

2018 年北京市石景山区高三下学期一模考试试题英语

第 I 卷

第一部分知识运用（共两节，45 分）

第一节 单项填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. — How can I wake up so early?

— Set the alarm at 5:00 am, _____ you will make it.

- A. and
- B. but
- C. or
- D. so

解析：考查固定句型。句意：---我怎么能醒那么早呢？---定五点的铃，就行了。Set the alarm at 5:00 am. _____ you will make it. 是祈使句+and/or+一般将来时态的句子。And 表顺承关系，or 表转折关系，句子是表顺承关系，所以选 A。

答案：A

2. After class, the teacher couldn't leave, _____ by the students.

- A. surrounded
- B. to surround
- C. was surrounded
- D. surrounding

解析：考查非谓语作状语。句意：下课后，老师无法离开，因为被学生们围住了。分析句子可知，本句是省略句。主从句主语一致，从句的主语省略，而主语 the teacher 与动词 surround 二者是被动关系，be surrounded by... 意为“被...包围”。故要用过去分词作状语，A 符合题意。

答案：A

3. I keep the picture where I can see it every day, _____ reminds me of the days in my hometown.

- A. that
- B. which
- C. who
- D. when

解析：考查非限制性定语从句。句意：我把照片放在每天都能看到的地方，照片让我想起了家乡的日子。分析句子可知，本空是指前面的先行词 the picture，在定语从句中作 reminds 的主语，指物，故用 B 项。

答案：B

4. Self confidence is a kind of quality and that is _____ it takes to do everything well.

- A. why
- B. that
- C. what

D. which

解析：考查名词性从句。句意：坚定不移是一种品质——坚定不移使人们做好任何事情。这是一个表语从句，what 在表语从句中作 takes 的宾语，构成 It takes sth. to do sth. 的句型。故选 C。

答案：C

5. —Why do you drink so much coffee?

—Well, _____ it doesn't keep me awake in the night, I see no harm in it.

A. when

B. as long as

C. as though

D. while

解析：考查状语从句词的用法。句意：---你为什么喝那么多咖啡？---咳。只要它不让我在夜间醒来，我看不出有什么坏处。as long as 意为“只要是”表示条件。分析选项可知 B 项符合题意，故选 B 项。

答案：B

6. As is known, only _____ hard leads to happiness.

A. work

B. works

C. worked

D. working

解析：考查非谓语。句意：众所周知，只有努力才能获得幸福。分析句子可知，本空在句子中做主语，动词作主语要用的 ing 形式，故选 D 项。

答案：D

7. After college, he was employed in a middle school and _____ there ever since.

A. would worked

B. had worked

C. worked

D. has worked

解析：考查现在完成时。句意：大学毕业后，他在一所中学工作，从那以后就一直在那里工作。根据句中的时间状语“ever since”（自从，从那时到现在）可知，本句要用现在完成时，故选 D 项。

答案：D

8. It is reported _____ the housing prices in some big cities fall in different degrees.

A. which

B. what

C. that

D. where

解析：考查主语从句。句意：据报道，一些大城市的房价有不同程度的下降。分析句子可知，本句中的 It 是形式主语，真正的主语是后面的句子，而从句句子完整，故填 that。

答案：C

9.—Where was I?

—You_____ you didn't like your job.

- A. had said
- B. said
- C. were saying
- D. has said

解析：考查动词的时态。句意：---我说到哪里？---你说到你不喜欢你的工作。结合语境可知下文描述的是过去的刚刚发生的动作，故用过去时态。选 B。

答案：B

10. _____ students English well, the teacher tries to speak English in class very often.

- A. Teaching
- B. Taught
- C. To teach
- D. Teach

解析：考查非谓语。句意：为了更好地教学生英语，老师经常在课堂上尽量说英语。分析句子可知，本句是表示目的的，动词不定式可表示目的状语，故选 C 项。

答案：C

11. If the traffic_____ so heavy, I could have been back by 6 o'clock.

- A. hadn't been
- B. wasn't
- C. couldn't be
- D. hasn't been

解析：考查虚拟语气。句意：如果交通不那么拥挤的话，我六点以前就可以回来了。分析句子可知，本句是与过去事实相反的虚拟语气。与过去事实相反的虚拟语气，if 从句要用过去完成时，而主句要用 would/could/might+ have done。故本题选 A 项。

