

2015年湖北省鄂州市中考真题英语

一、单选题（共15小题）

1.— Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ this iPhone5 belongs to?

— Let me see. Oh, it's \_\_\_\_\_.

A. whose; her

B. whose; hers

C. who; her

D. who; hers

解析：考查：代词 / 不定代词。句意：-你知道这个 iPhone5 属于谁吗？-让我看看。哦，它是她的手机。Hers=her iPhone5.

答案：D

2.— I always get nervous when I start a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ with others.

— Take it easy. Believe in yourself.

A. expression

B. introduction

C. communication

D. celebration

解析：考查：名词。Expression: 表达；introduction: 说明书；communication: 交流；交际；celebration: 庆祝

答案：C

3.— Would you please provide us \_\_\_\_\_ some information about the school sports meeting?

— Sure. It's said that it will start \_\_\_\_\_ the morning of September 20th.

A. for; on

B. with; on

C.for; in

D.with; in

解析：考查：介词 / 介词短语.Provide sb with sth:给某人提供某物； on+具体的日期/星期/几月几号

答案： B

4.— \_\_\_\_\_you come to my party on Sunday?

— Sorry, I'm not available.I \_\_\_\_\_study for the math test.

A.Can; must

B.Must; can

C.Need; may

D.May; can

解析：考查：情态动词.Must： 必须； Can： 能够； 可以；

答案： A

5.— China's hot words, like tuhao, dama and renxing, \_\_\_\_\_ widely in the western media (媒体) last year.

— Really?

A.use

B.are used

C.used

D.were used

解析：考查：一般过去时被动式.一般过去时的被动结构： was/were+pp(动词的过去分词)

答案： D

6.— I hope to be a volunteer on weekends.

— You could help to \_\_\_\_\_ the city parks.

A.cheer up

B.make up

C.take up

D.clean up

解析：考查：动词 / 动词短语.cheer up: 使高兴；高兴起来；使振奋 make up: 组成；补足；化妆；编造 take up: 拿起；开始从事；占据(时间,地方) clean up: 打扫干净，整理；把...洗干净

答案：D

7.— What do you think of lemon?

— Terrible.I like fruit \_\_\_\_\_ tastes sweet.

A.who

B.what

C.which

D.when

解析：考查：句意理解.关系代词 which 指代 fruit，在定语从句中做主语.

答案：C

8.— What do you remember about Grade 7?

— I remember \_\_\_\_\_ a prize.

A.to win

B.winning

C.win

D.wining

解析：考查：非谓语动词.Remember doing sth:记得曾经做过的事情；Remember to do sth:记得即将做某事

答案：B

9.— Is Tina \_\_\_\_\_ than Tara?

— Yes, but Tara is \_\_\_\_\_ in her class.

A.taller; the heaviest

B.tall; heavy

C.taller; heavier

D.the tallest; the heaviest

解析：考查：形容词.than 前面用比较级；the heaviest：最重的；形容词的最高级前面要加 the；

答案：A

10.— What \_\_\_\_\_ Candy \_\_\_\_\_ just now?

— Sorry, I didn't hear it.I \_\_\_\_\_ up the phone.

A.was...saying; was picking

B.did...say; was picking

C.does...say; am picking

D.did...say; pick

解析：考查：过去进行时一般过去时.just now:刚才；句中出现 just now 该句用一般过去时；pick up: 捡起；获得；收拾；不费力地学会；

答案：B

11.— I'm sorry to have kept you waiting long.

— Never mind.I \_\_\_\_\_ here for only a few minutes.

A.came

B.have been

C.have come

D.had come

解析：考查：现在完成时.根据 for only a few minutes, 该句用现在完成时；其结构为：have/has+pp (动词的过去分词)；Come 为短暂性动词，不能和 for+一段时间连用.

答案：B

12.— What's the secret of success, Dad?

— More time and effort, \_\_\_\_\_ you'll make it some day.

A.or

B.then

C.but

D.and

解析：考查：连词 / 连接词.祈使句+and+句子；（这是固定结构）

答案：D

13.— Do you know the song Where has the time gone?

