饮食，故为 I/We should have a healthy diet.

答案: I / We should have a healthy diet.

78. How much water do you need to drink every day?

解析: 根据 For a good blood flow in your body, you'd better drink at least 6 glasses of water every day.可知你每天需要喝至少六杯水, 故为 At least six glasses of water.

答案: At least six glasses of water.

79. What should you avoid before and after the donation?

解析: 根据 Completely avoid taking alcohol (酒) and smoking a day before and after giving blood.可知在献血前后, 我们应该避免吸烟喝酒, 故为 I/We should avoid taking alcohol and smoking a day before and after the donation.

答案: I / We should avoid taking alcohol and smoking a day before and after the donation.

80. What do you think of blood donation?

解析: 根据 Finally, be proud of yourself because you have done a great thing to save others' lives.可知献血是一件非常重要, 有意义的事, 故为 It's very meaningful/a great thing.

答案: It's very meaningful/a great thing (言之有理即可).

81. 书面表达 (20 分)

阳光中学为了丰富学生的课余生活, 每学期都会举办各种各样的活动。请根据提示, 为校报写一篇有关的报道。

活动内容	篮球比赛	强身健体, 团队精神
	航模制作	了解科学, 培养兴趣
	英语演讲	练习口语, 提高能力

你的观点 (请自拟至少两点内容)	

注意:

1. 必须包含所给要点, 省略号部分适当发挥, 不要简单翻译;
2. 词数 90 左右, 开头已写好, 不计入总词数;
3. 表达中请勿提及真实校名及姓名。

In order to make our school life more colourful, there are all kinds of activities for us to choose from every term.

解析: 这是一篇给材料作文, 介绍学校在业余时间举办的各种各样的活动。结合所给材

料，可知本文主要考查一般现在时，人称为第二，第三人称，注意主谓一致问题，句子结构主要为系表结构和动宾结构，注意一些常见句式的应用，比如 *there are...*，*If you are...*，*It can not only...*，*It can improve...*，*Those who are...*等句式的应用。写作中注意运用代词，注意多种句式交替运用。写作中注意叙述顺序，符合逻辑关系。

答案：

In order to make our school life more colourful, there are all kinds of activities for us to choose from every term.

If you are a sports fan, you can join in the basketball games. It can not only make you strong and healthy but also help you learn teamwork. For those who are interested in science, model making is a good choice. Students get to know more about science and develop interest in it. If you want to practice your spoken English, you can't miss the English speeches. It can improve your abilities as well. There is also an art festival. Those who are good at singing and dancing can take an active part in it. You can show your talents and become more confident.

In my opinion, taking part in those activities helps us reduce our stress of study and every student enjoys a colourful school life.