答案：A

12. We are living in an age_____ most of things are done on cell phones.

- A. which
- B. that
- C. whose
- D. when

解析：考查定语从句。本题定语从句的先行词是 an age,定语从句是一个被动语态，句子结构很完整。故使用关系副词，故 D 正确。句意：我们生活在一个很多事情都是由计算机完成的年代里。故 D 正确。

答案：D

13. She was such a proud person that she would die_____ she would admit she was wrong.

- A. since
- B. when
- C. unless
- D. before

解析：考查状语从句。句意：她是个如此骄傲的人以至于她宁愿死也不愿承认她是错的。这里用 before，这个词翻译的时候很灵活，可以是“才…，就…，还没来得及…”，也可以像这题一样翻译成表示“宁愿…，决不…，与其…，毋宁…”常与 will 或 would 连用，所以选 D。

答案：D

14. The accident_____ have been caused by a dog running across the road, but we don't know for sure.

A. might

B. should

C. will

D. must

解析：考查情态动词与虚拟。句意：事故可能是由一条横穿马路的狗引起的，但我们不确定。分析句子可知，本句是对过去动作的推测的可能性不大。表对过去的推测有 must(可能性大，“一定”)，might/may(可能性小，意为“可能，也许”)，这两词用于肯定句。对过去动作的推测要用情态动词+have done，故选 A。

答案：A

15. Star skater Wu Dajing won China's first gold medal at the 2018 PyeongChang Olympic Winter Games_____ breaking world record in short track men's 500m.

A. to

B. by

C. with

D. in

解析：考查介词辨析。句意：明星选手武大靖在 2018 平昌冬季奥运会赢得中国第一枚金牌，打破了男子 500 米短道速滑的世界纪录。by doing sth，为固定搭配，意为“凭借/通过做某事”，根据句意可知选 B 项。

答案：B

第二节 完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 30 分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

When I think about what my hero means to me, I realize that most of my special memories and feelings toward my hero come from the little things he does every day. My hero is not a celebrity or such a recognizable face. My hero is not a national hero or 汪 multi-millionaire. He has never saved me from a burning castle or an avalanche (雪崩), but he does 16 me and tell me to have a good day. He is just an 17 quiet man, whom I honor.

My dad is my hero because he is brave, skilled, and 18. I know many people say their dads are their heroes, but my dad teaches me about becoming a man, which is extremely important for a young boy.

Respect goes a long way with my dad, as does patience. As a(n) 19, my dad must deal with people every day, some of whom are nice and some are not. Either way, he 20 his well-mannered attitude.

Dad is not afraid of many things, or if he is, he doesn't tell me 21 he wants to seem tough. He may not be a big guy but since he works with his 22 all day, he is very strong.

Dad works outdoors in all kinds of _____ 23 _____ but the worst thing he has to do is _____ 24 _____ up and work in an attic(顶楼)in the middle of the summer. Trust me, this is the _____ 25 _____ place you will experience as an electrician and when you come back _____ 26 _____, what is in your lungs will make you _____ 27 _____ for hours.

My dad and I have a very good _____ 28 _____. We talk about almost everything. We go hunting, fishing, and everything a dad and son would do. My dad and I enjoy _____ 29 _____ most because it gives us time outdoors together and there is nothing like that. He has _____ 30 _____ and taught me everything I need to know about _____ 31 _____.

I am _____ 32 _____ to be the son of Mike C., and would not have it any other way. People come up to me all the time to _____ 33 _____ me I have a good dad. It makes me feel _____ 34 _____ that a lot of people think so _____ 35 _____ of him. He is a good teacher of my life and would do anything for me. This is why my father is my hero.

16.

- A. ignore
- B. hug
- C. follow
- D. remind

解析：考查动词辨析。根据下文可知作者心目中的英雄是他的父亲，由此可知父亲会拥抱（hug）自己的孩子，而不是 ignore（忽略），或 follow（跟着）；remind（提醒），故选 B 项。

答案：B

17.

- A. able
- B. average
- C. allergic
- D. active

解析：考查形容词辨析。able 有能力的，有才干的；average 普通的；allergic 过敏的 active 积极的，活跃的。根据上文可知，作为英雄没有做轰轰烈烈的事，所以只是一个普通的（average）让我尊敬的人。故选 B 项。

答案：B

18.