— Sure.It \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful.I like it a lot.

A.smells

B.tastes

C.sounds

D.looks

解析：考查：动词 / 动词短语.Sound: 听起来像.....; smell:闻起来.....;Taste: 馋起来...; look:看上去...

答案：C

14.— Be careful when you are driving, \_\_\_\_\_ in a rainstorm like this.

— Thanks.I will.

A.seriously

B.exactly

C.especially

D.probably

解析：考查：副词.Seriously: 认真地，严肃地，严重地 exactly: .完全正确;.正确地，严密地;非常对 especially: 特别地，格外地 probably: 可能，大概，或许

答案：C

15.— The light in his room is still on.Do you know \_\_\_\_\_?

— Maybe at midnight again.

A.what's he doing

B.why he stays up so late

C.if he is busy studying

D.when he will stop working

解析：考查：宾语从句.根据答语 Maybe at midnight again.得知；故选 D.

答案：D

## 二、完形填空（共 1 小题）

16.

阅读下面短文，从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项，使短文完整、通顺.

It was the first time that my wife and I had flown first class.As we boarded the plane, we felt as if (好像) we were 1 of a wealthy group.We were filled with a sense of pride at 2 with those important people.

We 3 that the stewardess (空姐) was working non-stop to make sure of the comfort of the first class passengers.She could not walk by a seat 4 being given an order.I thought she must love her job very much, since she gave each person such a big 5.

As the stewardess 6 our seats near the end of the flight, I looked up at her and said, "Thank you and I hope you have a great night." She stopped with a look of disbelief on her face, and said: "Excuse me?" I 7 my words and she smiled in a rather funny way.It seemed as if I had asked a question that she did not know how to 8.A little later, as we were getting off the plane, the stewardess said to me: "Thank you very much, sir." Then she said 9: "You are the only passenger who has thanked me or said anything nice to me all night.I really appreciate your kindness."

The sense of belonging to an elite(精英) group in first class 10 as soon as I heard those words.We were reminded that without kindness , there would be no first-class flying.

1.

A.one

B.part

C.member

D.sign

解析: part: . 部分, 局部, 零件, 角色;句意: 我们感觉我们好像是有钱团队中的成员.

答案: B

2.

A.sitting

B.driving

C.getting

D.taking

解析: 介词+doingsth: 句意: 在和那些重要的人在一起的时候我们充满了骄傲感.

答案: A

3.

A.showed

B.surveyed

C.noticed

D.looked

解析: notice: 注意; 句意: 我们注意到这些空姐一直在不停的工作目的是确保头等舱乘客的舒适度.

答案: C

4.

A.without

B.while

C.after

D.for

解析：without:没有；句意：在没有接到一个命令的时候她不能走在座位上.

答案：A

5.

A.excitement

B.shyness

C.smile

D.sadness

解析：such a big smile: 大大的微笑；

答案：C

6.

A.passed

B.walked

C.crossed

D.went

解析：pass: 走过，通过；句意：当空姐走到我们座位哪的时候；

答案：A

7.

A.repeated

B.spoke

C.talked

D.wrote

解析: repeat: 重复; 句意: 我重复我的话

答案: A

8.

A.decide

B.answer

C.discuss

D.consider

解析: how to answer: 如何回答

答案: B

9.

A.loudly

B.suddenly

C.sadly

D.quietly

解析: quietly: 轻声地; 安静地; 句意: 她轻声地说你是唯一一个感谢我的乘客.

答案：D

10.

A.remained

B.appeared

C.disappeared

D.continued

解析：remain：保持；appear：出现；露面；disappear：消失；continue：继续；句意：那种精英的感觉立刻消失了。

答案：C

### 三、阅读理解（共3小题）

17.根据图表内容，回答后面问题.

*MARS—The Red Planet*

*“MARS—The Red Planet!”* is one of our Early Reader Space books. It has surprising facts and photos explaining all about Mars. Aiming mainly at kids aged 7—10, it's an interesting way for readers to find out more about the red planet.