- A. special
- B. enthusiastic
- C. respectful
- D. strict

解析：考查形容词辨析。special 特殊的，重要的；enthusiastic 热情的；respectful 有礼貌的，谦恭的，有礼貌的；strict 严格的，严谨的。句意：我爸爸是我的英雄，因为他勇敢，有技能，有礼貌的人。根据下文中的“he _____ 20 _____ his well-mannered attitude.”，可知 C 项正确。

答案：C

19.

- A. teacher
- B. officer

C. electrician

D. engineer

解析：考查名词辨析。Teacher 教师；officer 军官，警官，公务员；electrician 电工，电气技师；engineer 工程师。根据“Trust me, this is the 25 place you will experience as an electrician”可知是一位电工（electrician），故选 C 项。

答案：C

20.

A. offers

B. makes

C. hides

D. keeps

解析：考查动词辨析。Offer 提供；make 制造；hide 隐藏；keep 保持，维持。句意：我爸爸每天都要和人打交道，有些人很好相处，有些人不好处。无论哪种方式，他都保持（keep）彬彬有礼的态度。故选 D 项。

答案：D

21.

A. how

B. unless

C. until

D. because

解析：考查连词辨析。句意：爸爸很多事情都不怕，如果他怕的话，他不会告诉我，因为（because）他想看起来坚强。根据“he wants to seem tough”可知，前后是因果关系，故选 D。

答案：D

22.

A. hands

B. mouth

C. brain

D. legs

解析：考查名词辨析。根据上文可知，作者的父亲是一个电工，所以在用手（hand）工作，故选 A 项。

答案：A

23.

A. subjects

B. aspects

C. conditions

D. destinations

解析：考查名词辨析。subject 主题；aspect 方面；condition 居住、工作或做事的）环境，情况；destination 目的地。句意：爸爸在户外的各种条件下工作，但他做的最糟糕的事情是在夏天爬上工作。分析句子可知 C 项符合题意。

答案：C

24.

- A. climb
- B. look
- C. get
- D. stand

解析：考查动词辨析。分析句意可知，要上阁楼，就要爬（climb），故选 A。

答案：A

25.

- A. coldest
- B. highest
- C. best
- D. hottest

解析：考查形容词辨析。句意：相信我，这是作为电工工作中最热（hottest）的地方。根据上文可知，在夏天，本来就炎热，尤其是阁楼，故选 D 项。

答案：D

26.

- A. down
- B. over
- C. inside
- D. through

解析：考查副词辨析。根据常识，当你从阁楼下来，应该是下来（down），故选 A 项。

答案：A

27.

- A. rest
- B. cough
- C. hesitate
- D. sleep

解析：考查动词辨析。rest 休息；cough 咳嗽；hesitate 犹豫；sleep 睡觉。根据常识可知，阁楼上一般比较脏，所以在阁楼上工作时，肺里呼吸一些脏东西，自然会咳嗽（cough），故选 B 项。

答案：B

28.

- A. relationship
- B. dream
- C. adventure
- D. habit

解析：考查名词辨析。relationship 关系；dream 梦想；adventure 探险；habit 习惯。根据“ We talk about almost everything. We go hunting, fishing, and everything a dad and son would do.”可

知我和父亲的关系 (relationship) 很好。故选 A 项。

答案: A

29.

A. writing

B. performing

C. hiking

D. eating

解析: 考查动词辨析。write 写作; perform 表演; hike; eat。根据下一句 “because it gives us time outdoors together” 可知户外的就是徒步旅行 (hiking)。句意: 我和爸爸最喜欢徒步旅行, 因为它让我们有时间一起在户外, 没有什么比这更有趣的了。故选 C 项。

答案: C

30.

A. shown

B. bought

C. fetched

D. paid

解析: 考查动词辨析。show 表明, 展示; buy 买; fetch 去拿来, 售得; pay 付款。句意: 他向我展示和传授了我需要知道的关于大自然的一切。故选 A 项。

答案: A

31.

A. family

B. nature

C. study

D. trouble

解析: 考查名词辨析。family 家庭; nature 自然; study 学习; trouble 麻烦。根据上文的各种户外活动, 可知是关于大自然(nature)的。故选 B 项。

答案: B

32.

A. excited

B. eager

C. surprised

D. proud

解析: 考查形容词辨析。excited 激动的; eager 迫切的; surprised 惊讶的; proud 自豪的。分析上文的内容可知, 爸爸是作者心目中的英雄, 可推测出作者为有这样的爸爸而自豪 (proud)。故选 D 项。

答案: D

33.