*The Weather*

*“The Weather”* is one of our Early Earth books for boys and girls aged 13—15. This is a fun and fantastic way for readers to find out more about the weather on our earth. It offers information in a fun way—mixing facts, photos, and even has a web page with video clips explaining more about the information in the book.

*Horses*

Kids Book of Fun Facts & Amazing Pictures on Animals in Nature — A Perfect Horse Book for Kids Aged 5—8.

The book written by Kate describes the most noble animal on the planet for early readers. The book is packed with beautiful and clear pictures that help your child to understand the (fun) facts about this animal. It also includes anatomy(解剖) of horses.

1.If your sister wants to know more about the space, she can choose \_\_\_\_\_.

A.MARS —The Red Planet!

B.The Weather

C.Horses

D.The Earth

解析：根据“MARS---The Red Planet!” is one of our Early Reader Space books.得知.

答案：A

2.“The Weather” is one of our Early Earth books for boys and girls aged \_\_\_\_\_.

A.5—8

B.13—15

C.7—10

D.8—13

解析：根据“The Weather” is one of our Early books for boys and girls aged13-15 得知.

答案：B

3.“Horses” is about \_\_\_\_\_.

A.the most noble animal on the planet

B.the weather on our earth

C.the red planet

D.a web page with video clips

解析：根据 The book written by Kate describes the most noble on the planet for early 得知.

答案：A

4.Which is true according to the ads(广告) above?

A.The Weather is about the Moon.

B.Horses was written by Kate.

C.MARS—The Red Planet! is about the most noble animal.

D.Horses is a perfect book for kids aged 7—10.

解析：根据 The book written by Kate 得知.

答案：B

5.The subject of the three books is on \_\_\_\_\_.

A.history

B.geography

C.science

D.math

解析：根据排除法得知选 C.又根据每本书的开头也可以得知.

答案： C

18.阅读下面短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项.

One morning, Wu Liang discovered that her classroom had changed.She found that the desks were no longer in rows, but pushed together to make eight bigger desks.She was so excited about it for the first two days that she couldn't listen to the teachers carefully.But soon she and her classmates got used to this new classroom arrangement (安排).“Now our class is quieter,” said Wu.“What's more, we can come up with our own ideas and learn more through discussion.It's a better way to study.”

Li Yu liked it, too.“Group members first discuss,” he said, “and then present to the whole class.It makes us believe in ourselves.” This was part of a reform (改革) at Li's school.The school made this reform because they wanted to offer students easier ways to study and more chances to discuss.“Our school hopes to improve students' abilities to study by themselves and work in groups.” said Zhang Ming, an English teacher.

However, the reform has demanded more from teachers.Now they have only 15 minutes to give a lesson that would have been taught in 45 minutes before.It is difficult to teach in such a short time.The teachers have to find better ways to teach more effectively.

“The reform demands more, but I'm sure it is helpful.” added Zhang Ming.

1.It was easier for Wu Liang to \_\_\_\_\_ in class after the new classroom arrangement.

A.discuss with other students

B.sit in the classroom

C.push desks together

D.teach a lesson

解析：根据 But soon she and her classmates got used to this new classroom arrangement (安排).“Now our class is quieter,” said Wu.“What's more, we can come up with our own ideas and learn more through discussion.It's a better way to study.”得知.

答案： A

2.The school made the reform in order to offer students \_\_\_\_\_ to study.

- A.larger space
- B.easier ways
- C.more seats
- D.better classrooms

解析：根据 The school made this reform because they wanted to offer students easier ways to study and more chances to discuss.得知.

答案： B

3.The Chinese meaning of the word “effectively” in Paragraph 3 is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.简单地
- B.明确地
- C.有效地
- D.认真地

解析：句意：老师们不得不找到更好的方法并且更有效的教授学生更多.C项更否和句意

答案： C

4.Which of the following sentences is wrong?

- A.Wu Liang and her classmates like the new classroom arrangement.
- B.The desks are no longer in rows now.
- C.The reform has demanded more from teachers.
- D.It's easy for teachers to give a lesson in 15 minutes now.

解析：根据 It is difficult to teach in such a short time.得知.

答案： D

5.The best title of this passage may be “\_\_\_\_\_”.

- A.Discussion in Class

B.New Look in Class

C.Students' Friendship

D.Teachers' Hope

解析：这篇文章主要讲的是学校改革的问题.改革之后学校会有新的面孔.

答案： B

19.阅读文章完成后面任务.

“The Chinese Dreams” is a hot topic these years.(1)Many Chinese people are inspired by the Chinese Dreams.They give us courage and confidence to keep us going through difficulties.

People could realize the importance of dreams and know that dreams give meaning to life.Every great achievement has been the result of years of dreaming.Teenagers and young people should be encouraged to dream.(2)Older people should also believe that it is never too late to dream and that human mind is never too old to make dreams turn into reality.

Here are some advice on how to realize our beautiful dreams.

Never giving up is the key to make our dreams come true.We may fail from time to time, but we can learn from failure, correct our mistakes and try again until we achieve our goals.Our life is like a long journey which is not all roses.(3)It sometimes has wind and rain.We believe rainbows will appear after storms.

Cooperation is also necessary.Everyone likes a person who is good at cooperating with others.Besides, in our society most problems can't be solved by one person alone.(4)合作正成为人们解决问题的最重要的方法之一, especially for people living in the developing society.

At the same time, we should learn to examine our abilities because it helps us know our advantages and disadvantages as well as get a full control of ourselves.Then we may be confident enough to face challenges.

Follow the suggestions above, and our dreams are sure to come true.

任务一：将 1 处英文翻译成汉语.

解析：inspire：鼓舞.

答案：许多中国人受中国梦的鼓舞

任务二：将 2 处英文翻译成汉语.

解析：never too late to dream：相信梦想永不太晚.

答案：老年人也应该相信梦想永不太晚.

任务三：写出 3 处 It 所指代的内容.

解析：根据 Our life is like a long journey which is not all roses 得知.

答案：Our life

任务四：将 4 处汉语翻译成英文.

解析：Cooperation: 合作

答案：Cooperation is becoming one of the most important ways for people to solve them (problems).

任务五：（5）给该文段拟写一个标题.

解析：根据最后一段得知：How to realize our (beautiful) dreams.

答案：How to realize our (beautiful) dreams.

#### 四、信息匹配（共 1 小题）

20.根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项.

Wonder why you can get angry so easily while your friend smiles all the time? (1) \_\_\_\_\_

Personality(性格) is also about how people think, behave, and react(反应) to everything around them from day to day. So what makes people think and behave in certain ways?

(2) \_\_\_\_\_ A baby gets its blood type, genes (基因) and other physical things when it's still inside its mother. These things may help decide what the baby will be like.

(3) \_\_\_\_\_ Family life, school learning and life experiences can also make you the person you are. This doesn't mean it's impossible to change your personality. You can always try to make yourself better. Don't get too worried about your shortcomings (缺点). Just accept them. This is a good way to start making changes.

If you don't know how to make friends, find out why. (4) \_\_\_\_\_ Tell yourself to smile at people. Start talking to people using warm greetings.

Don't give yourself a hard time about it all. (5) \_\_\_\_\_ Keep working at it. One day you'll see that you can turn over a new leaf and be a new you.

- A. Part of the reason is that people are born like this.  
B. It's not easy to change lifelong habits in one night.  
C. But one's personality doesn't stop here.  
D. It's probably because you both have different personalities.  
E. Is it because you're too shy?

1.

解析：根据 Personality(性格) is also about how people think 得知.

答案：D

2.

解析：根据 So what makes people think and behave in certain ways?得知.

答案：A

3.

解析：根据 Family life, school learning and life experiences can also make you the person you are.得知.

答案：C

4.

解析：根据 If you don't know how to make friends, find out why.得知.