A. ask

B. warn

C. tell

D. promise

解析：考查动词辨析。ask 请求，warn 警告；tell 告诉；promise 允许，允诺。分析句意可知，人们总是告诉我说我有一个好爸爸。故选 C 项。

答案：C

34.

A. surprised

B. good

C. nervous

D. anxious

解析：考查形容词辨析。surprised 惊讶的；good 好的；nervous 紧张的；anxious 焦急的。根据 “I am proud to be the son of Mike C... I have a good dad” 由 “我有一个好爸爸” 可知，这让我感觉很好 (good)。故选 B 项。

答案：B

35.

A. easily

B. seriously

C. specially

D. highly

解析：考查固定搭配。easily 容易地；seriously 严肃地，严重地；specially 特殊地；highly 高地。think highly of... 为固定搭配，意为 “高度评价”，故选 D 项。

答案：D

第二部分：阅读理解（试题版权：百强校英语解析团队专供）（共两节，40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，共 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Can animals be artistic? Painting and music are part of efforts to keep animals happy at the Smithsonian's National Zoo.

A sloth bear (长毛熊) called Francois is one of the National Zoo's artists. He began his artistic career two years ago. Francois has a very unusual way to paint. He uses his breathing to paint. His zookeeper, Stacey Tabellario, says that although the technique may look strange, it is actually a very natural behavior for sloth bears. The zookeepers fill one of those tubes full of paint and ask them to breathe through it. And they blow all of the paints onto the canvases (画布), making these really cool paintings.

Animal artists come in all shapes and sizes at the Zoo. They use many kinds of techniques to create their works of art. Apes use paintbrushes. Many use their paws or claws—much like a human painter who would use his or her hands.

Stacey Tabellario says Francois seems to enjoy expressing himself through his art. “When I set up the materials for painting activity, he comes and sits next to them and waits until they are ready for painting. He does that every time. I also see where his eyes go. He does see the paints come out of the tube and land on the canvas.”

But not every animal wants to paint. Music is another part of the arts enrichment program. Physically and mentally stimulating activities are an important part of the daily care of the animals. Trainers have a lot of tools, from tablet computer to small toys.

Kenton Kerns says the program helps the animals and the zookeepers in many ways. Every interaction between keepers and their animals creates some sort of connections. The one-of-a-kind works of art created by the animals are popular with zoo visitors. Many are sold at the zoo's fund-raising events.

36. From Paragraph 2, we can learn that_____.

- A. Francois is a two-year-old artist at the National Zoo
- B. Francois can make fantastic paintings with paintbrushes
- C. Francois, way to paint is an unnatural behavior for sloth bears
- D. Francois paints by blowing the paints in the tubes onto the canvas

解析：细节理解题。根据第二段中的“Francois has a very unusual way to paint. He uses his breathing to paint. His zookeeper, ... The zookeepers fill one of those tubes full of paint and ask them to breathe through it. And they blow all of the paints onto the canvases (画布), making these really cool paintings.” 分析以上内容可知，Francois 通过把颜料喷在画布上作画。分析选项可知 D 项符合题意。故选 D。

答案：D

37. According to the passage, the apes paint by_____.

- A. blowing the tubes full of paints
- B. using their hands directly
- C. using some tools
- D. walking on the canvas

解析：细节理解题。根据第三段最后一句“Apes use paintbrushes. Many use their paws or claws —much like a human painter who would use his or her hands.” 可知猩猩运用画笔作画，故选 C 项。

答案：C

38. From the last paragraph, we can learn the works of art created by the animals_____.

- A. can be sold at a high price
- B. are mainly popular with the kids
- C. create higher prices than the artists
- D. can be bought at the zoo's fund-raising events

解析：此题属于推理判断题中的根据事实细节，推断合理信息。答案需要从文章的 If you are visiting a tropical location, you will need to bring along the appropriate clothing. 进行推断。根据最后一段中的最后一句“The one-of-a-kind works of art created by the animals are popular with zoo visitors. Many are sold at the zoo's fund-raising events.” 可知，动物画的画，要在动物园的募捐活动中被出售。由此可判断出，可以在动物园的募捐活动中买到。

答案：D

39. What's the main idea of the passage?

- A. Zoo animals show artistic side.
- B. Painting and music are useful in the zoo.

C. Animals enjoy painting.

D. Animals need enrichment too.

解析：主旨大意题。第一段中提出问题“动物可能是有艺术的吗？”答案是的。在史密森国家动物园，绘画和音乐是让动物快乐的努力的一部分。接着用许多的事例来证明动物是有艺术天分的。分析选项可知 A 项符合题意，故选 A。

答案：A

B

Did you know that badminton is also a fast-paced competitive sport? Badminton has been a Summer Olympic sport since 1992. Para-badminton will be included in the 2020 Summer Olympic Games in Tokyo. Here's what you need to know if your child is interested in badminton.

Badminton is played on a 44-foot-long rectangular (矩形的) court that is 17 feet wide for singles and 20 feet wide for doubles. It is divided in the middle by a net placed 5 feet off the ground, like volleyball, not at ground level like tennis.

In competition, each match is a set of three games played to 21 points. There is a one-minute break when a player or team reaches 11 points, and a two-minute break in between the first and second games and the second and third games.

Age kids can start: About 6 years old.

Best for kids who: Have good skills, are patient and hardworking, and can handle the pressure of one-on-one or two-on-two competition.

Team or individual: Matches can be singles (one-on-one) or doubles (two-on-two).

Fun fact: Badminton is the only sport that has mixed doubles event in the Olympic Games.

Costs: Beginners are expected to pay \$30 to \$40 for an entry-level racquet (球拍). Badminton shoes are similar in price to other athletic shoes. Join a club or team for lessons. A one-hour group lesson for beginners should cost \$20 to \$25, with costs increasing as your child moves up the ranks. You will also pay entry fees for competitions.

Time commitment required: Beginners will play for just an hour or two per week.

Potential for injury: Players have a very low risk of injury. Players who wear glasses should use eye protection.

40. From the passage, we can learn that_____

A. Badminton is a fast-paced competitive sport which began in 1992

B. The court for singles has the same width as that for doubles

C. Badminton has mixed doubles event in the Olympic Games

D. Para-badminton has been included in the Summer Olympic Games

解析：推理判断题。根据第一段前两句可知，羽毛球是一项快节奏的竞技运动，在1990年成为夏季奥运会的项目，故A是错误的。第二句“Para-badminton will be included in the 2020 Summer Olympic Games”可知将会被列入夏季奥运会，而不已是，故D是错误的。第二段第一句“court that is 17 feet wide for singles and 20 feet wide for doubles.”可知二者是不同的，故B是错误的。根据 Fun fact 中的内容，“Badminton is the only sport that has mixed doubles event in the Olympic Games.”，可知羽毛球是奥运会中有混合双项目，故C项。

答案：C

41. How many minutes in all will a player have for a rest in a set of three games?

A. 2.

- B. 3.
- C. 7.
- D. 11.

解析：推理判断题。根据第三段中的内容“*There is a one-minute break when a player or team reaches 11 points, and a two-minute break in between the first and second games and the second and third games.*”可知，总计休息 7 分钟。故选 C 项。

答案：C

42. According to the passage, for the beginners, they should_____.

- A. wear glasses to protect their eyes
- B. start to learn badminton at the age of 8
- C. play for at least an hour or two every day
- D. pay at least \$20 for a one-hour group lesson

解析：推理判断题。根据“Cost”费用部分中的“*A one-hour group lesson for beginners should cost \$20 to \$25, with costs increasing as your child moves up the ranks.*”对于初学者来说，一个小时的集体课要花费 20 到 25 美元，随着孩子的上升，学费也会增加。由此可知，至少要 20 美元，故选 D 项。

答案：D

C

Average humans can consume 15 or more drinks in plastic bottles a month. If you were born after 1978, and live until 80 years old, you will leave behind a minimum of 14,400 plastic bottles on this planet. These bottles take hundreds of years to break down into tiny pieces of plastic, never to completely disappear. Most of the waste is consumed by fish and birds, which has shortened their lifetime greatly.

The Plastic Bottle Village is just a great idea that might finally save us from being buried in plastic. It's a community in Panama that is going to be made of used bottles. The design process begins with building steel frames, which are then filled with these bottles. Once this step is complete, and electrical and plumbing (管道装置) lines are put inside, the plastic walls are covered by concrete—both inside and outside. So no one will actually be able to tell that the walls are made of plastic. Besides, the material will keep the house 17°C cooler than the outside, which is the biggest benefit to people living inside.

The village is the brainchild (主意) of Robert Bezeau with the intention of setting up several environmental projects. Having started a recycling program four years ago, during which a number of plastic bottles were collected, he started to think of how they could be put to use. Soon enough, he decided to use them to build houses, and came up with a basic idea for the construction process.