答案：E

5.

解析：根据 One day you'll see that you can turn over a new leaf and be a new you.得知.

答案：B

## 五、单词拼写（共 1 小题）

21.根据括号内的英（汉）语提示，完成句子.

1.James will phone you as soon as he \_\_\_\_\_ (get) the tickets to the art exhibition.

解析: as soon as 引导的时间状语从句要用一般现在时.

答案: .gets

2.Each time I listen to the piece which is played on the erhu, I'm\_\_\_\_\_ (感动).

解析: moved: 感动的

答案: moved

3.In many countries, it is often not polite to ask very \_\_\_\_\_ (direct) questions when you meet someone for the first time.

解析: directly: 这个副词来修饰动词 ask.

答案: directly

4.He lost his ipad last \_\_\_\_\_ (星期五).He was very sad.

解析: Friday: 星期五

答案: Friday

5.— Foreigners can hardly ever avoid \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) Chinese products.

— Yeah.“Made in China” is seen all over the world now.

解析: avoid doing sth:避免做某事

答案: buying

6.A number of useful \_\_\_\_\_ (invent), such as smart phones , have changed our live.

解析: Inventions: 发明; A number of: 许多的; 大量的; (修饰可数名词)

答案: Inventions

7.She gets tons of \_\_\_\_\_ (关注) everywhere she goes.

解析: attention: 注意力、照料;

答案: attention

8.Children under 18 \_\_\_\_\_ (not allow) to watch this show without their parents.

解析: be not allowed to do sth: 不被允许做某事

答案: aren't allowed

9.To celebrate grandfather's \_\_\_\_\_ (八十岁) birthday, children are going to hold a big party.

解析: 句意: 为了庆祝爷爷的第 80 岁的生日.

答案: eightieth

#### 六、完成句子 (共 1 小题)

22.阅读对话, 根据横线后所给标点符号的提示, 在横线上填写适当的句子, 使对话完整.

A: You look sad, Katie.1 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B: Well, I found Holly using my crayons yesterday.She took my new toy bear on the desk.

A: Hmm...That's not very nice.Did she give it back to you?

B: Yes, but I'm still angry with her.2 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

A: Well, I guess you could tell her to say sorry.But why don't you forget about it so that you can be friends again? Although she's wrong, it's not a big deal.

B: You're right.3 \_\_\_\_\_ .

A: No problem.Hope things work out.

1.

解析: 根据 Well, I found Holly using my crayons yesterday.得知.

答案: What's wrong?

2.

解析：根据 Well, I guess you could tell her to say sorry 得知.

答案：What should I do?

3.

解析：根据 Well, I guess you could tell her to say sorry. But why don't you forget about it so that you can be friends again? Although she's wrong, it's not a big deal. 得知.

答案：Thanks for your advice.

## 七、书面表达（共 1 小题）

23.

端午节是中国的传统节日.吃粽子是中国的一种传统习俗.每年农历五月初，中国百姓家家户户要浸糯米、洗粽叶、包粽子.请根据以下提示，描写制作粽子的过程.

要求：1、制作过程必须包括以下的五个环节；

2、词数 80 词左右（开头的首句已给出，不计算在总词数内）.



How shall we make Zongzi?

To make this special food, we need to

have \_\_\_\_\_

解析：根据题目要求，本文应从两方面入手进行写作：1、制作粽子所需要的材料；2、制作粽子的过程；建议用 2 个段落分别进行阐述，注意条理清晰，语言准确.谈论这个感谢信用一般现在时.

答案：How shall we make Zongzi? To make this special food, we need to have one kilo of glutinous rice, half a kilo of beef, some red dates, two spoons of salt, some reed leaves and some strings. How to make Zongzi? First, put the glutinous rice into the clean water and keep it for two hours. At the same time, wash

some reed leaves and cut the beef into pieces. Next, shape the reed leaves by hand. Then, fill them with the glutinous rice and beef pieces. Add some red dates if you like. And then, tie Zongzi with strings. Finally, steam them.