The project hopes to make people conscious of the waste that these bottles create so that they can do more to protect the environment. The village will also create an education center that will teach individuals from the world how to reuse plastic bottles as construction materials for shelter. Recycled bottles could neutralize the negative effect of your passage on this planet, and move closer to leaving only your “footprints”.

43. What does Paragraph 1 intend to tell us?

- A. The reason for buying fewer drinks.

- B. The difficult situation of wildlife.
- C. The amount of plastic waste.
- D. The seriousness of plastic pollution.

解析：推理判断题。根据第一段内容可知，一个人一生中会留下许多塑料瓶子，这些瓶子要花上百年才能分解成碎片，而且永远不会完全消失。大部分的废物被鱼和鸟所消耗，大大缩短了它们的寿命。由此可推测出这些塑料瓶子对地球的污染有多严重。故选 D 项。

答案：D

44. What is the biggest benefit to people living in the Plastic Bottle Village?

- A. The house will be much cooler than normal ones.
- B. The material of construction will be reduced a lot.
- C. The newly-made house can save a lot of electricity.
- D. The waste of the house can be consumed by fish and birds.

解析：根据第二段最后一句“the material will keep the house 17° C cooler than the outside, which is the biggest benefit to people living inside.”可知，这种材料可以使房子的温度比室外低 17°，这对居住在室内的人来说是最大的好处。

答案：A

45. Which of the following words can best describe Robert?

- A. Creative.
- B. Courageous.
- C. Enthusiastic.
- D. Sensitive.

解析：推理判断题。根据全文可知这地球上的塑料瓶子要花上百年才能分解成碎片，而且永远不会完全消失，给地球留下太多的污染。于是 Robert 的项目就是用这些塑料瓶建成房子，这种材料房子的室内温度相对凉爽，不仅让利用废物，还环保了地球。可说是一个有创意性的项目，即 Robert 是一个有创造性的人。故选 A。

答案：A

46. The main purpose of Robert's projects is to_____.

- A. provide shelter for locals
- B. reuse all deserted plastic bottles
- C. popularize the use of plastic bottles
- D. raise people's environmental awareness

解析：推理判断题。根据最后一段的第一句“The project hopes to make people conscious of the waste that these bottles create so that they can do more to protect the environment.”可知项目希望人们意识到这些瓶子造成的浪费，以便他们能做更多来保护环境，以此提高人们保护环境的意识。故选 D 项。

答案：D

D

Some of the best research on daily experience is rooted in rates of positive and negative interactions, which has proved that being blindly positive or negative can cause others to be frustrated or annoyed or to simply tune out.

Over the last two decades, scientists have made remarkable predictions simply by watching people interact with one another and then scoring the conversations based on the rate of positive and negative interactions. Researchers have used the findings to predict everything from the likelihood that a couple will divorce to the chances of a work team with high customer satisfaction and productivity levels.

More recent research helps explain why these brief exchanges matter so much. When you experience negative emotions as a result of criticism or rejection, for example, your body produces higher levels of the stress hormone, which shuts down much of your thinking and activates (激活) conflict and defense mechanisms (机制). You assume that situations are worse than they actually are.

When you experience a positive interaction, it activates a very different response. Positive exchanges increase your body's production of oxytocin, a feel-good that increases your ability to communicate with, cooperate with and trust others. But the effects of a positive occurrence are less dramatic and lasting than they are for a negative one.

We need at least three to five positive interactions to outweigh every one negative exchange. Bad moments simply outweigh good ones. Whether you're having a conversation, keep this simple short cut in mind: At least 80 percent of your conversations should be focused on what's going right.

Workplaces, for example, often see this. During performance reviews, managers routinely spend 80 percent of their time on weaknesses and "areas for improvement". They spend roughly 20 percent of the time on strengths and positive aspects. Any time you have discussions with a person or group, spend the vast majority of the time talking about what is working, and use the remaining time to address weaknesses.

47. The underlined phrase "tune out" in Paragraph 1 probably means_____.

- A. stop listening
- B. change one's mind
- C. sing aloud
- D. be crazy

解析：猜测词义题。根据第一段中的内容可知，一些关于日常经验的最好研究是建立在积极和消极互动率的基础上的，这证明了盲目的积极或消极会使其他人感到沮丧或烦恼，或者干脆把不理睬。分析选项的内容可知 A 项符合题意。

答案：A

48. What will happen if you experience negative emotions?

- A. The situations are sure to become worse.
- B. Much of your thinking will be prevented.
- C. You will feel an urge to improve and become better.
- D. You'll be motivated to resolve conflicts with people.

解析：细节理解题。根据第三段中的中间部分 "When you experience negative emotions as a result of criticism or rejection, for example, your body produces higher levels of the stress hormone, which shuts down much of your thinking and activates (激活) conflict and defense mechanisms (机制)." 可知，你经历负面情绪时，你的身体会产生较高水平的应激激素，它关闭了你的思维机制和激活你的防御机制。由此可判断 B 项是正确的。

答案：B

49. From Paragraph 4, we can learn that_____.

- A. we need a positive feeling to beat one negative feeling
- B. positive interactions have greater effects than negative ones
- C. our conversation should center on what needs improvement
- D. the effect of negative feelings lasts longer than that of positive ones

解析：细节理解题。根据第四段最后一句“*But the effects of a positive occurrence are less dramatic and lasting than they are for a negative one.*”可知，积极面事件的影响不如消极的影响更持久。由此判断出 D 项正确。

答案：D

50. What is the best title for the passage?

- A. Harmful Negatives
- B. More Positive Interactions
- C. How to Be a Productive Manager
- D. Less Time on Strengths and Positive Aspects

解析：主旨大意题。通读全文可知，一些关于日常经验的研究证明，当你因为批评或遭到拒绝而经历负面情绪时，你的身体会产生较高水平的应激激素，它关闭了你的思维，激活冲突和防御的机制。而当你体验到积极的互动时，积极的交流会增加你与他人沟通、合作和信任的能力。但是积极的影响不如消极的影响更持久，它需要三到五个积极的互动才能去掉一个负面互动。这给我们一个启示，在谈话时尽可能多的积极互动，才会调动人的积极性。分析选项可知 B 项正确。

答案：B

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

根据短文内容,从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

A peer is a person who is about the same age as you. Peers affect your life, whether you know it or not, just by spending time with you.

_____ 51 _____ Maybe another student in your science class taught you an easy way to remember the planets in solar system. Maybe you got others excited about your new favorite book and now everyone’s reading it. However, sometimes peers affect one another in another way. 52 _____ Maybe a kid in the neighborhood wanted you to steal with him.

Some kids give in to peer pressure because they want to be liked, to fit in, or because they worry that other kids may make fun of them if they don’t go along with the group. _____ 53 _____ The idea that “everyone’s doing it” may influence some kids to leave their better judgments or their common senses behind.

Peer pressure can be extremely strong and hard to get rid of. Experiments have shown how peer pressure can influence someone to change her/his mind from what she/he knows for sure is a correct answer to the incorrect answer-just because everyone else gives the incorrect answer! 54 _____

_____ 55 _____ Paying attention to your own feelings and beliefs about what is right and wrong can help you know the right thing to do. Inner strength and self-confidence can help you stand firm, walk away and resist doing something when you know better.

- A. Peers can have a good effect on one another.
- B. Peer pressure is the direct influence on people by peers.
- C. Good peers may give you a hand when you are in trouble.
- D. That holds true for people of any age in peer pressure situations.
- E. Maybe one kid in school tried to get another to cut class with him.
- F. It can be hard to walk away from peer pressure, but it can be done.
- G. Others may go along because they are curious to try something new that others are doing.

51.

解析：考查对上下文的理解和推理判断能力。根据本段的内容可知，同伴之间可以相互影响的。同伴间既有好的影响同，也有不良的影响。而前半部分说的是好的效果。分析选项可知 A 项（同伴可以互相产生良好的效果。）符合题意，故选 A 正确。

答案：A

52.

解析：考查对上下文的理解和推理判断能力。本段指同伴之间的相互影响，根据“. However, sometimes peers affect one another in another way”及下句“Maybe a kid in the neighborhood wanted you to steal with him.”可知，是不好的影响。再根据下句的句式，只是一种推测，分析选项可知 E 项（也许学校里有个孩子想找个同学和他一起逃课。）符合题意，故选 E 项。

答案：E

53.

解析：考查对上下文的理解和推理判断能力。空后的下一句“The idea that“everyone’s doing it” may influence some kids to leave their better judgments or their common senses behind.”可知，“每个人都这样做”的想法可能会一些孩子没有了更好的判断力或常识。”由此可判断 G 项（其他人可能会一起做，因为他们很好奇尝试其他人正在做的新事物。）符合题意，故选这 G 项。

答案：G

54.

解析：考查对上下文的理解和推理判断能力。根据第四段中的第一句“Peer pressure can be extremely strong and hard to get rid of.”可知同龄人的压力可能非常强烈，很难摆脱。由此可判断，这这种情况，任何年龄段的人都适用，分析选项可知 D 项（在同龄人压力情况下，任何年龄段的人都适用。）符合题意，故选 D 项。

答案：D

55.

解析：考查对上下文的理解和推理判断能力。根据空后的内容可知，自己要坚定信念，到底什么是正确的什么是错误的，这样就能让你知道该做什么。内在的力量和自信能帮助你不受同龄人的压力，就能抵制你不应当做的事情。由此可知，虽然摆脱同龄人的压力很难，但只要自己意志坚定，也可做到。分析选项可知，F 项（很难摆脱同伴的压力，但这是可以做到的。）符合题意，故选 F 项。

答案：F

第三部分 书面表达（共两节，35分）

第一节（15分）

56.假如你是红星中学高三学生李华，你的英国朋友 Jim 发来邮件，谈到少数中国游客在国外的不文明行为。请你给 Jim 回信，内容包括：

- 1.可能出现的不文明行为；
- 2.主要成因；
- 3.你的看法或建议。

注意：1.词数不少于 50；
2.开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Jim,

Yours,
Li Hua

解析：高考中提纲式作文非常常见。写提纲式作文要注意以下几点。

- 1.审题。要弄清题意，确定文章的中心思想、主题，并围绕中心思想组织材料。
- 2.进行构思，列出简单的提纲，安排好层次段落，铺设好过渡，处理好开头和结尾。
- 3.扩展成文。扩展成文时还需：要灵活运用各种句式，如倒装句、强调句、省略句、主从复合句、分词短语、介词短语等，从而增加文章的可读性。注意使用高级框架结构的句子，让文章的结构错落有致。用好连接词，注意段落间、句子间的连贯性。

答案：范文：

Dear Jim,

I'm sorry to hear that there are some uncivilized behaviors of Chinese like littering, spitting and talking loudly in public places, and these behaviors arouse strong feelings of disgust in some countries.

The causes for this phenomenon are various. I think the growth of the tourists travelling abroad is the main reason, for which it is unavoidable that a few misbehaving tourists appear among a mass of visitors. These behaviors do hurt the image of China. We should improve the civil quality. Meanwhile, we should behave with deep understanding and respect for different cultures.

Hope you can share more opinions on this topic.

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节（20分）

57.假如你是红星中学高三学生李华。请根据以下四幅图的先后顺序，给校刊“英语角”写一篇英文稿件，以“My Spring Festival Without Fireworks”为题，介绍你和家人过2018年春节的全过程。

注意：词数不少于 60。

提示词：庙会 temple fair



解析：本文属于图画作文。图画作文的写作要领：1.根据提示，准确审题。要注意文体，人物和时态。2.认真读图，把握情境，进行图文转换。从整体上把握所呈现的主要内容，围绕特定的主题合理想象。然后将图画所传达的信息以文字的形式呈现出来，并对转换后的内容重新组合，确定主要内容。3.发表感想。围绕主题展开合理的想象，发表自己的联想或感想。4.确定段落，拟好提纲，斟酌词句，组句成文。

答案：范文：

My Spring Festival Without Fireworks

Before the Chinese Spring Festival, a notice was posted on Beijing TV, calling upon the citizens of Beijing not to set off fire crackers for the sake of the improvement of air quality. The ban on fireworks was highly recognized by my family.

Although there were no fireworks, the festival atmosphere wasn't lighter. United with my grandparents on the Eve of the festival, we took our time to have our big meal, enjoying the Spring Festival gala without the interruption of the noise of the firecrackers. On the festival, together with my family, I visited different temple fairs, where 汪 lot of Chinese traditional performances were on show. I was so amazed by a lion dance with four lions standing on a small ball that I couldn't help taking pictures. But what attracted me most in the temple fairs was the foods from all over China.

After the festival, it was surprised that every citizen received a letter of thanks from the government for what we had done during the festival. Without fireworks, the air pollution, as well as the number of fire cases, was greatly reduced. I am proud to be one of the citizens and believe that one small change made by everyone can contribute to making a better city.